## **Online Event Scheduler**

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### **Background Study**

### **PROS**

#### Doodle:

- Simple and easy to use, without requiring users to sign up for an account or subscription.
- Offers time zone support.
- Suitable for scheduling events with multiple attendees and complex availability.
- Offers a poll feature for determining availability and preferences.

### Calendly:

- Integration with various calendar platforms.
- Offers advanced features such as reminders, team scheduling, and analytics.

#### When2Meet:

- Simple and easy to use, without requiring users to sign up for an account or subscription.
- Offers time zone support.
- Suitable for scheduling events with multiple attendees and complex availability.

### **Background Study**

#### CONS

#### Doodle:

- Lacks integration with calendar platforms.
- Not user-friendly design.
- Does not offer advanced features such as reminders, team scheduling, and analytics.
- Utilities functionality not available.

### Calendly:

- Requires users to sign up for a paid subscription to access some features.
- Does not have intuitive UI (drag feature to select time slots).
- May not be suitable for scheduling events with large groups or complex availability.

#### When2Meet:

- Lacks integration with calendar platforms.
- Limited options for customization and design.
- Does not offer advanced features such as reminders and team scheduling.
- Advertisements cause distraction.



### Motivation of the Project

- Traditional methods of scheduling, such as email or phone calls, can be inefficient and prone to miscommunications.
- Participants may not see messages or respond in a timely manner, leading to delays or confusion.
- Also, Coordinating availability across multiple people and time zones can be a time-consuming and frustrating process, often involving numerous rounds of communication and the potential for scheduling conflicts or misunderstandings.
- Complex UI selection and enormous data entry.
- By addressing these challenges, our application will provide a valuable solution for anyone who
  needs to coordinate meetings or events with multiple participants.

### **Objectives**

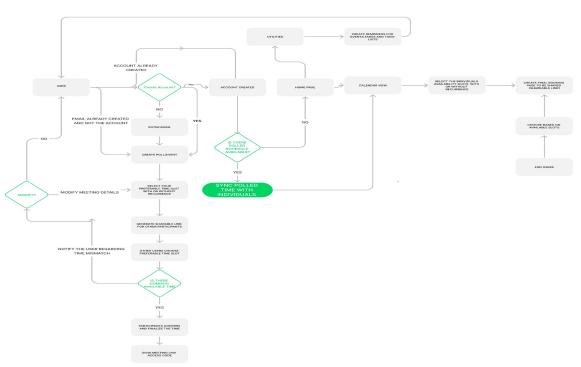
- The Online Event Scheduling (OES) is aimed at developing an application to schedule, monitor, plan and re-plan meetings to help users schedule their meetings on the go. It eliminates email and phone tag, and ensures a satisfying scheduling experience for all attendees.
- This web app also augments the reliability and enhances the usability by providing an intuitive and easily navigable user interface which in turn provides a secure ecosystem for managing a collection of individual calendars for the purposes of group scheduling and individual one-on-one meetings.



### Scope of our Application

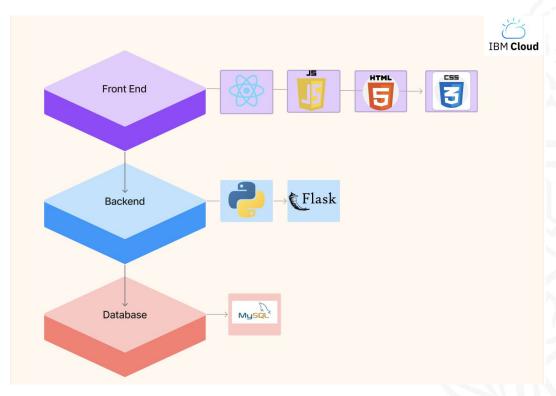
- Scheduling one-to-one and multi-user meetings.
- Create a poll for finding the common availability with or without an account.
- Sync the user who has confirmed poll timings with respective individual's calendars when and if the
  user creates/has an account.
- Time zone constraints are handled based on the user geographical/calendar data.
- Create a booking page based on the availability with or without recurrence.
- Pending request feature holds the meeting request sent by the participants to be confirmed.
- Get reminders about the scheduled events.
- End users can set utilities like custom task/birthday/to-do reminders based on their requirement.
- Providing a wide range of calendar/utilities viewing options.

## **Functional Flow Diagram**



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## Block Diagram - Tech Stack



### Tech Stack in a Nutshell

#### FRONTEND:

- HTML: HyperText Markup Language is the code that is used to structure a web page and its content.
- CSS: Cascading Style Sheets are used to style HTML Pages.
- ReactJS: Open source Javascript library used to build user interfaces. It is maintained by Meta. We make use of ReactJS to build end-user screens.
- ReactDOM: ReactDOM is the JavaScript library that allows React to interact with the Document Object Model(DOM). We use ReactDOM to manage the DOM elements of the web app.
- react-router-DOM: The react-router-dom package contains bindings for using React Router in web applications.
- Bootstrap: Bootstrap is the most popular HTML, CSS, and JavaScript framework for developing responsive, mobile-first websites.

#### **BACKEND:**

- Flask: Python web framework used for building web applications and APIs.
- Python: Python is a high-level, interpreted programming language known for its simplicity, readability, and versatility in various applications.

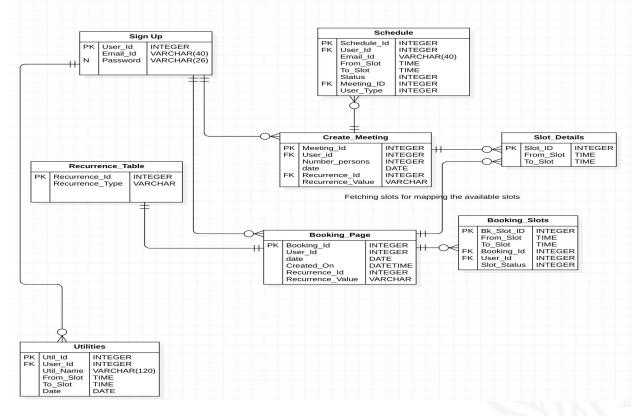
#### **DATABASE:**

MySQL: An open-source relational database management system used for storing, organizing, and retrieving data in various applications.

#### **TESTING:**

- Selenium: A popular open-source framework for automating web browsers and testing web applications.
- Postman: A popular tool used for testing APIs, making HTTP requests, and validating responses.

### ER Diagram



### Wireframe



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# **THANK YOU**



