Bayes Exercise 2

Solve the simple perceptual task facing a monkey in the jungle using a Bayesian approach. Spell out which terms are posteriors, priors, likelihoods, what terms are being discounted and what terms explains away what? You can assume Gaussian distributions throughout.

- 1. Out in the jungle, 15% of the juju-fruits are ripe. Ripe juju-fruits are orange, on average reflecting light with a wavelength of about 600 nm with some variation (standard deviation of 50 nm). Unripe juju-fruits are green with a wave length of 500 nm (standard deviation 50 nm). What is the probability of a juju-fruit reflecting light with a wavelength between 540-550 nm being ripe?
- 2. Only 10% of the fruits in the jungle are juju-fruits. 50% are mongo berries. 80% of the mongo berries are ripe. When ripe, mongo berries reflect light with a wavelength of 580 nm (standard deviation 20). When unripe, they reflect light with a wavelength of 520 nm (standard deviation 20). The remaining fruits are all chakavas. Only 10% of the chakavas are ripe. When they are ripe, they reflect light with a wavelength of 400 nm (standard deviation 100). When they are unripe, they reflect light with a wavelength of 550 nm (standard deviation 100). What's the probability that a random fruit reflecting light with a wavelength between 540-550 nm is ripe? How does this result change if you see a monkey enjoying eating the fruit?
- 3. Simulate fruit picking by drawing a random sample of 1000 fruits using Matlab's random number generator. The probability for *each* fruit being a juju, mongo or chakava; ripe or unripe should be as described in Problem 2. Each fruit should reflect light with specific wavelength. Assume that monkey's can identify the wavelength reflected by a fruit with an accuracy of +/- 5 nm. Simulate a fruit-picking monkey. How good is the monkey at separating ripe from unripe fruit? You can assume that the monkey's visual system has all the information described in Problem 2 and that the monkey uses the maximum posterior decision rule.