

CPSC326 | Homework 5: Virtual Machine | 3/30/2025 | Arjuna Herbst

My first positive test verifies the VM's ability to handle complex mathematical expressions with multiple operations and proper execution order. This was important since the stack-based VM requires careful management of operands across operations, which was very difficult to get working properly. I also created a test for nested function calls, which tests the VM's ability to handle function frames and return values.

For my negative test cases, I focused on error handling. The first negative test ensures that my VM correctly identifies attempts to call undefined functions. This validates my error-checking implementation. The second negative test confirms that my VM properly validates type compatibility rather than failing unexpectedly.

```

1704 // Positive Tests
1705
1706 @Test
1707 void complexCalculationWithMultipleOperations() {
1708     VMFrameTemplate m = new VMFrameTemplate("main");
1709     // Calculate (3 + 4) * 2 - 5
1710     m.add(VMInstr.PUSH(3));
1711     m.add(VMInstr.PUSH(4));
1712     m.add(VMInstr.ADD()); // 3 + 4 = 7
1713     m.add(VMInstr.PUSH(2));
1714     m.add(VMInstr.MUL()); // 7 * 2 = 14
1715     m.add(VMInstr.PUSH(5));
1716     m.add(VMInstr.SUB()); // 14 - 5 = 9
1717     m.add(VMInstr.WRITE());
1718     VM vm = new VM();
1719     vm.add(m);
1720     vm.run();
1721     assertEquals("9", output.toString());
1722 }
1723
1724 @Test
1725 void nestedFunctionCalls() {
1726     // Function that returns double the input
1727     VMFrameTemplate double_func = new VMFrameTemplate("double");
1728     double_func.add(VMInstr.PUSH(2));
1729     double_func.add(VMInstr.MUL());
1730     double_func.add(VMInstr.RET());
1731
1732     // Function that adds 5 to the input
1733     VMFrameTemplate add5_func = new VMFrameTemplate("add5");
1734     add5_func.add(VMInstr.PUSH(5));
1735     add5_func.add(VMInstr.ADD());
1736     add5_func.add(VMInstr.RET());
1737
1738     // Main function that calls double(add5(3))
1739     VMFrameTemplate m = new VMFrameTemplate("main");
1740     m.add(VMInstr.PUSH(3));
1741     m.add(VMInstr.CALL("add5")); // add5(3) = 8
1742     m.add(VMInstr.CALL("double")); // double(8) = 16
1743     m.add(VMInstr.WRITE());
1744
1745     VM vm = new VM();
1746     vm.add(double_func);
1747     vm.add(add5_func);
1748     vm.add(m);
1749     vm.run();
1750     assertEquals("16", output.toString());
1751 }

```



```

1753 // Negative Tests
1754
1755 @Test
1756 void callUndefinedFunction() {
1757     VMFrameTemplate m = new VMFrameTemplate("main");
1758     m.add(VMinstr.CALL("undefined_function"));
1759     VM vm = new VM();
1760     vm.add(m);
1761     Exception e = assertThrows(MyPLException.class, () -> vm.run());
1762     assertTrue(e.getMessage().startsWith("VM_ERROR: "));
1763 }
1764
1765 @Test
1766 void divideStringByNumber() {
1767     VMFrameTemplate m = new VMFrameTemplate("main");
1768     // Push a string and a number
1769     m.add(VMinstr.PUSH("hello"));
1770     m.add(VMinstr.PUSH(5));
1771     // Try to divide a string by a number (invalid operation)
1772     m.add(VMinstr.DIV());
1773     m.add(VMinstr.WRITE());
1774
1775     VM vm = new VM();
1776     vm.add(m);
1777
1778     // Should throw a MyPLException
1779     Exception e = assertThrows(MyPLException.class, () -> vm.run());
1780     assertTrue(e.getMessage().startsWith("VM_ERROR:"));
1781 }
1782
1783 }

```