

# MA 232 - Linear Algebra

## Homework 6 (due November 27)

### Problem 1 [15 pts]

Find the parabola  $C + Dt + Et^2$  that fits best the following set of data:  
 $b = 0, 0, 1, 0, 0$ , at the times  $t = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$ .

### Problem 2 [15 pts]

Find orthonormal vectors  $q_1, q_2, q_3$  such that  $q_1, q_2$  span the column space of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

### Problem 3 [5 pts]

Find the determinants of  $U, U^{-1}$  (when it exists),  $U^2$  for:

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, U = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & d \end{bmatrix}$$

### Problem 4 [5 pts]

Show that if  $A$  is not invertible, then  $AB$  is not invertible.

### Problem 5 [15 pts]

Find whether the following matrix is diagonalizable.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -6 & -6 \\ -1 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Problem 6** [15 pts]

Orthogonally diagonalize the matrix  $A$ , i.e.  $A = PDP^T$ , where  $P$  is orthogonal.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Problem 7** [15 pts]

Consider the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & b \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find a value of  $b$  that makes:

- $A = QDQ^T$  possible, i.e. orthogonal diagonalization possible.
- $A = SDS^{-1}$  impossible.
- $A^{-1}$  impossible.

**Problem 8** [15 pts]

Find the Cholesky factor of  $A$  (Recall the Cholesky factor  $C$  must be upper triangular with positive diagonal entries and such that  $A = C^T C$ ).

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$