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Day 16 and 17:

Task 1: The Knight's Tour Problem

Create a function bool SolveKnightsTour(int[,] board, int moveX, int moveY, int moveCount, int[] xMove, int[] yMove) that attempts to solve the Knight's Tour problem using backtracking. The function should return true if a solution exists and false otherwise. The board represents the chessboard, moveX and moveY are the current coordinates of the knight, moveCount is the current move count, and xMove[], yMove[] are the possible next moves for the knight. Fill the chessboard such that the knight visits every square exactly once. Keep the chessboard size to 8x8.

Solution:

```
package com. wipro;
public class KnightsTourProblem {
    // Size of the chessboard
    static final int N = 8;
    // Function to check if a given position is safe for the knight
    static boolean isSafe(int x, int y, int[][] board) {
        return (x >= 0 && y >= 0 && x < N && y < N && board[x][y] == -1);
    }
    // Function to print the solution
    static void printSolution(int[][] board) {
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
                System.out.print(board[i][j] + " ");
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
    // Function to solve the Knight's Tour problem using backtracking
    static boolean solveKnightsTour(int[][] board, int x, int y, int moveCount, int[]
xMove, int[] yMove) {
        if (moveCount == N * N) {
            printSolution(board);
            return true;
        }
        // Try all next moves from the current position x, y
        for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
            int nextX = x + xMove[i];
            int nextY = y + yMove[i];
            if (isSafe(nextX, nextY, board)) {
```

```
board[nextX][nextY] = moveCount;
                if (solveKnightsTour(board, nextX, nextY, moveCount + 1, xMove,
yMove)) {
                    return true;
                } else {
                    board[nextX][nextY] = -1; // Backtrack
                }
            }
        }
        return false;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[][] board = new int[N][N];
        // Initialize the chessboard with -1
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
                board[i][j] = -1;
            }
        }
        // Possible moves for the knight
        int[] xMove = {2, 1, -1, -2, -2, -1, 1, 2};
        int[] yMove = {1, 2, 2, 1, -1, -2, -2, -1};
        // Starting position of the knight
        int startX = 0, startY = 0;
        // Mark the starting position as visited
        board[startX][startY] = 0;
        if (!solveKnightsTour(board, startX, startY, 1, xMove, yMove)) {
            System.out.println("No solution exists.");
        }
    }
}
Output:
0 59 38 33 30 17 8 63
37 34 31 60 9 62 29 16
58 1 36 39 32 27 18 7
35 48 41 26 61 10 15 28
42 57 2 49 40 23 6 19
47 50 45 54 25 20 11 14
56 43 52 3 22 13 24 5
51 46 55 44 53 4 21 12
```

Task 2: Rat in a Maze

mplement a function bool SolveMaze(int[,] maze) that uses backtracking to find a path from the top left corner to the bottom right corner of a maze. The maze is represented by a 2D array where 1s are paths and 0s are walls. Find a rat's path through the maze. The maze size is 6x6.

Solution:

```
package com.wipro;
public class RatInAMaze {
    // Size of the maze
    static final int N = 6;
    // Function to check if a given position is safe to move
    static boolean isSafe(int[][] maze, int x, int y) {
        return (x >= 0 && y >= 0 && x < N && y < N && maze[x][y] == 1);
    }
    // Function to print the solution path
    static void printSolution(int[][] sol) {
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
                System.out.print(sol[i][j] + " ");
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
    // Function to solve the Rat in a Maze problem using backtracking
    static boolean solveMazeUtil(int[][] maze, int x, int y, int[][] sol) {
        if (x == N - 1 \&\& y == N - 1) {
            sol[x][y] = 1; // Reached the destination
            return true;
        }
        if (isSafe(maze, x, y)) {
            sol[x][y] = 1; // Mark the current cell as part of solution path
            // Move right
            if (solveMazeUtil(maze, x, y + 1, sol)) {
                return true;
            }
            // Move down
            if (solveMazeUtil(maze, x + 1, y, sol)) {
                return true;
            }
            // If neither right nor down leads to the solution, backtrack
            sol[x][y] = 0;
```

```
return false;
       }
       return false;
   }
    // Function to solve the Rat in a Maze problem
    static boolean solveMaze(int[][] maze) {
       int[][] sol = new int[N][N];
       if (!solveMazeUtil(maze, 0, 0, sol)) {
           System.out.println("No solution exists.");
           return false;
       }
       System.out.println("Solution path:");
       printSolution(sol);
       return true;
   }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       int[][] maze = {
           {1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
           \{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1\},\
           {0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1},
           {1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1},
           {1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1},
           {1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1}
       };
       solveMaze(maze);
   }
}
Output:
Solution path:
100000
111111
000001
000001
000001
000001
```

Task 3: N Queen Problem

Write a function bool SolveNQueen(int[,] board, int col) in C# that places N queens on an N x N chessboard so that no two queens attack each other using backtracking. Place N queens on the board such that no two queens can attack each other. Use a standard 8x8 chessboard.

Solution:

```
package com.wipro;
public class NQueenProblem {
    // Size of the chessboard
    static final int N = 8;
    // Function to check if a queen can be placed safely at position (row, col)
    static boolean isSafe(int[][] board, int row, int col) {
        // Check the column on the left side
        for (int i = 0; i < col; i++) {</pre>
            if (board[row][i] == 1) {
                return false;
            }
        }
        // Check upper diagonal on the left side
        for (int i = row, j = col; i >= 0 && <math>j >= 0; i--, j--) {
            if (board[i][j] == 1) {
                return false;
            }
        }
        // Check lower diagonal on the left side
        for (int i = row, j = col; i < N && j >= 0; i++, j--) {
            if (board[i][j] == 1) {
                return false;
            }
        }
        return true;
    }
    // Function to solve the N-Queen problem using backtracking
    static boolean solveNQueensUtil(int[][] board, int col) {
        // All queens are placed successfully
        if (col >= N) {
            return true;
        }
        // Try placing queen in each row of the current column
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            if (isSafe(board, i, col)) {
                // Place queen at position (i, col)
                board[i][col] = 1;
                // Recur to place the rest of the queens
                if (solveNQueensUtil(board, col + 1)) {
                    return true;
                }
                // If placing queen at (i, col) doesn't lead to a solution, backtrack
                board[i][col] = 0;
```

```
}
       }
       // If queen cannot be placed in any row of the current column, return false
       return false;
   }
   // Function to solve the N-Queen problem and print the solution
   static boolean solveNQueens() {
       int[][] board = new int[N][N];
       // Initialize the board with 0s
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
           for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
               board[i][j] = 0;
           }
       }
       if (!solveNQueensUtil(board, 0)) {
           System.out.println("No solution exists.");
           return false;
       }
       // Print the solution
       printSolution(board);
       return true;
   }
   // Function to print the solution
   static void printSolution(int[][] board) {
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
           for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
               System.out.print(board[i][j] + " ");
           System.out.println();
       }
   }
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       solveNQueens();
   }
}
Output:
10000000
00000010
00001000
00000001
01000000
00010000
00000100
00100000
```