



Can Neural Nets Learn the Same Model Twice? Investigating Reproducibility and Double Descent from the Decision Boundary Perspective



Gowthami S., Liam F., Arpit B., Ping Y., Yehuda D., Richard B., Micah G. & Tom G.

MOTIVATION

- Do neural nets learn the same model twice?
- Do different neural architectures have measurable differences in inductive bias?
- How are decision regions changing in double descent phenomenon in neural networks?

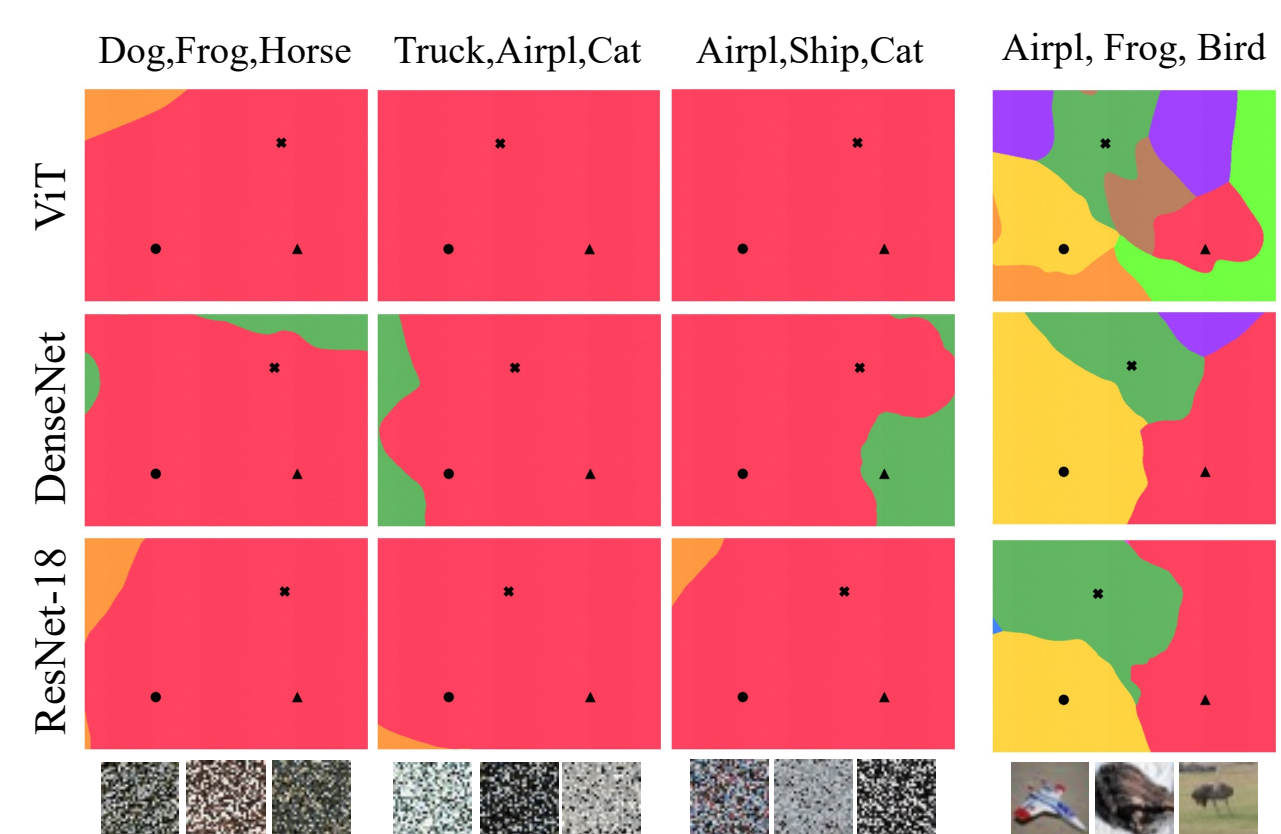
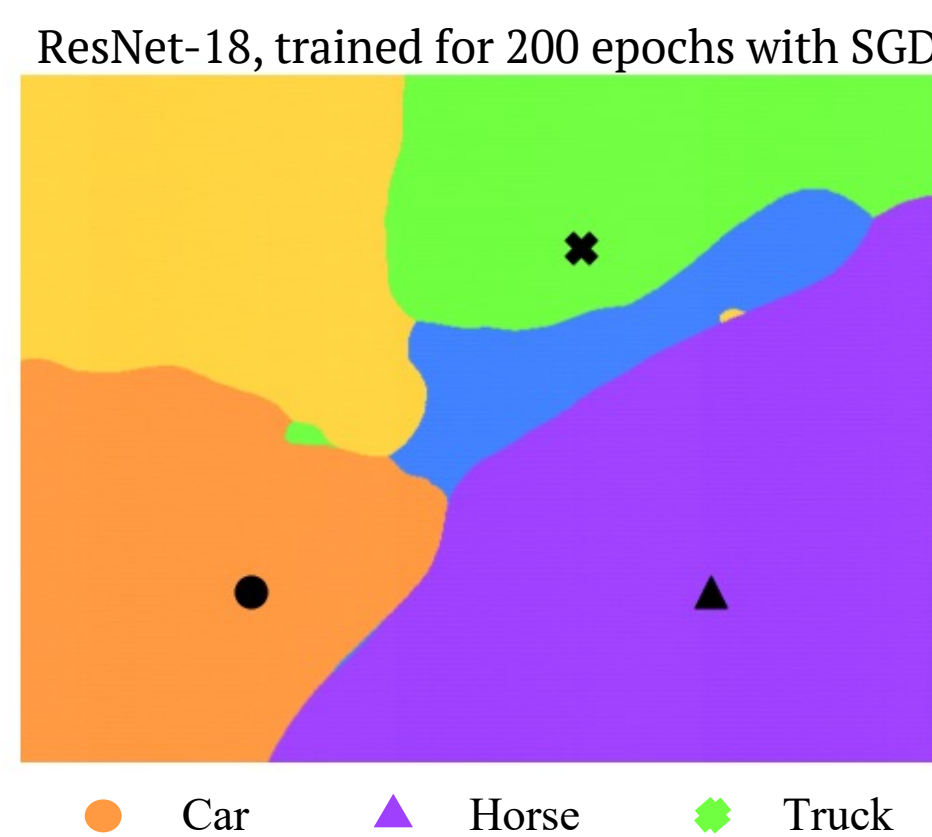
Drawing decision regions

$(x_1, x_2, x_3) \sim \mathcal{D}^3$ Randomly sampled triplet from input space

$$\vec{v}_1 = x_2 - x_1, \vec{v}_2 = x_3 - x_1$$

$$-0.1 \leq \alpha, \beta \leq 1.1$$

$$\alpha \cdot \max(\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_1, |\text{proj}_{\vec{v}_1} \vec{v}_2 \cdot \vec{v}_1|) \vec{v}_1 + \beta (\vec{v}_2 - \text{proj}_{\vec{v}_1} \vec{v}_2)$$



➤ The training process, which structures decision boundaries near the data manifold fails to produce strong structural effects far from the manifold.

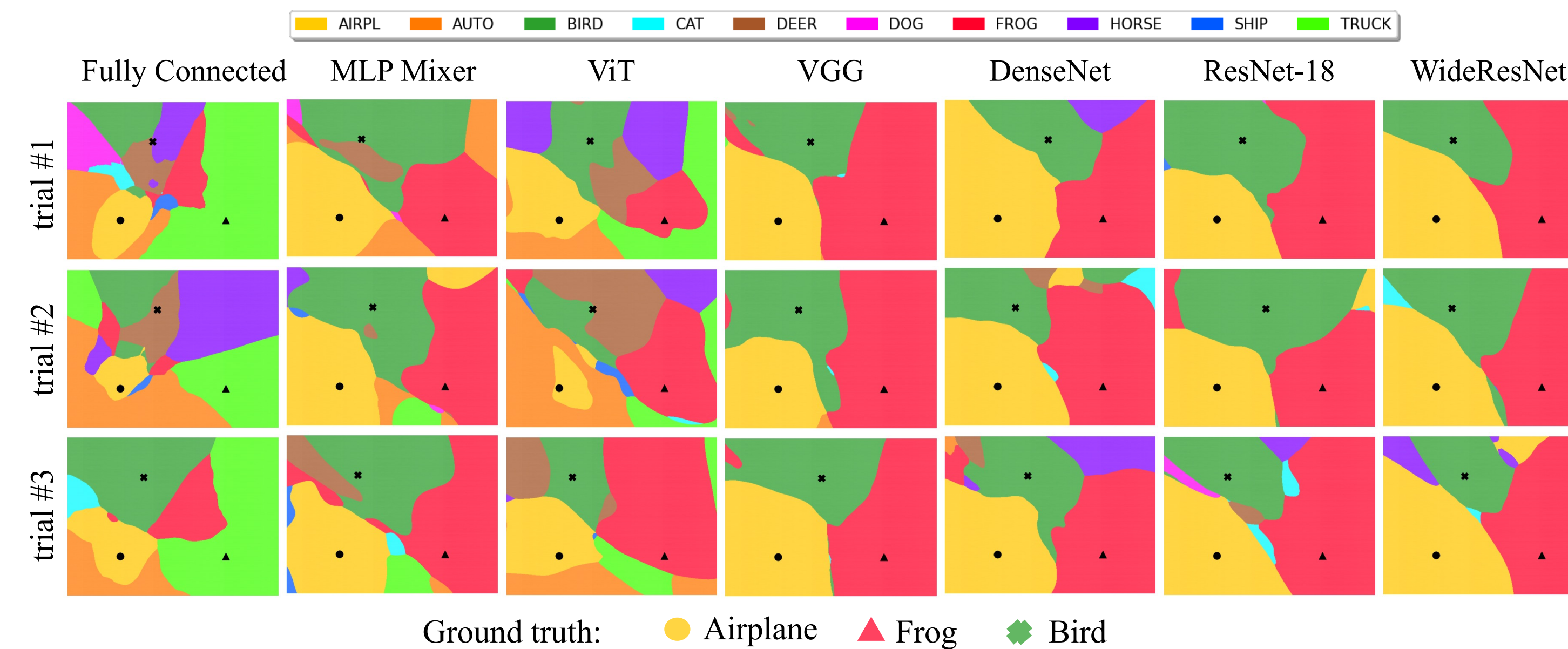
➤ The uniform off-manifold behavior is an in- evitable consequence of the concentration of measures phenomenon

SCAN ME



Code and more materials available at
<https://somepage.github.io/dbviz>

REPRODUCIBILITY



Region Similarity Score

$$R(\theta_1, \theta_2) = \mathbb{E}_{T_i \sim \mathcal{D}} \left[(|f_{\theta_1}(S_i) \cap f_{\theta_2}(S_i)|) / |S_i| \right]$$

T_i Randomly chosen triplet

S_i Decision region spanned by T_i

$f_{\theta_1}, f_{\theta_2}$ Same architecture, trained differently

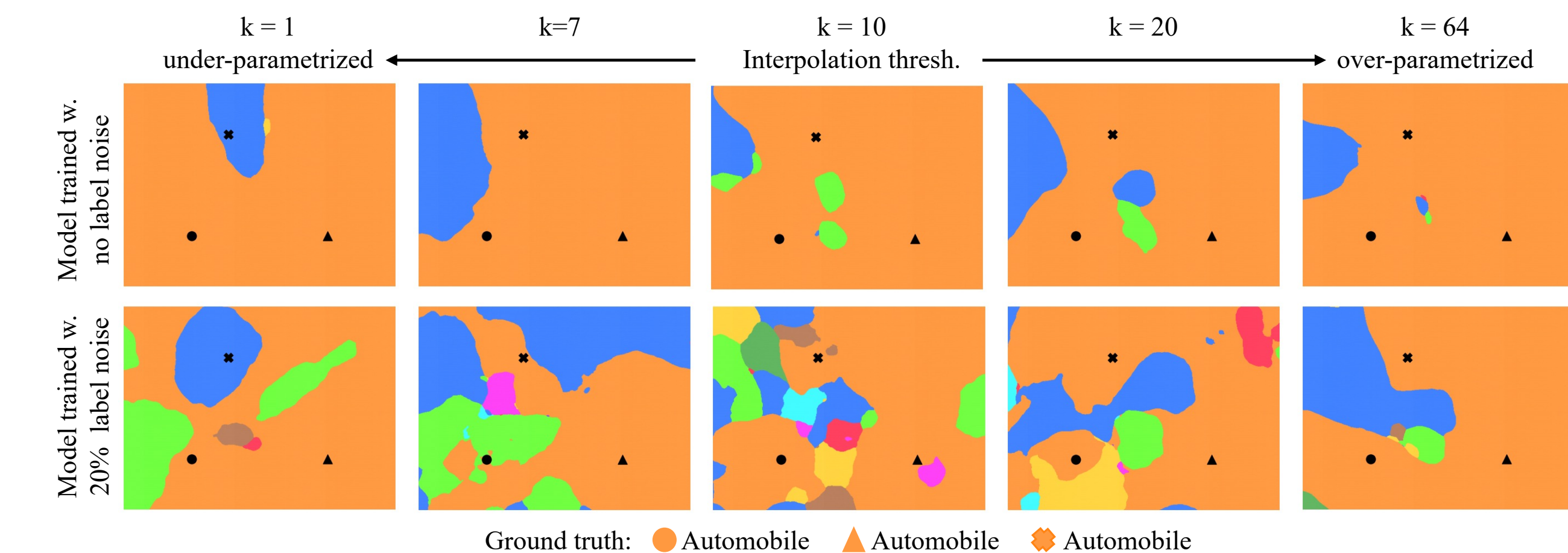
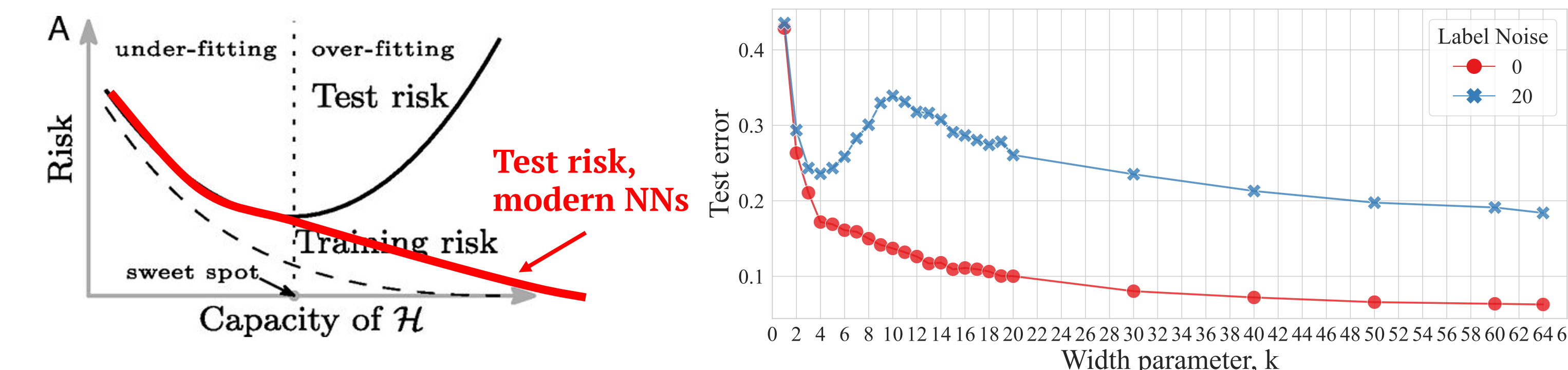
Region Similarity Scores										Region Similarity Score
Teacher	ResNet	WideRN10	DenseNet	VGG	ViT-pt	ResNet	WideRN10	DenseNet	VGG	
Distillation Student	0.87	0.87	0.86	0.85	0.77	0.82	0.82	0.81	0.78	0.75
Vanilla Trained Model	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.82	0.75	0.82	0.84	0.82	0.78	0.76
Distillation Student	0.86	0.86	0.87	0.82	0.75	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.78	0.75
Vanilla Trained Model	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.82	0.73	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.8	0.73
Distillation Student	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.75	0.72	0.75	0.76	0.75	0.73	*
Vanilla Trained Model	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.75	0.72	0.75	0.76	0.75	0.73	*

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Vanilla Trained Model	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.82	0.73	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.8	0.73
Distillation Student	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.75	0.72	0.75	0.76	0.75	0.73	*
Vanilla Trained Model	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.75	0.72	0.75	0.76	0.75	0.73	*

Region Similarity Scores			
	Adam	SGD	SGD + SAM
ResNet-18	79.81	83.74	87.22
VGG	81.19	80.92	84.21
MLPMixer	67.80	66.51	68.06
ViT	69.55	75.13	75.19

Test Accuracy			
	Adam	SGD	SGD + SAM
ResNet-18	93.04	95.30	95.68
VGG	92.87	93.13	93.90
MLPMixer	82.22	82.04	82.18
ViT	70.89	75.49	74.72

DOUBLE DESCENT



Fragmentation Score

$$S_i(\theta) = \cup_{j=1}^{n_i} P_j(\theta)$$

$$F(\theta) = \mathbb{E}_{T_i \sim \mathcal{D}} n_i(\theta, T_i)$$

T_i Randomly chosen triplet

$P_j(\theta)$ disjoint, maximal, path-connected component corresponding to a single predicted class label

The decision regions of models around double descent peak are more fragmented & less reproducible!

