

Entry into force: 22.02.2022

ICS 03.060 and 35.240

Tækniforskrift - Innlendar greiðslur og innlán

Technical Specification -Domestic payments and deposits



Participants in ÍST Workshop VS-3 Innlendar greiðslur og innlán (e. Domestic payments and deposits) and participants in working groups preparing the workshop agreement.

Name	Company / organisation / association	Name	Company / organisation / association
Árni Björnsson	Samband sparisjóða á Íslandi	Ingibergur S. Stefnisson Íris Dögg Kristmundsdóttir	Unimaze
Ásgeir Helgi Jóhannsson	Atlas lögmenn	Jóhannes Þór Ágústarson	Íslandsbanki
Ásgeir Örn Ásgeirsson	Samtök fjártæknifyrirtækja/Meniga	Jóhann Þorvarðarson	Landsbankinn
Atli Mar Gunnarsson	Arion banki	Jökull Huxley Yngvason	Landsbankinn
Bjarki Jóhannsson	Creditinfo	Kjartan Ásþórsson	Kvika
Bjarni Þór Pálsson	RB	Kristinn Stefánsson	Arion banki
Björn Ingi Björnsson	Arion banki	Markús Guðmundsson	Sendill
Bragi Þór Guðmundsson	RB	Ólafur Bergsson	Íslandsbanki
Daníel Snorrason	Seðlabanki Íslands	Ólafur Eiríksson	Landsbankinn
Einar Eiríksson	Origo	Páll Arnar Guðmundsson	Creditinfo
Elfa D. Marteinsdóttir	Arion banki	Sigrún Gunnarsdóttir	WISE
Gísli Konráð Björnsson	Landsbankinn	Sigurbjörn Þorbjörnsson	TCM innheimta
Guðjón Karl Arnarson	RB	Sigurður Gauti Hauksson	Alskil
Guðmundur Jón Halldórsson	DataPlato ehf	Sigurjón Örn Kárason	Valitor
Gunnar Stefánsson	Arion banki	Snorri Karlsson	Íslandsbanki

Name	Company / organisation / association	Name	Company / organisation / association
Halla Árnadóttir	RB	Snorri Jónsson	Íslandsbanki
Halldór Vagn Hreinsson	Landsbankinn	Stefán Orri Stefánsson	Íslandsbanki
Halldóra G. Steindórsdóttir	Landsbankinn	Styrmir Kristjánsson	Sjálfstæður
Helena Pálsdóttir	FME	Sveinn G. Gunnarsson	Landsbankinn
Helena Rúriksdóttir	Arion banki	Þorsteinn Guðmundsson	Wise
Hermann Snorrason	Landsbankinn	Þorsteinn Lemke	Uniconta
Hjálmar Brynjólfsson	FME	Védís Ingólfsdóttir	Arion banki
Hrannar Már Hallkelsson	Arion banki	Védís Sigurðardóttir	Landsbankinn
Ingibjartur Jónsson	Valitor	Ingvi Rafn Guðmundsson	Íslandsbanki
Ingvaldur Einarsson	Uniconta		

[©] Icelandic Standards (IST) 2020, 2022. All Rights Reserved.

Without the written permission of the publisher, this technical specification document may not be reprinted or reproduced in any form by any means, mechanical or electronic, such as by photocopying, sound recording or other means, currently known or later invented, nor may the agreement be disseminated through an electronic database.

1. edition

Table of contents

Fo	rewo	ord Control of the Co	1
In	trodu	action	3
1	Sco	pe	5
2	Nor	mative references, definitions and symbols	6
	2.1	Terminalogy	6
	2.2	Data definitions	7
3	lmp	lementation	8
	3.1	Service Overview	8
	3.2	Payment Initiation Service	9
		3.2.1 Overview	9
		3.2.2 Domestic Payment Product Data Elements	10
	3.3	Bulk Payments	14
4	Acco	ounts	16
5	Арр	endix	18
	5.1	Errors	18
	5.2	Mapping from older implementations	18
	5.3	Domestic adaptations of the NextGenAPI framework	18
		5.3.1 The localized file	19

Foreword

This ÍST Technical Specification was developed in accordance with "ÍST Reglur um tækniforskriftir, tækniskýrslur og vinnustofusamþykktir" (e. IST rules on Technical Specifications, Technical Reports and Workshop Agreements). The TS (Technical specification) was prepared by the technical committee TN-FMP (The Technical Committee on Financial Services) that operates within FUT (Sector committee for ICT standardisation) following a public call for participation within TN-FMP. The final draft was sent to the TN-FMP on the 2022-01-XX and approved by correspondence on the 2022-02-XX. The text of ÍST TS-310 was submitted to IST for publication on 2022-03-YY.

The accompanying OpenAPI 3.0.1 definition "IOBWS3.0.yaml" located at https://github.com/stadlar/I ST-FUT-FMTH/tree/master/Deliverables, should be viewed as an integral part of ÍST TS-310.

The document "ÍST TS 310_2020 Domestic payments and deposits.md", is the source of this rendition, and versions of that document will be used for future errata and clarifications in accordance with the guidelines to be laid out in WA-316. Those rule are outlined in the README.md accompanying the Github Git repository and are accepted by the participants in TN-FMP alongside this specification. These guidelines establish the workgroup TN-FMP-VH-7 as in charge of ongoing monitoring of submitted issues or pull requests made to the repository, which fall outside the permit of other regular workgroups. TN-FMP-VH-7 will evaluate if changes ready to be accepted into the repository, and when or if, they warrant patches or minor releases to the specification. Versioning will be adheres to the Semantic Versioning scheme but each minor release will require a Workgroup agreement in accordance with the "ÍST reglur" referenced above.

The work on the ÍST TS was primarly funded by Íslandsbanki, Arion Banki and Landsbankinn. It is the result the workgroup TN-FMP-VH-8. In parts the work is the earlier workshop agreement WA-310 authored by TN-FMP-VH-1 on Technical requirements and TN-FMP-VH-2 on Business requirements, with participation of an external consultant. WA-310 was approved within TN-FMP on the 2019-12-12. ÍST {{spec_id}} should, however, not be viewed as a direct succesor to that agreement, which focused on laying groundwork for PSD2 compliance. Instead {{spec_id}} is the next version of the Icelandic Online Banking Services, replacing TS 161:2013 *Greiðslur* and TS 164:2013 *Yfirlit bankareikninga*.

ÍST TS-310 is not subject to any patent rights. The underlying OpenAPI specification is derived from version 1.3.8 of the Berlin Group's NextGenPSD2 Framework, and therefore also distributed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International Public License (CC BY).

This means the YAML Specification for ÍST TS-310 can be copied and redistributed in any medium or format for any purpose, even commercially, but when shared appropriate credit must be given, a link to the license must be provided, and an indication given if changes were made. You may do so in any reasonable manner, but not in any way that suggests the licensor endorses you or your use. In addition, if you remix, transform, or build upon the specification, you may not distribute the modified specification.

The Technical Committee's participants have made every effort to ensure the reliability and accuracy of the technical and non-technical content of ÍST TS-310, but this does not guarantee, either explicitly or implicitly, its correctness. Users of ÍST TS-310 should be aware that neither the TN-FMP, nor ÍST can be held liable for damages or losses of any kind whatsoever which may arise from its application. Users of ÍST TS-310 do so on their own responsibility and at their own risk.

Introduction

This Technical Specification (TS) present version 3.0 of the Icelandic Online Banking Services (IOBWS), for domestic payments and deposits.

Previous versions of IOBWS, released in 2007 and 2013 respectively, used the most recent OASIS SOAP standards at the time, to define common web service interfaces for the Icelandic commercial and savings banks. This enabled software vendors, enterprises and service providers to integrate their accounting, payment, and information systems with the bank's services, to act on behalf of the customers and with full access to their data.

Iceland, with its homogeneous financial infrastructure based on the centralized Banks' Data Centre (Reiknistofa bankanna, or RB), has enjoyed real-time gross settlements and instant credit transfers nationwide since 1987. Other universally accepted services count the common collection solution (Kröfupotturinn) for issuing and paying claims, topping up creditcards, or A/B Giro. All this functionality has been available through IOBWS v1 and v2, comparable to the functionality enjoyed by users of the online banking Web UIs.

When initiating work on the previous versions, the participants in the TN-FMP reviewed existing and emerging specifications in the global or mostly European financial industry. None were deemed a good fit at the time for local adaptation, as they reflected inherent the legacy in inter-bank communications outside of Iceland, even in the case of the other Nordic countries. Therefore, v1 and v2 of IOBWS were somewhat specific to the current functionality available in the underlying RB systems.

Meanwhile, the broader market especially in Europe has been catching up, and the Icelandic banks' have migrated to new core banking systems and with the Central Banki of Iceland, implemented a new clearing and settlement mechanisms (CSM). One of the goals of IOBWS v3, set forward by TN-FMÞ, was to move closer to the standards used by those systems such as ISO 20022, at least through application of a comparable dictionary and data elements.

As it has turned out, the Open Banking regulation in UK and the PSD2 regulation issued by the European Parliment has given rise to initiatives to standardize access to payment functionality and account information, on behalf of customers by third parties. One such effort, the NextGenPSD2 Framework developed by the Berlin Group, has met a broad acceptance in the EEA. The data model references ISO 20022, and is close enough to where the Icelandic market is evolving as to make it a relatively

straightforward to adapt the IOBWS to use it as a base, instead of continuing to maintain an independant linage of API specifications.

Another goal of the IOBWS v3 charter set forth by TN-FMP, that is achieved by adopting the NextGenPSD2 Framework, is the transition from SOAP to a REST-like API, defined by a recent version of the Open API Specification, with support for newer, open authentication and authorization standards. This hopefully solve some of the complexity involved with previous incarnations of the IOBWS.

1 Scope

ÍST TS-310 defines web application programming interfaces implemented by Icelandic commercial and savings banks to expose shared functionality and information for domestic payments and deposits, under the auspices of the Icelandic Online Banking Web Services (IOBWS).

"Other ÍST Technical Specifications exist that address related but discrete units of the overall IOBWS framework, either as new additions or upgrades to the previous specifications. Some crosscutting guidelines and shared concerns are addressed in the ÍST WA-316 workshop agreement. Aside from that, as the consumption and implementation of each atomic specification is optional, the documents aim to be independent of each other.

However, due to the origin of the underlying OpenAPI specification in the Berlin Group NextGenPSD2 Framework, ÍST TS-310 on Domestic Payments and Deposits, and ÍST TS-313 on Foreign Payments, overlap quite significantly. Both are based on the "IOBWS3.0.yaml" definition document, and share schema types and API resources. They will still be treated as separate entities but stakeholders are advised to reference the other document if more context is required.

The approach in both TS-310 is to focus on the domestic adaptations to the relevant parts of the NextGenPSD2 framework, and the information needed to tie that to earlier IOBWS versions or other such implementations, and even the Core Banking systems involved.

The intended audience for the specification document ÍST TS-310 is the implementors of banking services as well as of those systems that will consume them as API clients. The reader is expected to have a basic understanding of the Icelandic financial products involved but also that when needed, further documentation on those will be available from the banks in question as they can involve different service agreements and the end customers' contractual preferences and benefits.

The previous IOBWS technical specifications did in large parts consist of transforming the XML Schema and SOAP definitions into human-readable format. The expectation is that for technical contracts using OpenAPI specifications, a plethora of utilities, and API tools exist to convert them into documentation or even navigatable UIs.

Consequently, this specification avoids unnecessary repetition of information found in the accompanying technical contract, as much as possible, and the reader should not expect the specification to replace user-centric documentation, such as by describing overall flows, schema types, or even examples, other than in line with goals of this document.

2 Normative references, definitions and symbols

2.1 Terminalogy

- **Berlin Group** is a pan-European payments interoperability standards and harmonisation initiative with the primary objective of defining open and common scheme- and processor-independent standards in the interbanking domain between Creditor Bank (Acquirer) and Debtor Bank (Issuer), complementing the work carried out by e.g. the European Payments Council. As such, the Berlin Group has been established as a pure technical standardisation body, focusing on detailed technical and organisational requirements to achieve this primary objective.
- Clearing and Settlement Mechanisms (CMS) refers to the processes or systems used in exchange between two payment service providers. In Iceland, the Central Bank acts as the interbank mediary in this scope.
- **Core Banking Systems** (**CBS**) is the umbrella term for those systems handling payments and transaction accounts in relation to this specification.
- Electronic IDentification, Authentication and trust Services (eIDAS) refers to regulation 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council, which replaced previous directive 1999/93/EC.
- **ISO 20022** is an ISO standard for electronic data interchange between financial institutions.
- **Kennitala** (often abbreviated as **KT**) is the unique national identification number issued by the Registers Iceland (is. Þjóðskrá Íslands) and used by governmental bodies and enterprises to identify individuals, and through a comparable schema under the Iceland Revenue and Customs (is. ríkisskattsjótir), legal entities in Iceland.
- The OpenAPI Specification (OAS) defines a programming language-agnostic interface description for HTTP APIs, which allows both humans and computers to discover and understand the capabilities of a service without requiring access to source code, additional documentation, or inspection of network traffic.
- Payment Services Directive 2 (PSD2) was instituted by the European Parliament as EU 2015/2366, meant to further open up payment services on the internal EEA market. PSD2 contains regulations of new services to be operated by so-called Third-Party Payment Service Providers on behalf of a Payment Service User, by leveraging Strong Customer Authentication.

Due to the linage connecting PSD2 with IOBWS v3.0, the main terms are described:

- Account Information Service Provider (AISP) are TPPs with permission to connect to a transaction account and use the information to provide a Account Information Services (AIS) as defined in article 67 of [PSD2].
- **Confirmation of the Availability of Funds Service** to be use by Payment Instrument Issuing Service Provider (PIISP) TPP a defined by article 65 of [PSD2].
- Payment Initiation Service Provider (PISP) can, given customers consent, initiate payments and transactions on the their behalf, from their bank account, thereby providing
 Payment Initiation Service (PIS) as defined by article 66 of [PSD2].
- Payment Service User (PSU). The end-user of payment services, and customer of the bank in the IOBWS context.
- Strong Customer Authentication (SCA), refers in the scope of PSD2 to an authentication mechanism based on the use of two or more elements that are independent, so a breach of one does not compromise the others. The recognized elements or factors can be based on:
 - * Knowledge, something only the user knows e.g. a password.
 - * Possession, something only the user possesses e.g. a particular cell phone and number.
 - * Inherence, something the user is or has, e.g. a fingerprint or iris pattern.
- **Third Party Provider** is referenced in the IOBWS, for the role of the initiating and information requesting

2.2 Data definitions

• The Icelandic IBAN data elements should follow specification set forth in ISO 13616:2020 as shown in the table 2.1 below.

Table 2.1: Icelandic IBAN with example

			National				Account
	Country	Check	Bank	Branch	Account	Account	Holders
	Code	Digits	Code	ID	type	Number	Kennitala
Description	IS	14	2 digits	2 digits	2 digits	6 digits	10 digits
Example	IS	14	01	59	26	007654	5510730339

3 Implementation

3.1 Service Overview

Part of the decision to adapt the NextGenPSD2 framework, agreed upon by TN-FMP-VH-1 on Technical Requirements and TN-FMP-VH-2 on Business Requirements, called for staying as true to the specification as possible.

Still, some adaptations and additional parameters were needed to support payment functionality and account information expected by the Icelandic market. The original approach was to add them to the existing schema types, while some NextGenPSD2 services not applicable to IOBWS usage were removed, in the original 3.0 version. The end-result, though, made both comparison with the original somewhat cumbersome for consumers with previous exposure to NextGenPSD2, while remaining opague for those looking to migrate from earlier IOBWS versions.

When workgroup TN-FMP-VH-8 was charged with iterating on the first 3.0 version of IOBWS, it therefore had two primary concern; Make understanding how the domestic payments and deposits products fit into NextGenPSD2 straightforward, and facilitate easier comparison against future releases by the Berlin Group in order to weigh potential additions to or replacements of, the current domestic adaptations.

After weighing a few approaches, the decision by TN-FMP-VH-8 was to keep most of the original NextGenPSD2 OpenAPI definition intact, even those services and types that are not currently applicable to the Icelandic context or intended uses of the IOBWS. The domestic payments and deposits products (see section 3.2.1 and table 3.2 below) are defined separately with applicable json schema types, leaving the original e.g. SEPA message types intact. They, same as the 'native' payment types still share the generic data elements, services, and operations for payments at the core of the NextGenPSD2 specification.

The table **??** below list the implications for the OpenAPI YAML contract. It contains e.g. Constent and Signing Basket services, whose removal or commenting out would have a high impact on the contract structure. They will, however, not be implemented as part of this specification, though this does not preclude their use in other contexts.

Table 3.1: Service support in ÍST TS-310. {#tbl:tbl_svcsupport}

Payment Initiation Service (PIS)	Supported by all implementators of TS-310 in accordance with the specification (see later notes on Periodic Payments).
Account Information Service (AIS)	Supported by all implementators of TS-310 in accordance with the specification.
Confirmation of Funds Service (PIIS)	Supported by all implementators of TS-310, in accordance with the specification.
Consent Service	Explicitly not part of the TS-310 specification, but included for comparison and compatability with the NextGenPSD2 OpenAPI contract.
Signing Baskets Service (SBS)	Explicitly not part of the TS-310 specification, but included for comparison and compatability with the NextGenPSD2 OpenAPI contract.

3.2 Payment Initiation Service

3.2.1 Overview

The domestic payments and deposits products supported by ÍST TS-310 are as shown in table ?? below. All those are defined as JSON objects, and other payment types are not supported by the specification.

As instant credit transfers are the only available type in Iceland for account to account transfers, the name is simply Credit Transfers. That does not preclude additional business rules applying for e.g. high-value payments within each bank, or there being different stages in payment flows within e.g. 'end-of-business-day' periods. This could result in service consumers being exposed to transaction status codes reflecting intermediary steps in payment execution, some of which have not previously been visible or mapped in IOBWS return codes. Later changes in CB systems and CMS might also affect the scope of statuses returned so consumers, so all of the available by the specification should be expected.

Table 3.2: Domestic payment products.

Payment Card Deposits	created in any domestic bank. Make a withdrawal from account to pay onto the account behind a payment card, within the same bank or between two domestic banks.
Claim Payments	Make a withdrawal from account to pay a claim (e.g. a bill). The claim can be
Credit Transfers	Instant credit transfer of an amount between two accounts within the same bank or between two domestic banks.

For each of the payment products, the support for payment services is given in table 3.3. Periodic payments are distinct from future dating a payment, which are supported in a similar manner to previous versions of IOBWS as part of creating a payment (see requestedExecutionDate). At this time, behaviour for periodic payments is not support by the ÍST {{spec_id}.

Table 3.3: Availability of payment service.

bulk-payments	for all domestic payment products. Supported by all implementators of TS-310 in accordance with the specification, for all payment products.
periodic- payments	for all payment products. Explicitly not part of the TS-310 specification, but included for comparison and compatability with the NextGenPSD2 OpenAPI contract.

3.2.2 Domestic Payment Product Data Elements

The following elements are used in the domestic payment products under scope for ÍST TS-310:

Table 3.4: Data Elements for Domestic payments.

		Claim	Credit Card
Data Element	Credit Transfers	Payments	Deposits
endToEndIdentification	Optional	Optional	Optional
debtorAccount	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
debtorld	Optional	Optional	Optional

Data Element	Credit Transfers	Claim Payments	Credit Card Deposits
chargesAccount	n.a	n.a	n.a
ultimateDebtor	Optional	Optional	Optional
ultimateDebtorId	Optional	Optional	Optional
instructedAmount	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
creditorAccount	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
creditorAgent	n.a	n.a	n.a
creditorAgentAddress	n.a	n.a	na.
creditorName	n.a	n.a	n.a
creditorId	Optional	Optional	Optional
creditorAddress	n.a	n.a	n.a
ultimateCreditor	Optional	Optional	Optional
ultimateCreditorId	Optional	Optional	Optional
icelandicPurposeCode	Optional	Optional	Optional
chargeBearer	n.a	n.a	n.a
remittanceInformationUnstructured	Optional	Optional	Optional
remittanceInformationStructured	Optional	Optional	Optional
requestedExecutionDate	Optional	Optional	Optional
partialPayment	n.a.	Mandatory	n.a.
serviceLevel	n.a	n.a	n.a
centralBankPurpose n	.a n	.a n	.a

To elaborate on the use of each attribute the following table 3.5 contains additional information on top of the schema defenitions. Notes on individual data elements or usage patterns follow in the subsections.

Table 3.5: Description of domestic payments properties.

Field	Description
endToEndIdentification	Intended for ID, short message or description that will be communicated to the creditor, across different banks. Is replaces the bill number (is. seðilnúmer, TNUM_I/TNUM_U). While supporting 35 characters, only the first 7 chars can reliably flow between all possible CB systems, reports, and even client systems, due to legacy expectations and implementations.
debtorAccount	Debtor account is the account money is being transfer from.
debtorId	For the domestic payment products, this element should contain the kennitala of the debtor, owner of the deptorAccount.
ultimateDebtor	Ultimate Debtor identifies the party that owes the cash to the creditor, e.g. as a result of receipt of goods or services. Used in those cases where it is different from the debtor/payor.
ultimateDebtorId	Ultimate Debtor identifies the party that owes the cash to the Creditor as a result of receipt of goods or services. Ultimate debtor kennitala is included when different from the debtor Id.
instructedAmount	Amount and currency to be transferred.
creditorAccount	Creditor account is the account used to transfer money to Beneficiary's account. In the case of a claim payment, this would be contain the claim key represented as a BBAN number.
creditorId	Used for the kennitala of the creditor, whose account is credited with the payment. As the kennitala is part of the Icelandic IBAN, and BBAN numbers, this is an optional field.

Field	Description
creditorName	The creditor name is optional and ignored when kennitala is part of the Icelandic IBAN, and BBAN numbers, or provided in creditorId.
creditorAddress	The creditor address is not needed in domestic payments where kennitala can be used as lookup key through the National Registry.
ultimateCreditor	The creditor (for example a finance company or an intermediary in a business transaction), may be different from the ultimate creditor. The debtor can enter who the final/real beneficiary of the payment is. In the case of Payment Card Deposit using masked PAN, ultimate Creditor contains the owner of the card.
ultimateCreditorId	In the case of Payment Card Deposits using masked PAN the Ultimate Creditor ID contains kennitala of the card owner.
icelandicPurposeCode	The purpose is the equivalent of the category code (is <i>textalykill</i>) used to classify the transaction. Restricted to codes available in each originating bank.
remittanceInformationStructured Array of Remittance	The debtors's information about the payment. An array but Currently only used for the equivalent of the IOBWS v2.0 Out.Reference (is. <i>tilvísun</i>), that was mainly used for the kennitala of the creditor, now a separate parameter. Can convey other information and therefore included.
remittanceInformationUnStructured	Is used for payment description visible for both parties Only 16 characters can currently be expected to reliably flow between all systems, even if the field accepts 140 characters.
requestedExecutionDate	Execution date if in the future, fully equivalent to the IOBWS v2.0 requestedExecutionDate for future payments (is. <i>framvirk greiðsla</i>).

Field	Description
executionDate Execution date if in the future, equivalent to v2.0 requestedExecutionDate for future present the future of the	
partialPayment	Applies to Claim Payments when the deptor intends to only pay part of the amount owed, towards an existing claim. The claim needs to allow partial payment, else an error occurs.

3.3 Bulk Payments

Bulk payments are supported for all the domestic payment types. Only a single payment type is supported in each bulk payment initiation, consistent with the approach of the NextGenPSD2 framework.

Table 3.6: Description of domestic bulk payment main body.

Data Element	Туре	Condition	Description
batchBookingPreferred	Boolean	optional	When the element is true, the debtor prefers only one booking entry. If this element equals false, the debtor prefers individual booking of all contained individual transactions. The bank will follow this preference according to contracts agreed on with the debtor.
debtorAccount (incl. type)	Account Reference	mandatory	

Data Element	Туре	Condition	Description
paymentInformationId	Max35Text	Optional	Unique identification assigned by the sending party to unambiguously identify this bulk payment. Replaces NameOfBatch in IOBWS v2.0 and PaymentsID , that was generated by the receiving bank. Note: This attribute might be considered mandatory in future versions of the specification.
requestedExecutionDate	ISODate	optional	Determines if the payments contained in the bulk will be executed at a later date. This field may not be used together with the field requestedExecutionTime.
requestedExecutionTime	ISODateTime	optional	Determines if the payments contained in the bulk will be executed at the addressed date and time. This field cannot be together in combination with requested Execution Date.
payments	Bulk Entry	mandatory	The Bulk Entry is a JSON Type which mirrors the supported domest payment products for single payments, excluding the data elements: debtorAccount, and requestedExecutionDate.

4 Accounts

Table 4.1: Description of transaction details.

Field	Rule	Description
transactionId	M	Unique identifier for this record
transactionTimestamp	M,IS	Execution datetime of the record
entryReference	М	Payment Correlation ID
endToEndId	0	Short description
mandateld	NA	Identification of Mandates
checkId	NA	Not used
currencyExchange	С	List. If transaction caused by any foreign exchange
bookingDate	0	The Date when an entry is booked
valueDate	М	The Date at which assets become available
transactionAmount	М	Amount and currency of this record
creditorId	0	Creditor id
creditorName	0	Creditor name
creditorAccount	0	Creditor account
creditorAgent	0	BICFI
ultimateCreditor	0	Ultimate creditor
ultimateCreditorId	O,IS	Ultimate creditor id
debtorId	O,IS	Debtor Id
debtorName	0	Debtor name
debtorAccount	0	Debtor account
debtorAgent	0	BICFI

Field	Rule	Description
ultimateDebtor	0	Ultimate debtor
ultimateDebtorId	O,IS	Ultimate debtor Id
remittanceInformationUnstructured	0	My description
remittanceInformationStructured	0	Reference field 16 characters
additionalInformation	0	Additional transaction related information
purposeCode	NA	Not used
icelandicPurposeCode	O,IS	Text code used as simple transaction categorization
bankTransactionCode	NA	Not used
proprietaryBankTransactionCode	NA	Not used
balanceAfterTransaction	0	Balance after the transaction has been performed
_links	0	Link to transaction details

Field rules

- M = Mandatory
- O = Optional
- C = Conditional
- NA = Not applicable / Not used
- IS = Icelandic
- **Credit Limit Query supported**: It is possible to query account information to get information on the allowed credit limit (withCreditLimitQuery).

5 Appendix

5.1 Errors

5.2 Mapping from older implementations

Those familiar with previous versions of IOBWS might want to

5.3 Domestic adaptations of the NextGenAPI framework

As mentioned, one of the guiding principles for ÍST TS-310 was to make the specification for domestic payments and accounts easy to compare against the original Berlin Group NextGenPSD2 document, and its future versions. In the first iteration of version 3.0, the OpenAPI definition however involved cards and currencies, making the overall contract even more complex than the original. The base was then referencing NextGenPSD2 version 1.3.6 but though upgrading to 1.3.8 was desired, it had turned out to be a considerable task. To facilitate maintenance of the specification througout minor version updates, as well as simplifying implementations of IOBWS, the cards and currencies APIs were split into their own separate contracts, and the domestic adaptations reworked on top of an intact version 1.3.6. This approach was then validated, by upgrading to NextGenPSD2 version 1.3.8 without undue roadblocks.

To make it even easier to do see the deltas in e.g. text comparison tools, localized version of the source NextGenAPI specifications are stored in appropriate "Stuðningsefni/Berlin-group/v.1.3.8" folder. Alongside that document, there was created an intermediary document with some of the most common and repeated adaptations. The relationship between these documents looks like the following, though the actual filenames are longer:

```
psd2-api 1.3.8 < | - psd2-api 1.3.8 localized < | - IOBWS3.0.yaml
```

The 'localized' document makes comparision in the final IOBWS3.0.yaml more transparent but in the following sections we further breakdown *all adaptations* made for Icelandic payments and accounts:

5.3.1 The localized file

Changes between "psd2-api 1.3.8 2020-12-14v2.yaml" and "psd2-api 1.3.8 2020-12-14v2-localized.yaml" (see Stuðningsefni/Berlin-group/v.1.3.8) . - Tag "Common Services" was removed completely, botht the definition and allusage in Tags. - Tags on Consents services changed from "Account Information Service (AIS)" to "Consent Service" - "Signing Baskets (SBS)" Tag renamed to "Signing Baskets Service (SBS)"

The IOWBS3.0 specification document

Changes between "psd2-api 1.3.8 2020-12-14v2-localized.yaml" and "IOBWS3.0.yaml" (see final in /Deliverables).

Services:

- Path: "/v1/accounts"
 - Query Parameter: WithCreditLimitQuery added
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional
 - Path: "/v1/accounts/{account-id}"
 - Query Parameter: WithCreditLimitQuery added
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional
- Path: "/v1/accounts/{account-id}/balances"
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional
 - Path: "/v1/accounts/{account-id}/transactions"
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional
- Path: "/v1/accounts/{account-id}/transactions/{transactionId}"
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional
- Path: "/v1/card-accounts"
 - Query Parameter: WithCreditLimitQuery added
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional
- Path: "/v1/card-accounts/{account-id}"
 - Query Parameter: WithCreditLimitQuery added
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional
- Path: "/v1/card-accounts/{account-id}/balances"
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional

- Path: "/v1/card-accounts/{account-id}/transactions"
 - Header Parameter: ConsentId changed from Required to Optional
- Path: "/v1/{payment-service}/{payment-product}"
 - Only json, domestic types listed as 'oneOf' the accepted products
 - Header Parameter: Idempotency-Key added

Components:

- · paymentInitiation:
 - oneOf:
 - * #/components/schemas/paymentInitiationDomestic_json Added
 - * #/components/schemas/periodicPaymentInitiationDomestic_json Added
 - * #/components/schemas/bulkPaymentInitiationDomestic_json Added
- accountDetails
 - creditLimit added
- · transactions:
 - transactionTimestamp added
 - description added
 - ultimateCreditorId added
 - debtorId added
 - ultimateDebtorId added
 - icelandicPurpose added
- cardTransaction:
 - posEntryMode added

Schema types added for domestic payments and account information: - ultimateDebtorId - ultimate-CreditorId - partialPayment - posEntryMode - bank - transactionFeesList - transactionFeesDetail - icelandicPurpose - centralBankPurpose - bicfiOrIdentification

Request bodies added for Domestic objects: - paymentInitiationDomestic_json - periodicPaymentInitiationDomestic_json - bulkPaymentInitiationDomestic_json - paymentInitiationBulkElementDomestic_jsonResponse added - paymentInitiationPaymentIdResponse-200_json