CORONA VIRUS (COVID-19)

The Coronovirus (COVID-19) was first reported in Wuhan, Hubel, China in December 2019, the outbreek was later recognized as a gendemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) on 11 Merch 2020.





18,70,076

Total Cases

4,41,323

Recovered

1,16,052

Deaths

ABOUT THE DISEASE

CORONA VIRUS (COVID-19)

COVID-19 is a new Illness that can affect your lungs and airways. His caused by a virus called coronavirus. It was discovered in December 2019 in Wuhan, Hubel, China.

Common signs of infection include respiratory symptoms, fever, cough, shortness of breath and breathing difficulties. In more severe cases, infection can cause greatments, severe coute respiratory syndrome, kidney failure and even death.

Standard recommendations to prevent infection agreed include regular hand weaking, covering mouth and nose when coughting and anesting, thoroughly cooking meet and aggs. Avoid close contact with anyone showing symptoms of respiratory illness such as coughting and anesting.

How to protect



HOW CORONAVIRUS IS SPREAD

Because it's a new illness, we do not know exactly how coronavirus agreeds from person to person. Similar viruses are arread in court droplets.



Person-to-person spread as close contact with infected

The coronavirus is thought to spread mainly from person to person. This can happen between people with one another.



Touching or contact with infected surfaces or objects

A person can get COVID-19 by touching a surface or object that has the virus on it and then touching their own mouth, nose, or possibly their eyes.



Droplets that from infected person coughs or sneezes

The coronavirus is thought to spread mainly from person. This can happen between people who are in close contact with one another.

WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS OF COVID-19?

The most common symptoms of COVID-19 are fever, tradress, and dry cough. Some patients may have solves and geins, need congestion, runny nose, sore threat or distribus. These symptoms are usually mild and begin gradually. Also the symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure.

SYMPTOMS OF CORONAVIRUS

Fever



High Fever – this means you feel hot to touch on your chest or back (you do not need to measure your temperature). It is a common sign and also may appear in 2-10 days if you affected.

Cough



Continuous cough – this means coughing a lot for more than an hour, or 3 or more coughing episodes in 24 hours (if you usually have a cough, it may be worse than usual).

HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF?

PREVENTION & ADVICE

There is currently no veccine to prevent coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19). The best way to prevent illness is to avoid being exposed to this virus. Stay owers of the latest information on the COVID-19 outbreek, evallable on the WHO website and through your national and local gubita health authority.

Wash your hands frequently



Regularly and thoroughly clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand rub or wash them with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.

Avoid touching face



Hands touch many surfaces and can pick up viruses. So, hands can transfer the virus to your eyes, nose or mouth and can make you sick.

Maintain social distancing



Maintain at least 1 metre (3 feet) distance between yourself & anyone who is coughing or sneezing. If you are too close, get chance to infected.













Soap on Hand

Palm to Palm

Between Fingers







Back to Hands

Clean with Water

Safely close faucet

BE CAREFULL & STAY SAFE

TREATMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS

To date, there is no veccine and no specific entiviral medicine to gravent or treat COVID-2019. However, those affected should receive care to relieve symptoms. People with serious librars should be hospitalized. Most get

Self Care

if you have mild symptoms, stay at home until you've recovered. You can relieve your symptoms If you:

- Rest and sleep
- Keep warm
- Drink plenty of liquids
 Use a room humidifier or take a hot shower to help ease a sore throat and cough

If you develop a fever, cough, and have difficulty breathing, promptly seek medical care. Call in advance and tell your health provider of any recent travel or recent contact with travelers.

Medical Treatments

Antibiotics do not help, as they do not work against viruses. Treatment aims to relieve the symptoms while your body fights the illness. You'll need to stay in isolation, away from other people, until you have recovered.

Don'ts



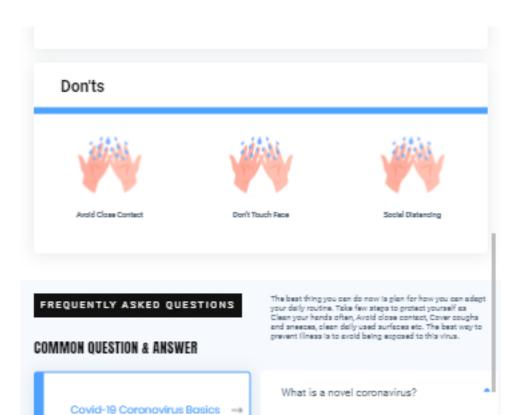


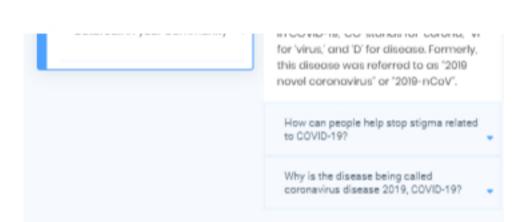


Avaid Class Contact

Don't Touch Race

Social Distancing





On February 11, 2020 the World Health

LATEST BLOG POSTS

FROM OUR BLOG



COVID-19 ·

This website is for health information and advice about coronevirus (CCVIC-19), how to prevent and protect yourself from disease.

Quick Links Important Links

Symptoms

WHO Website