React IV

Form Handling

Agenda

- Event Handlers
- Forms

Learn Objectives

- You know how to create forms
- You know how to handle form events
- You know how to collect or put data in forms

Event Handling

Event Handling

Very similar to DOM, syntax is different

DOM:

<button onclick="activateLasers()">
Activate Lasers/button>

REACT:

<button onClick={activateLasers}>
Activate Lasers </button>

```
function ActionLink() {
  function handleClick(e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    console.log('The link was clicked.');
  return (
    <a href="#" onClick={handleClick}>
      Click me
    </a>
```

An example

<button onClick={(e) => deleteRow(id, e)}>Delete Row

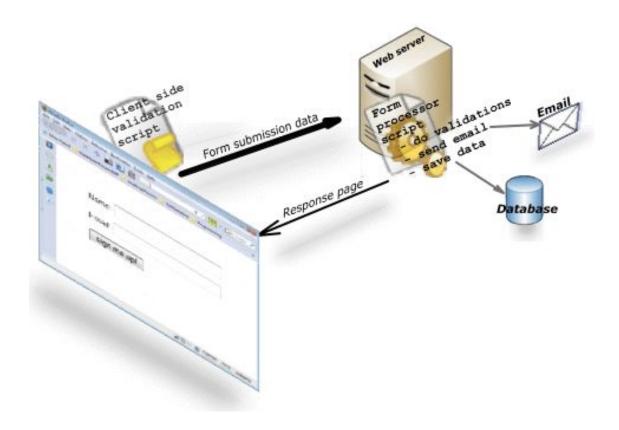
How to pass arguments into Event Handlers

Forms

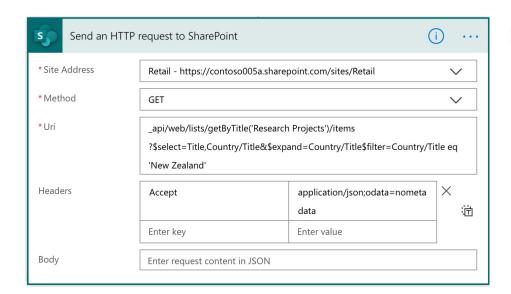
Forms

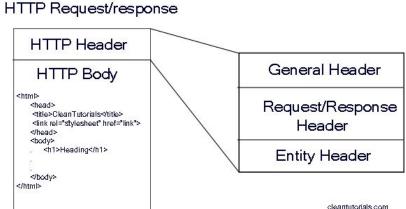
Sending data to backend

- User data is collected from a form
- In normal HTML, a form submit action sends the data to server
- In React data is sent through ajax request (fetch api)



Form sends user data to backend





Request (header & Body)

How About Them Apples

Name			

Submit

```
import React from 'react';
import './App.css';
function App() {
  const handleSubmit = event => {
   event.preventDefault();
  alert('You have submitted the form.')
 return(
   <div className="wrapper">
      <h1>How About Them Apples</h1>
      <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
       <fieldset>
         <lahel>
           Name
           <input name="name" />
         </label>
       </fieldset>
       <button type="submit">Submit
     </form>
   </div>
export default App;
```

Data collection

- In react, the form data is sent via fetch api
- It should be first collected
- The programmer has to collect each form field individually and put it them in an object/model (state)
- We will use a hook to make it easy (reducer hook), but a state object can be used directly as well
- There are other 3rd party hooks for handling (https://www.npmjs.com/package/re act-hook-form)
- Checkboxes have a special handling

```
const UserForm = (props) => {
 const [user, setUser] = useState(props.user)
 const submit = e => {
   e.preventDefault()
   fetch('/api', {
     method: 'POST',
     body: JSON.stringify({ user }),
     headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
      .then(res => res.json())
      .then(json => setUser(json.user))
 return (
   <form onSubmit={submit}>
     <input
       type="text"
       name="user[name]"
       value={user.name}
       onChange={e => setUser({ ...user, name: e.target.value })}
      {user.errors.name && {user.errors.name}}
     <input
       type="email"
       name="user[email]"
       value={user.email}
       onChange={e => setUser({ ...user, email: e.target.value })}
      {user.errors.name && {user.errors.name} }
     <input type="submit" name="Sign Up" />
    </form>
```

Collect data using reducer hook

```
import React, { useReducer, useState } from 'react';
import './App.css';
const formReducer = (state, event) => {
 return {
   ...state,
   [event.name]: event.value
function App() {
  const [formData, setFormData] = useReducer(formReducer, {});
  const handleSubmit = event => {
    event.preventDefault();
    // send to backend use fetch API
  const handleChange = event => {
    setFormData({
      name: event.target.name,
      value: event.target.value,
    });
  return(
    <div className="wrapper">
     <h1>How About Them Apples/h1>
      <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
        <fieldset>
          <label>
           Name
           <input name="name" onChange={handleChange}/>
          </label>
        </fieldset>
        <button type="submit">Submit
      </form>
    </div>
export default App;
```

```
const UserForm = props => {
  const [user, setUser] = useState(props.user)
  const form = useRef(null)
  const submit = e => {
    e.preventDefault()
    const data = new FormData(form.current)
    fetch('/api', { method: 'POST', body: data })
      .then(res => res.json())
      .then(json => setUser(json.user))
  return (
    <form ref={form} onSubmit={submit}>
      <input type="text" name="user[name]" defaultValue={user.name} />
      {user.errors.name && \langle p \rangle {user.errors.name}\langle p \rangle}
      <input type="email" name="user[email]" defaultValue={user.email} />
      {user.errors.email && {user.errors.email} }
      <input type="submit" name="Sign Up" />
    </form>
```

Collect data using formdata and ref

```
const [formData, setFormData] = useReducer(formReducer, {
  count: 100,
});
<form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
 <fieldset>
   <label>
      Name 
     <input name="name" onChange={handleChange} value={formData.name | | '''}/>
   </label>
 </fieldset>
 <fieldset>
   <label>
     Apples
     <select name="apple" onChange={handleChange} value={formData.apple | | ''}>
         <option value="">--Please choose an option--</option>
         <option value="fuji">Fuji</option>
         <option value="jonathan">Jonathan</option>
         <option value="honev-crisp">Honev Crisp</option>
     </select>
   </label>
```

How to put data in form

Sending a form to backend

- Basically we are just using FETCH API
- There are different actions to be used in browser to send the values
- GET, POST, PUT, DELETE
- GET sends the values as query parameters
- POST is using an internal buffer

```
const submit = e => {
  e.preventDefault()

const data = new FormData(form.current)
  fetch('/api', {
    method: 'POST',
    headers: new Headers({
        'AuthHeader': '123',
        // STOP! Do not add the following header!
        // 'Content-Type': 'multipart/form-data'
     }),
    body: data,
})
    .then(res => res.json())
    .then(json => setUser(json.user))
```

Using fetch with body and header

Validation

- Do not trust user input
- Always validate
- Use validations in forms
- Or use validations libraries

Questions