



Web Implementation of Dynamic Range Control Audio Applet

Final Presentation - Project Project

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29 November 2018

Outline



- Introduction
- Theory
- Project Goal
- Implementation
- Application Details
- Results
- Discussions
- Demo
- Conclusion

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IntroductionDynamic Range Control



Dynamic range of a signal is defined as the logarithmic ratio of maximum to minimum amplitude of a signal and is expressed in dB.



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Dynamic Range of a signal can be controlled using an application named as **Dynamic Range Control**. It can amplify low level sounds or reduce the volume of high level sounds.

IntroductionDynamic Range Control



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Dynamic Range of a signal can be controlled using an application named as **Dynamic Range Control**. It can amplify low level sounds or reduce the volume of high level sounds.

Application: While reproducing music or speech in a noisy environment like car or shopping mall, the dynamic range has to be adjusted to the background noise.

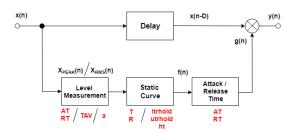
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TheoryBlock Diagram





The figure above represents a basic Dynamic Range Control system.

$$y(n) = x(n-D) * g(n)$$
 (1)

TheoryWorking Principle - Level Measurement



Level Measurement: Measures rapidity of change of input signal level.



Working Principle - Level Measurement



- Level Measurement: Measures rapidity of change of input signal level.
 - Peak Measurement: If $|x(n)| > x_{PEAK}(n-1)$,

$$x_{PEAK}(n) = (1 - AT) * x_{PEAK}(n - 1) + AT * |x(n)|$$
 (2)

If
$$|x(n)| < x_{PEAK}(n-1)$$
,

$$x_{PEAK}(n) = (1 - RT) * x_{PEAK}(n-1)$$
(3)

Working Principle - Level Measurement



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– RMS Measurement:

$$x_{RMS}^2(n) = (1 - TAV) * x_{RMS}^2(n-1) + TAV * x^2(n)$$
 (4)

TheoryWorking Principle - Level Measurement



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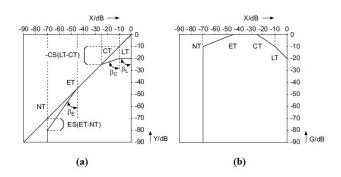
$$x_{RMS}^{2}(n) = (1 - TAV) * x_{RMS}^{2}(n-1) + TAV * x^{2}(n)$$
 (4)

The measured level of signal is fed to the next block.

TheoryWorking Principle - Static Curve



• **Static Curve:** Calculates the gain control factor, based on the measured level of input signal.



Working Principle - Static Curve (contd..)



- Static Curve Modes of Operation:
 - LT 0dB (Limiter Mode): Limits maximum amplitude of a signal.

Working Principle - Static Curve (contd..)



- Static Curve Modes of Operation:
 - LT 0dB (Limiter Mode): Limits maximum amplitude of a signal.
 - CT LT (Compressor Mode): Reduces dynamic range of a signal.

Working Principle - Static Curve (contd..)



Static Curve - Modes of Operation:

- LT 0dB (Limiter Mode): Limits maximum amplitude of a signal.
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Working Principle - Static Curve (contd..)



Static Curve - Modes of Operation:

- LT 0dB (Limiter Mode): Limits maximum amplitude of a signal.
- CT LT (Compressor Mode): Reduces dynamic range of a signal.
- ET NT (Expander Mode): Increases dynamic range of a signal.
- 90dB NT (Noise Gate Mode): Suppresses noise by attenuating quiet parts.

Theory Working Principle - Gain Factor Calculation



• **Gain Factor Smoothing:** Smooths the previously calculated gain control factor.

$$g(n) = (1 - k) * g(n - 1) + k * f(n)$$
 (5)

The calculated gain is then applied to the input signal.

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Project Goal Context



Dynamic Range Control audio applet is used for demo in course, Digital Audio Signal Processing, taught in TUHH.

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Issue with the Applet:

- Java installation on system
- Compatibility issue between version of Java across applet and web browsers

Project Goal



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Issue with the Applet:

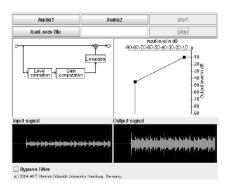
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Objective: Implementation of Compressor mode of DRC audio application on web

Project Goal

Java Applet currently in use







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Phase 1 - Pizzicato.js



Implementation process went through 7 phases.

Achievement: Compressor implementation

Phase 1 - Pizzicato.js



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Achievement: Compressor implementation

Bottleneck: Waveform Visualization

Phase 1 - Pizzicato.js



Implementation process went through 7 phases.

- Achievement: Compressor implementation
- Bottleneck: Waveform Visualization



Phase 2 - Tone.js



• Achievement: Compressor with Dynamic Waveform Visualizer

Phase 2 - Tone.js

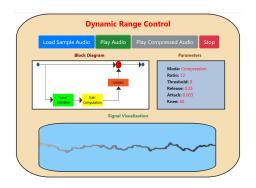


- Achievement: Compressor with Dynamic Waveform Visualizer
- Bottleneck: Static Waveform Plot generation

Phase 2 - Tone.js



- Achievement: Compressor with Dynamic Waveform Visualizer
- Bottleneck: Static Waveform Plot generation



Phase 3 - Wavesurfer.js



 Achievement: Waveform Plot generation using Wavesurfer along with Tone

Phase 3 - Wavesurfer.js

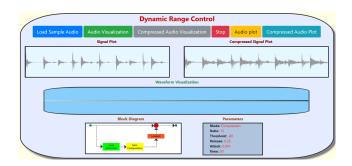


- Achievement: Waveform Plot generation using Wavesurfer along with Tone
- Bottleneck: Incompatibility in data type

Phase 3 - Wavesurfer.js



- Achievement: Waveform Plot generation using Wavesurfer along with Tone
- Bottleneck: Incompatibility in data type



Phase 4 - Loopslicer.js



Achievement: Compressor with Waveform Plot from already existing implementation

Phase 4 - Loopslicer.js

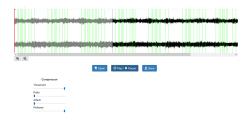


- Achievement: Compressor with Waveform Plot from already existing implementation
- Bottleneck: Output audio waveform plot generation

Phase 4 - Loopslicer.js



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Deduction: 1. Implementation using these APIs not possible

2. API compressed audio not same in sound level to that in MATLAB

Phase 5 - Plain JavaScript



• Achievement: Vu Meter using AudioContext in plain JavaScript

Phase 5 - Plain JavaScript

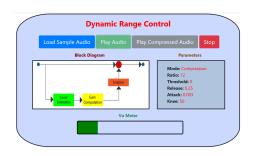


- Achievement: Vu Meter using AudioContext in plain JavaScript
- Bottleneck: Output audio not playable

Phase 5 - Plain JavaScript



- Achievement: Vu Meter using AudioContext in plain JavaScript
- Bottleneck: Output audio not playable



Phase 6 - Java Web



 Achievement: Compressor Implementation using JavaScript in frontend and Java Web on backend

Phase 6 - Java Web



- Achievement: Compressor Implementation using JavaScript in frontend and Java Web on backend
- Bottleneck: Conversion into audio from output array

Phase 7 - JavaScript and Python

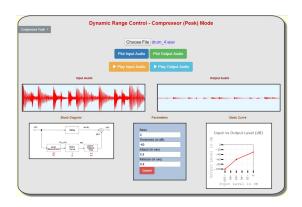


Compressor with Static Waveform Plot using JavaScript in frontend and Python in backend

Phase 7 - JavaScript and Python



Compressor with Static Waveform Plot using JavaScript in frontend and Python in backend





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Technologies Used



HTML - for structuring application

Technologies Used



- HTML for structuring application
- CSS for look and feel

Technologies Used



- HTML for structuring application
- CSS for look and feel
- JavaScript for frontend logic



Technologies Used



- HTML for structuring application
- CSS for look and feel
- JavaScript for frontend logic
- Bootstrap frontend framework for more polished look and feel



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- Plotly.js API for plotting Static Curve



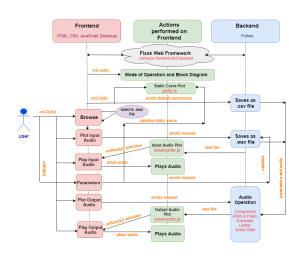
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- Wavesurfer.js API for plotting waveforms on canvas
- Plotly.js API for plotting Static Curve
- Python for backend logic to implement the audio operations



- HTML for structuring application
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- Wavesurfer.js API for plotting waveforms on canvas
- Plotly.js API for plotting Static Curve
- Python for backend logic to implement the audio operations
- Flask micro web framework which facilitates to and fro communication between frontend and backend

Application Details UML Diagram







Frontend Validations and Functionalities



Browse: Size and Name of audio file



Frontend Validations and Functionalities



Browse: Size and Name of audio file

Plot Input Audio: Text alert



Frontend Validations and Functionalities



Browse: Size and Name of audio file

Plot Input Audio: Text alert

Play Input Audio: Text alert



Frontend Validations and Functionalities



Browse: Size and Name of audio file

Plot Input Audio: Text alert

Play Input Audio: Text alert

Plot Output Audio: 2 Text alerts



Frontend Validations and Functionalities



Browse: Size and Name of audio file

Plot Input Audio: Text alert

Play Input Audio: Text alert

Plot Output Audio: 2 Text alerts

Play Output Audio: Text alert





- Browse: Size and Name of audio file
- Plot Input Audio: Text alert
- Play Input Audio: Text alert
- Plot Output Audio: 2 Text alerts
- Play Output Audio: Text alert
- Parameters:
 - 1. Ratio: Range, entry type and on empty alert



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- Plot Input Audio: Text alert
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- Plot Output Audio: 2 Text alerts
- Play Output Audio: Text alert
- Parameters:
 - 1. Ratio: Range, entry type and on empty alert
 - 2. **Threshold:** Same as Ratio and in range (Noise Gate) validation



- Browse: Size and Name of audio file
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- Play Input Audio: Text alert
- Plot Output Audio: 2 Text alerts
- Play Output Audio: Text alert
- Parameters:
 - 1. Ratio: Range, entry type and on empty alert
 - 2. Threshold: Same as Ratio and in range (Noise Gate) validation
 - 3. Attack and Release: Entry type and on empty alert



- Browse: Size and Name of audio file
- Plot Input Audio: Text alert
- Play Input Audio: Text alert
- Plot Output Audio: 2 Text alerts
- Play Output Audio: Text alert
- Parameters:
 - 1. Ratio: Range, entry type and on empty alert
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 - 3. Attack and Release: Entry type and on empty alert
 - 4. Pole Placement and Holding Time: Same as Ratio





- Browse: Size and Name of audio file
- Plot Input Audio: Text alert
- Play Input Audio: Text alert
- Plot Output Audio: 2 Text alerts
- Play Output Audio: Text alert
- Parameters:
 - 1. Ratio: Range, entry type and on empty alert
 - 2. Threshold: Same as Ratio and in range (Noise Gate) validation
 - 3. Attack and Release: Entry type and on empty alert
 - 4. Pole Placement and Holding Time: Same as Ratio
- Block Diagram: Zoom in on hover



Development Journey



- Processing Implementation:
 - Compressor (Peak and RMS)

Development Journey



- Processing Implementation:
 - Compressor (Peak and RMS)
 - Expander

Development Journey



- Processing Implementation:
 - Compressor (Peak and RMS)
 - Expander
 - Limiter

Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

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- Expander
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Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

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Application Implementation:

Connection between client and server using Flask



Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

- Compressor (Peak and RMS)
- Expander
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Application Implementation:

- Connection between client and server using Flask
- Stereo audio handling

Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

- Compressor (Peak and RMS)
- Expander
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Application Implementation:

- Connection between client and server using Flask
- Stereo audio handling
- Enabling user selection of audio and parameters

Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

- Compressor (Peak and RMS)
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- Enabling user selection of audio and parameters
- Static Waveform Plot generation

Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

- Compressor (Peak and RMS)
- Expander
- Limiter
- Noise Gate

- Connection between client and server using Flask
- Stereo audio handling
- Enabling user selection of audio and parameters
- Static Waveform Plot generation
- Cache Control

Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

- Compressor (Peak and RMS)
- Expander
- Limiter
- Noise Gate

- Connection between client and server using Flask
- Stereo audio handling
- Enabling user selection of audio and parameters
- Static Waveform Plot generation
- Cache Control
- Difference in number representation handling

Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

- Compressor (Peak and RMS)
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- Limiter
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- Connection between client and server using Flask
- Stereo audio handling
- Enabling user selection of audio and parameters
- Static Waveform Plot generation
- Cache Control
- Difference in number representation handling
- Handling initialization



Development Journey



Processing Implementation:

- Compressor (Peak and RMS)
- Expander
- Limiter
- Noise Gate

- Connection between client and server using Flask
- Stereo audio handling
- Enabling user selection of audio and parameters
- Static Waveform Plot generation
- Cache Control
- Difference in number representation handling
- Handling initialization
- Block Diagram and Static Curve





Application moved from local to web





Application moved from local to web

PythonAnywhere service to host backend



Application moved from local to web

- PythonAnywhere service to host backend
- 000Webhost service to host frontend





Application moved from local to web

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Application accessible via URL

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Results Compressor Peak Mode



Difference of envelopes in dB vs. time



Compressor Peak Mode



Difference of envelopes in dB vs. time

Sample Audio: drum_4.wav

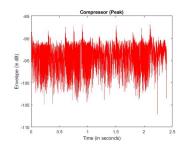
Compressor Peak:

Ratio: 20,

Threshold: -40dB,

Attack: 0.1s,

Release: 0.001s.



Compressor RMS and Expander Modes



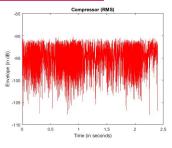
Compressor RMS:

Ratio: 10,

Threshold: -50dB,

Attack: 0.01s,

Release: 0.0001s.



Compressor RMS and Expander Modes



Compressor RMS:

Ratio: 10,

Threshold: -50dB,

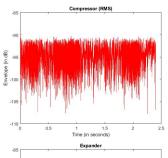
Attack: 0.01s,

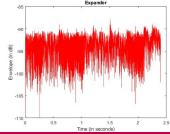
Release: 0.0001s.

Expander: Ratio: 0.5.

Threshold: -10dB,

Attack: 0.5s, Release: 0.5s.





Limiter and Noise Gate Modes

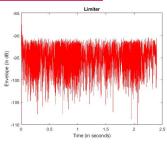


Limiter:

Threshold: -55dB,

Attack: 0.001s,

Release: 0.0005s.



Limiter and Noise Gate Modes



Limiter:

Threshold: -55dB, Attack: 0.001s,

Release: 0.0005s.

Noise Gate:

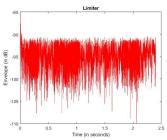
Lower Threshold: -30dB, **Upper Threshold:** -25dB,

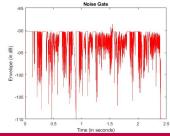
Attack: 0.05s,

Release: 0.00001s,

Hold Time: 0.0001s,

Pole Placement: 0.3.





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Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)





Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)



The project followed all the steps of SDLC within the framework of student project.

Requirements Gathering

Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)



- Requirements Gathering
- Design

Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)



- Requirements Gathering
- Design
- Development

Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)



- Requirements Gathering
- Design
- Development
- Testing

Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)



- Requirements Gathering
- Design
- Development
- Testing
- Deployment

Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)



- Requirements Gathering
- Design
- Development
- Testing
- Deployment
- Enhancement

Pros and Cons of Implementation



Pros:

No compatibility issue between application and browser

Pros and Cons of Implementation



Pros:

- No compatibility issue between application and browser
- Accessible anywhere and anytime via URL

Pros and Cons of Implementation



Pros:

- No compatibility issue between application and browser
- Accessible anywhere and anytime via URL

Cons:

Absence of draggable operational points in Static Curve



Pros and Cons of Implementation



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Pros:

- No compatibility issue between application and browser
- Accessible anywhere and anytime via URL

Cons:

- Absence of draggable operational points in Static Curve
- Not realtime

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Application Demonstration



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Conclusion Summary



Project Goal of Compressor implementation achieved

Conclusion Summary



- Project Goal of Compressor implementation achieved
- Rest 3 modes implemented for completion

Conclusion Summary



- Project Goal of Compressor implementation achieved
- Rest 3 modes implemented for completion
- Hosting to facilitate ease of access

Conclusion Summary



- Project Goal of Compressor implementation achieved
- Rest 3 modes implemented for completion
- Hosting to facilitate ease of access
- Satisfying Results

Conclusion

Future Work



Better GUI

Conclusion

Future Work



- Better GUI
- Responsiveness in application

Conclusion

Future Work



- Better GUI
- Responsiveness in application
- Canvas with more information



ConclusionFuture Work



- Better GUI
- Responsiveness in application
- Canvas with more information
- Draggable Static Curve implementation

ConclusionFuture Work

HELMUT SCHMIDT UNIVERSITÄT

- Better GUI
- Responsiveness in application
- Canvas with more information
- Draggable Static Curve implementation
- Realtime

Conclusion Thank You



Thanks for your time

Any Question or Suggestion?