Introduction
Q: When is a bug not a bug?
The three types of bugs
Three general approaches to Runtime Errors
Tips and Tricks
Outro

Basic Debugging

October 22, 2010

Outro

Prerequisites

Languages - C or C++ **Make Editors** - Vim, Emacs or at least Nano/Pico

Overview of topics

- 1. When is a bug not a bug?
- 2. The three types of bugs
 - Syntax Errors
 - Runtime Frrors
 - Semantic Errors
- 3. Three general approaches
 - Tracing
 - Preemptive Testing
 - Interactive Debugging
- 4. Tips and Tricks
 - Warnings
 - Getting to know your debugger
 - Never leave your editor
 - Check what you type
- Checklist



When it's your fault.

- Software faults
- Errors cause faults
- ▶ It pays to be pedantic
- Probability of hardware failure: Minimal

Syntax Errors Runtime Errors Semantic Errors Interlude

Syntax Errors

▶ I'm sorry Dave, I can't do that.

Syntax Errors Runtime Errors Semantic Errors Interlude

Runtime Errors

- ► The dreaded Segmentation Fault
- Corrupted data

Semantic Errors

► Legal, but not OK

Interlude

- ▶ Let's find a syntax error...
- ▶ 1, 2 and 3 line errors
- Look for the earliest source of failure
- Download: http://cecs.pdx.edu/ arik182/debug.tar

Three general approaches

- Tracing
- Preemptive Testing
- Interactive Debugging

Tracing

- ► Tracing by hand is a required skill
- ► Tracing in a debugger is easier

Preemptive Testing

- Unit Testing
- ▶ The role of Assert

Interactive Debugging

- ▶ The Segmentation Fault is your friend
- Backtrace
- Break
- ► Print

Warnings

Getting to know your debugger Never leave your editor Check what you type

Warnings

- Compile using -Wall
- All warnings must DIE.

Warnings Getting to know your debugger Never leave your editor Check what you type

Getting to know your debugger

- You can't really break anything
- GDB's help command

Warnings Getting to know your debugger Never leave your editor Check what you type

Never leave your editor

- ► :make
- :cwin
- ► :ccl

Warnings Getting to know your debugger Never leave your editor Check what you type

Check what you type

- ► There's no substitute for care
- Double and triple check yourself

List of common suspects (1)

- 1 Array bounds
- 2 Input data
- 3 Prototype Arguments
- 4 Code in a loop that doesn't belong
- 5 Dangling else
- 6 Division by zero
- 7 If conditions (check the test)
- 8 Stopping conditions (infinite loop)
- 9 Ivalues
- 10 Ivalues



List of common suspects (2)

- 11 Uninitialized variables
- 12 Semicolons
- 13 Operator precedence
- 14 Off-by-one errors in loops
- 15 Missing switch breaks
- 16 Matching parentheses
- 17 Missing return statements
- 18 "=" vs. "=="
- 19 null or garbage pointers/objects

Additional Resources

gdb help

vim :help

▶ Practical Debugging in Java, by Ann Ford Et al.

ISBN: 0131427814

► The Bug, by Ellen Ullman

ISBN: 1400032350