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Day 15 and 16:

Task 1: Knapsack Problem

Write a function int Knapsack(int W, int[] weights, int[] values) in C# that determines the maximum value of items that can fit into a knapsack with a capacity W. The function should handle up to 100 items. Find the optimal way to fill the knapsack with the given items to achieve the maximum total value. You must consider that you cannot break items, but have to include them whole.

Solution:

```java
package com.wipro;

public class KnapsackProblem {

    // Function to solve the knapsack problem using dynamic programming
    public static int knapsack(int W, int[] weights, int[] values) {
        int n = weights.length;
        int[][] dp = new int[n + 1][W + 1];

        // Build the DP table
        for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
            for (int w = 0; w <= W; w++) {
                if (i == 0 || w == 0) {
                    dp[i][w] = 0;
                } else if (weights[i - 1] <= w) {
                    dp[i][w] = Math.max(values[i - 1] + dp[i - 1][w - weights[i -
1]], dp[i - 1][w]);
                } else {
                    dp[i][w] = dp[i - 1][w];
                }
            }
        }

        return dp[n][W];
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int W = 50; // Knapsack capacity
        int[] weights = {10, 20, 30};
        int[] values = {60, 100, 120};

        System.out.println("Maximum value in knapsack = " + knapsack(W, weights,
values));
    }
}
```

Output:

```
Maximum value in knapsack = 220
```

==Task 2: Longest Common Subsequence==

==Implement int LCS(string text1, string text2) to find the length of the longest common subsequence between two strings.==

```java
package com.wipro;

public class LongestCommonSubsequence {

    public static int LCS(String text1, String text2) {
        int m = text1.length();
        int n = text2.length();

        int[][] dp = new int[m + 1][n + 1];

        for (int i = 1; i <= m; i++) {
            for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
                if (text1.charAt(i - 1) == text2.charAt(j - 1)) {
                    dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + 1;
                } else {
                    dp[i][j] = Math.max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]);
                }
            }
        }

        // Return the length of the longest common subsequence
        return dp[m][n];
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String text1 = "abcde";
        String text2 = "ace";
        System.out.println("Length of Longest Common Subsequence: " + LCS(text1,
text2));
    }
}
```

Output:

```
Length of Longest Common Subsequence: 3
```