

Medicare Fee-For Service Provider Utilization & Payment Data Outpatient Hospital Public Use File: A Methodological Overview

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1. Background

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has prepared a public data set, the Provider Utilization and Payment Data Outpatient Hospital Public Use File (herein referred to as "Outpatient Hospital PUF"), with information on services and procedures provided to Medicare beneficiaries by hospital outpatient facilities. The Outpatient Hospital PUF contains estimated hospital-specific charges for the more than 3,000 U.S. hospitals paid under the Medicare Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS) for select Ambulatory Payment Classification (APC) Groups. APCs are the main unit of payment under the OPPS. CMS assigns individual services (Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System [HCPCS] codes) to APCs based on having similar clinical characteristics and costs. The payment rate and copayment calculated for an APC apply to each service within the APC. CMS has structured the Outpatient Hospital PUF to report summarized data for a subset of APCs called comprehensive APCs (C-APC).

On January 1, 2015, CMS implemented C-APCs to consolidate payment for the highest cost device-dependent procedures into a single, global prospective payment rather than paying separate single APC payments for each component of the procedure. With the comprehensive APC policy, CMS intended to align Medicare payment with beneficiaries', physicians', and hospitals' conceptual understanding of a global procedure (e.g. "getting a pacemaker"). Under C-APCs, CMS designates a set of Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes as the primary service and, with few exceptions, bundles all adjunctive services listed on the claim into a single payment for the primary service. C-APCs include intensive procedures such as neurostimulator insertions, cardiac catheterization and stenting, pacemaker and defibrillator placement, and gynecological and orthopedic procedures, among others. In CY 2016, CMS expanded the list of C-APCs beyond device-dependent procedures to also include observation services.

In prior versions of the Outpatient Hospital PUF, CMS reported summarized utilization and spending metrics for single-APCs where it was relatively easy to attribute total hospital charges for packaged services to a given APC. Given that CMS can attribute all adjunct services on the claim not statutorily excluded from packaging to a C-APC, CMS switched to focusing on C-APCs to present a more conceptually cohesive set of services for the Outpatient Hospital PUF. Summarized PUF data are available for calendar years 2015 through 2017. In CY 2015, there were 25 C-APCs that represented 0.7% (736,664) of all OPPS claims and 14.1% (\$8.1 billion) of the total Medicare allowed amount billed by OPPS hospitals. By CY 2017, the list of C-APCs expanded to 60 C-APCs and the proportion of all the OPPS hospital services and Medicare allowed amounts represented by these C-APCs rose to 5.0% (5.9 million) and 33.4% (\$21.8 billion) respectively. Appendix Table 1 shows the list of C-APCs included in the PUF data over time.

¹ This description is paraphrased from information in the CY 2014 OPPS final rule. For more detailed information on the development of C-APCs, see Section II.A.2.e, https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-12-10/pdf/2013-28737.pdf

² The 2017 OPPS claims data actually report 62 distinct APCs, but 2 APCs are suppressed in the reporting due to insufficient sample size.

2. Key Data Sources

The primary data source for the Outpatient Hospital PUF come from the CMS administrative claims data for Medicare beneficiaries enrolled in the fee-for-service program. The 2015 through 2017 data are available from the CMS Chronic Condition Data Warehouse (CCW), a database with 100% of Medicare enrollment and fee-for-service claims data. Service counts, provider charges, Medicare allowed amounts, regular provider payments, and outlier payments are summarized from Part B institutional revenue center claims line data.

Outpatient provider demographics are also incorporated in the Outpatient Hospital PUF and include hospitals' name, complete address and hospital referral region (HRR). The outpatient provider name and address are derived from CMS's Provider of Service (POS) data, a resource that provides characteristics associated with institutional facilities. HRRs are geographic units of analysis based on facility location zip codes that were developed by the Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care to delineate regional health care markets in the United States. ³

3. Population

The Outpatient Hospital PUF includes data on Medicare fee-for-service beneficiaries from Medicare Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS) providers within 49 of the 50 United States and District of Columbia (excluding Maryland) with a known Hospital Referral Region (HRR) who are billing for comprehensive APCs. ⁴ To protect the privacy of Medicare beneficiaries, any aggregated records which are derived from 10 or fewer services are excluded from the Outpatient Hospital PUF. Appendix Table 2 details the suppression rate for the different levels of aggregation described in the next section.

4. Classification and Summarization

The utilization and spending data in the Outpatient Hospital PUF are aggregated to the following levels:

- Provider identifier, and
- Comprehensive Ambulatory Payment Classification Group.

There can be multiple records for a given provider identifier based on the number of distinct C-APCs.

The Outpatient Hospital PUF reports the number of Medicare fee-for-service beneficiaries, APC services, hospitals' average total estimated submitted charges, the average regular Medicare allowed charges (which includes Medicare provider payments and beneficiary cost-sharing payments), the average regular Medicare

³ For additional information on the POS data, please visit http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-systems/Files-for-Order/NonIdentifiableDataFiles/ProviderofServicesFile.html. For additional information on HRR, please visit http://www.dartmouthatlas.org/data/region/.

⁴ CMS excludes Maryland hospitals because they do not participate in the Medicare OPPS. See Section 6 for more information on this data limitation.

provider payments, the number of APC services with outlier payments, and the average Medicare outlier provider payments among those services. The average estimated submitted charges and Medicare payments are provided at the individual hospital level. The actual charges at an individual hospital for an individual service within these APC groups may differ. These metrics are described in more detail in the next section.

5. Data Contents

Detailed Data File

The following variables are included in the detailed Outpatient Hospital PUF data file:

Provider Id: The CMS Certification Number (CCN) of the provider billing for outpatient hospital services.

Provider Name: The name of the provider.

Provider Street Address: The street address in which the provider is physically located.

Provider City: The city in which the provider is physically located.

Provider State: The state in which the provider is physically located.

Provider Zip Code: The zip code in which the provider is physically located.

Provider HRR: The Hospital Referral Region (HRR) in which the provider is physically located.

APC: The comprehensive APC code. In 2016, CMS renumbered the APC codes. Therefore, CY 2015 APC codes have different values from the CY 2016 APC codes. Appendix Table 1 contains a crosswalk between the CY 2015 and CY 2016 and later APC codes.

APC Description: The description of the APC Code.

Beneficiaries: The number of Medicare fee-for-service beneficiaries receiving outpatient hospital services.

Comprehensive APC Services: The number of primary HCPCS services billed by the provider for outpatient hospital services.

Average Estimated Total Submitted Charges: The provider's average estimated submitted charge for services covered by Medicare for the APC. These will vary from hospital to hospital because of differences in hospital charge structures.

⁵ For a more complete discussion of the claims criteria used in setting the Medicare payment rates for hospital outpatient services, see the Medicare CY 2018 Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS) Claims Accounting document available on the CMS website at https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/HospitalOutpatientPPS/Downloads/CMS-1656-FC-2017-OPPS-FR-Claims-Accounting.pdf.

Average Medicare Allowed Amount: The average of total regular payments the provider receives for the APC. It includes both Medicare direct provider payments as well as beneficiaries' co-payment and deductible payments. It excludes special outlier payments which is reported in a separate column.

Average Medicare Payment Amount: The average of total regular payments the provider receives directly from Medicare. It excludes special outlier payments which is reported in a separate column.

Outlier Comprehensive APC Services: The number of comprehensive APC services with outlier payments. This variable is blank in cases where the number of outlier services is fewer than 11.

Average Medicare Outlier Amount: The average of outlier payments the provider receives directly from Medicare. OPPS APC payment amounts are based on the average costs for a set of services. In the event that a hospital's costs for these services exceed a given threshold tied to the average APC payment, CMS must issue an outlier payment to the hospital to that service to compensate for the costly provision of service. This variable is blank in cases where the number of outlier services is fewer than 11.

Summary Tables

Summary tables have been created to supplement the information reported in the Outpatient Hospital PUF. "National and State Summaries of Outpatient Hospital Charge Data" includes beneficiaries, services, average payments and average hospital charges organized by each of the following at the national and state levels:

- APC
- APC/primary HCPCS

The aggregated reports are not restricted to the redacted data reported in the Outpatient Hospital PUF but are aggregated based on all Medicare services associated with the select APC groups. However, if the aggregated data from a particular state, APC or APC/primary HCPCS combination is derived from 10 or fewer services that data are excluded from the Outpatient Hospital PUF summary table.

More detailed information on the "The National and State Summaries of Outpatient Hospital Charge Data" are provided in the Methodology and Data Dictionary tabs of the workbook.

Given the level of detail in the provider-level files, the provider/APC/primary HCPCS summary results in a large proportion of records, primary HCPCS services, total hospital charges, and Medicare payment amounts being suppressed. Therefore, at this time CMS does not release this level of aggregation as part of the suite of Outpatient Hospital PUFs

6. Data Limitations

Although the Outpatient Hospital PUF has a wealth of payment and utilization information about many Medicare Part B services, the dataset also has some limitations that are worth noting.

The data in the Outpatient Hospital PUF may not be representative of a hospital's entire population served. The data in the file only has information for Medicare beneficiaries with fee-for-service coverage, but hospitals typically treat many other patients who do not have that form of coverage. The Outpatient Hospital PUF does not have any information on patients who are not covered by Medicare, such as those with coverage from other federal programs (like the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program or Tricare), those with private health insurance (such as an individual policy or employer-sponsored coverage), or those who are uninsured. Even within Medicare, the Outpatient Hospital PUF does not include information for patients who are enrolled in any form of Medicare Advantage plan. Importantly, the data is limited to only a select number of APCs and thus does not necessarily include all Medicare outpatient procedures from a given hospital.

The file only contains cost and utilization information, and for the reasons described in the preceding paragraph, the volume of procedures presented may not be fully inclusive of all procedures performed by the hospital.

The state of Maryland has a unique waiver that exempts it from Medicare's prospective payment systems for outpatient care. Maryland instead uses an all-payer rate setting commission to determine its payment rates. Therefore, data from Maryland providers are not included in the Outpatient Hospital PUF.

7. Updates

August 2019 Updates:

The Outpatient Hospital PUF and supplemental summary tables have been updated to include the number of Medicare fee-for-service beneficiaries receiving outpatient hospital services. These changes are reflected in data years 2015 through 2017. Additionally, the Outpatient Hospital PUF no longer restricts the sample of providers to those hospitals that also appear in the Inpatient Hospital PUF. Finally, the 2015 through 2017 PUFs use data that has a longer claims maturity period. In other words, the source claims data allows for more time for providers to submit new claims or correct previously submitted claims. Therefore, the 2015 and 2016 PUFs released in this version may differ slightly from previously released versions.

January 2019 Updates:

CMS has switched to reporting hospital utilization, charges, and Medicare spending for comprehensive APCs in order to make the Outpatient Hospital PUF more conceptually cohesive. Switching to C-APCs also makes it easier to decide which APCs to include on an annual basis. Under the previous PUF methodology, CMS needed to determine which APCs had claims data that made it clear that packaged services could easily be attributed to a given APC. Going forward, the list of APCs included in the PUF will automatically expand as CMS broadens its C-APC policy. However, since the C-APCs only began in 2015, the new PUF files no longer have earlier years of data.

8. Appendix A: Outpatient Hospital PUF C-APC Trends and Suppression Rates

Appendix Table 1. Number of Primary HCPCS Services by Comprehensive APC and Year

	APC	APC				
APC	(Previous Code) ¹	Description	2015	2016	2017	
5093	0648	Level 3 Breast/Lymphatic Surgery and Related Procedures	6,140	6,213	2,805	
5166	0259	Cochlear Implant Procedure	2,813	3,072	3,351	
5191	0083	Level 1 Endovascular Procedures	108,326	109,639	382,760	
5192	0229	Level 2 Endovascular Procedures	185,857	186,524	87,610	
5193	0319	Level 3 Endovascular Procedures	46,742	50,952	202,820	
5211	0084	Level 1 Electrophysiologic Procedures	1,271	934	739	
5212	0085	Level 2 Electrophysiologic Procedures	7,946	8,161	7,946	
5213	0086	Level 3 Electrophysiologic Procedures	49,105	56,027	61,131	
5222	0090	Level 2 Pacemaker and Similar Procedures	32,328	35,842	37,288	
5223	0089	Level 3 Pacemaker and Similar Procedures	86,655	85,293	88,606	
5224	0655	Level 4 Pacemaker and Similar Procedures	8,464	8,662	8,583	
5231	0107	Level 1 ICD and Similar Procedures	14,809	14,532	14,395	
5232	0108	Level 2 ICD and Similar Procedures	49,138	50,529	45,543	
5331	0384	Complex GI Procedures	19,779	21,035	22,121	
5376	0385	Level 6 Urology and Related Services	10,155	5,898	10,404	
5377	0386	Level 7 Urology and Related Services	7,804	8,041	10,080	
5415	0202	Level 5 Gynecologic Procedures	33,858	28,641	28,056	
5462	0061	Level 2 Neurostimulator and Related Procedures	12,592	14,202	15,162	
5463	0039	Level 3 Neurostimulator and Related Procedures	13,038	13,525	14,357	
5464	0318	Level 4 Neurostimulator and Related Procedures	15,551	18,252	20,386	
5471	0227	Implantation of Drug Infusion Device	5,267	5,191	5,203	
5493	0293	Level 3 Intraocular Procedures	153	271	167	
5494	0351	Level 4 Intraocular Procedures	38	14	76	
5124	0425	Level 4 Musculoskeletal Procedures	13,752	46,595		
5631	0067	Single Session Cranial Stereotactic Radiosurgery	9,971			
5165		Level 5 ENT Procedures		36,610	39,414	
5361		Level 1 Laparoscopy and Related Services		177,629	189,606	
5362		Level 2 Laparoscopy and Related Services		44,133	49,685	
5375		Level 5 Urology and Related Services		157,429	192,628	
5416		Level 6 Gynecologic Procedures		8,964	9,709	
5492		Level 2 Intraocular Procedures		60,524	74,994	
5627		Level 7 Radiation Therapy		10,174	11,413	
5881		Ancillary Outpatient Services When Patient Dies		326	361	
8011		Comprehensive Observation Services		1,471,155	1,462,810	
5123		Level 3 Musculoskeletal Procedures		169,272		
5125		Level 5 Musculoskeletal Procedures		18,633		
5072		Level 2 Excision/Biopsy/Incision and Drainage			440,836	
5073		Level 3 Excision/Biopsy/Incision and Drainage			64,490	

APC	APC (Previous Code) ¹	APC Description	2015	2016	2017
5091	-	Level 1 Breast/Lymphatic Surgery and Related Procedures	-		58,111
5092		Level 2 Breast/Lymphatic Surgery and Related Procedures			74,504
5094	-	Level 4 Breast/Lymphatic Surgery and Related Procedures			3,321
5112		Level 2 Musculoskeletal Procedures			89,792
5113		Level 3 Musculoskeletal Procedures			187,336
5114		Level 4 Musculoskeletal Procedures			224,763
5115		Level 5 Musculoskeletal Procedures			50,947
5116		Level 6 Musculoskeletal Procedures			3,817
5153		Level 3 Airway Endoscopy			52,763
5154		Level 4 Airway Endoscopy			71,603
5155		Level 5 Airway Endoscopy			22,687
5164		Level 4 ENT Procedures			20,145
5194		Level 4 Endovascular Procedures			50,045
5200		Implantation Wireless PA Pressure Monitor			1,534
5302		Level 2 Upper GI Procedures			221,660
5303		Level 3 Upper GI Procedures			30,406
5313		Level 3 Lower GI Procedures			35,838
5341		Abdominal/Peritoneal/Biliary and Related Procedures			114,085
5373		Level 3 Urology and Related Services			159,081
5374		Level 4 Urology and Related Services			118,105
5414		Level 4 Gynecologic Procedures			51,510
5431		Level 1 Nerve Procedures			148,984
5432		Level 2 Nerve Procedures			3,485
5491		Level 1 Intraocular Procedures			476,210
5503		Level 3 Extraocular, Repair, and Plastic Eye Procedures			36,279
5504		Level 4 Extraocular, Repair, and Plastic Eye Procedures	1		6,556

SOURCE: 100% CCW Part B Institutional Revenue Center claim line data file, 2015 – 2017. Provider state data used in the state-level summaries comes from the Medicare Provider of Services (POS) file, 2015 – 2017.

NOTE: The primary HCPCS code of a comprehensive APC is the service on which the APC payment rate is based. This table counts the number of primary HCPCS services associated with each APC.

 $^{^{1}}$ This column reports the previous APC codes used by CMS before the APC groups were renumbered in CY2016.

Appendix Table 2. Suppression Rates by PUF Summary Levels and Metrics

Year	Level of Aggregation	APC		File Records		CAPC Services		Medicare Allowed Amount		HCPCS		Provider	
rear		Reported Count	Suppress Rate	Reported Count	Suppress Rate	Reported Count	Suppress Rate	Reported Count	Suppress Rate	Reported Count	Suppress Rate	Reported Count	Suppress Rate
2017	APC-National	60	3.2%	60	3.2%	5,919,102	0.0%	21,063	0.0%				
2017	APC-State	60	3.2%	2,753	6.0%	5,917,908	0.0%	21,054	0.0%				
2017	APC-Provider	58	6.5%	61,779	44.1%	5,719,660	3.4%	19,781	6.1%			3,198	3.6%
2017	APC/HCPCS-National	60	3.2%	2,310	20.8%	5,915,445	0.1%	21,031	0.2%	2,740	0.1%		
2017	APC/HCPCS-State	59	4.8%	28,643	64.3%	5,750,730	2.8%	20,451	2.9%	2,487	9.3%		
2016	APC-National	35	0.0%	35	0.0%	2,932,894	0.0%	14,372	0.0%				
2016	APC-State	34	2.9%	1,548	7.5%	2,932,001	0.0%	14,365	0.0%				
2016	APC-Provider	33	5.7%	27,913	49.2%	2,826,757	3.6%	13,365	7.0%			3,161	3.5%
2016	APC/HCPCS-National	35	0.0%	716	25.4%	2,931,835	0.0%	14,365	0.1%	923	0.0%		
2016	APC/HCPCS-State	33	5.7%	10,043	60.1%	2,883,639	1.7%	14,065	2.1%	687	25.6%		
2015	APC-National	25	0.0%	25	0.0%	741,552	0.0%	7,955	0.0%				
2015	APC-State	25	0.0%	1,090	7.7%	741,098	0.1%	7,950	0.1%				
2015	APC-Provider	25	0.0%	13,636	59.1%	666,060	10.2%	7,109	10.6%			2,193	26.8%
2015	APC/HCPCS-National	25	0.0%	218	9.9%	741,156	0.1%	7,952	0.0%	212	0.0%		
2015	APC/HCPCS-State	25	0.0%	4,461	47.2%	726,626	2.0%	7,813	1.8%	212	0.0%		

SOURCE: 100% CCW Part B Institutional Revenue Center claim line data file, 2015 – 2017. Provider state data used in the state-level summaries comes from the Medicare Provider of Services (POS) file, 2015 – 2017.

NOTE: The table displays the total distinct count reported in the PUFs for each metric as well as the percent of the total distinct count that is suppressed due to the CMS suppression policies that redact any summary value that is based on 10 or fewer services to protect beneficiaries' privacy. For example the 2015 Provider-APC level file includes 13,636 Provider-APC combinations and this number reflects a suppression rate of 59.1% of all the provider-APC combinations that exist in the data. However, the provider-APC data that is suppressed represent only 10.2% of all C-APC primary services and 10.6% of the total Medicare allowed amount billed for all comprehensive APCs in 2015.