# CS6023: GPU Assignment - 3

Deadline: 2nd April, 2023, 11:55 PM on moodle

#### **Activation Game**

#### 1. Problem statement

Consider a graph G with |V| vertices and |E| edges.

Nodes are arranged in level order hierarchy. Starting from level L=0,1,2.....

And vertices are numbered from 0 to |V|-1.

Each edge present in the graph is going from a node present in level L to some node present in level (L+1). So nodes present in level zero will have in-degree equal to zero.

Each node present in the graph has some activation point requirement (APR).

For node v activation point requirement is APR[v].

APR[v]>0 for all vertices except the vertices present at level zero. Vertices present at level zero will have APR[V] = 0.

Define active in-degree (AID) of vertex v as the number of edges coming from active nodes to vertex v.

There are two rules in the game.

For a vertex v.

- 1. Activation rule: If  $AID(v) \ge APR(v)$  then vertex v will get activated.
- 2. Deactivation rule: If vertices (v-1) and (v+1) are inactive then vertex v will become inactive if all the three vertices (v-1), v , (v+1) are on the same level. Consider only if both v-1 and v+1 exist.

Initially nodes present at level 0 will be active as their APR is zero.

In output print the number of active nodes in each level after processing starting from level zero.

Note: In each level of the graph, there can be at max 10000 vertices and the maximum number of levels in the graph is 1000.

So.

|V| <= 10M, |E|<= 100 M

## 2. Input:

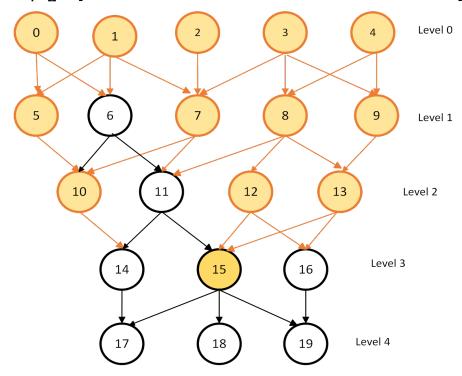
First line of input contains 3 integers L (number of levels in the graph), V (number of vertices in the graph) and E (total number of edges in the graph)

Next E lines will contain 2 positive integers source and destination of each edge of the graph.

Next V lines contain the active point requirement of vertices.

## 3. Example

// active point required for each node starting from node 0. apr[] = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 1, 1]



All the colored nodes are active nodes except node 15 which gets deactivated because of the second rule.

**Output:** 5 4 3 0 0

## 5. Point to be noted:

- 1. In the code we have taken care of input. We have generated csr array, offset array and apr[] array for you. You have to work with them.
- 2. Use the main.cu file present in the code folder. Rename it as your rollnumber.cu.
- 3. Make sure to use comments to make your code more understandable.
- 4. Do not write any print statements inside the kernel.
- 5. Write your code in mentioned area only
- 6. Use the evaluation script provided by us to test your code.

- 7. Create one folder inside the SUBMIT folder with your roll number and place your rollnumber.cu file there.
- 8. if your code's performance (total time on all the testcases) is < average / 2, you will get one bonus mark. If it is > 2 \* average, you will lose two marks. Average is computed using each submitted code's total time on all the testcases.
- 9. For more on <u>CSR</u> (refer to this link)

# 7. Submission guideline:

- Compress the file 'rollnumber.cu', which contains the implementation of the above-described functionality to ROLL NUMBER.zip.
- Submit only the ROLL NUMBER.zip file on Moodle.
- After submission, download the file and make sure it was the one you intended to submit.
- Kindly adhere strictly to the above guidelines.