## **Breast Cancer Detection with Logistic Regression**

```
#importing libraries
import numpy as np
import sklearn.datasets
#getting the dataset
breast cancer = sklearn.datasets.load breast cancer()
#https://www.kaggle.com/ucim/breast-cancer-wisconsin-data
print(breast cancer)
        \{ data': array([[1.799e+01, 1.038e+01, 1.228e+02, ..., 2.654e-01, 4.601e-01, 1.038e+01, 
                      1.189e-01],
                     [2.057e+01, 1.777e+01, 1.329e+02, ..., 1.860e-01, 2.750e-01,
                      8.902e-021,
                     [1.969e+01, 2.125e+01, 1.300e+02, ..., 2.430e-01, 3.613e-01,
                      8.758e-02],
                     [1.660e+01, 2.808e+01, 1.083e+02, ..., 1.418e-01, 2.218e-01,
                      7.820e-02],
                     [2.060e+01, 2.933e+01, 1.401e+02, ..., 2.650e-01, 4.087e-01,
                      1.240e-01],
                     [7.760e+00, 2.454e+01, 4.792e+01, ..., 0.000e+00, 2.871e-01,
                      0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
                     1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
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                     1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
                     0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
                     1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1,
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                     1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1,
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                     1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1]), 'target names': array(
                     'mean smoothness', 'mean compactness', 'mean concavity',
                     'mean concave points', 'mean symmetry', 'mean fractal dimension',
                     'radius error', 'texture error', 'perimeter error', 'area error',
                     'smoothness error', 'compactness error', 'concavity error',
```

```
'concave points error', 'symmetry error',
       'fractal dimension error', 'worst radius', 'worst texture',
       'worst perimeter', 'worst area', 'worst smoothness',
       'worst compactness', 'worst concavity', 'worst concave points',
       'worst symmetry', 'worst fractal dimension'], dtype='<U23'), 'filename': '/usr/lo
X = breast cancer.data
Y = breast cancer.target
print(X)
print(Y)
   [[1.799e+01 1.038e+01 1.228e+02 ... 2.654e-01 4.601e-01 1.189e-01]
   [2.057e+01 1.777e+01 1.329e+02 ... 1.860e-01 2.750e-01 8.902e-02]
   [1.969e+01 2.125e+01 1.300e+02 ... 2.430e-01 3.613e-01 8.758e-02]
   [1.660e+01 2.808e+01 1.083e+02 ... 1.418e-01 2.218e-01 7.820e-02]
   [2.060e+01 2.933e+01 1.401e+02 ... 2.650e-01 4.087e-01 1.240e-01]
   [7.760e+00 2.454e+01 4.792e+01 ... 0.000e+00 2.871e-01 7.039e-02]]
   1\;1\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;0\;0\;1\;0\;0\;1\;1\;1\;0\;0\;1\;0\;0\;1\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;1
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   1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0
   1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
print(X.shape, Y.shape)
   (569, 30) (569,)
Import data to the Pandas Data Frame
import pandas as pd
data = pd.DataFrame(breast_cancer.data, columns = breast_cancer.feature_names)
data['class'] = breast cancer.target
```

data.head()

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	symm
0	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840	0.27760	0.3001	0.14710	0.
1	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474	0.07864	0.0869	0.07017	0.
2	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960	0.15990	0.1974	0.12790	0.
3	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250	0.28390	0.2414	0.10520	0.
4	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030	0.13280	0.1980	0.10430	0.

data.describe()

ıt	ve ts or	S	symmetry error		fractal mension error		worst radius		worst texture	peri	worst imeter	wor	rst area	sme	₩( oothi
)(	00	56	9.000000	569	9.000000	569	.000000	569	.000000	569.0	000000	56	9.000000	56	9.000
'(	96		0.020542	(	0.003795	16	.269190	25	5.677223	107.2	261213	88	0.583128		0.132
7	70		0.008266	(	0.002646	4	.833242	6	5.146258	33.6	602542	56	9.356993		0.022
)(	00		0.007882	(	0.000895	7	.930000	12	2.020000	50.4	110000	18	5.200000		0.07
33	38		0.015160	(	0.002248	13	.010000	21	.080000	84.	110000	51	5.300000		0.116
)3	30		0.018730	(	0.003187	14	.970000	25	5.410000	97.6	60000	68	6.500000		0.13 <sup>-</sup>
,	10		0.023480	(	0.004558	18	.790000	29	.720000	125.4	100000	108	4.000000		0.146
'(	90		0.078950	(	0.029840	36	.040000	49	.540000	251.2	200000	425	4.000000		0.222

```
print(data['class'].value_counts())
```

357
 212

Name: class, dtype: int64

print(breast\_cancer.target\_names)

['malignant' 'benign']

data.groupby('class').mean()

#0 = malignant

#1 = benign

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity
class							
0	17.462830	21.604906	115.365377	978.376415	0.102898	0.145188	0.160775
1	12.146524	17.914762	78.075406	462.790196	0.092478	0.080085	0.046058

## Train and Test Data Split

```
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y)
print(Y.shape, Y_train.shape, Y_test.shape)
     (569,) (426,) (143,)
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.1)
#test size --> to specify the percentage of test data needed
print(Y.shape, Y train.shape, Y test.shape)
     (569,) (512,) (57,)
print(Y.mean(), Y_train.mean(), Y_test.mean())
     0.6274165202108963 0.630859375 0.5964912280701754
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.1, stratify=Y)
#stratify --> for correct distribution of data as of the original data
print(Y.mean(), Y train.mean(), Y test.mean())
     0.6274165202108963 0.626953125 0.631578947368421
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.1, stratify=Y, random_s
#random state --> specific split of data, each value of random state splits the data differen
print(X train.mean(), X test.mean(), X.mean())
     61.31637960106119 67.04963097269005 61.890712339519624
```

print(X\_train)

```
[[1.490e+01 2.253e+01 1.021e+02 ... 2.475e-01 2.866e-01 1.155e-01]
[1.205e+01 1.463e+01 7.804e+01 ... 6.548e-02 2.747e-01 8.301e-02]
[1.311e+01 1.556e+01 8.721e+01 ... 1.986e-01 3.147e-01 1.405e-01]
...
[1.258e+01 1.840e+01 7.983e+01 ... 8.772e-03 2.505e-01 6.431e-02]
[1.349e+01 2.230e+01 8.691e+01 ... 1.282e-01 2.871e-01 6.917e-02]
[1.919e+01 1.594e+01 1.263e+02 ... 1.777e-01 2.443e-01 6.251e-02]]
```

## **Logistic Regression**

```
#import logistic regression from sklearn
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
classifier = LogisticRegression()
                                    #loading the logistic regression model to the variable "c
#training the model on training data
classifier.fit(X train, Y train)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/linear model/ logistic.py:940: Convergence
     STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
     Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as shown in:
         https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
     Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
         https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regression
       extra warning msg= LOGISTIC SOLVER CONVERGENCE MSG)
     LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class weight=None, dual=False, fit intercept=True,
                        intercept_scaling=1, l1_ratio=None, max_iter=100,
                        multi class='auto', n jobs=None, penalty='12',
                        random state=None, solver='lbfgs', tol=0.0001, verbose=0,
                        warm start=False)
```

## **Evaluation of the Model**

```
#import accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

prediction_on_training_data = classifier.predict(X_train)
accuracy_on_training_data = accuracy_score(Y_train, prediction_on_training_data)

print('Accuracy on training data :', accuracy_on_training_data)

Accuracy on training data : 0.951171875
```

```
BreastCancerDetection.ipynb - Colaboratory
#prediction on test data
prediction on test data = classifier.predict(X test)
accuracy on test data = accuracy score(Y test, prediction on test data)
print('Accuracy on test data :', accuracy_on_test_data)
     Accuracy on test data: 0.9298245614035088
Detecting whether the Patient has Breast Cancer in Benign or Malignant Stage
input data = (17.99, 10.38, 122.8, 1001, 0.1184, 0.2776, 0.3001, 0.1471, 0.2419, 0.07871, 1.095, 0.9053,
#change the input data to numpy array to make prediction
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.array(input_data)
print(input data)
     (17.99, 10.38, 122.8, 1001, 0.1184, 0.2776, 0.3001, 0.1471, 0.2419, 0.07871, 1.095, 0.96
#reshape the array we are predicting the output for one instance
input_data_reshaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1, -1)
#prediction
prediction = classifier.predict(input data reshaped)
                    #returns a list with elements 0 [if Malignant] and 1 [if Benign]
print(prediction)
     [0]
if (prediction[0]==0):
    print("The Breast Cancer is at Malignant Stage.")
else:
    print("The Breast Cancer is at Benign Stage.")
```

The Breast Cancer is at Malignant Stage.

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