

Computer-Aided Reasoning for Software

# Solver-Aided Languages

[courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/cse507/l4au/](http://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/cse507/l4au/)

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[emina@cs.washington.edu](mailto:emina@cs.washington.edu)

# **Today**

# **Today**

## **Last lecture**

- Program synthesis

# **Today**

## **Last lecture**

- Program synthesis

## **Today**

- The next N years: Solver-Aided Languages (?)

# Today

## Last lecture

- Program synthesis

## Today

- The next N years: Solver-Aided Languages (?)

## Reminders

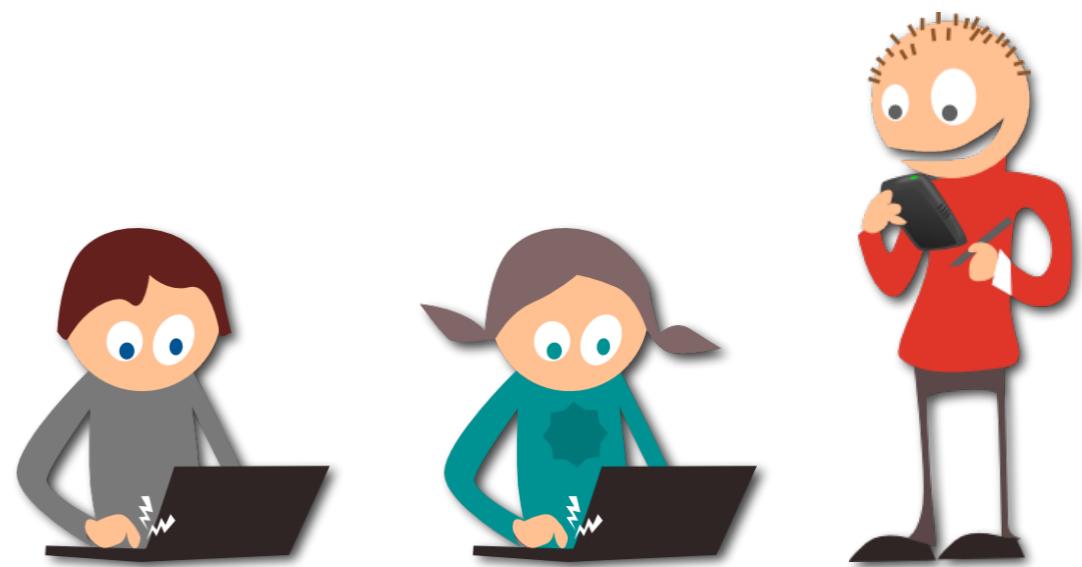
- Please fill out the [course evaluation form](#) (Dec 02-08)
- 8 min final presentations on Monday, Dec 08, 10:30am, MGH 254
- [Final projects](#) due on Monday, Dec 08, at 11pm



**a little programming for everyone**

# A little programming for **everyone**

We all want to build programs ...



# A little programming for **everyone**

We all want to build programs ...

- spreadsheet data manipulation

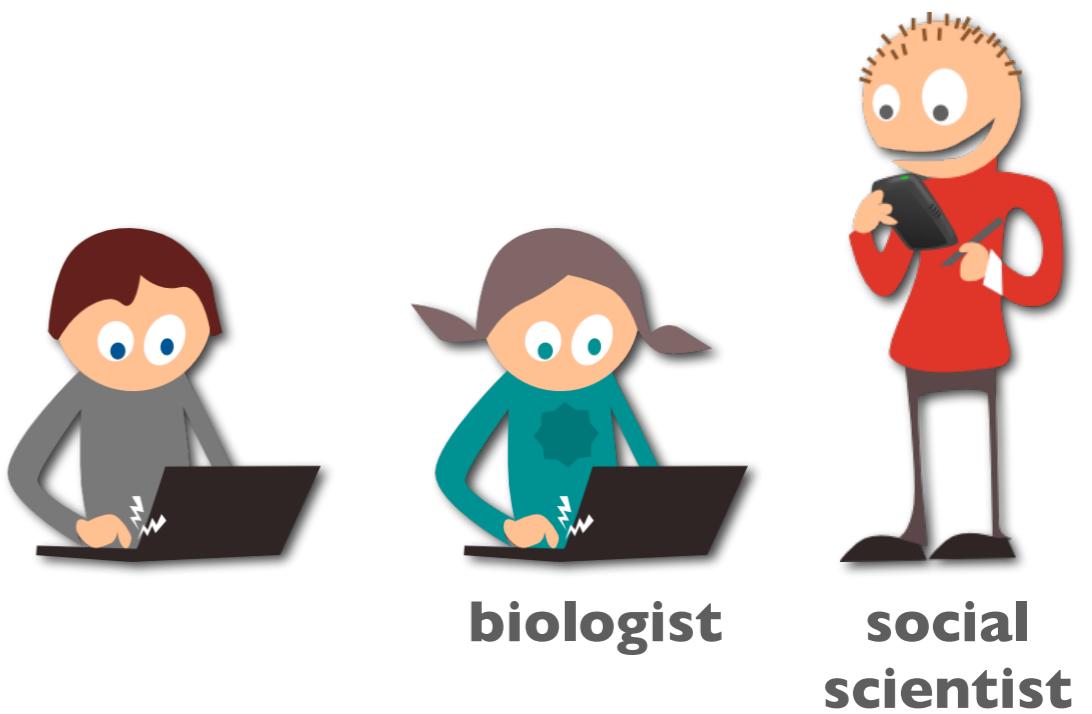


**social  
scientist**

# A little programming for everyone

We all want to build programs ...

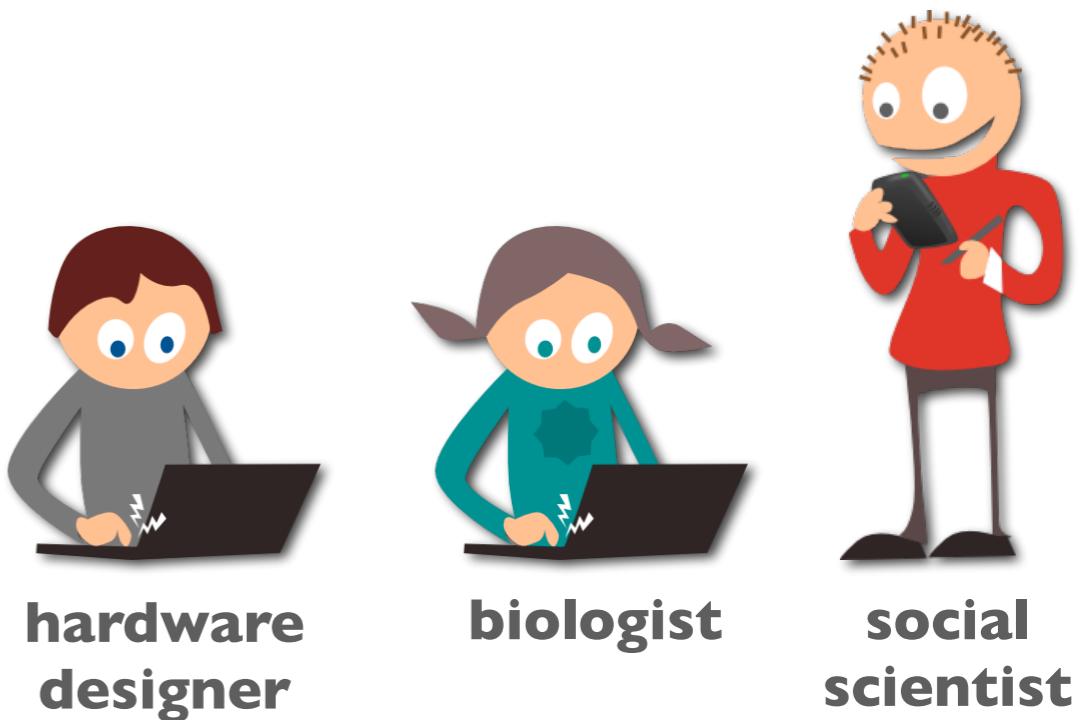
- spreadsheet data manipulation
- models of cell fates



# A little programming for everyone

We all want to build programs ...

- spreadsheet data manipulation
- models of cell fates
- cache coherence protocols
- memory models



# A little programming for everyone

We all want to build programs ...

- spreadsheet data manipulation [Flashfill, POPL'11]
- models of cell fates [SBL, POPL'13]
- cache coherence protocols [Transit, PLDI'13]
- memory models [MemSAT, PLDI'10]

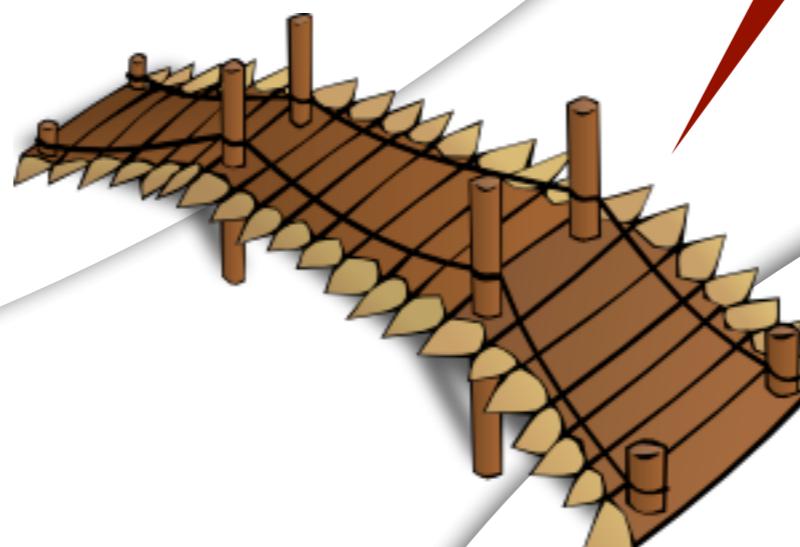


# A little programming for everyone

We all want to build programs ...

- spreadsheet data manipulation
- models of cell fates
- cache coherence protocols
- memory models

**solver-aided languages**



**less code**

**less time**

**less effort**



**hardware  
designer**



**biologist**



**social  
scientist**

# A little history

**program logics** (Floyd, Hoare, Dijkstra)

**mechanization of logic** (Milner, Pnueli)

**mechanized tools** (Clarke, Emerson, Sifakis)

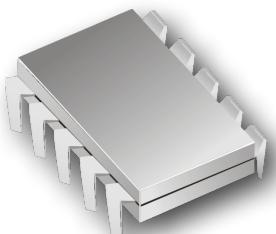


better  
programs

# A little history



# A little history



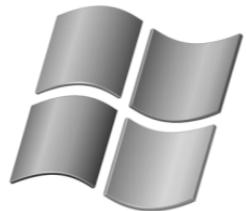
**6TH SENSE**

[IBM]



**ASTRÉE**

[AbsInt]



**SLAM**

[MSR]

# A little history

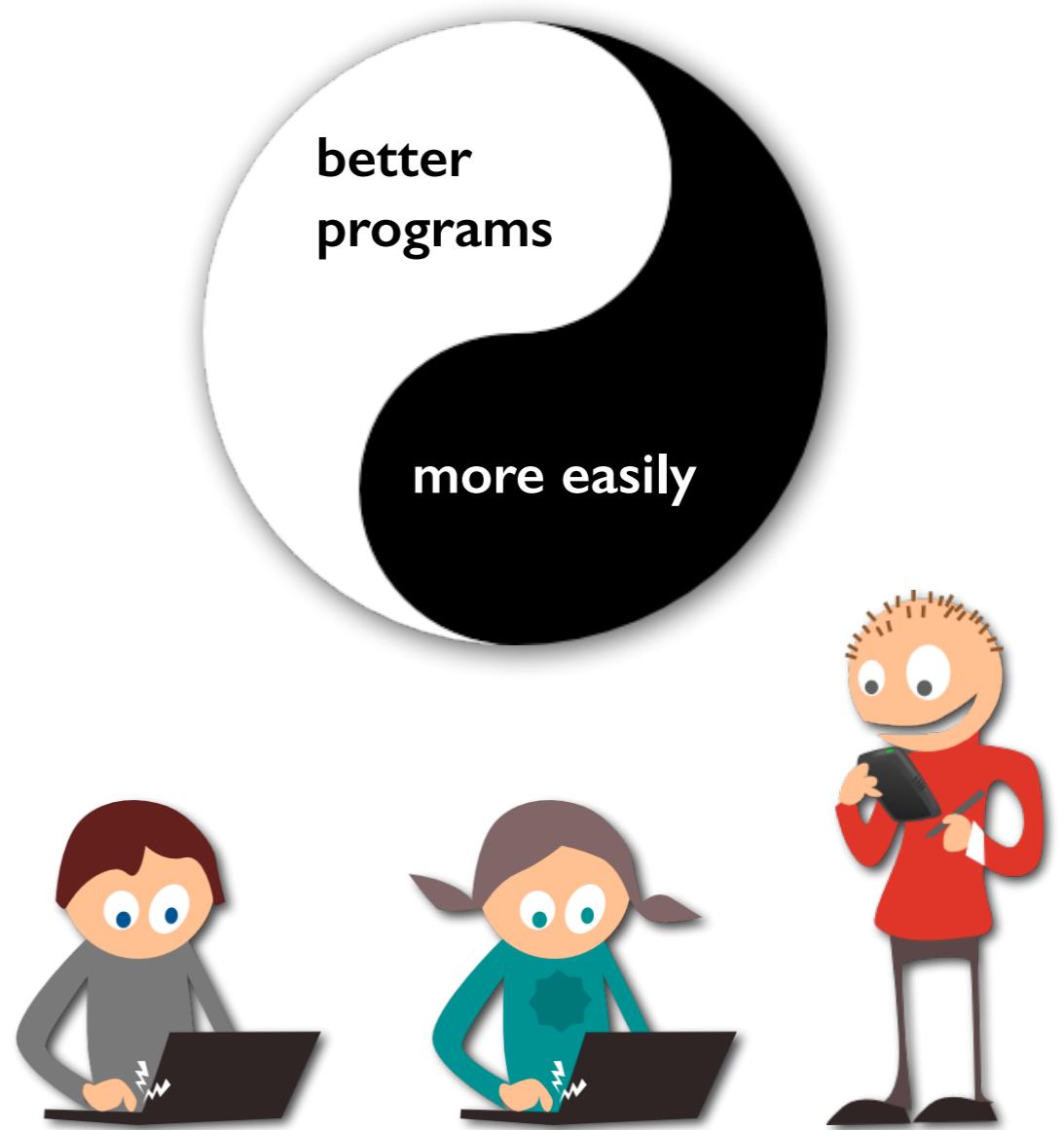


# A little history



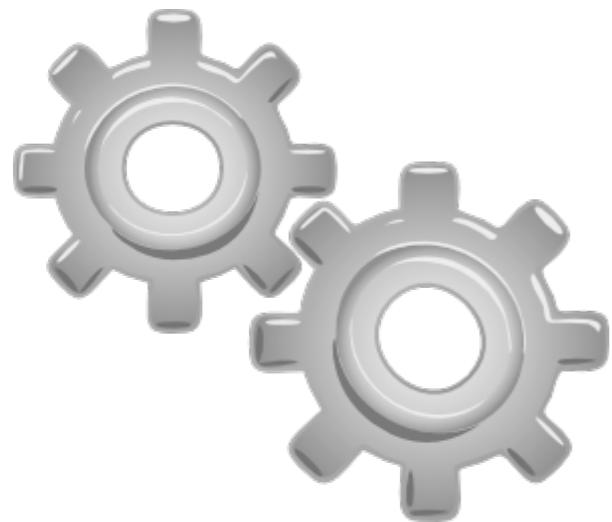
# A little history

1960 **software crisis**  
1970 **program logics** (Floyd, Hoare, Dijkstra)  
1980 **mechanization of logic** (Milner, Pnueli)  
1990 **mechanized tools** (Clarke, Emerson, Sifakis)  
2000 **software gap**  
2010 **SAT/SMT solvers and tools**  
**solver-aided languages**

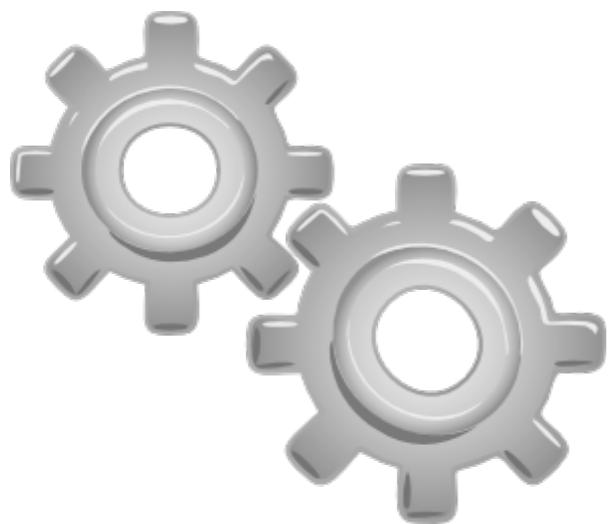




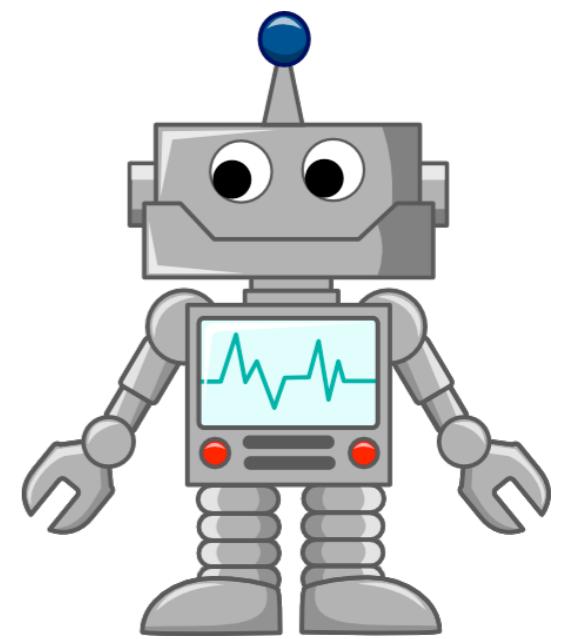
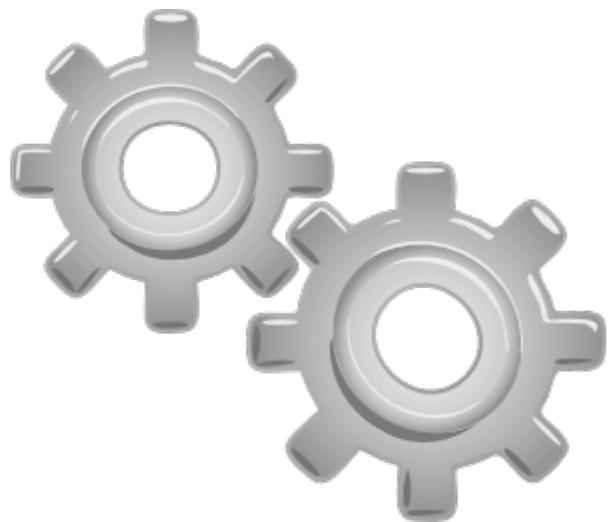
**solver-aided tools**



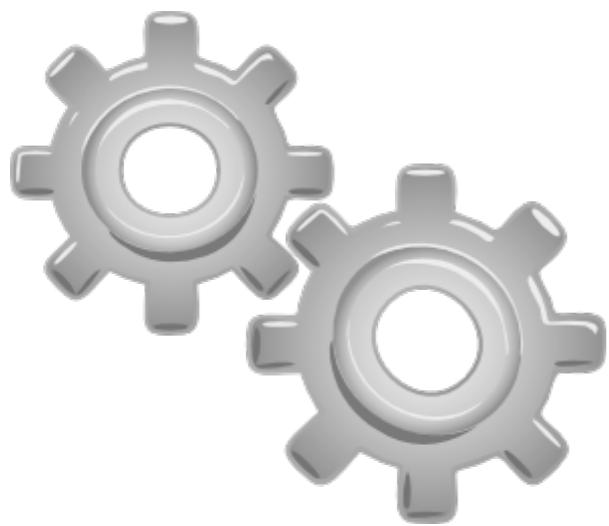
**solver-aided tools, languages**



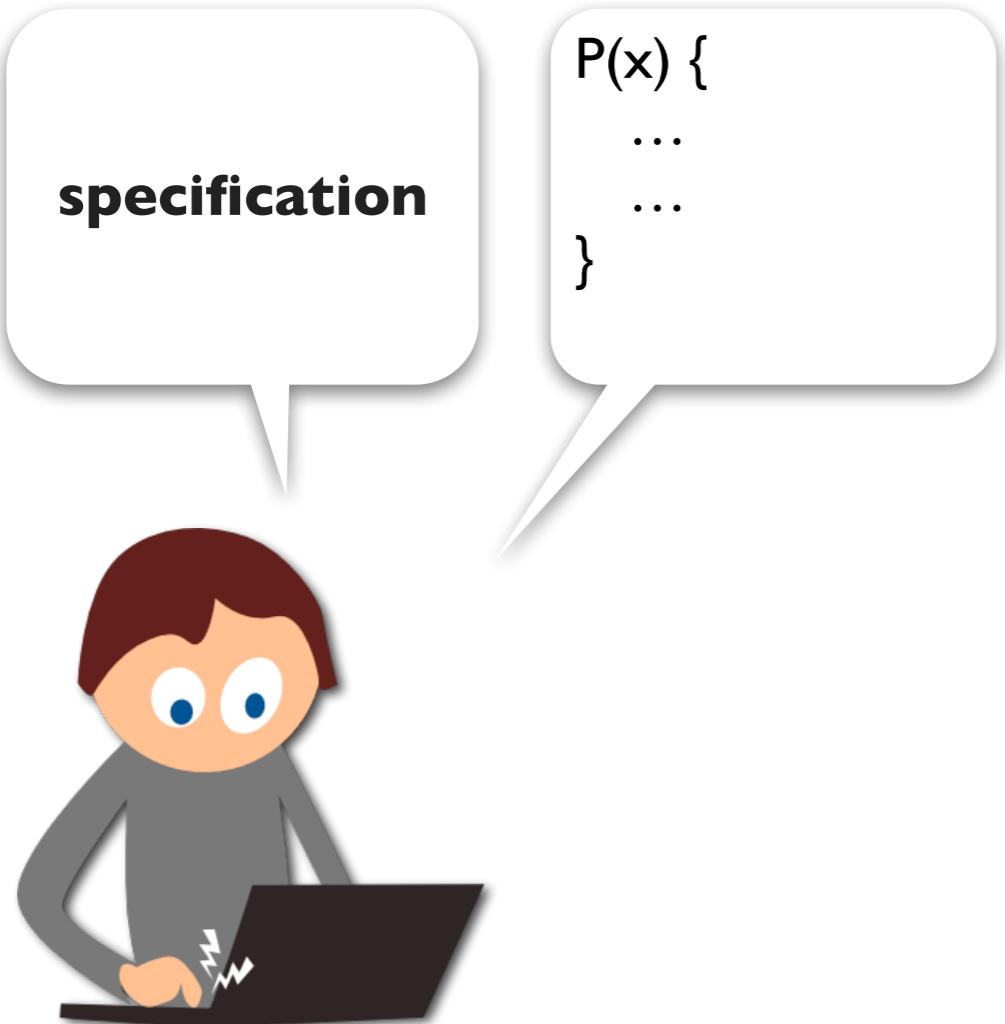
# **solver-aided tools, languages and beyond**



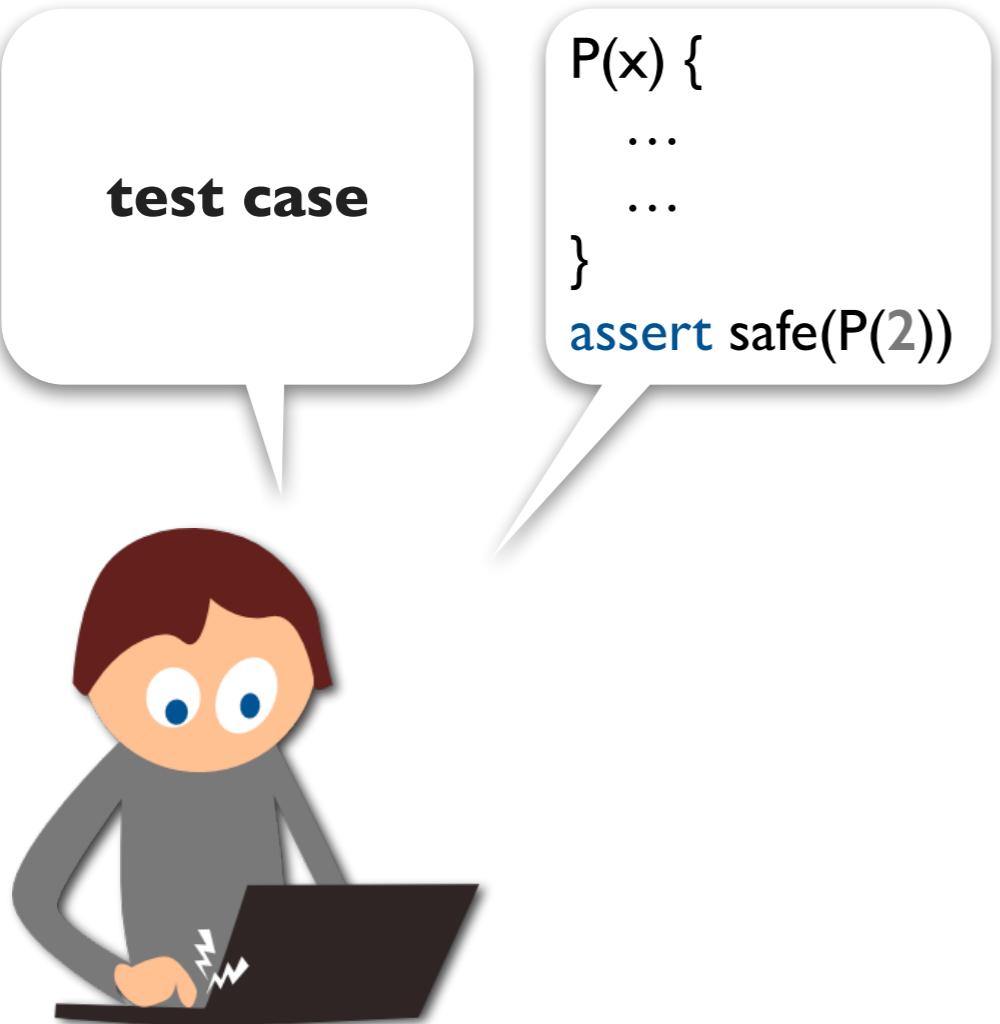
**solver-aided tools**



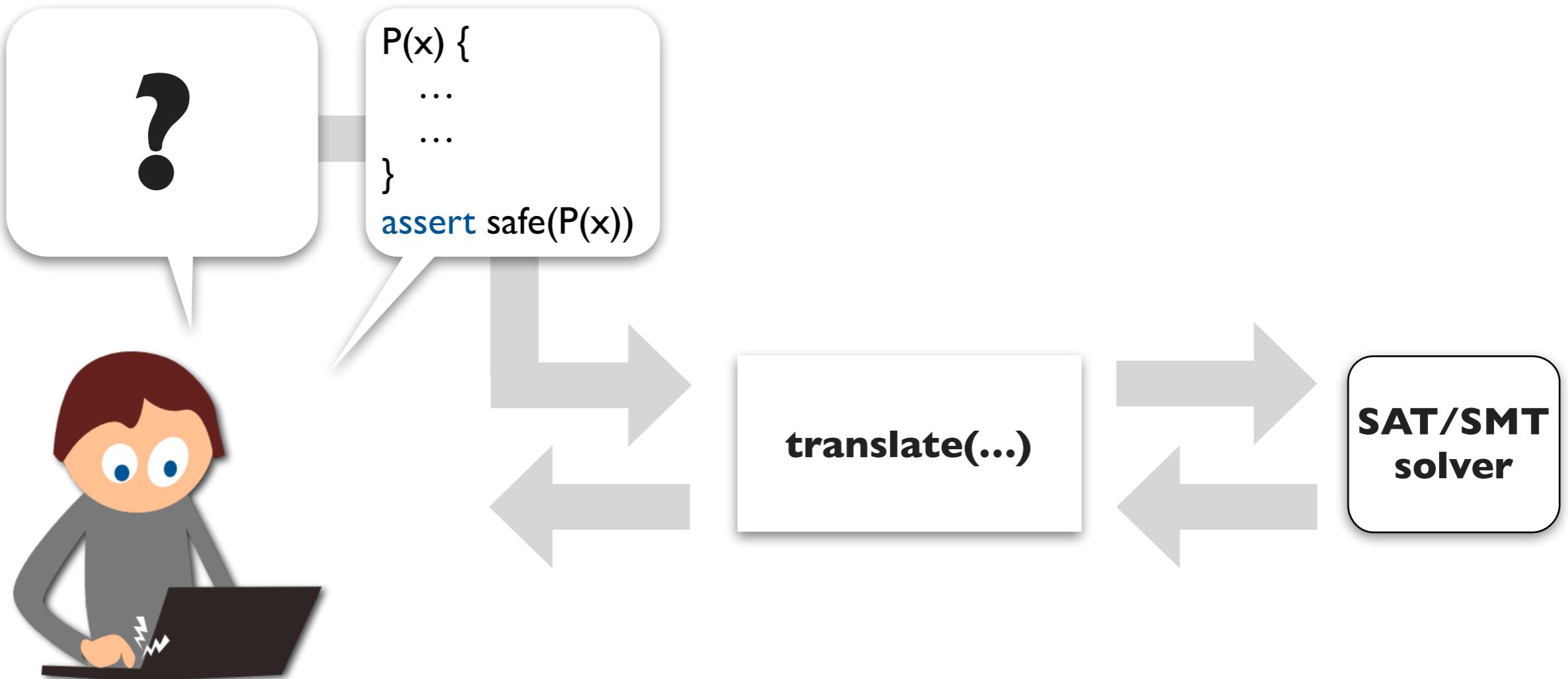
# Programming ...



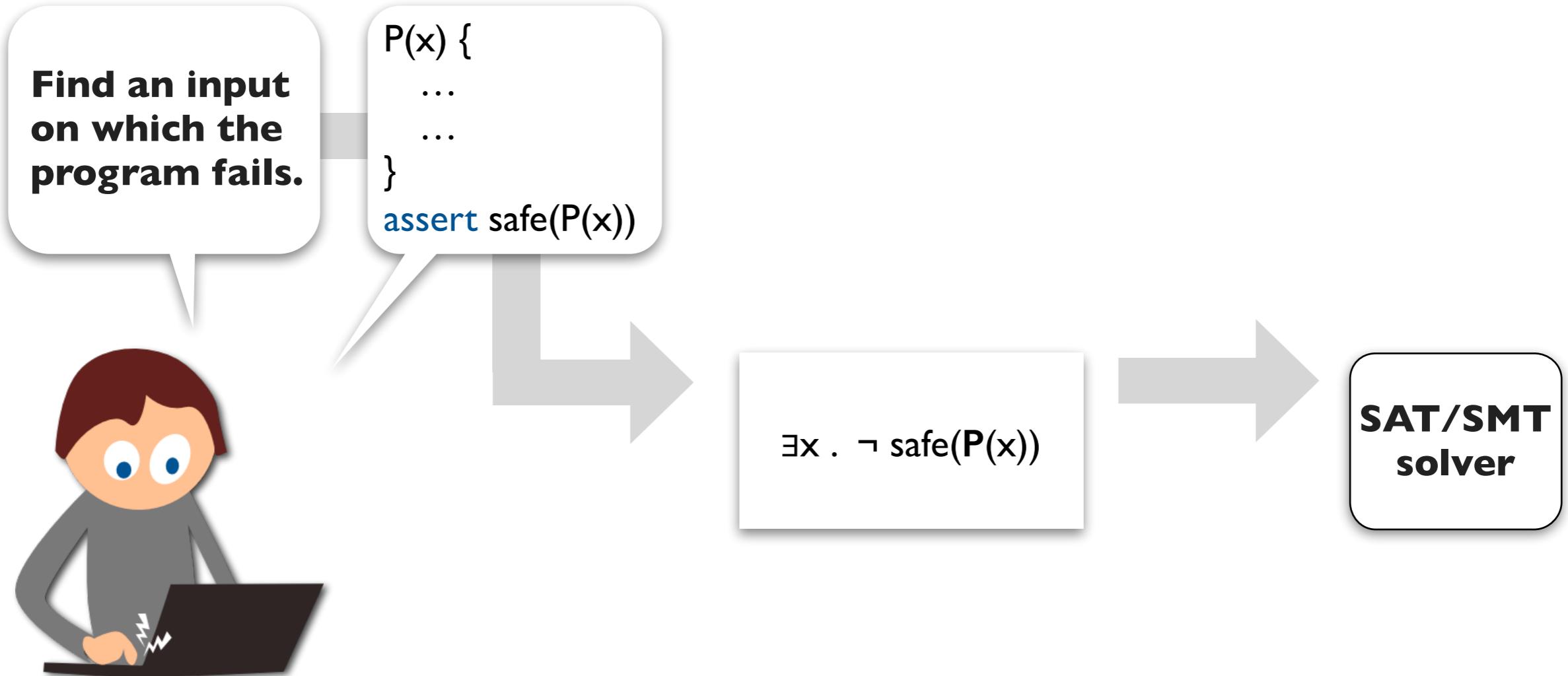
# Programming ...



# Programming with a solver-aided tool

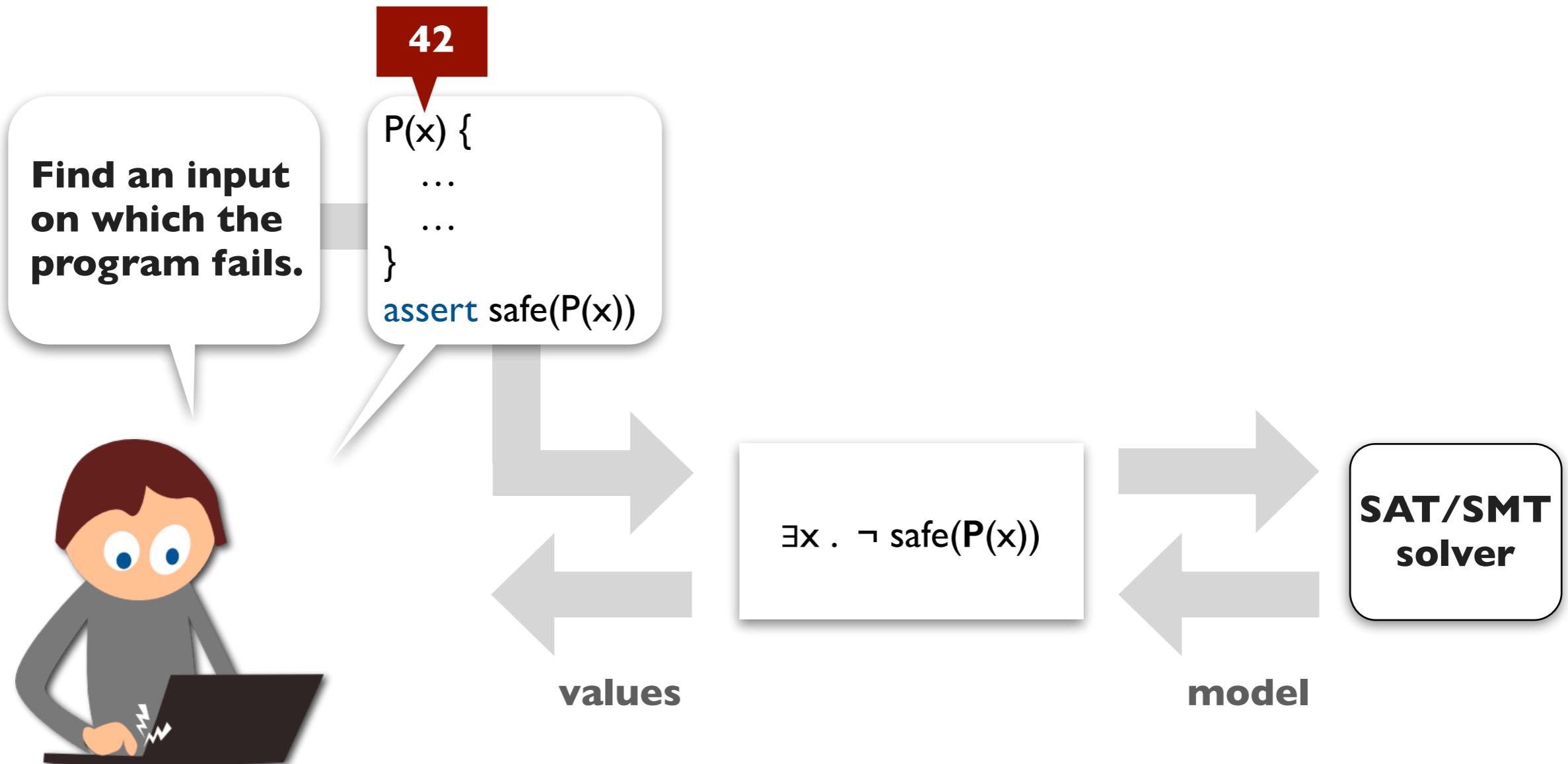


# Solver-aided tools: verification



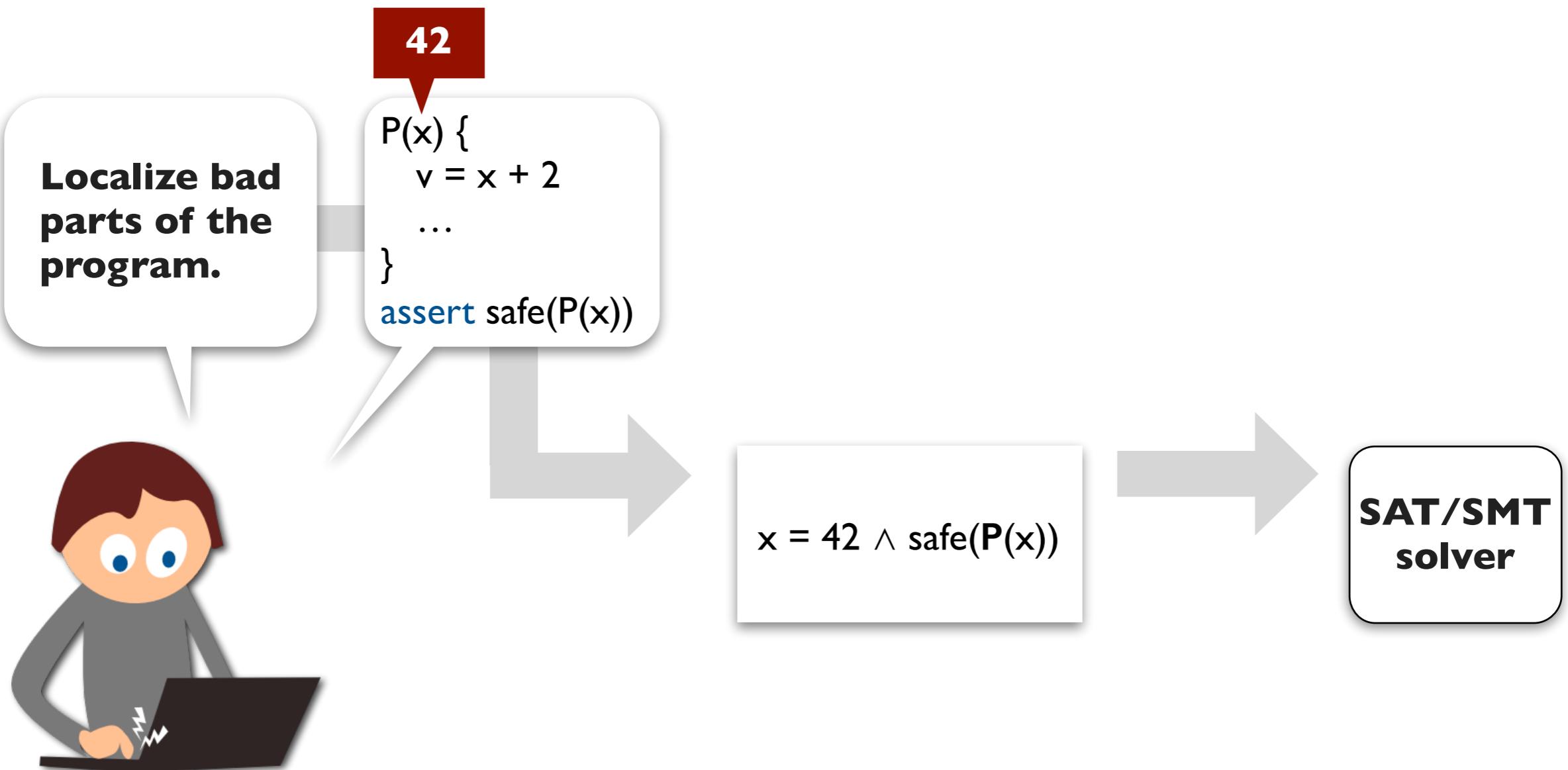
CBMC [Kroening et al., DAC'03]  
Dafny [Leino, LPAR'10]  
Miniatur [Vaziri et al., FSE'07]  
Klee [Cadar et al., OSDI'08]

# Solver-aided tools: verification



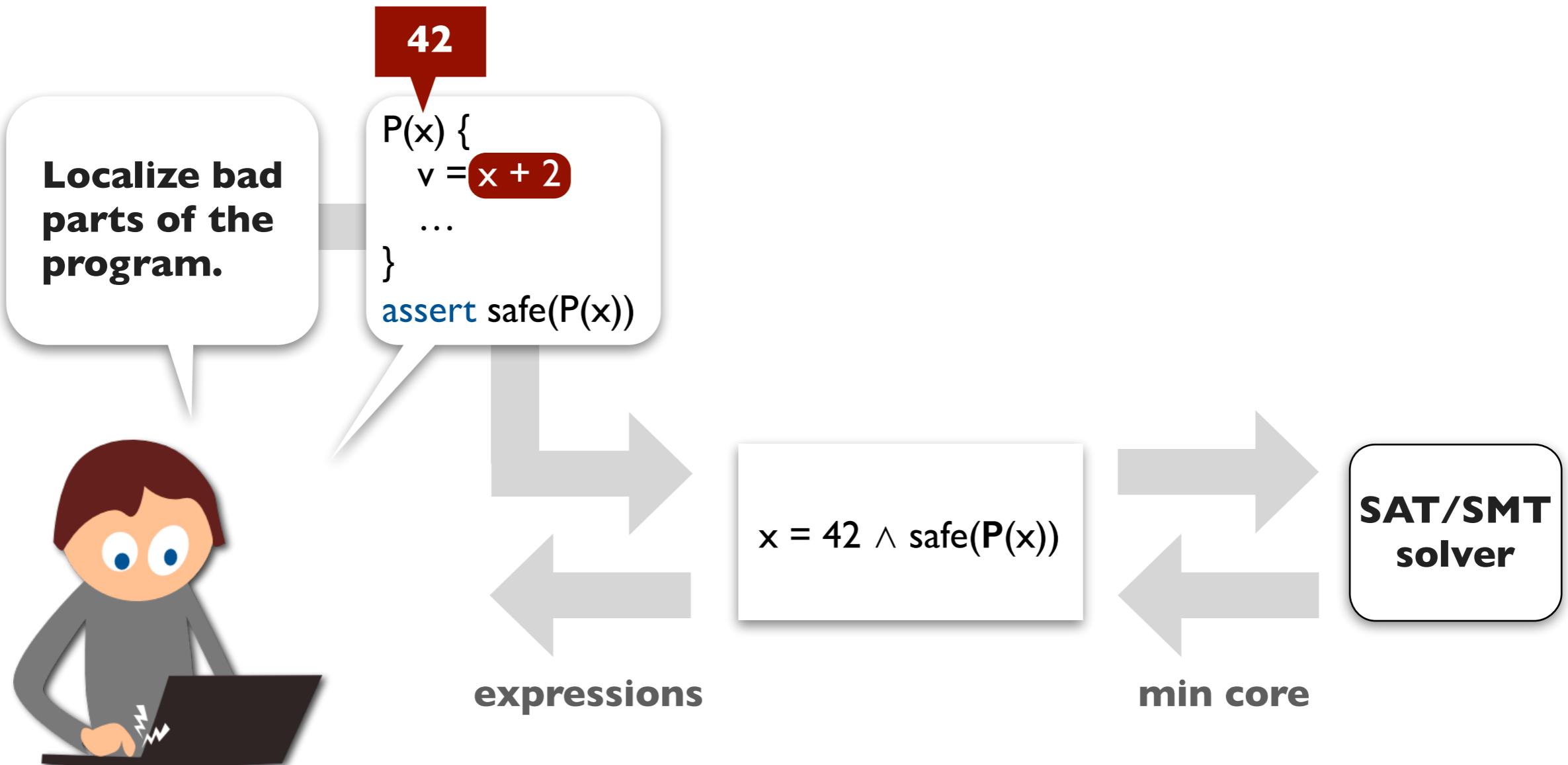
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# Solver-aided tools: debugging



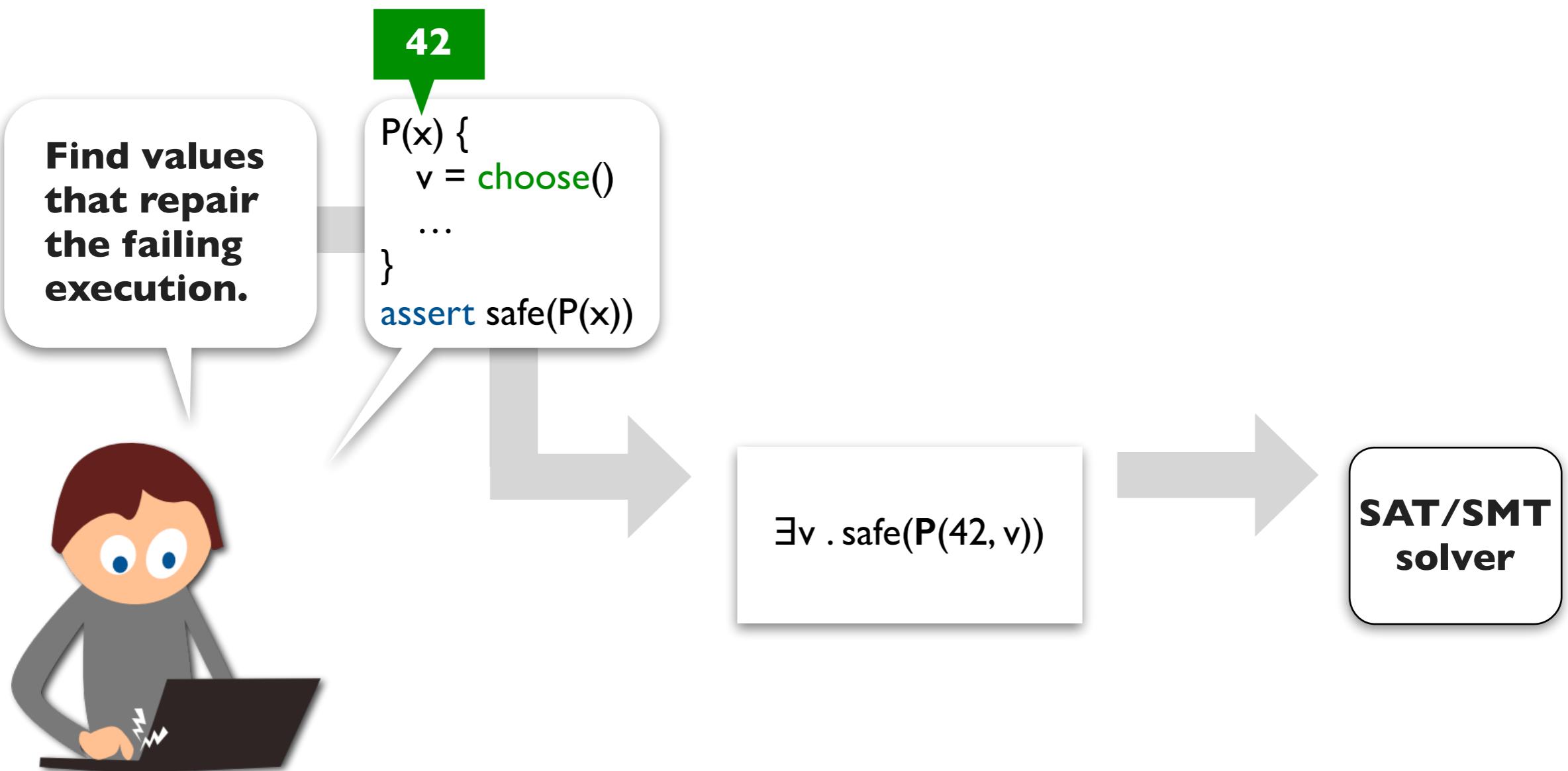
BugAssist [Jose & Majumdar, PLDI'11]  
Angelina [Chandra et al., ICSE'11]

# Solver-aided tools: debugging



BugAssist [Jose & Majumdar, PLDI'11]  
Angelina [Chandra et al., ICSE'11]

# Solver-aided tools: angelic execution

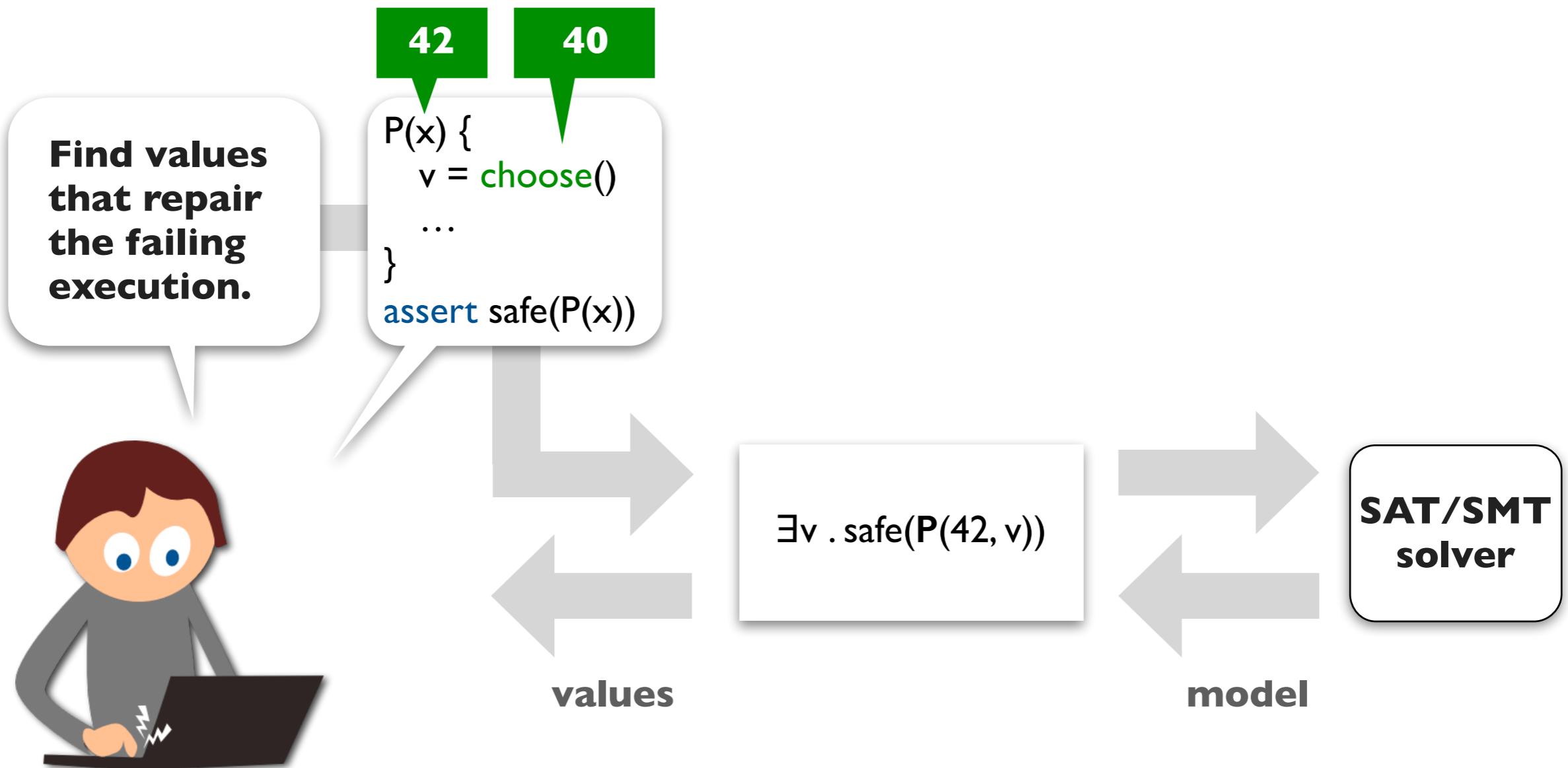


Kaplan [Koksal et al, POPL'12]

PBnJ [Samimi et al., ECOOP'10]

Squander [Milicevic et al., ICSE'11]

# Solver-aided tools: angelic execution

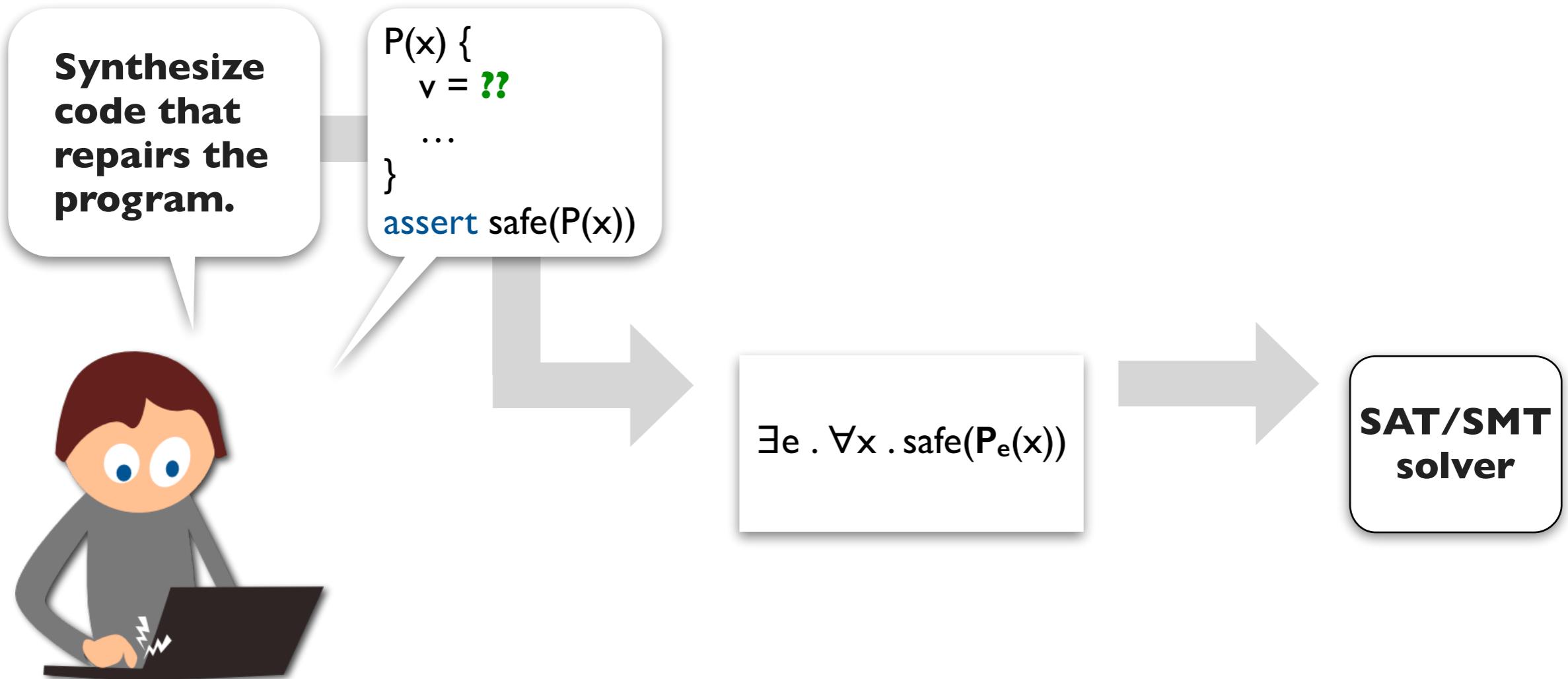


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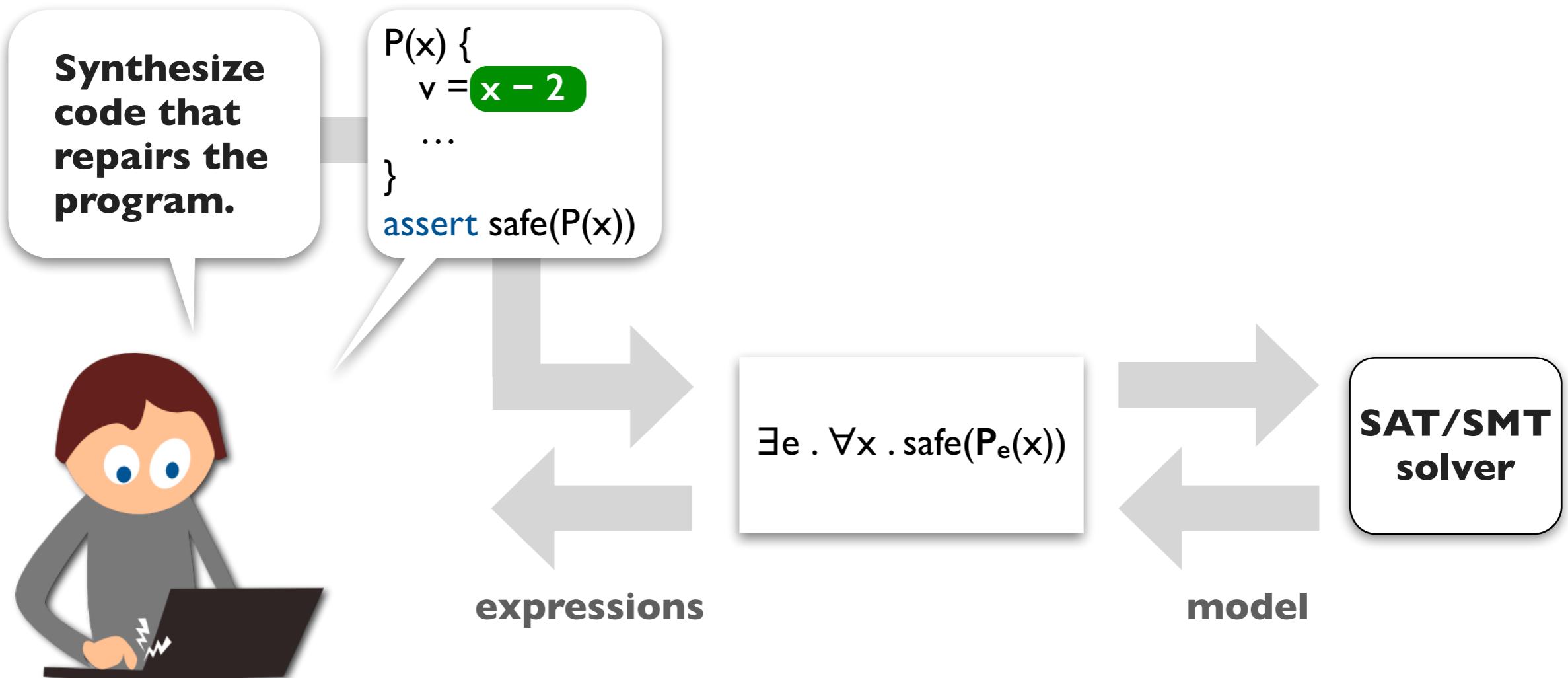
# Solver-aided tools: synthesis



Sketch [Solar-Lezama et al., ASPLOS'06]

Comfy [Kuncak et al., CAV'10]

# Solver-aided tools: synthesis

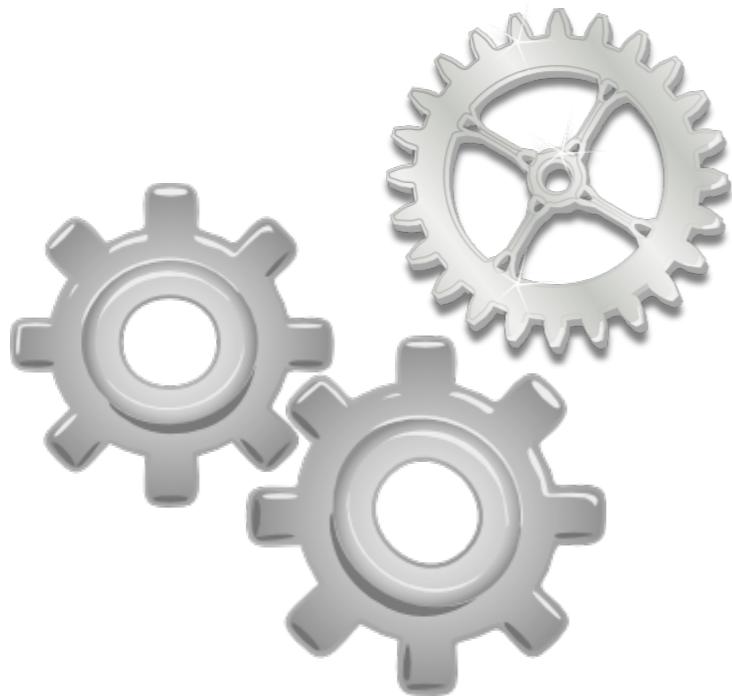


Sketch [Solar-Lezama et al., ASPLOS'06]

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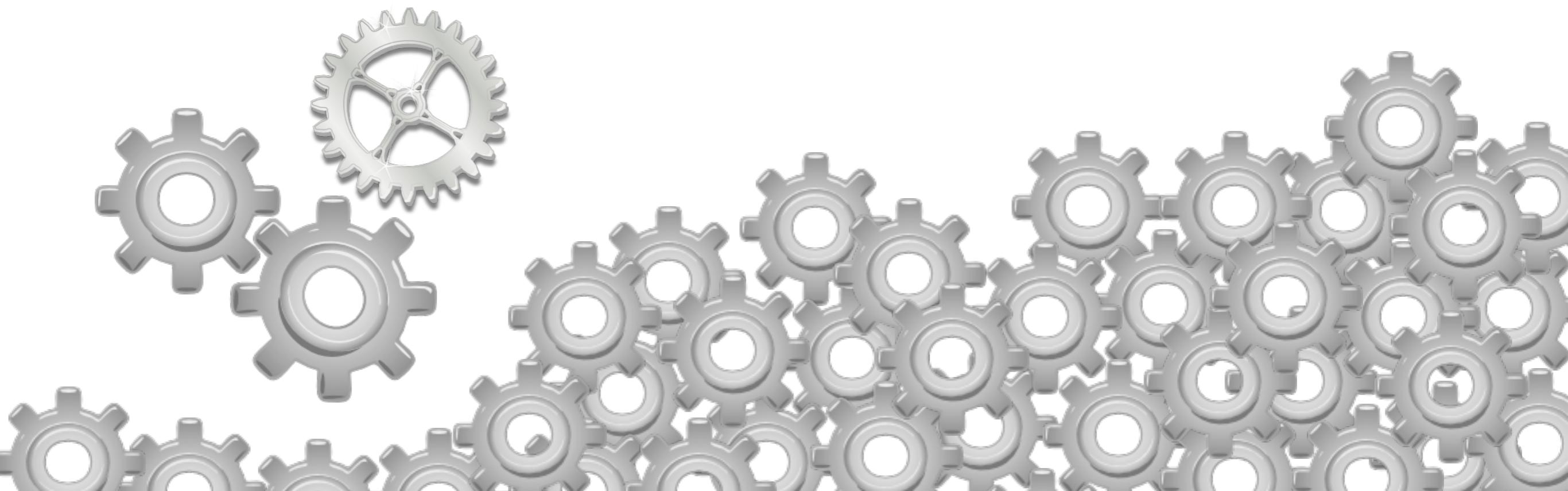
wanted

**more solver-aided tools ...**

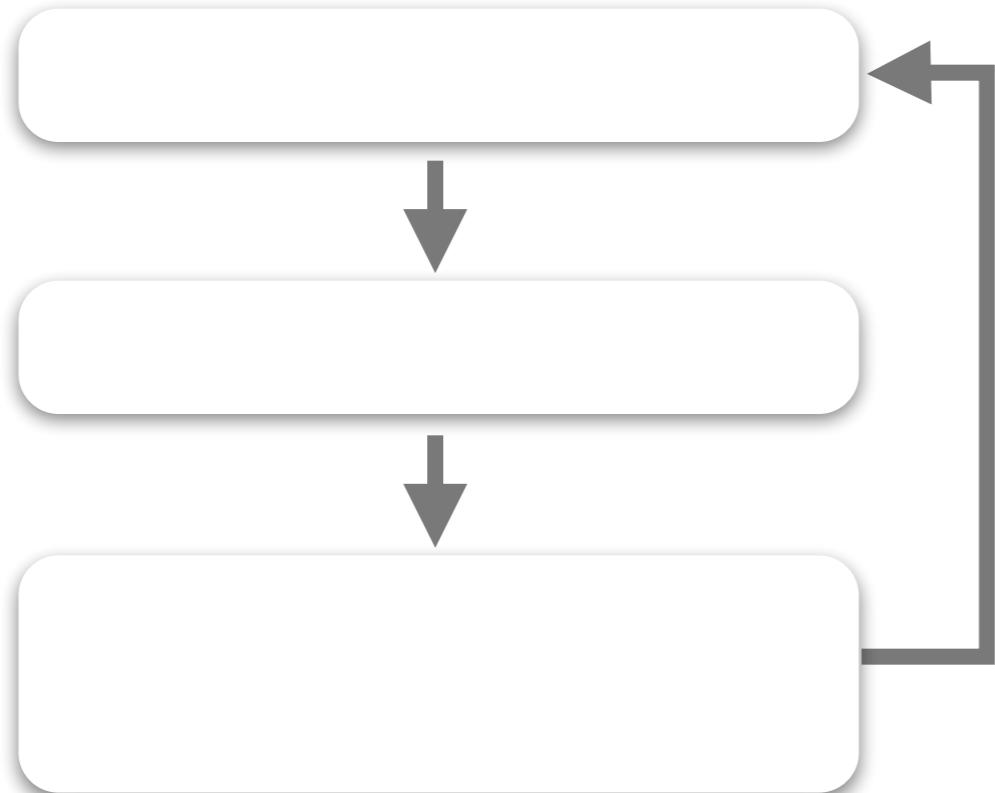


# wanted

**more solver-aided tools ...**

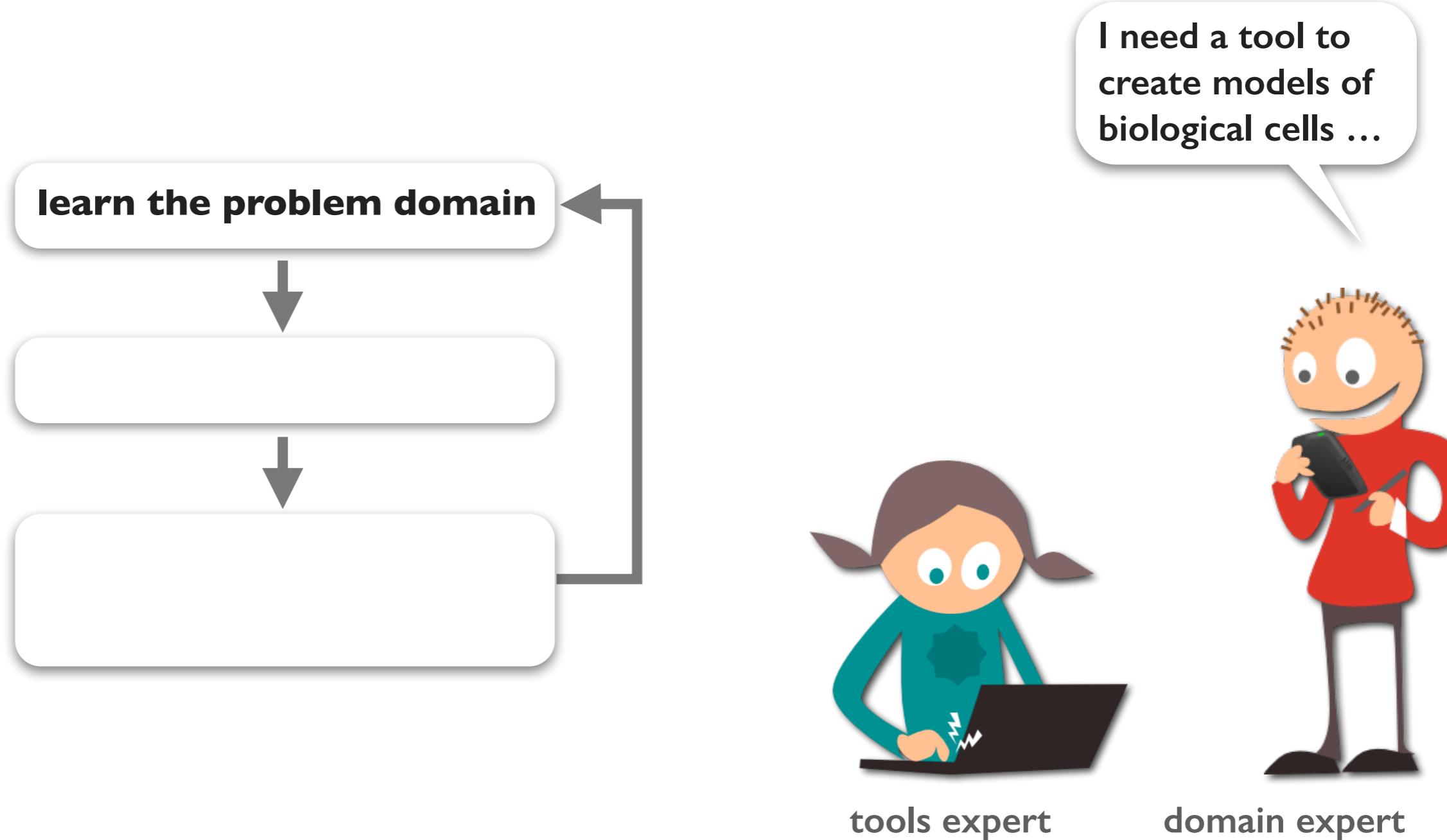


# Building solver-aided tools: state-of-the-art

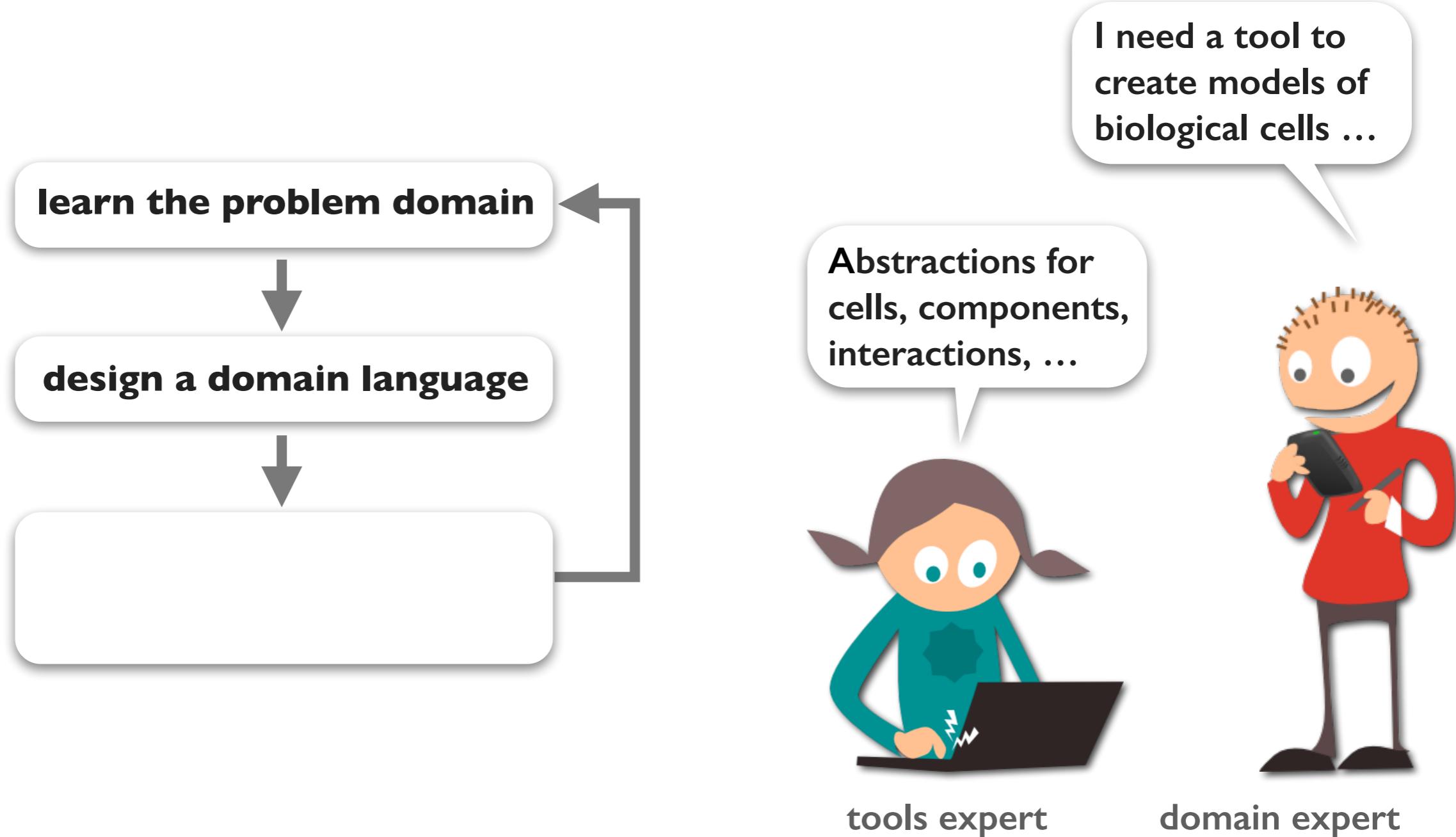


tools expert

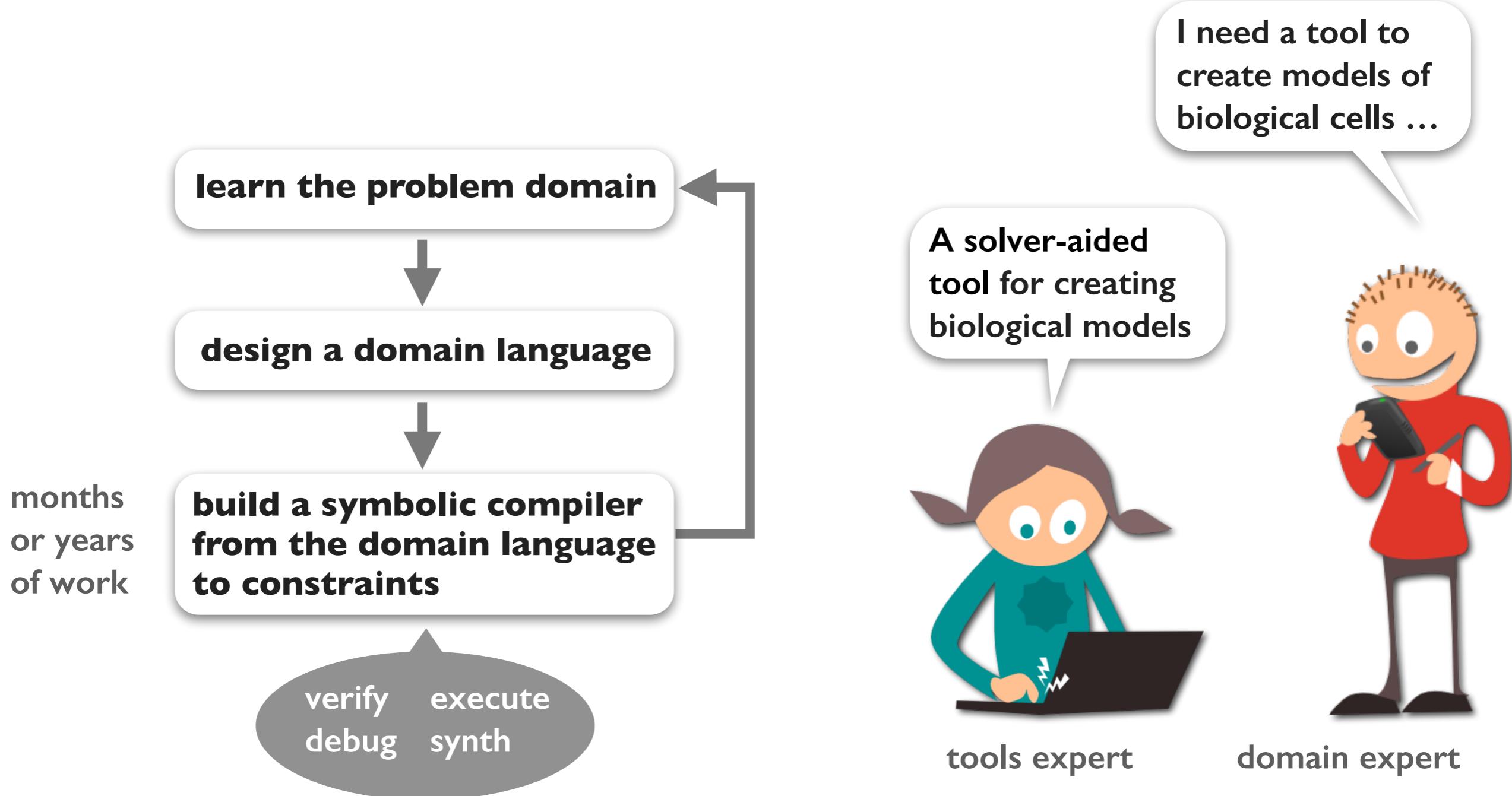
# Building solver-aided tools: state-of-the-art



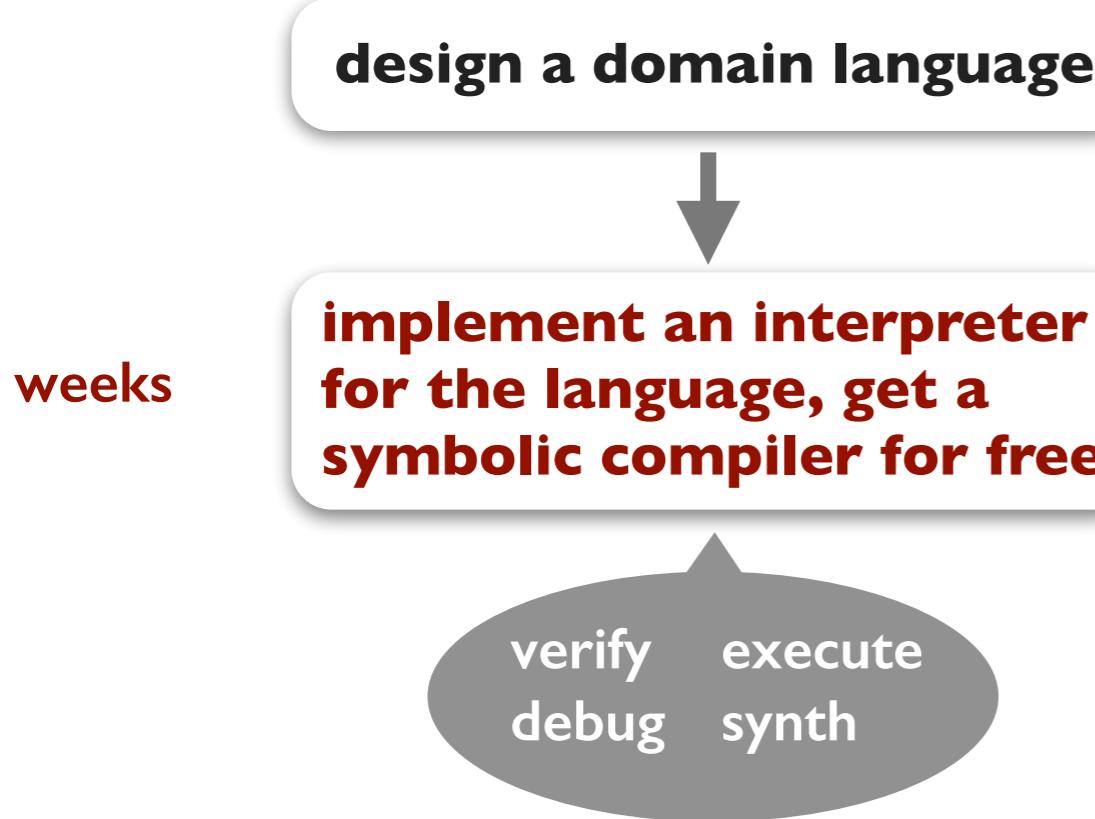
# Building solver-aided tools: state-of-the-art



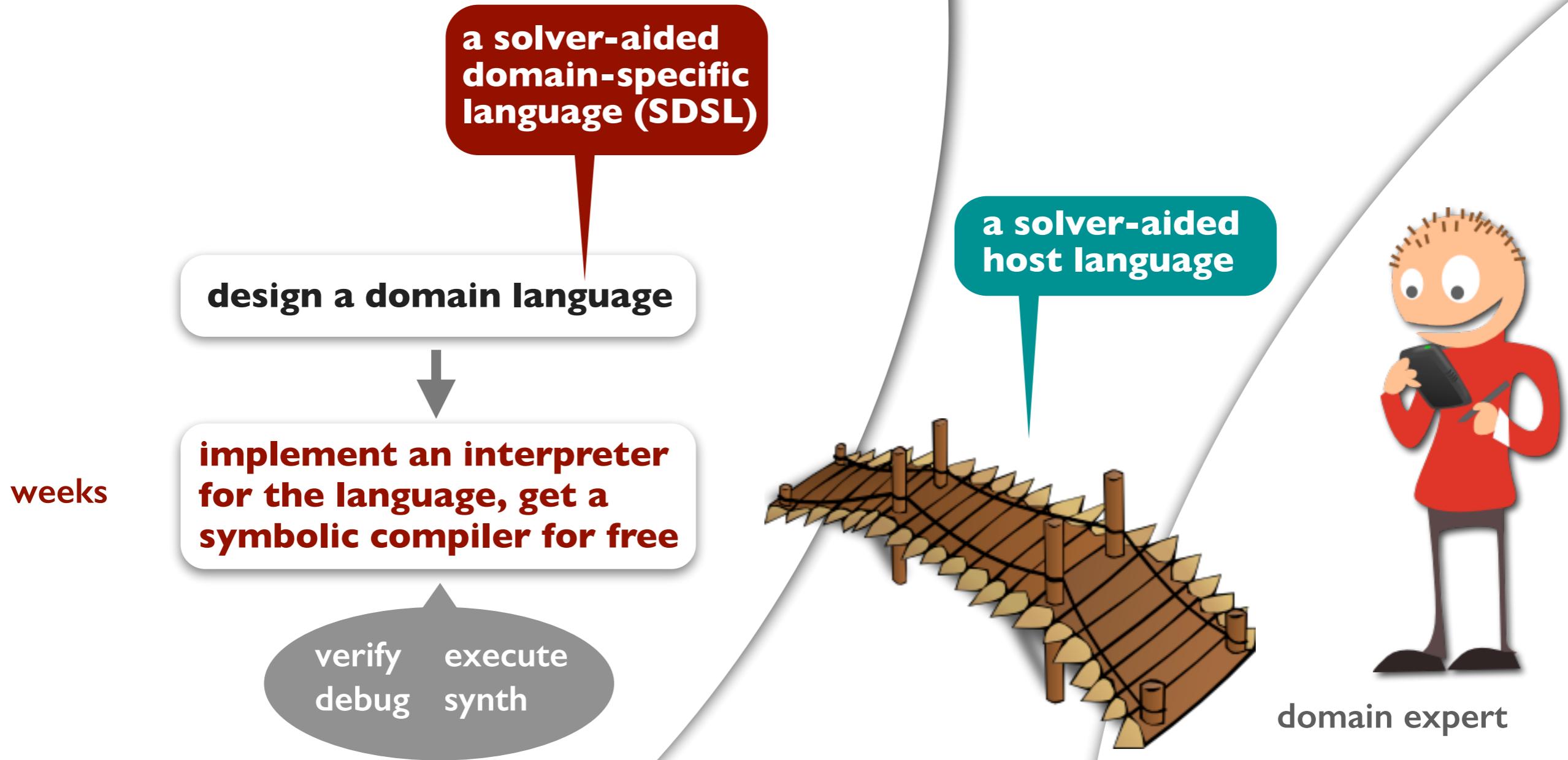
# Building solver-aided tools: state-of-the-art



# Can we do better?



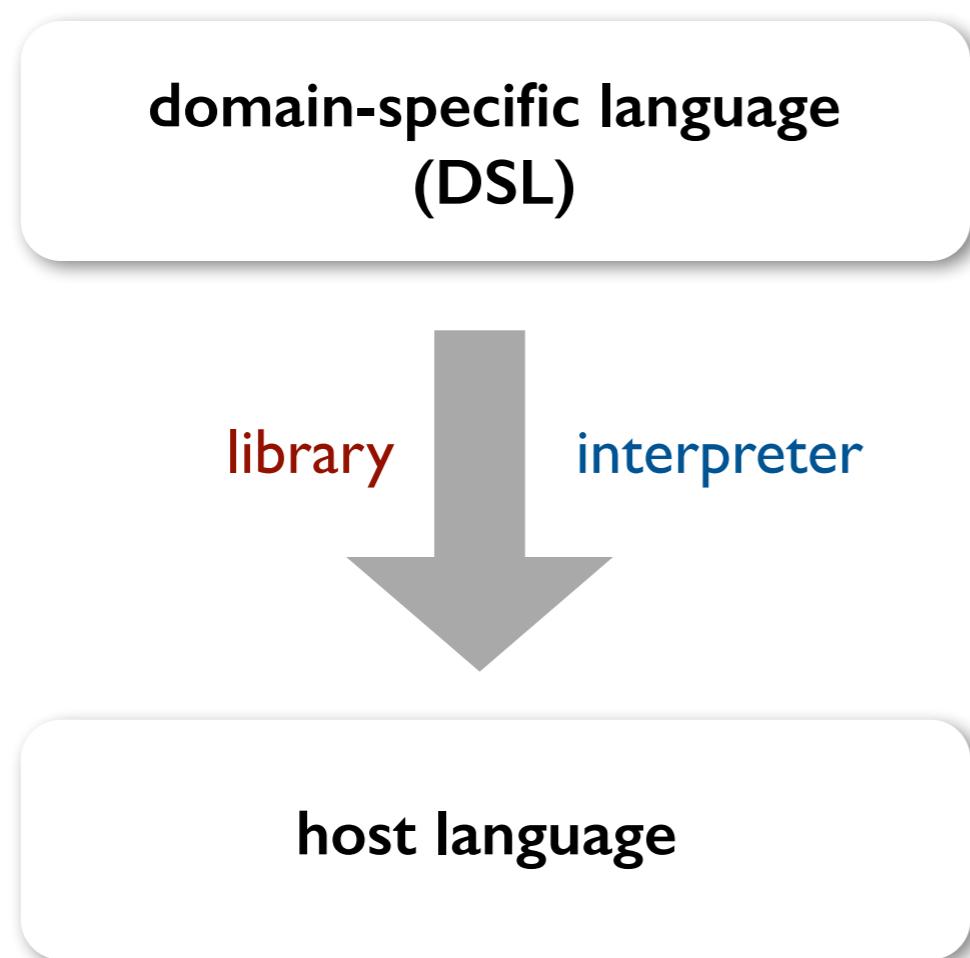
# Can we do better?



**design**  
**solver-aided languages**



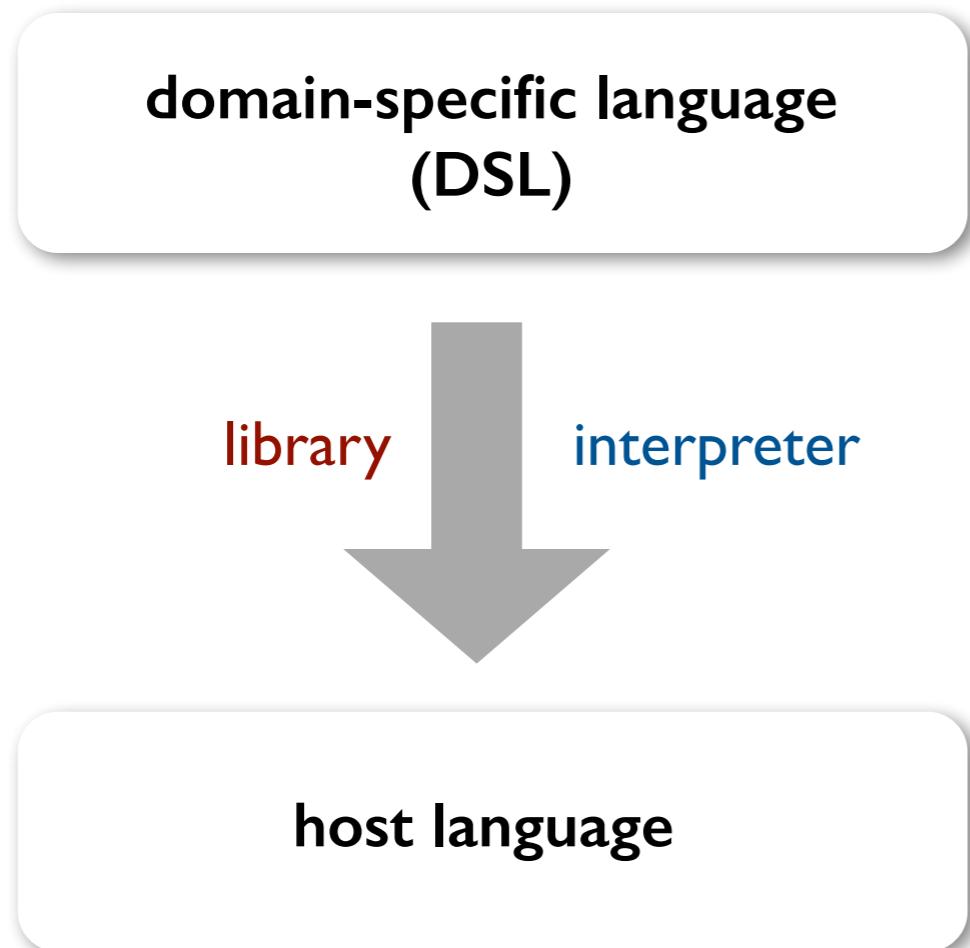
# Layers of languages



A formal language that is specialized to a particular application domain and often limited in capability.

A high-level language for implementing DSLs, usually with meta-programming features.

# Layers of languages



**artificial intelligence**

[Church](#), [BLOG](#)

**databases**

[SQL](#), [Datalog](#)

**hardware design**

[Bluespec](#), [Chisel](#), [Verilog](#), [VHDL](#)

**math and statistics**

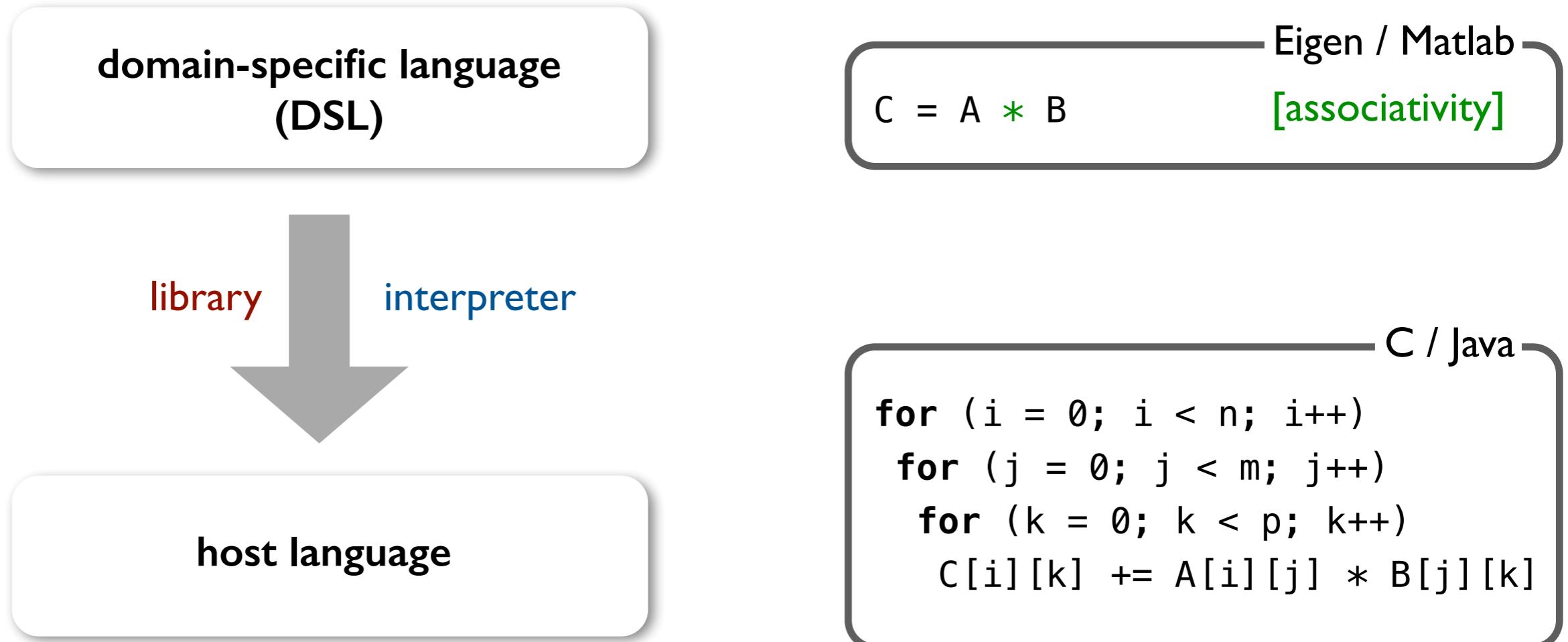
[Eigen](#), [Matlab](#), [R](#)

**layout and visualization**

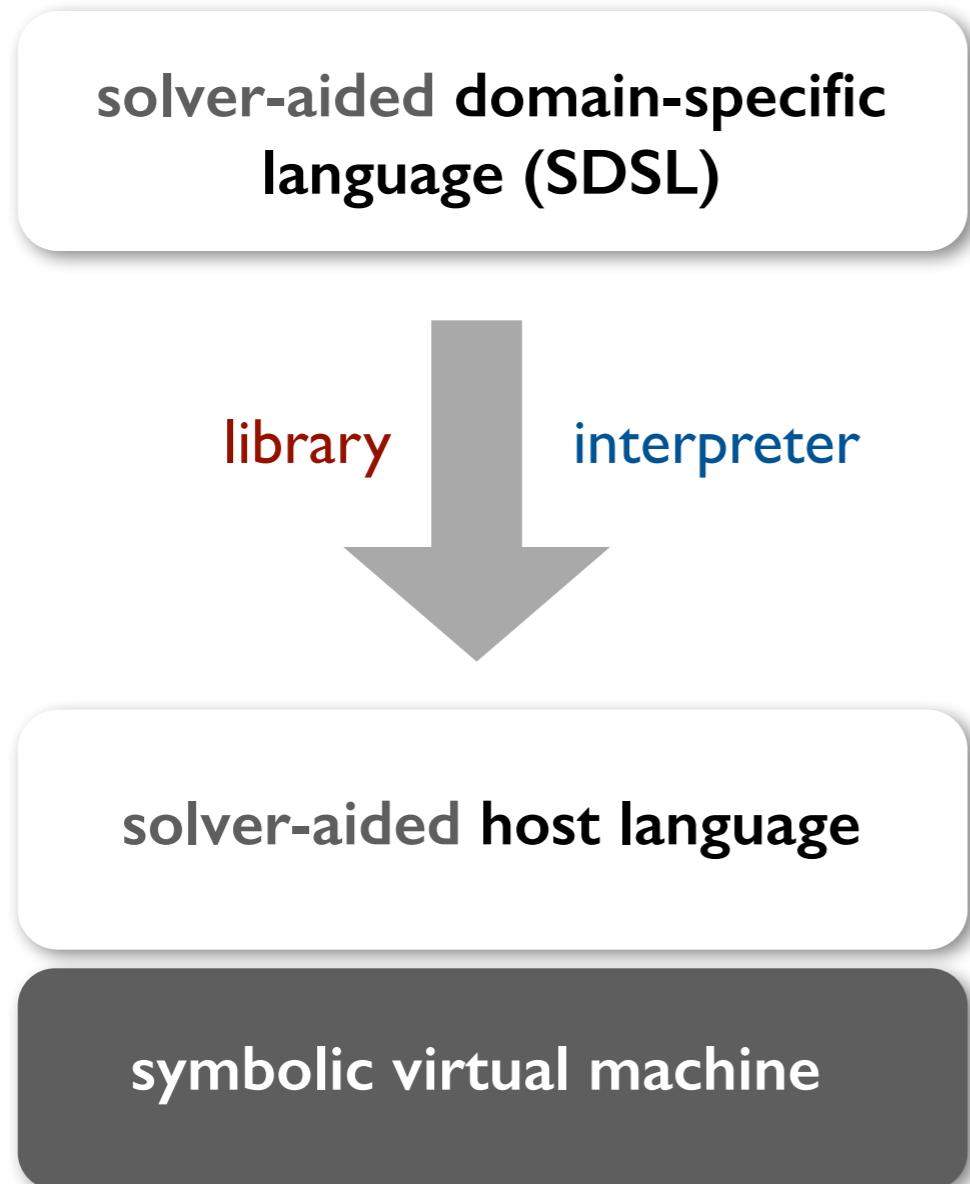
[LaTex](#), [dot](#), [dygraphs](#), [D3](#)

Scala, Racket, JavaScript

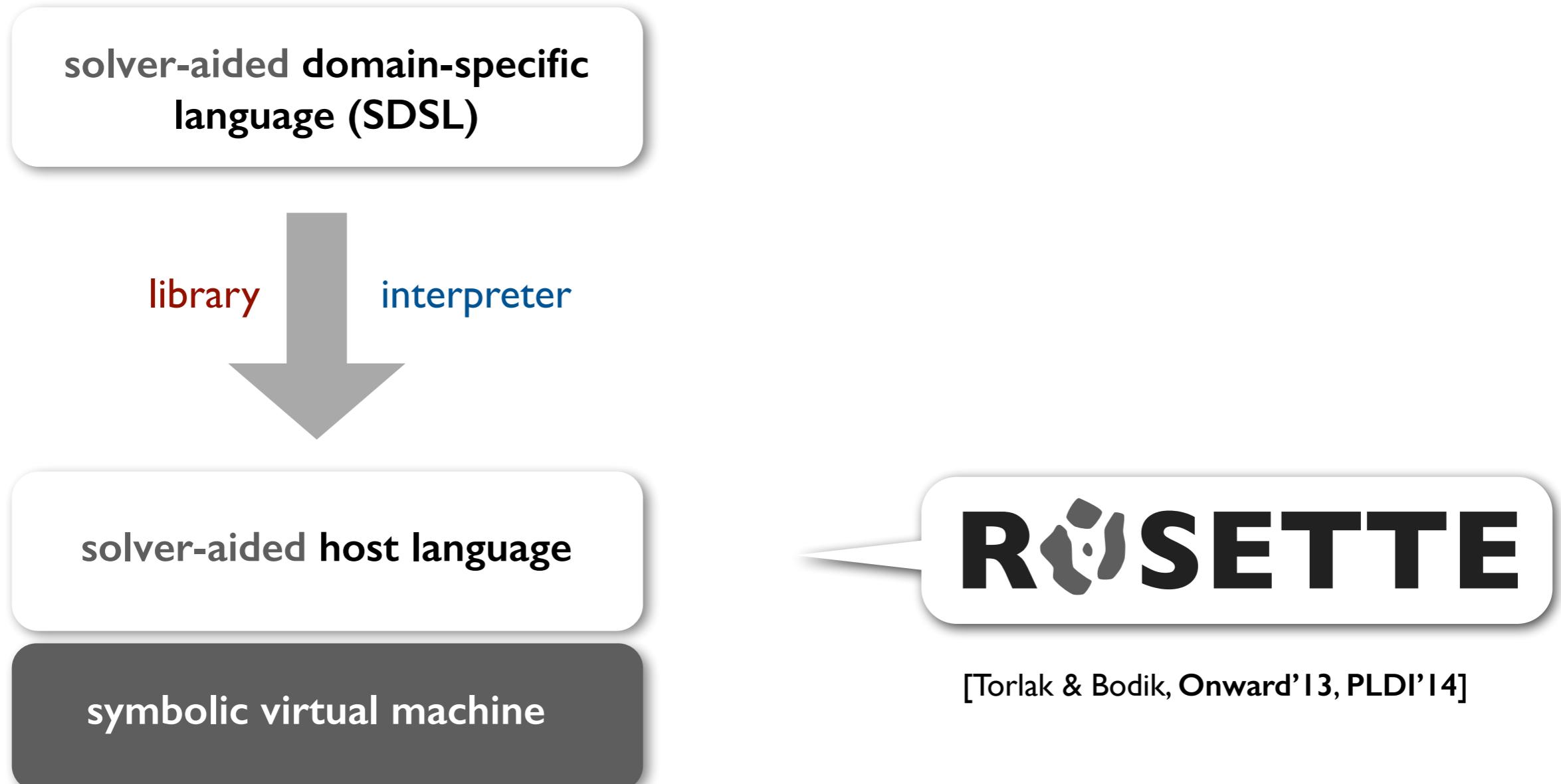
# Layers of languages



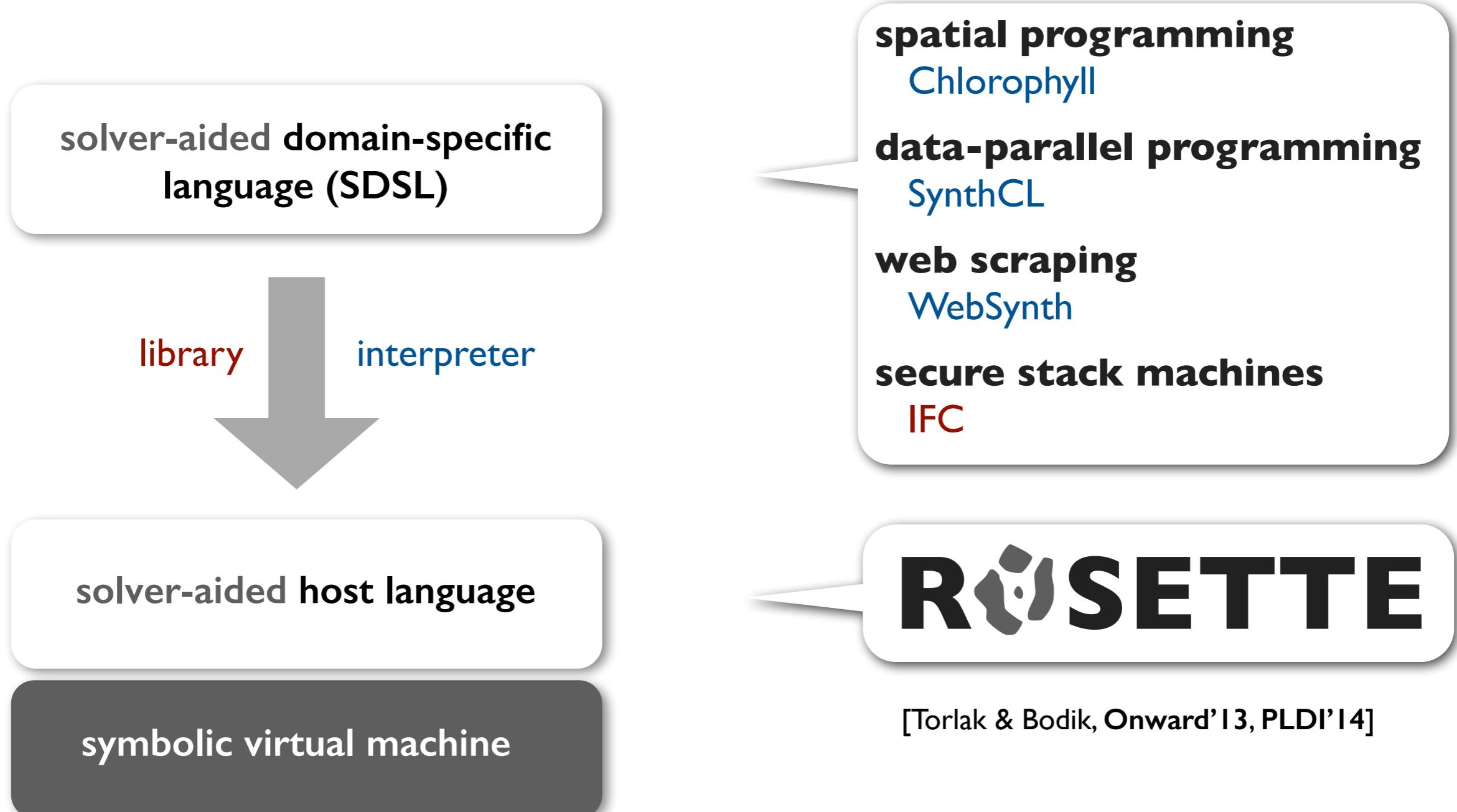
# Layers of solver-aided languages



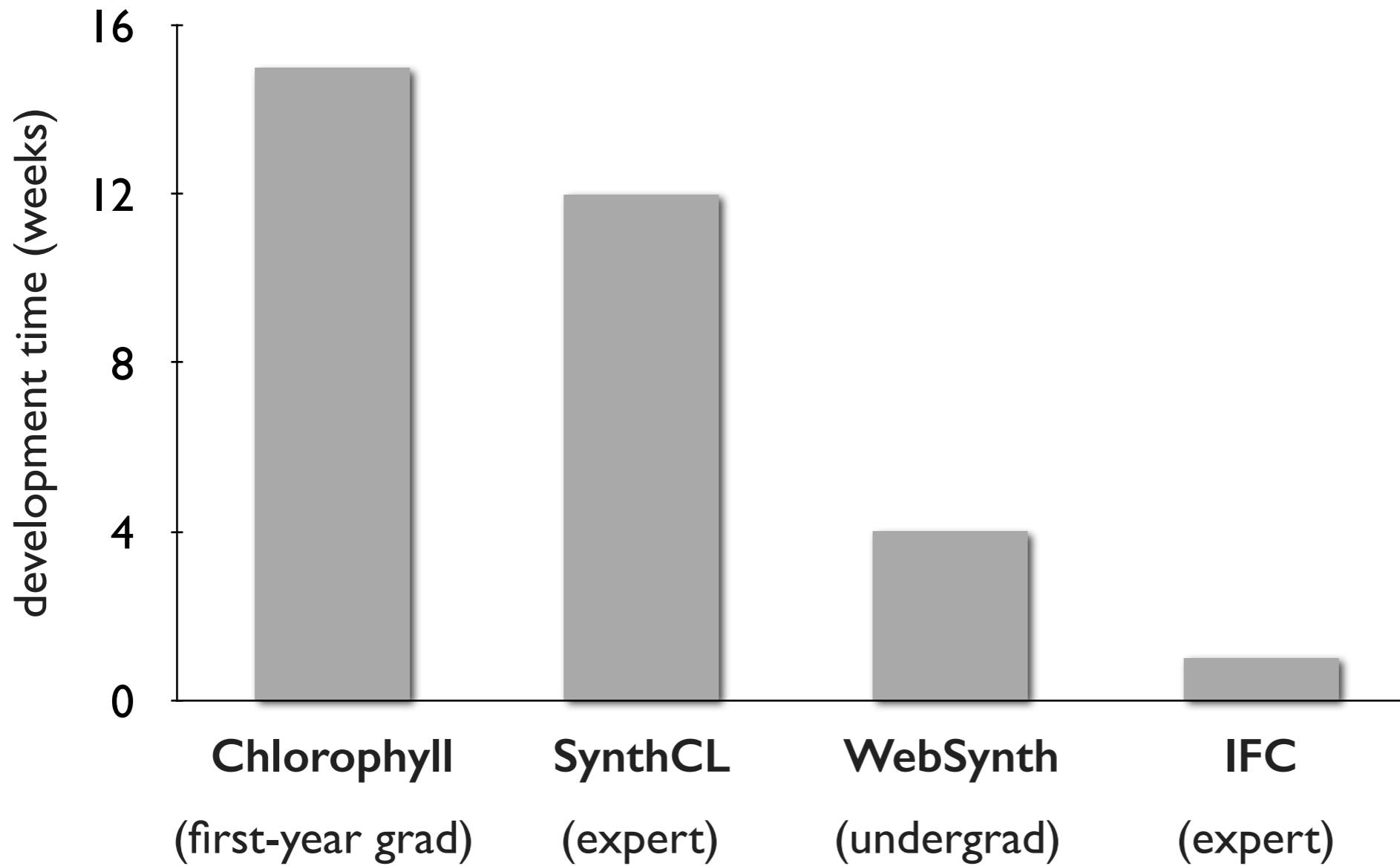
# Layers of solver-aided languages



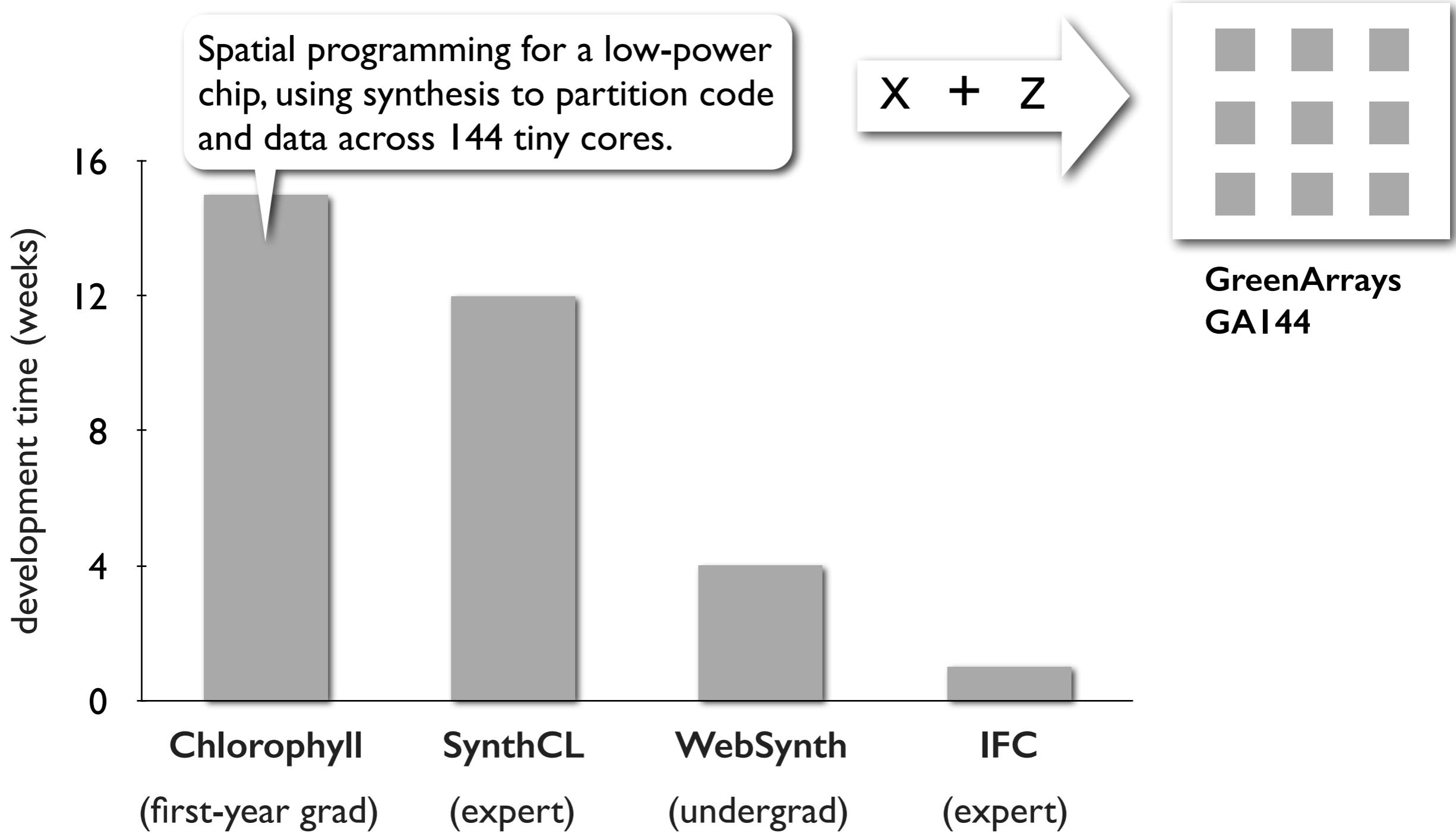
# Layers of solver-aided languages



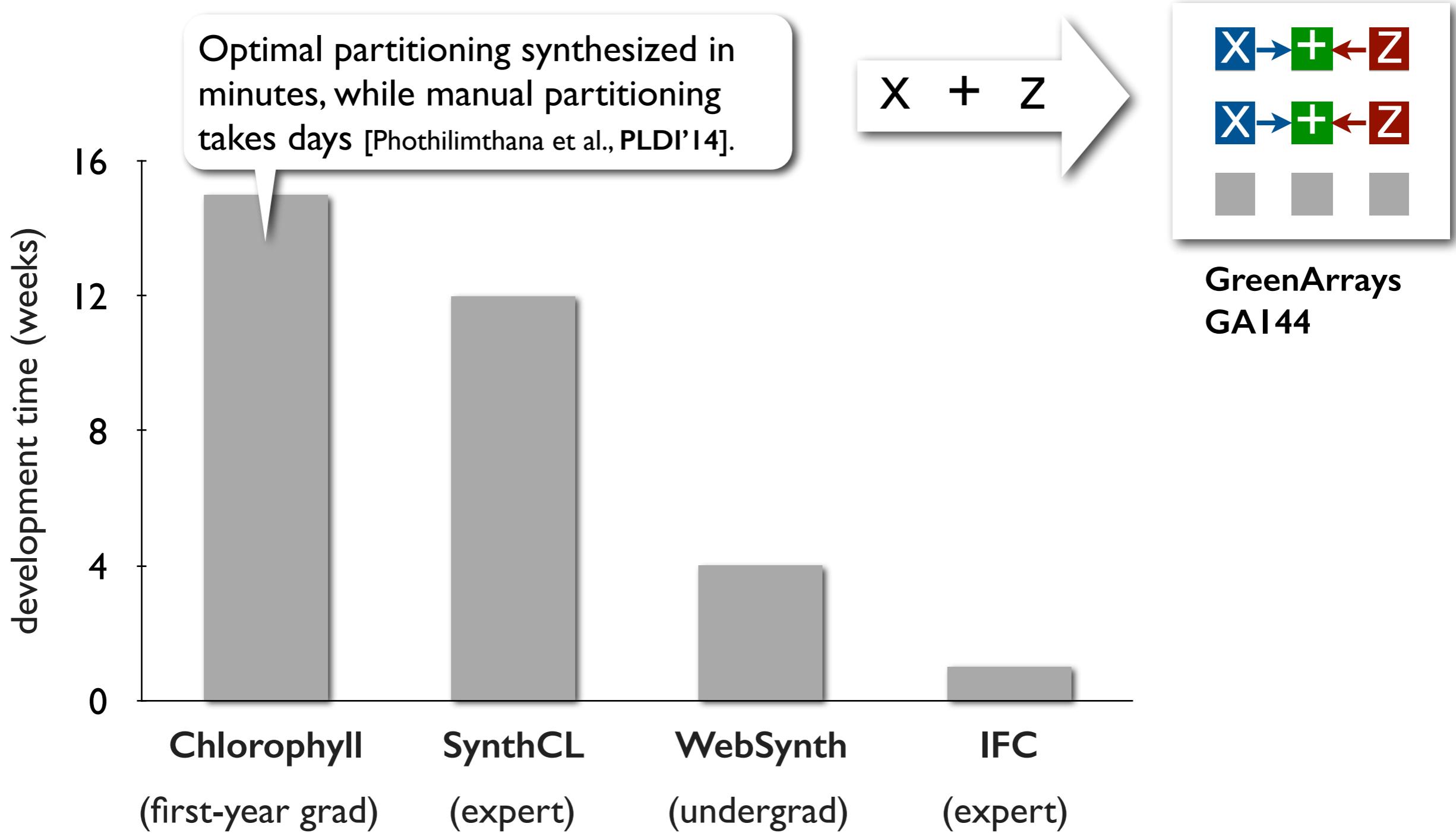
# SDSLs developed with ROSETTE



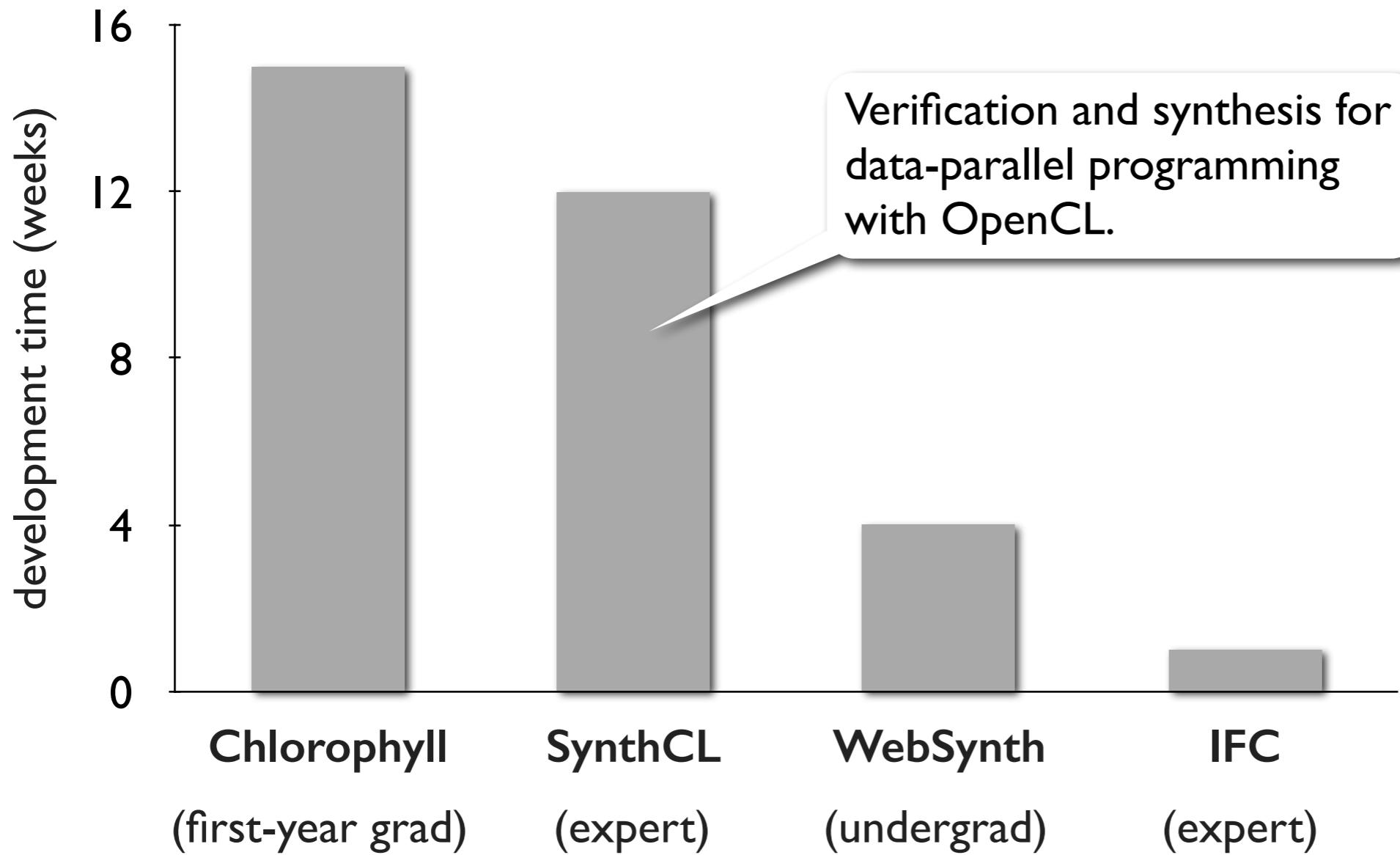
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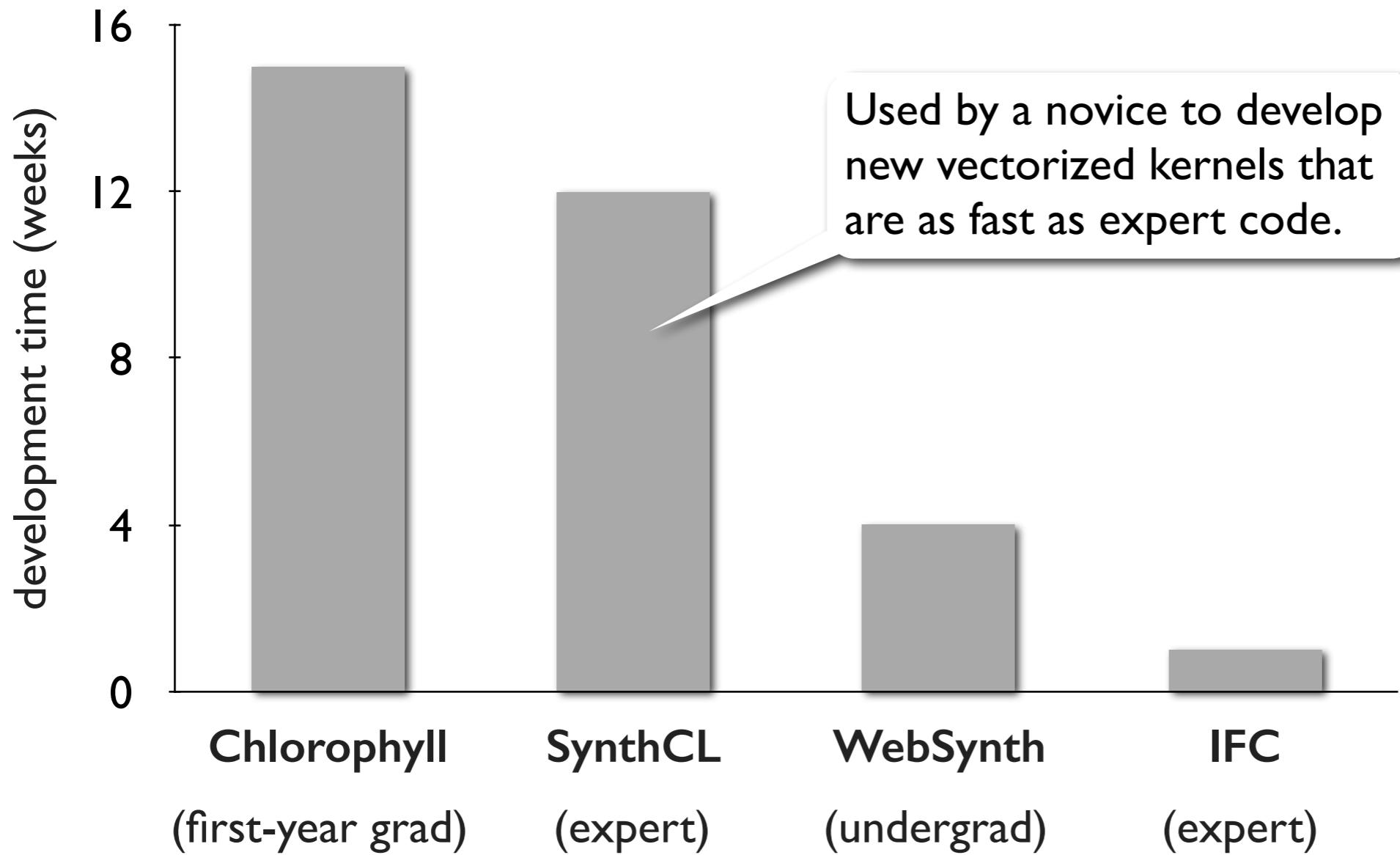
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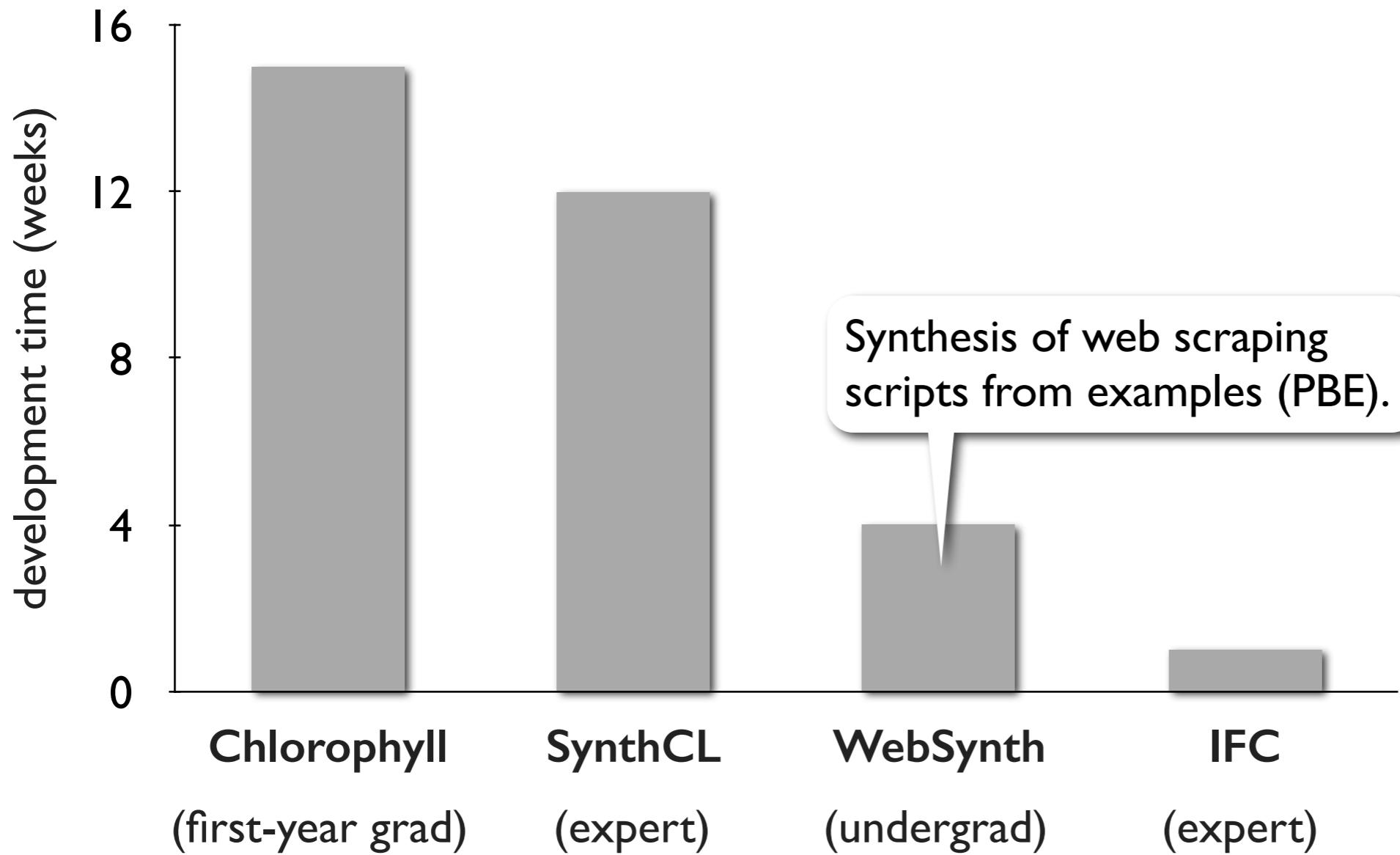
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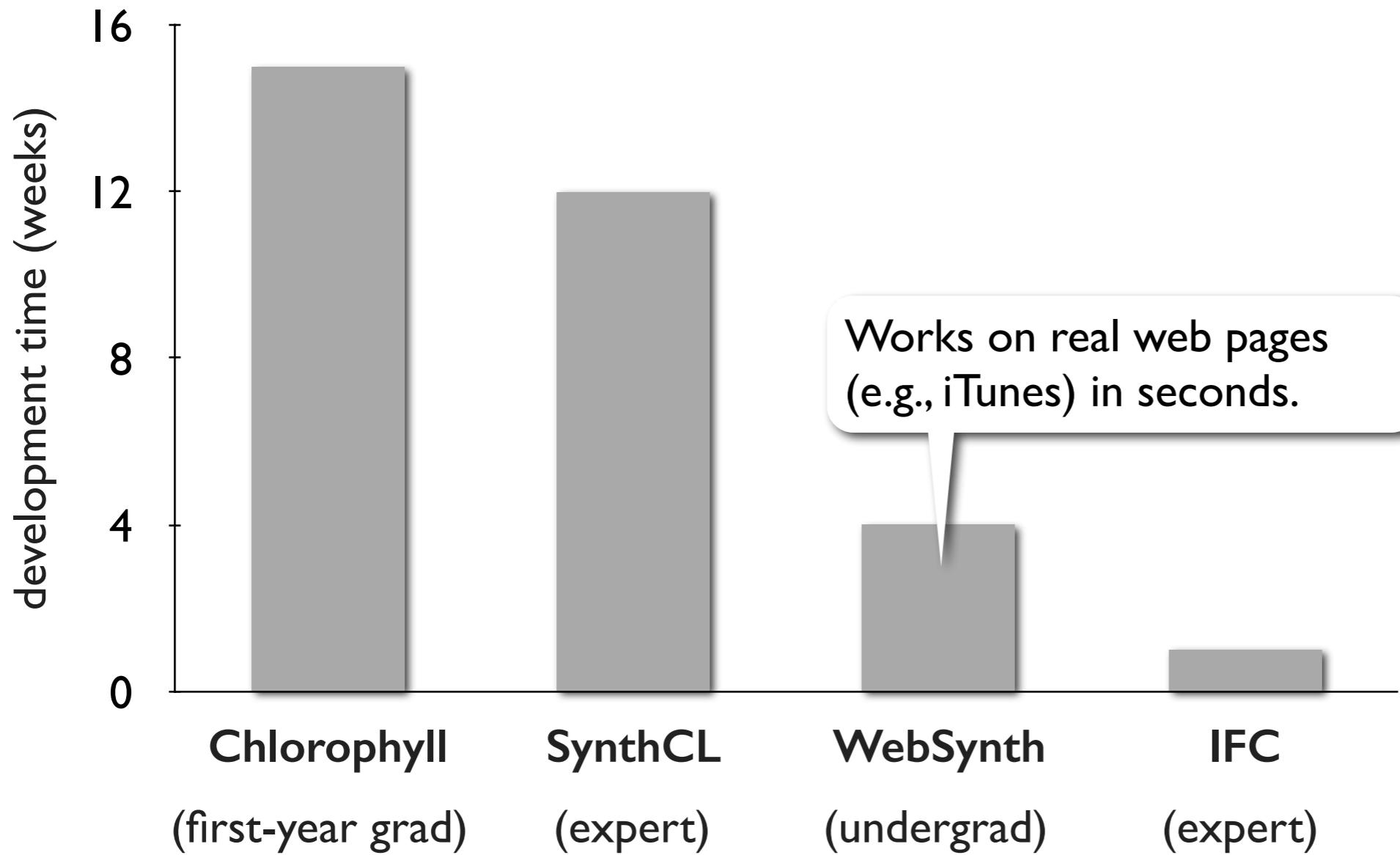
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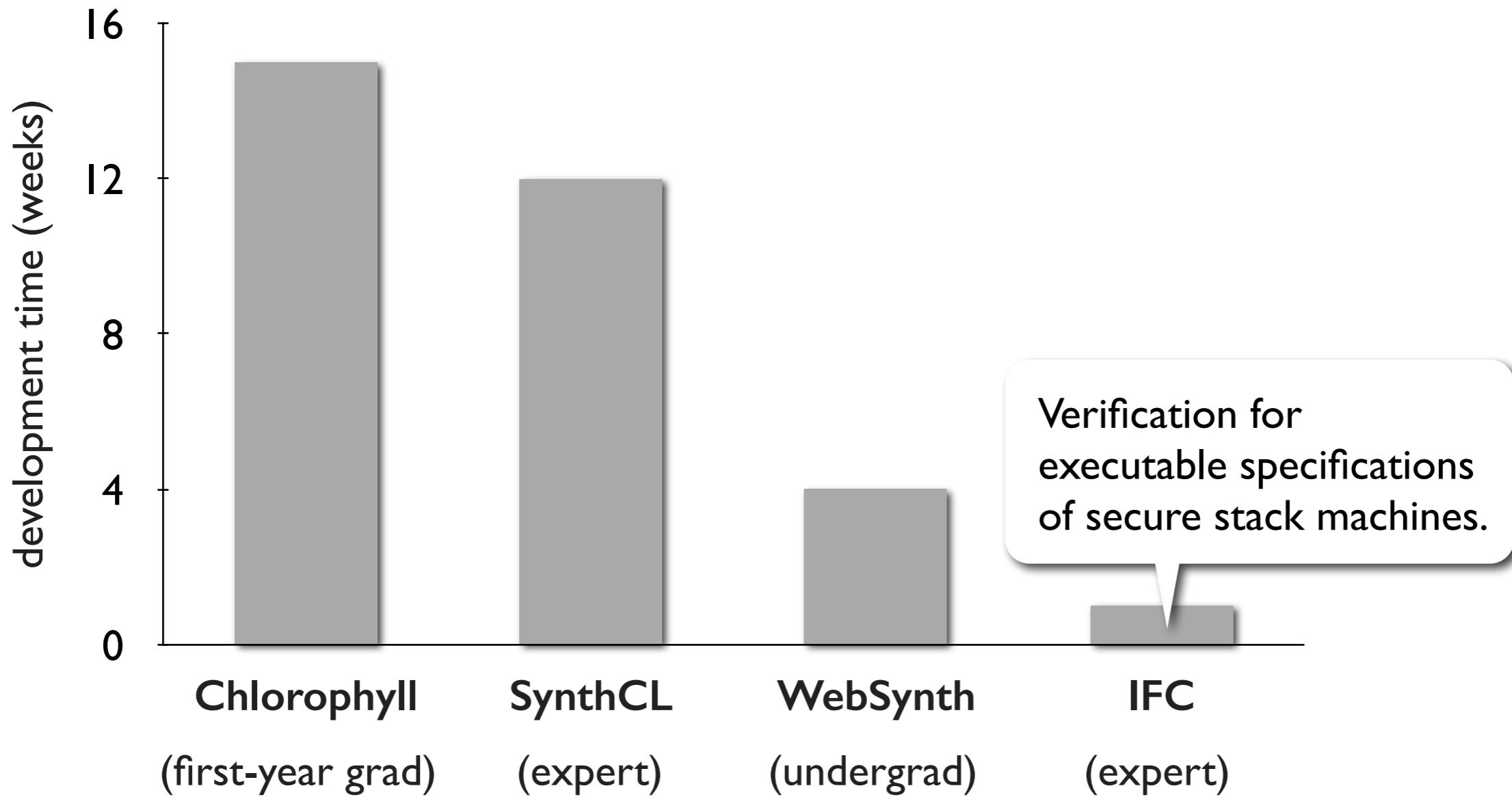
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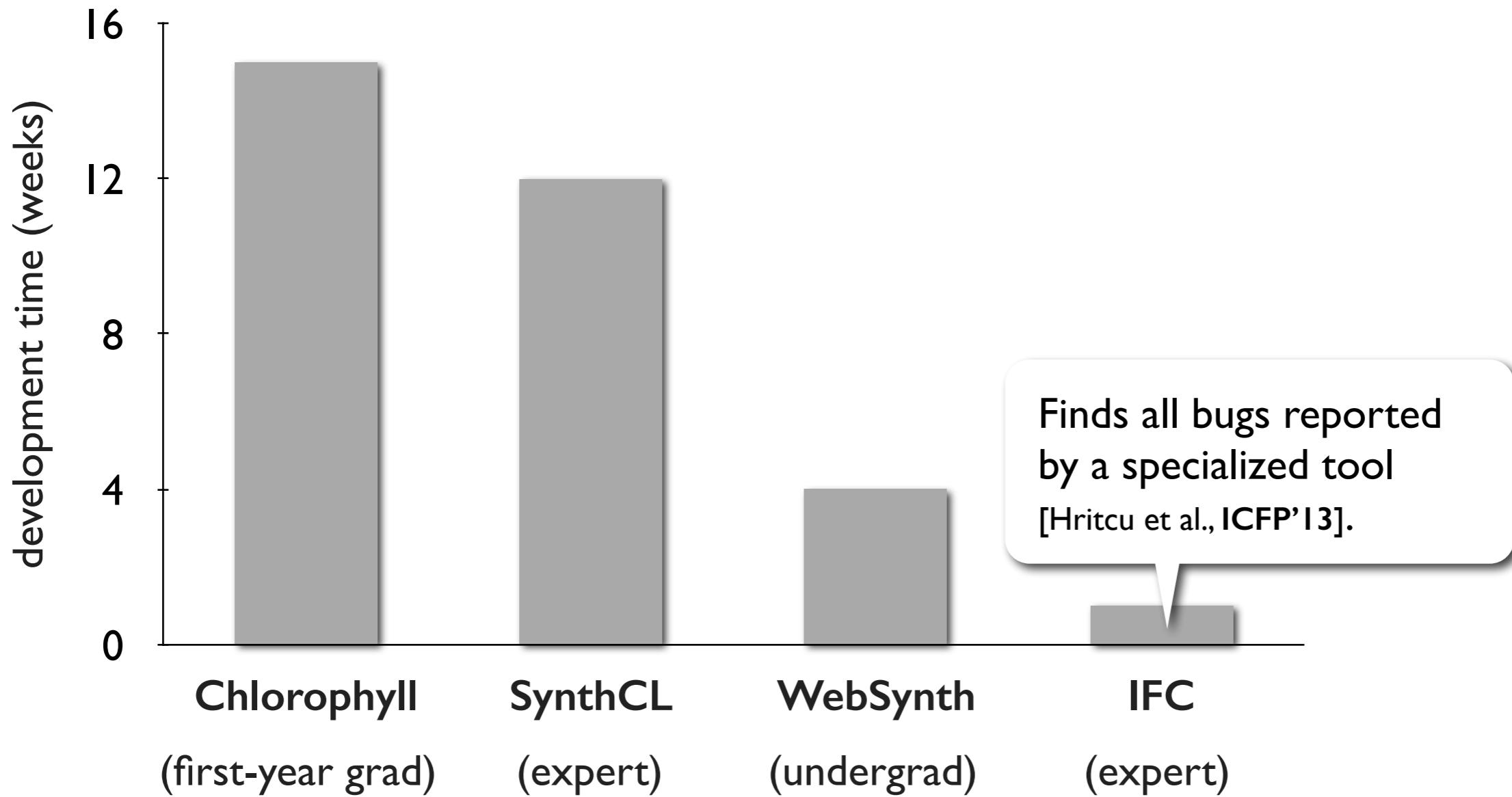
# SDSLs developed with ROSETTE



# SDSLs developed with ROSETTE



# SDSLs developed with ROSETTE



# **Anatomy of a solver-aided host language**

Modern descendent of  
Scheme with macro-based  
metaprogramming.



# **Racket**

# Anatomy of a solver-aided host language

```
(define-symbolic id type)  
(assert expr)  
(verify expr)  
(debug [expr] expr)  
(solve expr)  
(synthesize [expr] expr)
```



**ROSETTE**

# A tiny example SDSL

```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
    return r6
```

**BV**: A tiny assembly-like language for writing fast, low-level library functions.

# A tiny example SDSL

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test    debug  
verify    synth

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test    debug  
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BV: A tiny assembly-like language for writing fast, low-level library functions.

1. interpreter [10 LOC]
2. verifier [free]
3. debugger [free]
4. synthesizer [free]

# A tiny example SDSL: ROSETTE

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def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
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> bvmax(-2, -1)
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



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```
> bvmax(-2, -1)
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parse

```
(define bvmax  
  `((2 bvge 0 1)  
   (3 bvneg 2)  
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   (6 bvxor 1 5))))
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# A tiny example SDSL:



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```

(**out** **opcode** **in** ...)

# A tiny example SDSL:



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```
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interpret

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```

`(-2 -1)

```
(define (interpret prog inputs)  
  (make-registers prog inputs)  
  (for ([stmt prog])  
    (match stmt  
      [(list out opcode in ...)  
       (define op (eval opcode))  
       (define args (map load in))  
       (store out (apply op args))])  
      (load (last))))
```

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0	-2
1	-1
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

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  (make-registers prog inputs)  
  (for ([stmt prog])  
    (match stmt  
      [(list out opcode in ...)  
       (define op (eval opcode))  
       (define args (map load in))  
       (store out (apply op args))])  
      (load (last))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
  
    return r6
```

```
> bvmax(-2, -1)
```

interpret

```
(define bvmax  
  `((2 bvge 0 1)  
   (3 bvneg 2)  
   (4 bvxor 0 2)  
   (5 bvand 3 4)  
   (6 bvxor 1 5)))
```

0	-2
1	-1
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

```
(define (interpret prog inputs)  
  (make-registers prog inputs)  
  (for ([stmt prog])  
    (match stmt  
      [(list out opcode in ...)  
       (define op (eval opcode))  
       (define args (map load in))  
       (store out (apply op args))])  
      (load (last))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
  
    return r6
```

```
> bvmax(-2, -1)
```

interpret

```
(define bvmax  
  `((2 bvge 0 1)  
   (3 bvneg 2)  
   (4 bvxor 0 2)  
   (5 bvand 3 4)  
   (6 bvxor 1 5)))
```

0	-2
1	-1
2	0
3	
4	
5	
6	

```
(define (interpret prog inputs)  
  (make-registers prog inputs)  
  (for ([stmt prog])  
    (match stmt  
      [(list out opcode in ...)  
       (define op (eval opcode))  
       (define args (map load in))  
       (store out (apply op args))])  
      (load (last))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
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    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
  
    return r6
```

```
> bvmax(-2, -1)
```

interpret

```
(define bvmax  
  `((2 bvge 0 1)  
   (3 bvneg 2)  
   (4 bvxor 0 2)  
   (5 bvand 3 4)  
   (6 bvxor 1 5))))
```

0	-2
1	-1
2	0
3	0
4	-2
5	0
6	-1

```
(define (interpret prog inputs)  
  (make-registers prog inputs)  
  (for ([stmt prog])  
    (match stmt  
      [(list out opcode in ...)  
       (define op (eval opcode))  
       (define args (map load in))  
       (store out (apply op args))])  
      (load (last))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
  
    return r6
```

```
> bvmax(-2, -1)  
-1
```

interpret

```
(define bvmax  
  `((2 bvge 0 1)  
   (3 bvneg 2)  
   (4 bvxor 0 2)  
   (5 bvand 3 4)  
   (6 bvxor 1 5))))
```

0	-2
1	-1
2	0
3	0
4	-2
5	0
6	-1

```
(define (interpret prog inputs)  
  (make-registers prog inputs)  
  (for ([stmt prog])  
    (match stmt  
      [(list out opcode in ...)  
       (define op (eval opcode))  
       (define args (map load in))  
       (store out (apply op args))])  
      (load (last))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
return r6
```

```
> bvmax(-2, -1)  
-1
```

```
(define bvmax  
  `((2 bvge 0 1)  
     (3 bvneg 2)  
     (4 bvxor 0 2)  
     (5 bvand 3 4)  
     (6 bvxor 1 5)))
```

- pattern matching
- dynamic evaluation
- first-class & higher-order procedures
- side effects

```
(define (interpret prog inputs)  
  (make-registers prog inputs)  
  (for ([stmt prog])  
   (match stmt  
     [(list out opcode in ...)  
      (define op (eval opcode))  
      (define args (map load in))  
      (store out (apply op args))])  
    (load (last))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
    return r6  
  
> verify(bvmax, max)
```

query

```
(define-symbolic n0 n1 number?)  
(define inputs (list n0 n1))  
(verify  
  (assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
            (interpret max inputs))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
    return r6  
  
> verify(bvmax, max)
```

query

Creates two fresh symbolic constants of type number and binds them to variables n0 and n1.

```
(define-symbolic n0 n1 number?)  
(define inputs (list n0 n1))  
(verify  
  (assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
            (interpret max inputs))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
    return r6  
  
> verify(bvmax, max)
```

query

Symbolic values can be used just like concrete values of the same type.

```
(define-symbolic n0 n1 number?)  
(define inputs (list n0 n1))  
(verify  
  (assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
            (interpret max inputs))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
    return r6
```

```
> verify(bvmax, max)  
(0, -2)
```

query

```
(define-symbolic n0 n1 number?)  
(define inputs (list n0 n1))  
(verify  
  (assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
            (interpret max inputs))))
```

(**verify** *expr*) searches for a concrete interpretation of symbolic constants that causes *expr* to fail.

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
    return r6
```

```
> verify(bvmax, max)
```

```
(0, -2)
```

```
> bvmax(0, -2)
```

```
-1
```

query

```
(define-symbolic n0 n1 number?)  
(define inputs (list n0 n1))  
(verify  
  (assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
            (interpret max inputs))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
    return r6
```

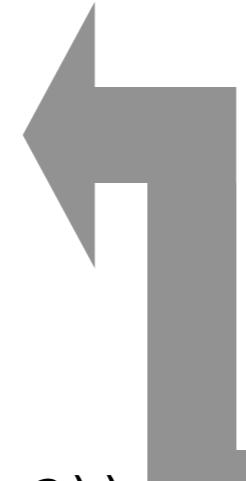
```
> debug(bvmax, max, (0, -2))
```

query

```
(define inputs (list 0 -2))  
(debug [input-register?])  
(assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
          (interpret max inputs))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL: ROSETTE

```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r2)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
    return r6  
  
> debug(bvmax, max, (0, -2))
```



query

```
(define inputs (list 0 -2))  
(debug [input-register?])  
(assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
          (interpret max inputs))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(??, ??)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, ??)  
    r6 = bvxor(??, ??)  
return r6  
  
> synthesize(bvmax, max)
```

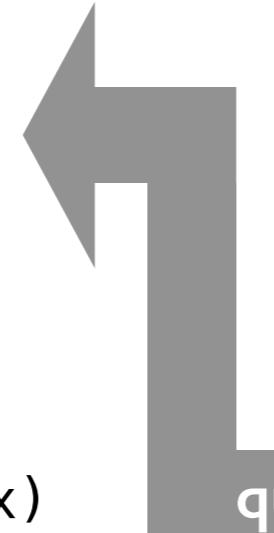
query

```
(define-symbolic n0 n1 number?)  
(define inputs (list n0 n1))  
(synthesize [inputs]  
  (assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
            (interpret max inputs))))
```

# A tiny example SDSL:



```
def bvmax(r0, r1) :  
    r2 = bvge(r0, r1)  
    r3 = bvneg(r2)  
    r4 = bvxor(r0, r1)  
    r5 = bvand(r3, r4)  
    r6 = bvxor(r1, r5)  
return r6  
  
> synthesize(bvmax, max)
```



query

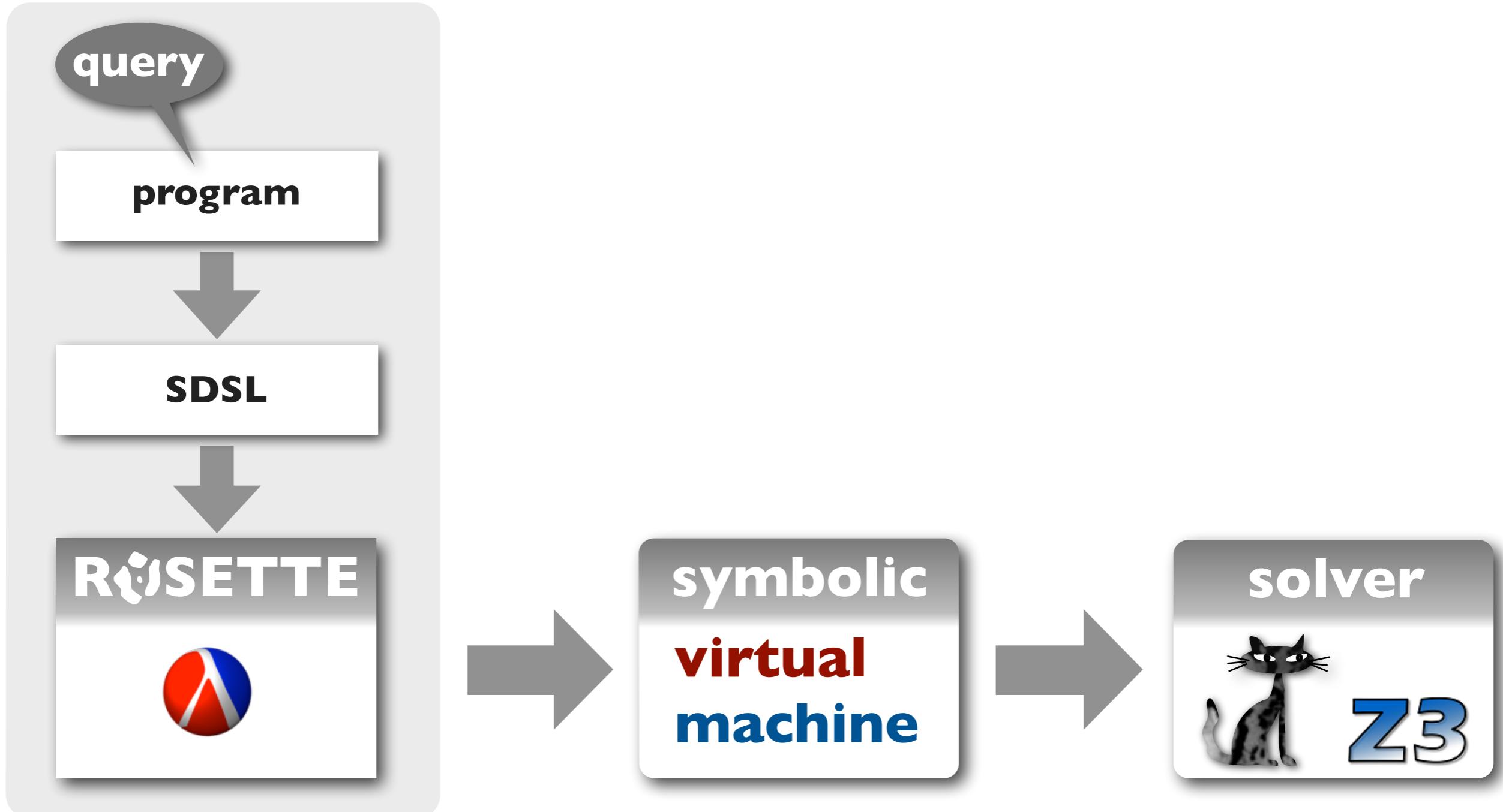
```
(define-symbolic n0 n1 number?)  
(define inputs (list n0 n1))  
(synthesize [inputs]  
  (assert (= (interpret bvmax inputs)  
            (interpret max inputs))))
```



**symbolic virtual machine (SVM)**



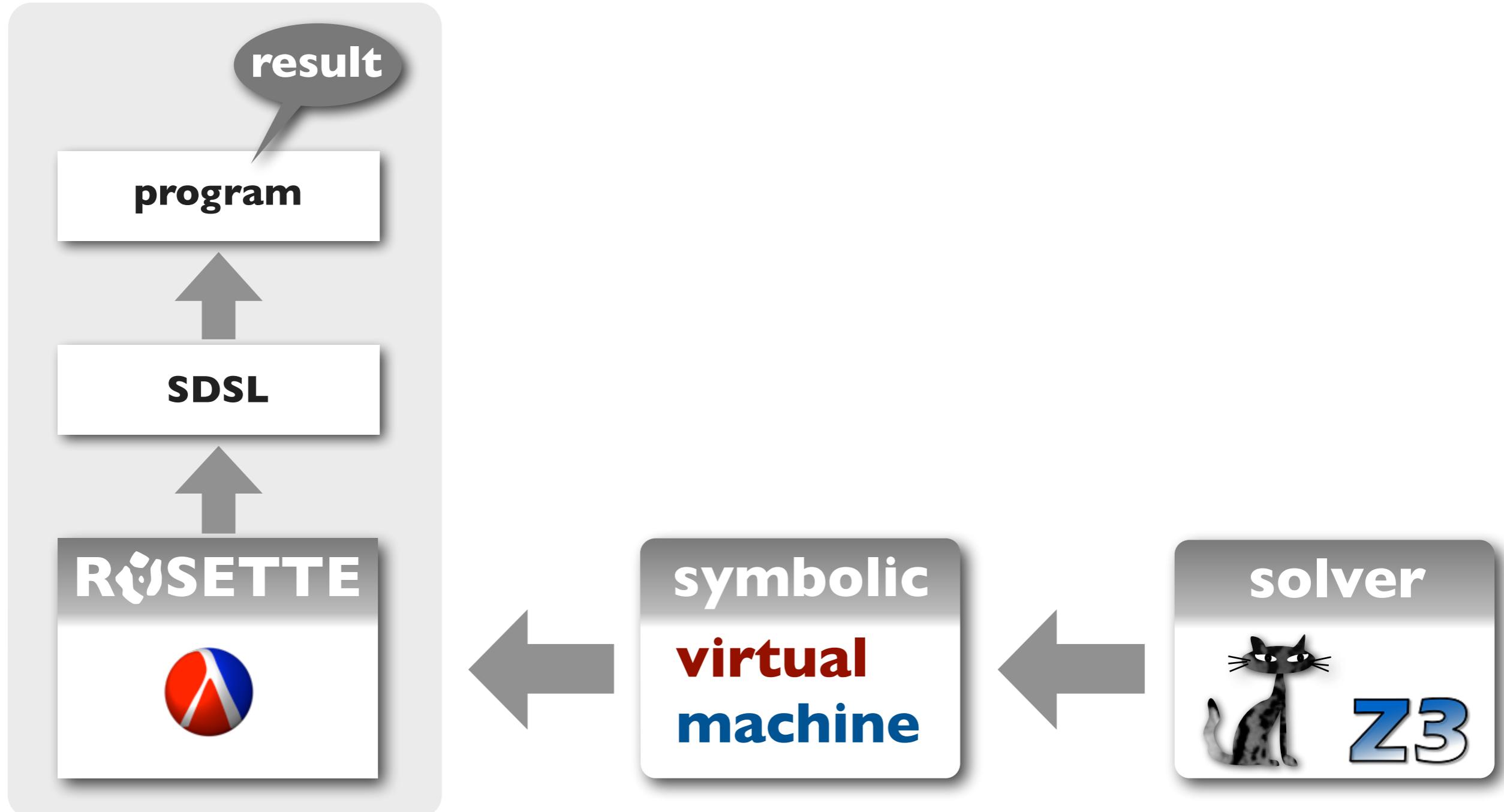
# How it all works: a big picture view



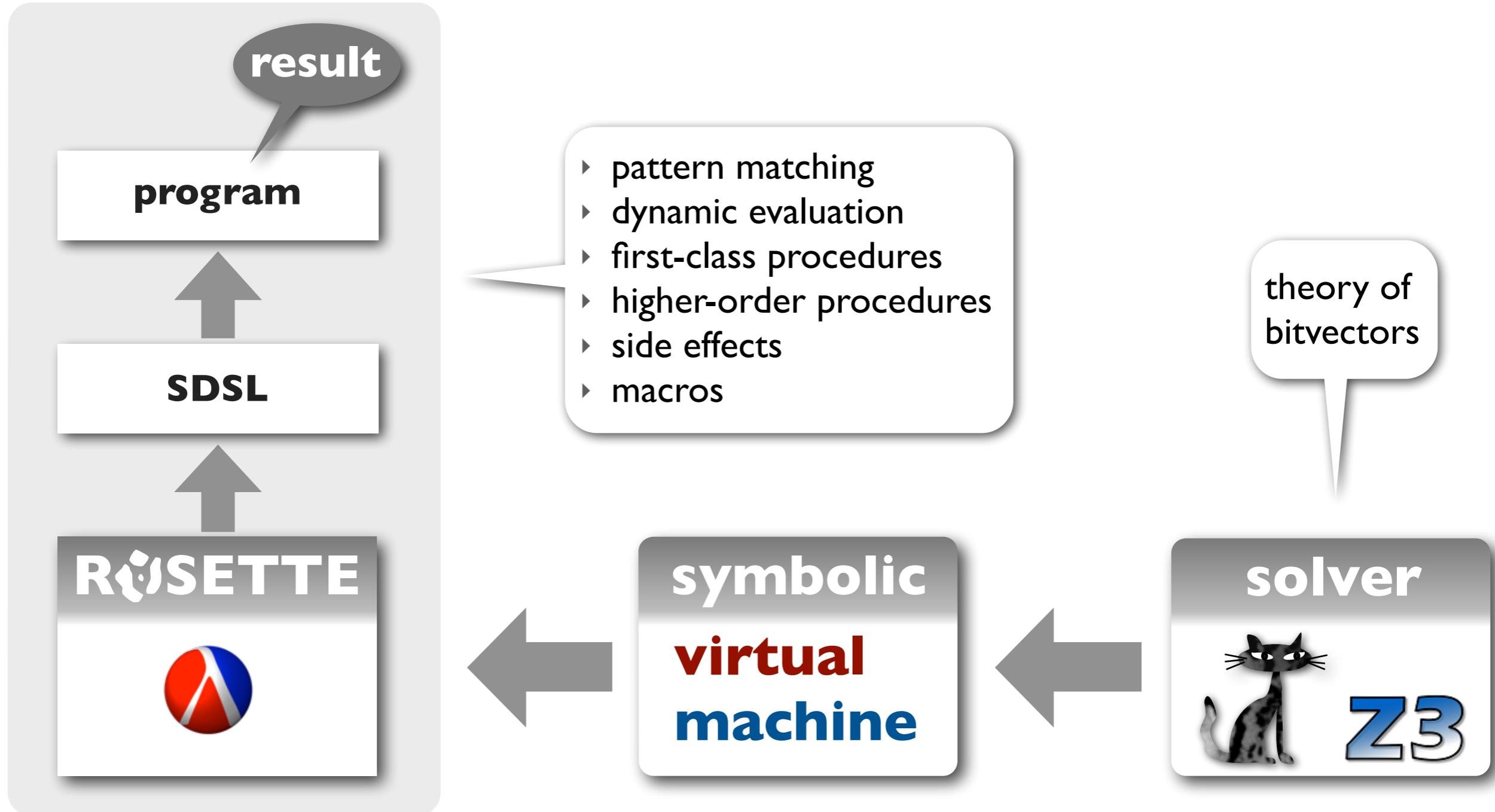
[Torlak & Bodik,  
Onward'13]

[Torlak & Bodik, PLDI'14]

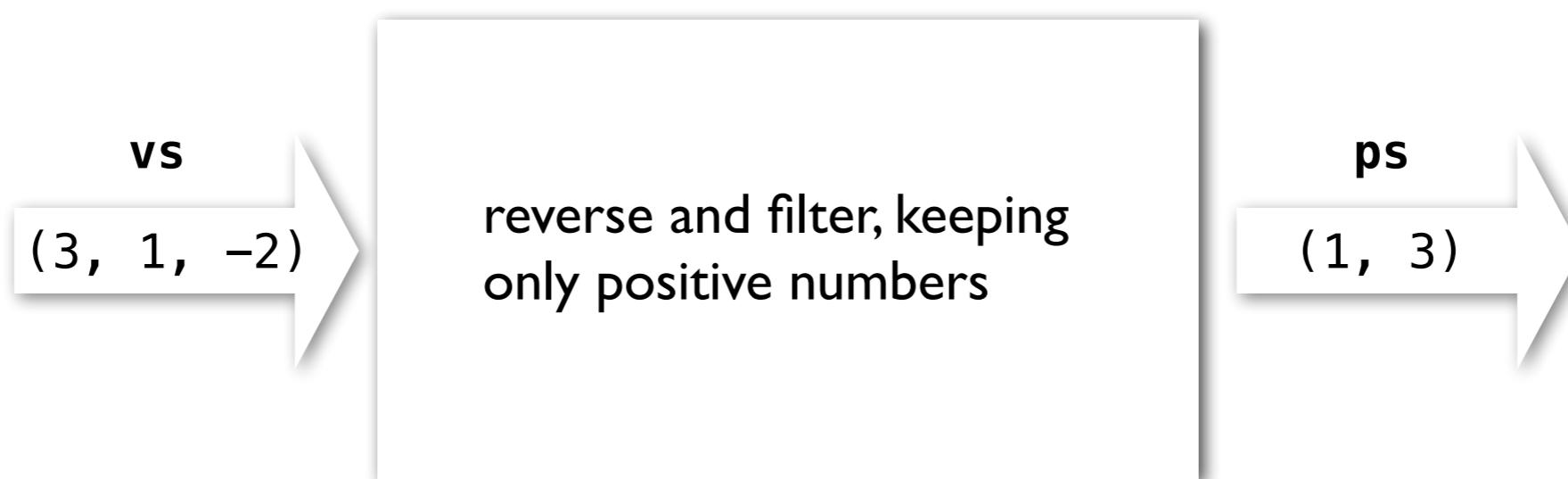
# How it all works: a big picture view



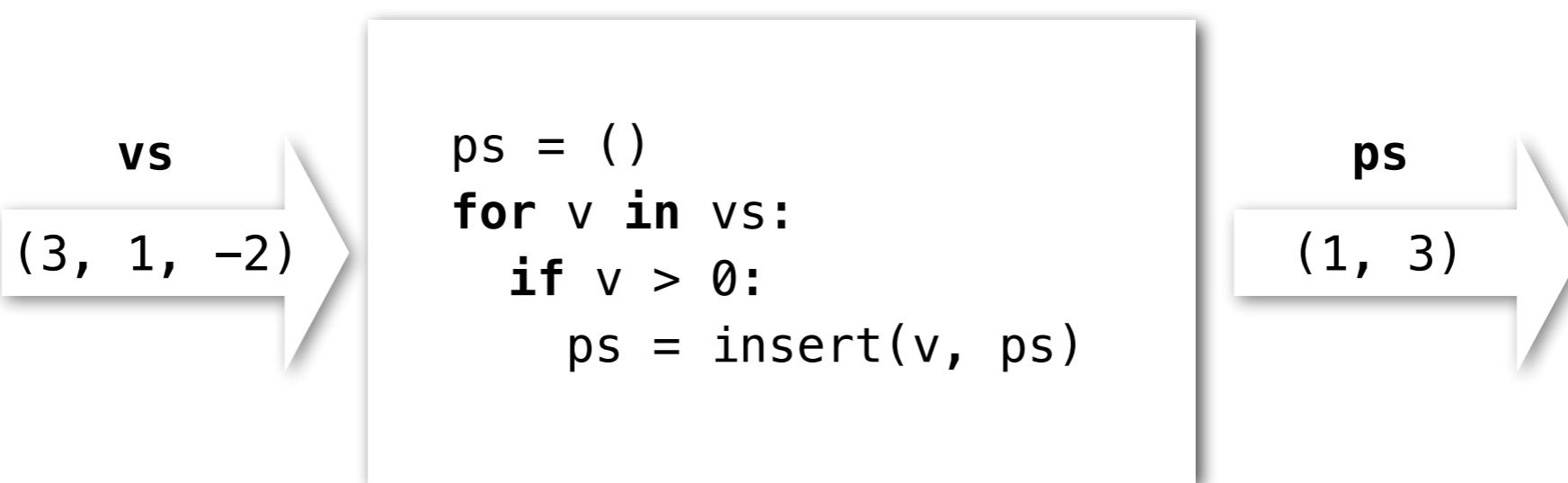
# How it all works: a big picture view



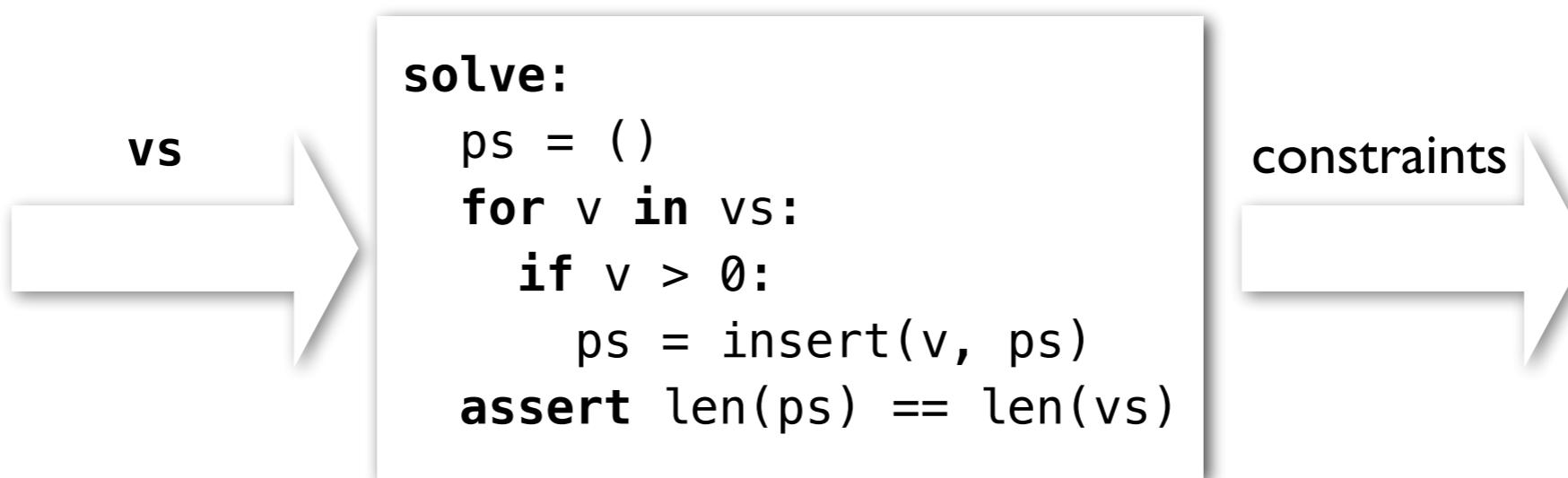
# Translation to constraints by example



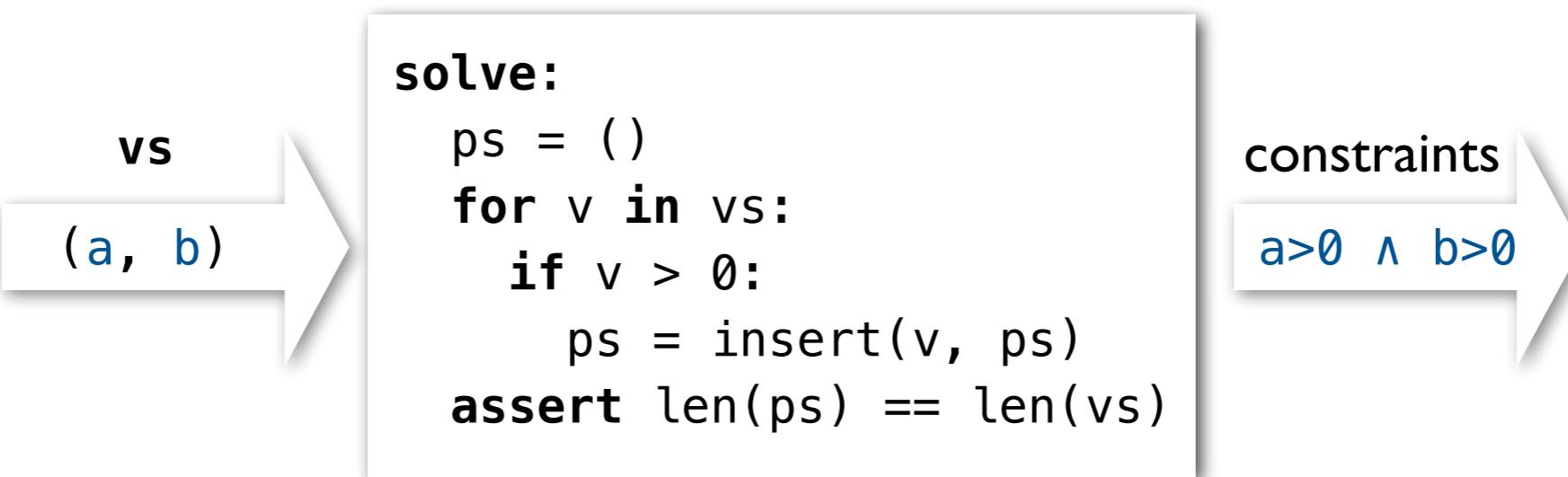
# Translation to constraints by example



# Translation to constraints by example



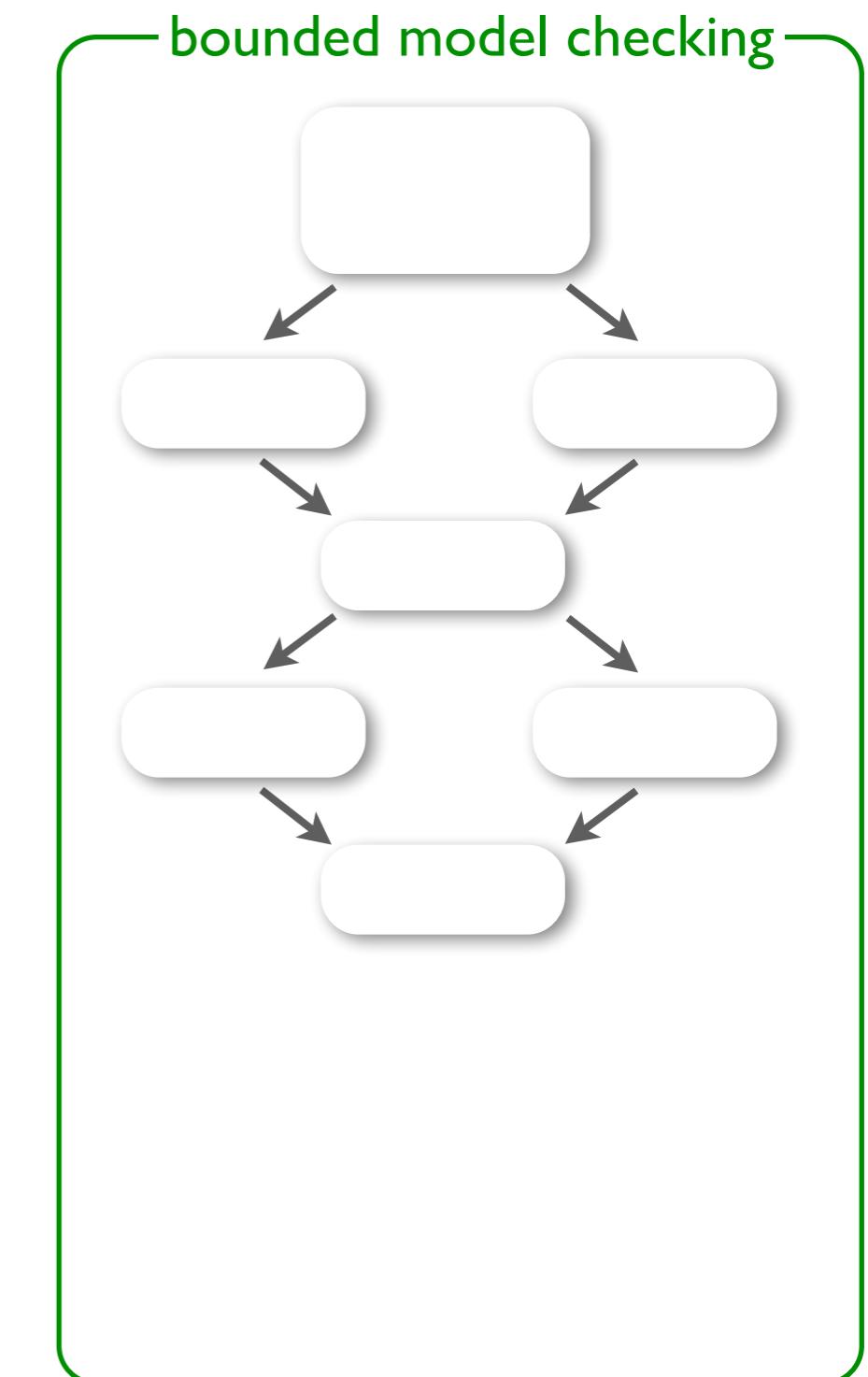
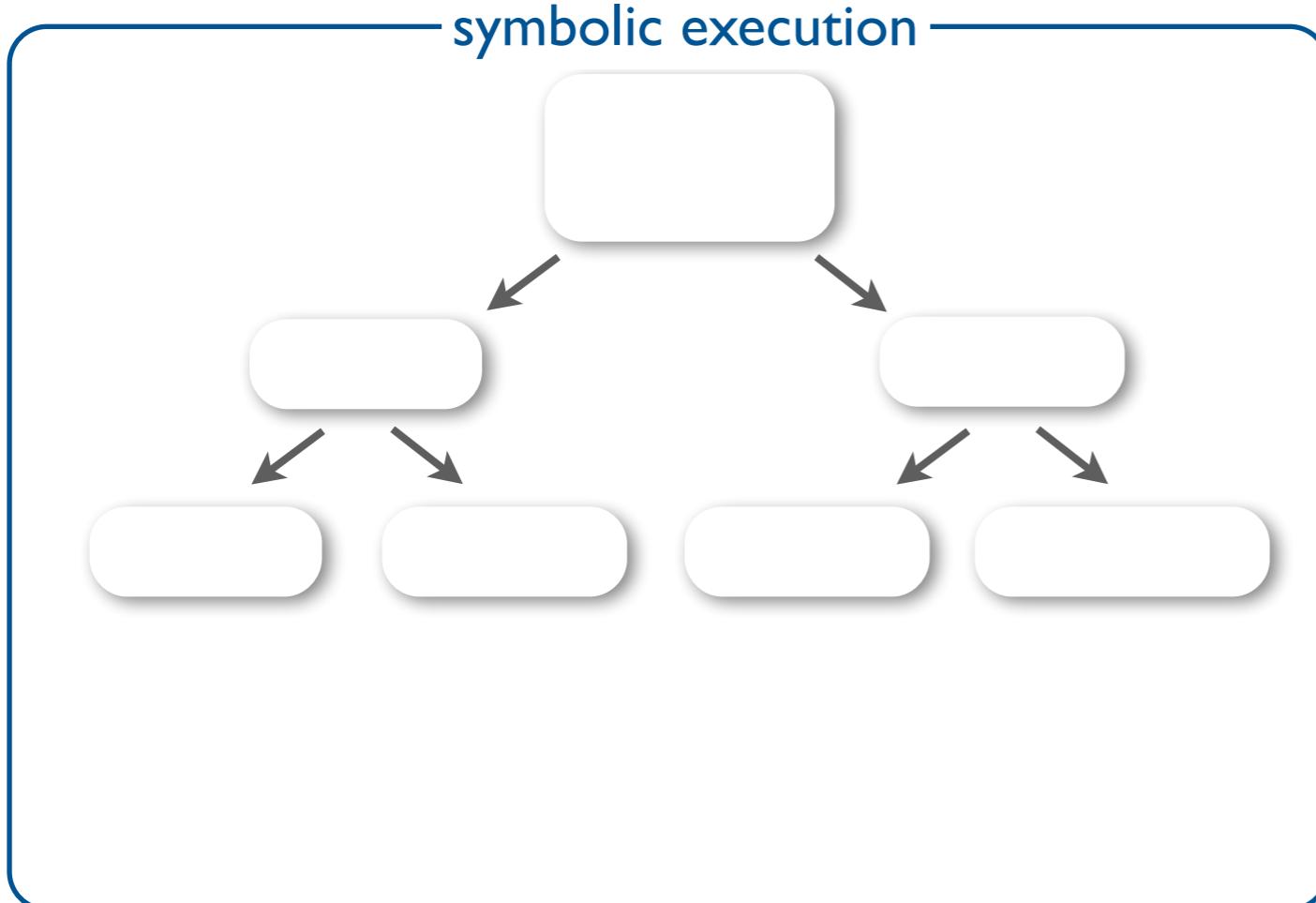
# Translation to constraints by example



# Design space of precise symbolic encodings

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```



# Design space of precise symbolic encodings

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

symbolic execution

$vs \mapsto (a, b)$   
 $ps \mapsto ()$

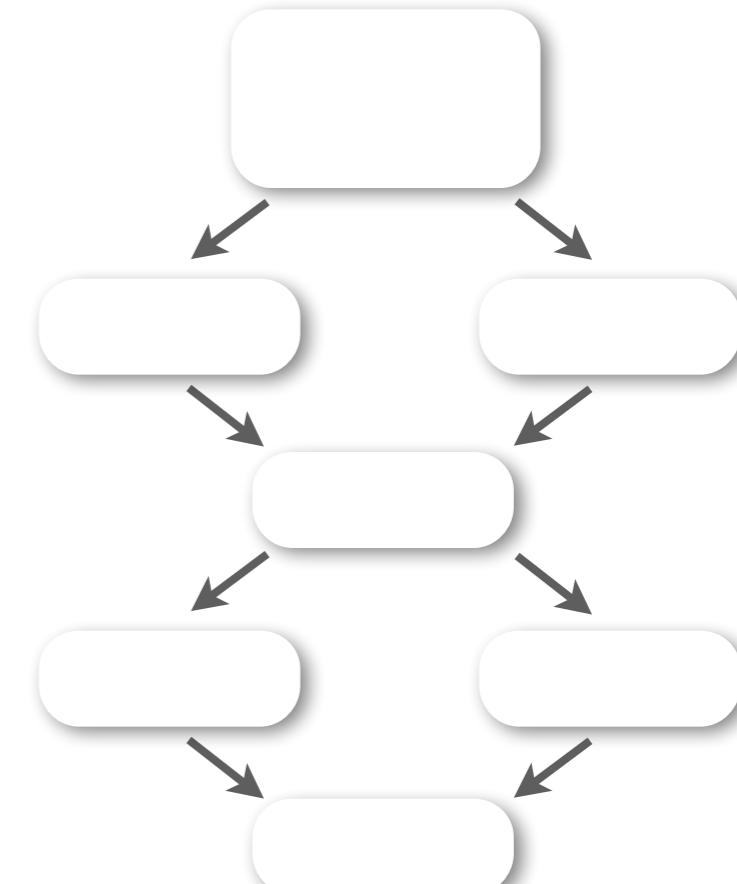
$a > 0$

$ps \mapsto (a)$

$b \leq 0$

$\begin{cases} a > 0 \\ b \leq 0 \\ \text{false} \end{cases}$

bounded model checking



# Design space of precise symbolic encodings

solve:

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

symbolic execution

$vs \mapsto (a, b)$   
 $ps \mapsto ()$

$a \leq 0$   
 $ps \mapsto ()$

$a > 0$   
 $ps \mapsto (a)$

$b \leq 0$   
 $ps \mapsto ()$

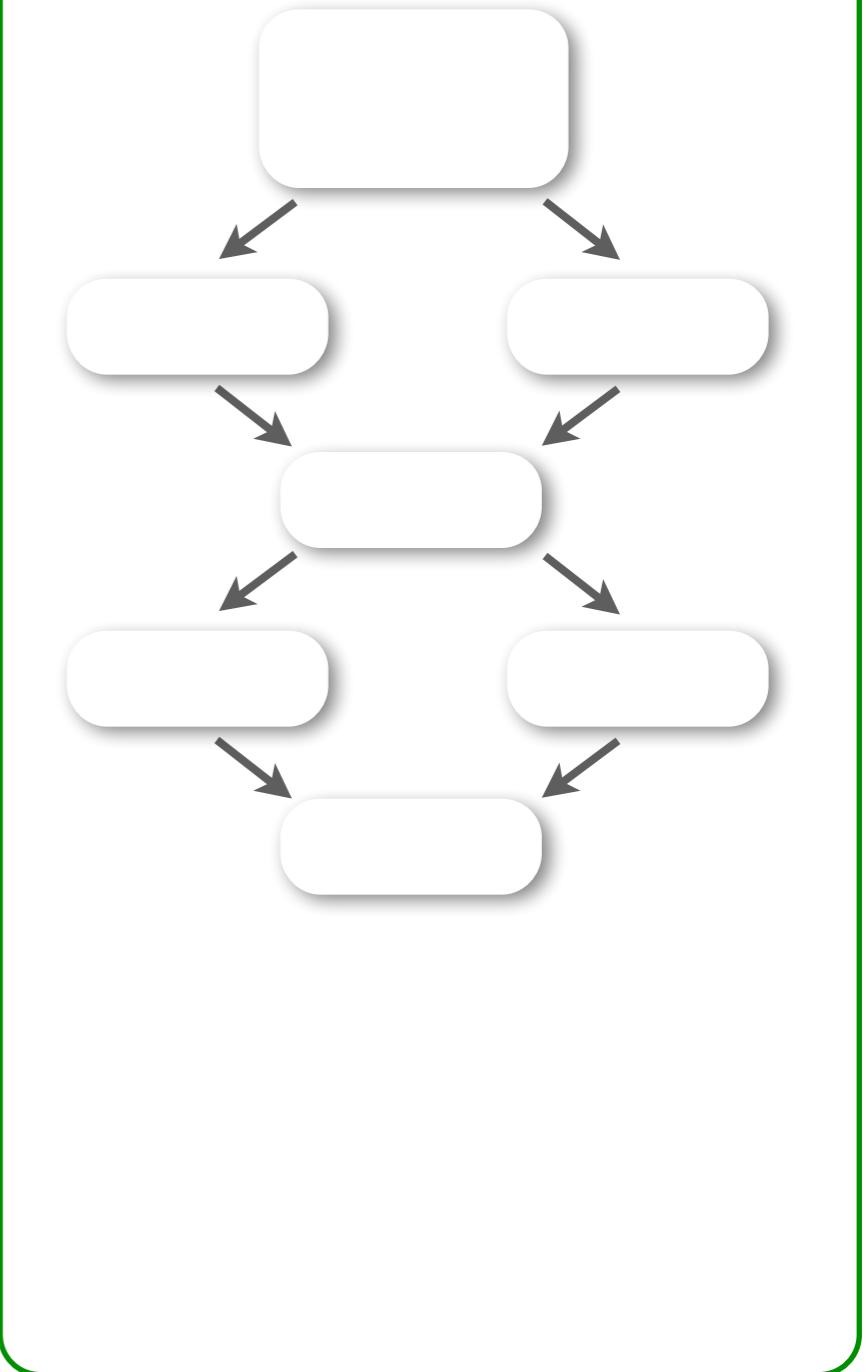
$b > 0$   
 $ps \mapsto (b)$

$b \leq 0$   
 $ps \mapsto (a)$

$b > 0$   
 $ps \mapsto (b, a)$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a \leq 0 \\ b \leq 0 \\ \text{false} \end{array} \right\} \vee \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a \leq 0 \\ b > 0 \\ \text{false} \end{array} \right\} \vee \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a > 0 \\ b \leq 0 \\ \text{false} \end{array} \right\} \vee \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a > 0 \\ b > 0 \\ \text{true} \end{array} \right\}$$

bounded model checking

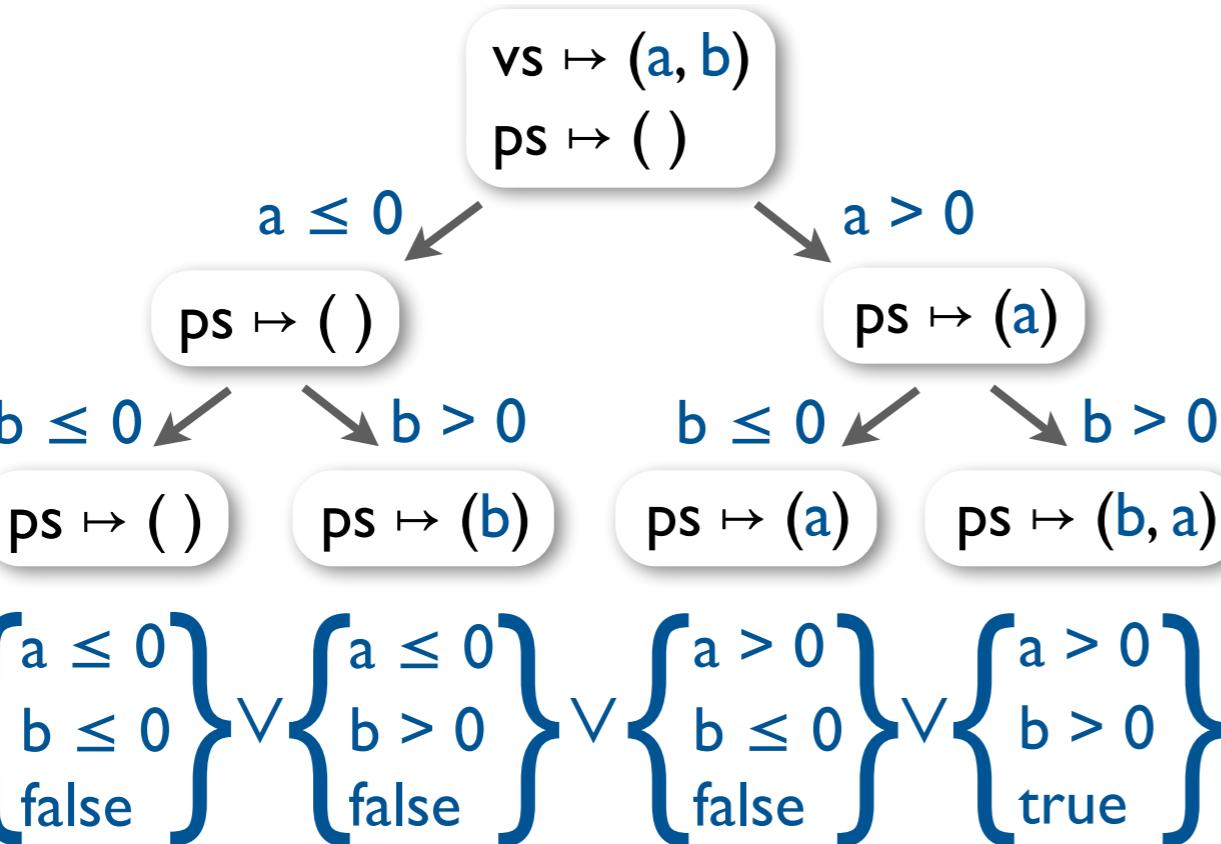


# Design space of precise symbolic encodings

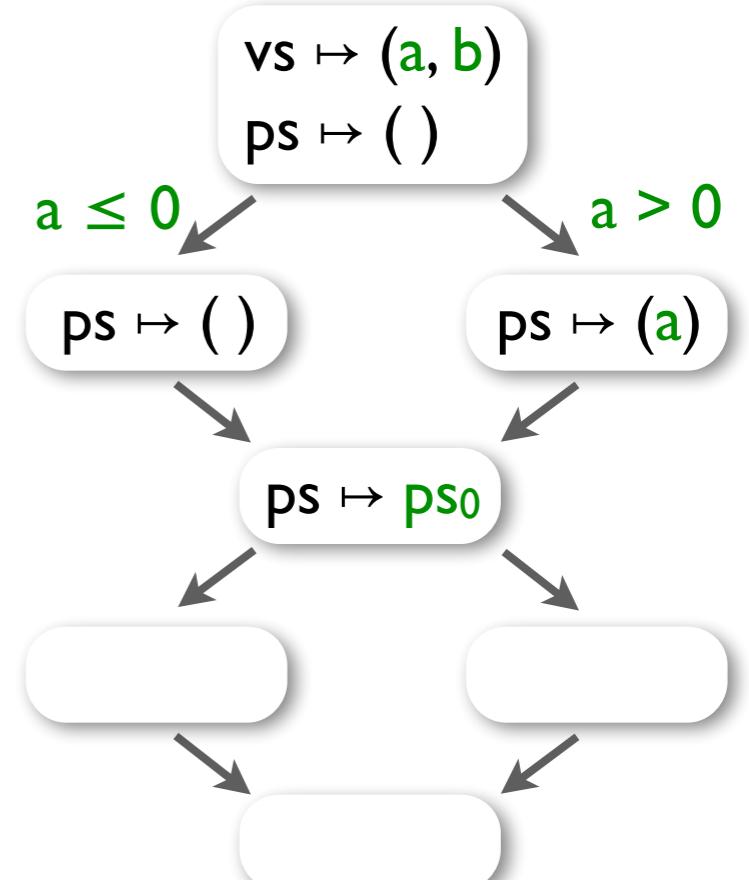
solve:

```
ps = ()
for v in vs:
    if v > 0:
        ps = insert(v, ps)
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

symbolic execution



bounded model checking

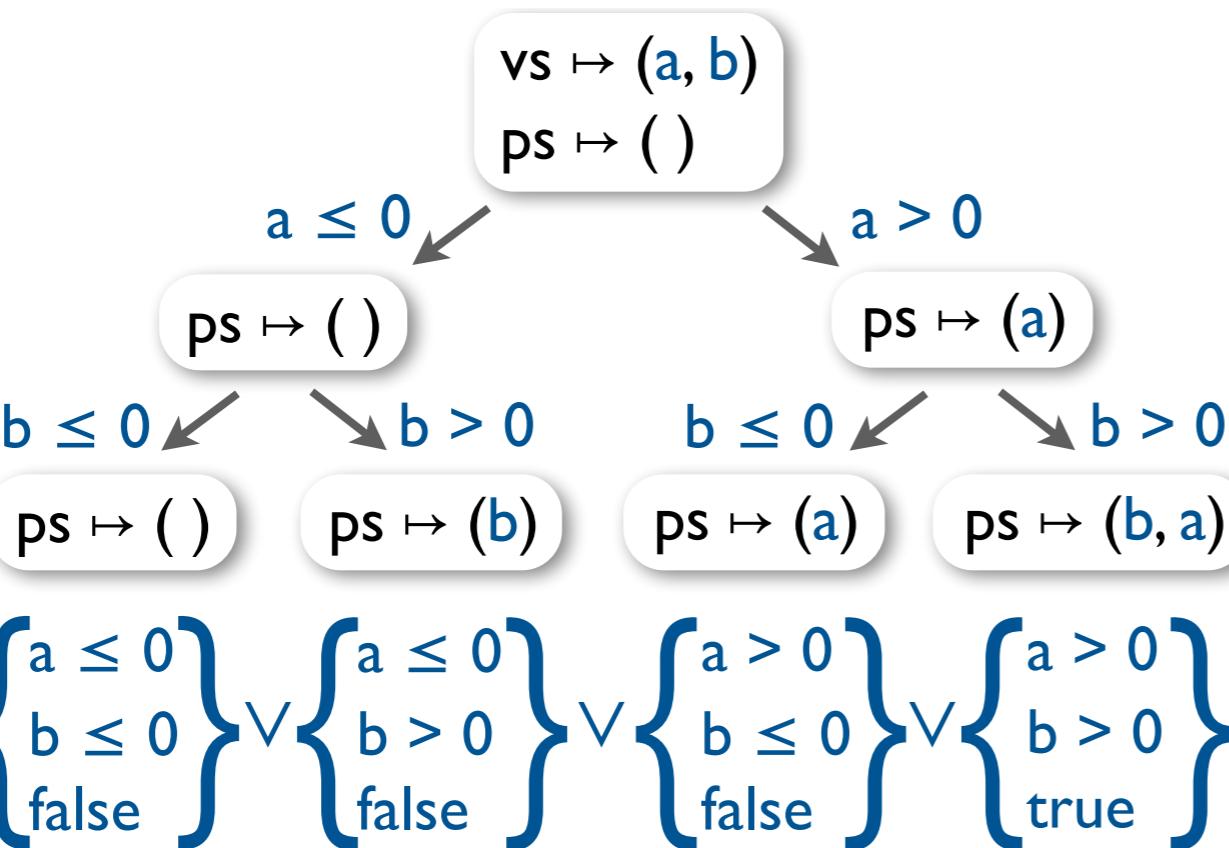


# Design space of precise symbolic encodings

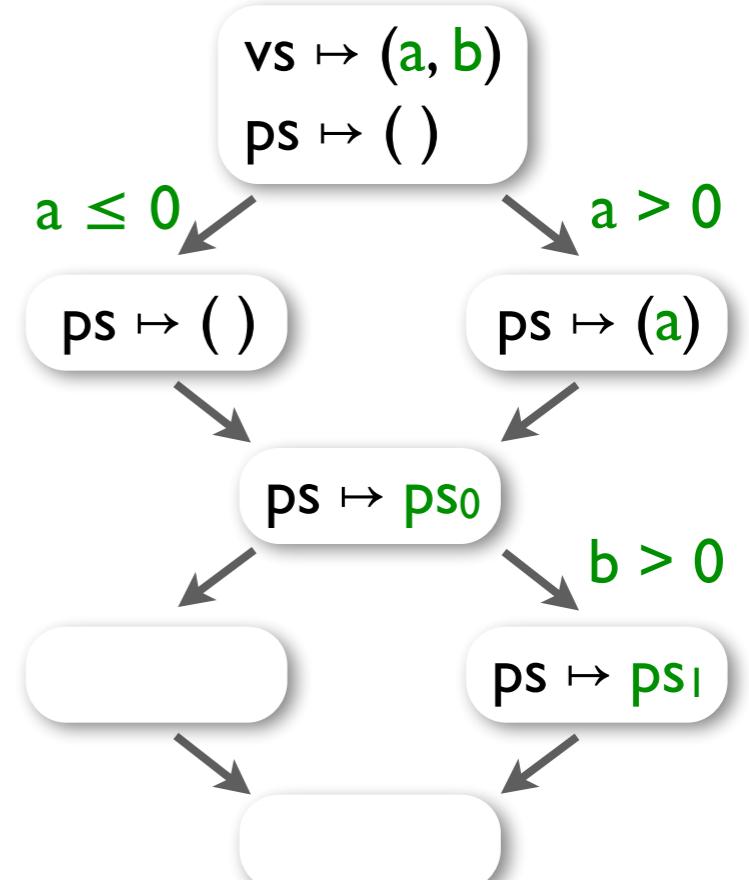
solve:

```
ps = ()
for v in vs:
    if v > 0:
        ps = insert(v, ps)
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

symbolic execution



bounded model checking



$$ps_0 = \text{ite}(a > 0, (a), ( ))$$

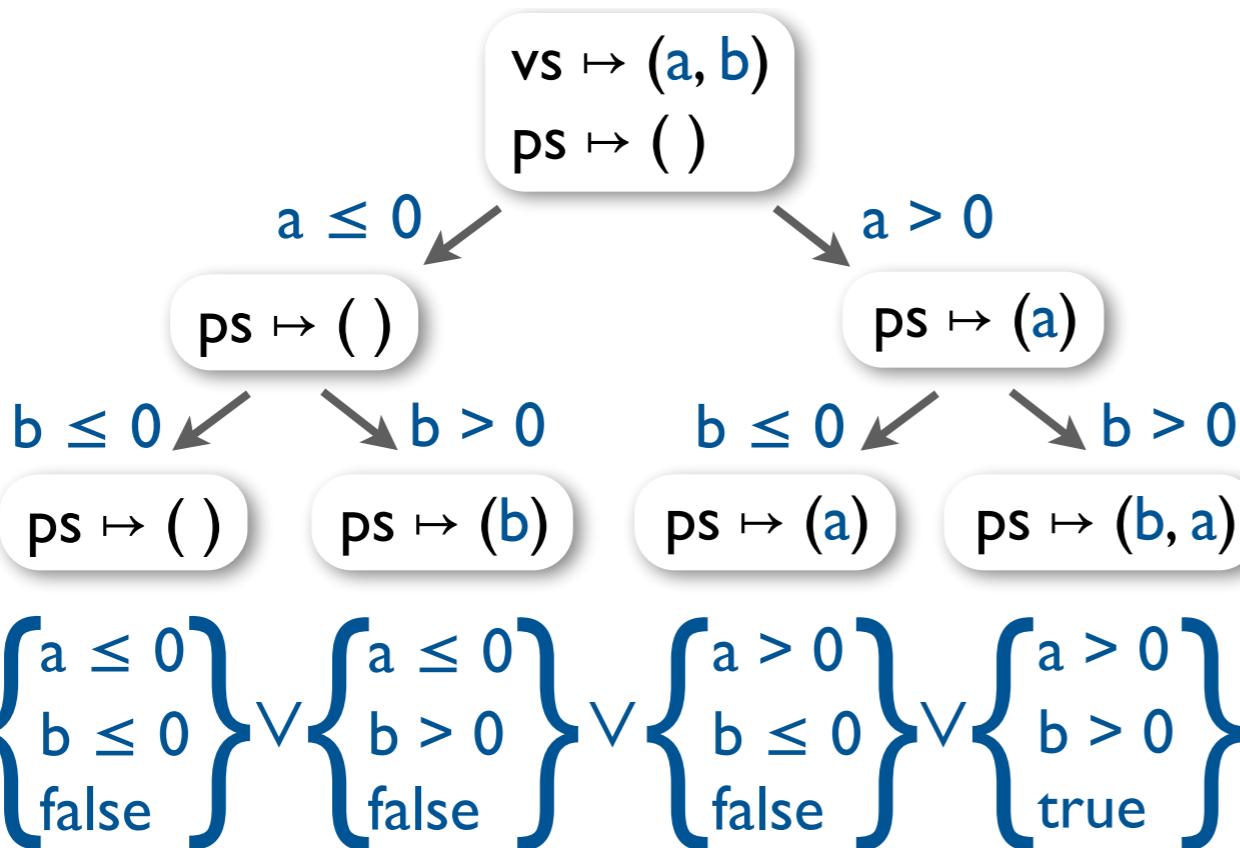
$$ps_1 = \text{insert}(b, ps_0)$$

# Design space of precise symbolic encodings

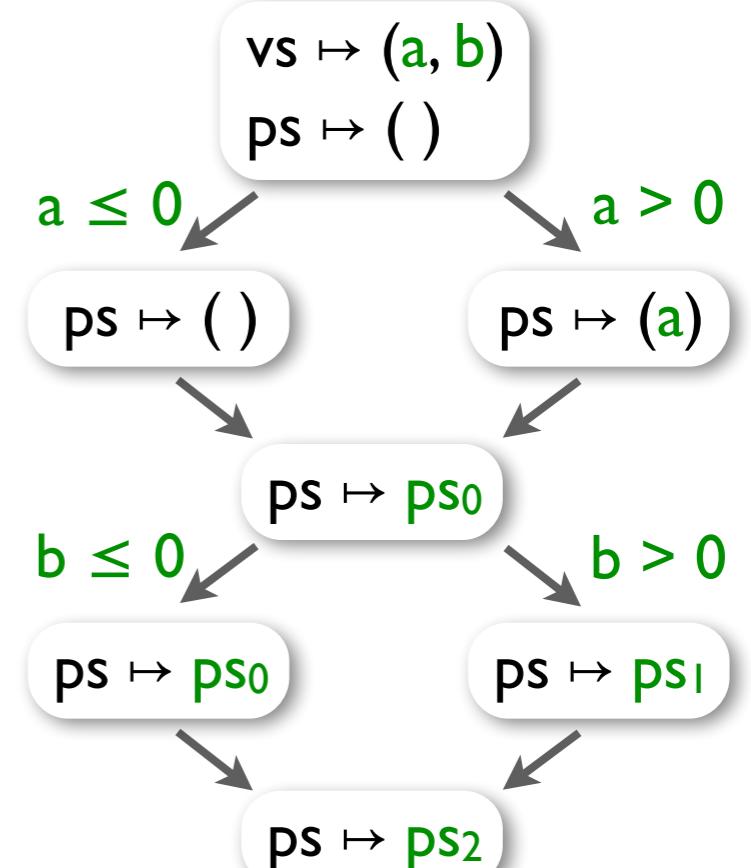
**solve:**

```
ps = ()
for v in vs:
    if v > 0:
        ps = insert(v, ps)
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

symbolic execution



bounded model checking

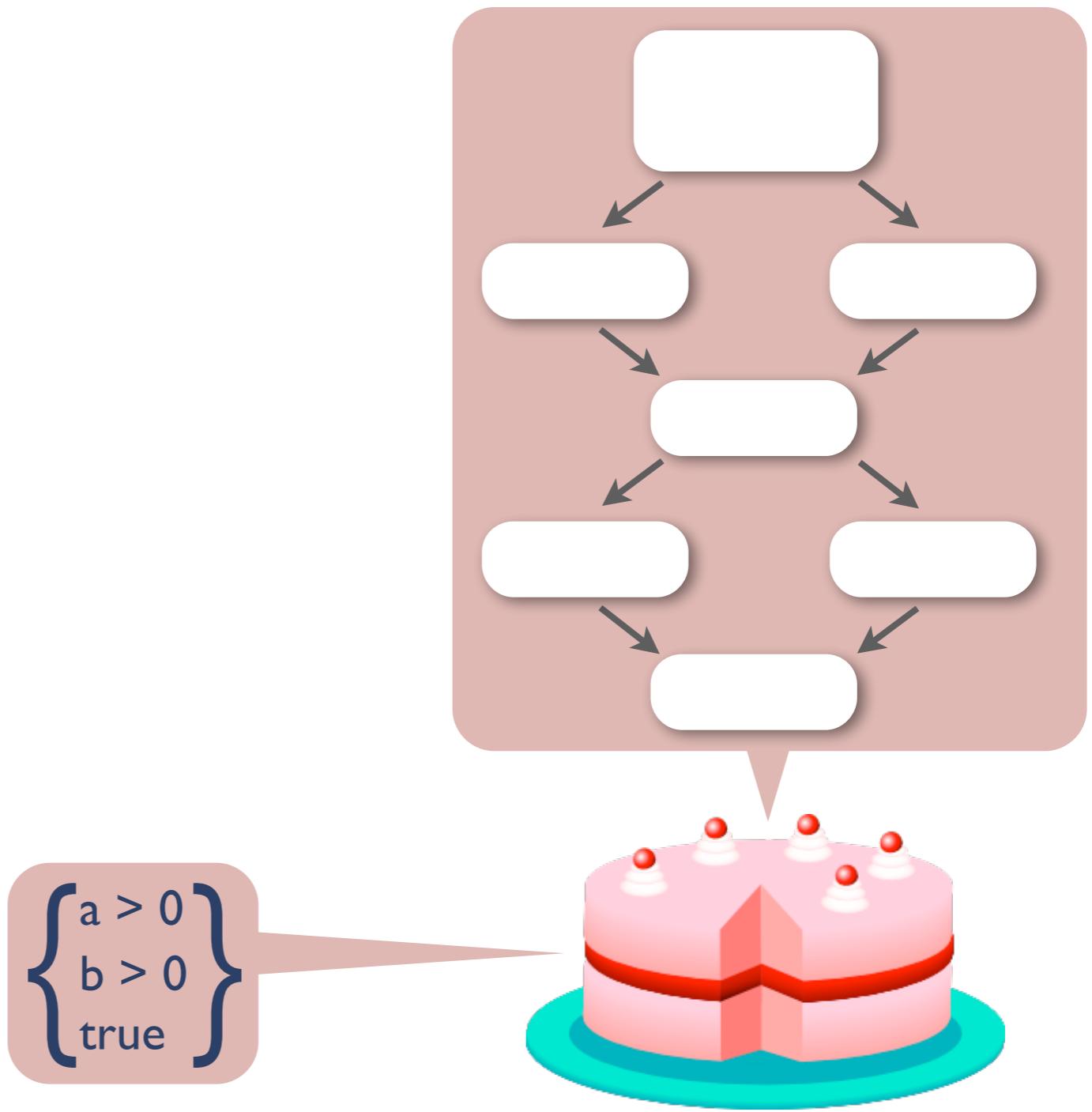


$ps_0 = \text{ite}(a > 0, (a), ( ))$   
 $ps_1 = \text{insert}(b, ps_0)$   
 $ps_2 = \text{ite}(b > 0, ps_0, ps_1)$   
 $\text{assert } \text{len}(ps_2) = 2$

# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```



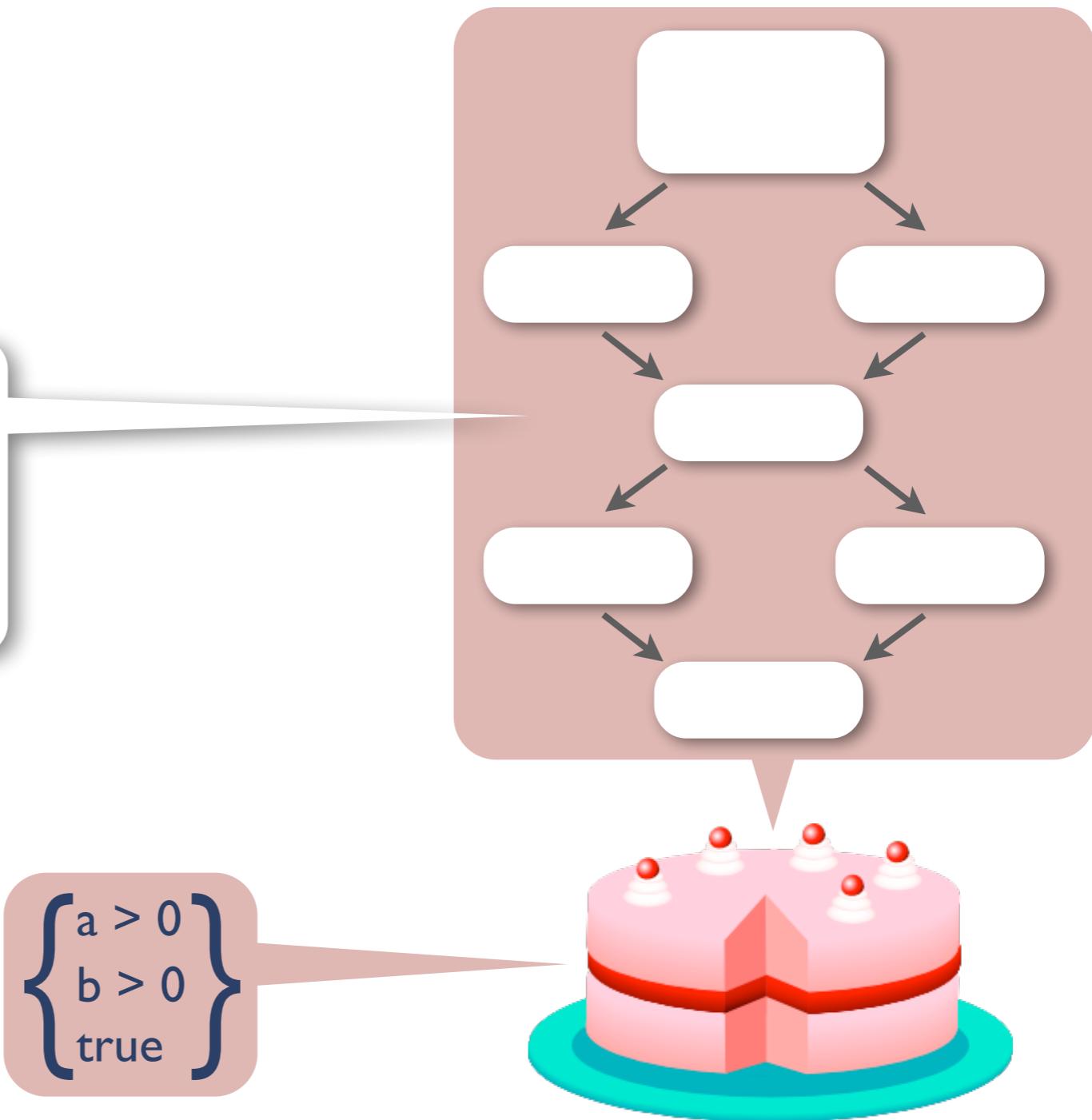
# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

**Merge values of**

- primitive types: symbolically
- immutable types: structurally
- all other types: via unions



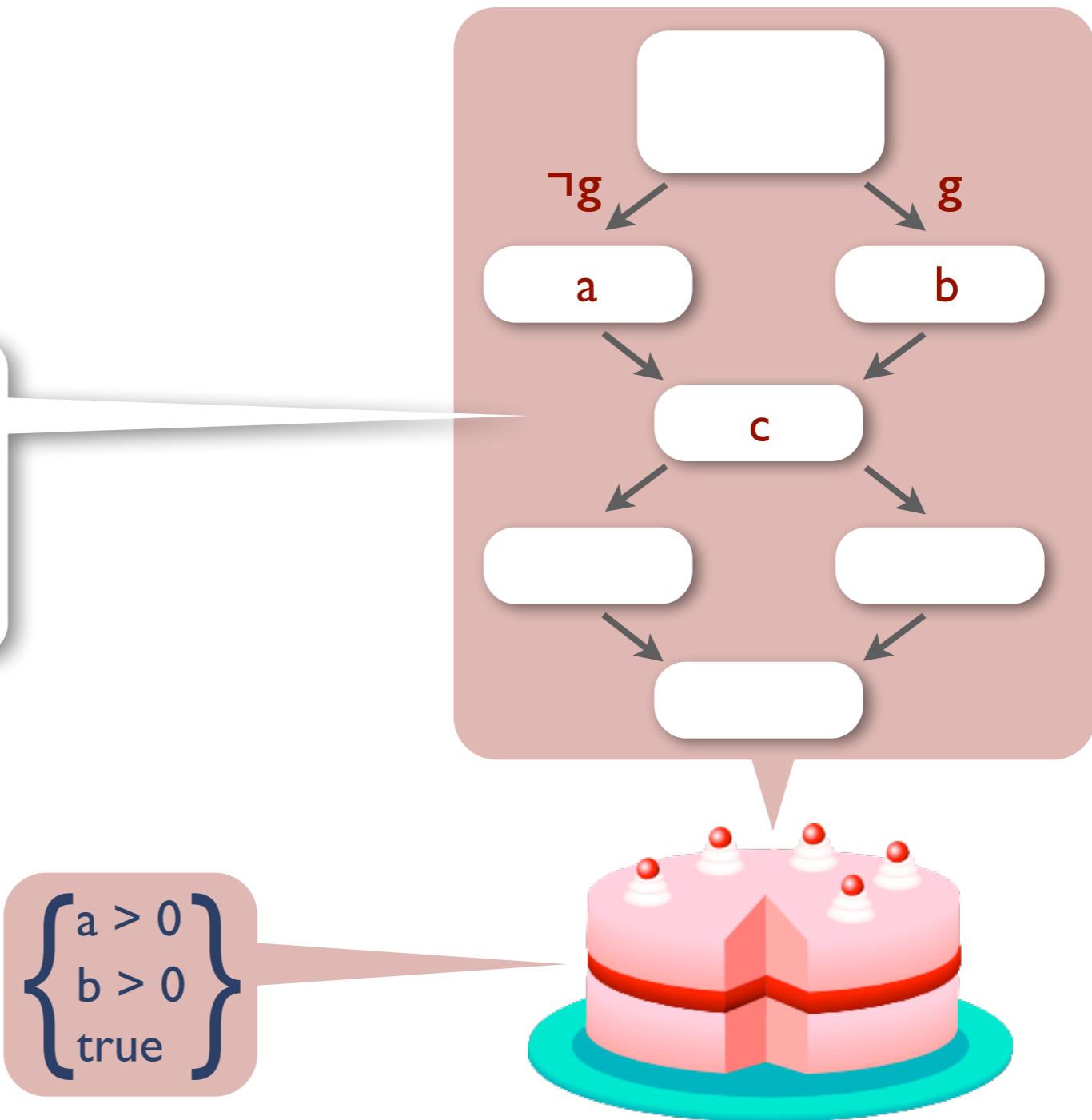
# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

**Merge values of**

- primitive types: symbolically
- immutable types: structurally
- all other types: via unions



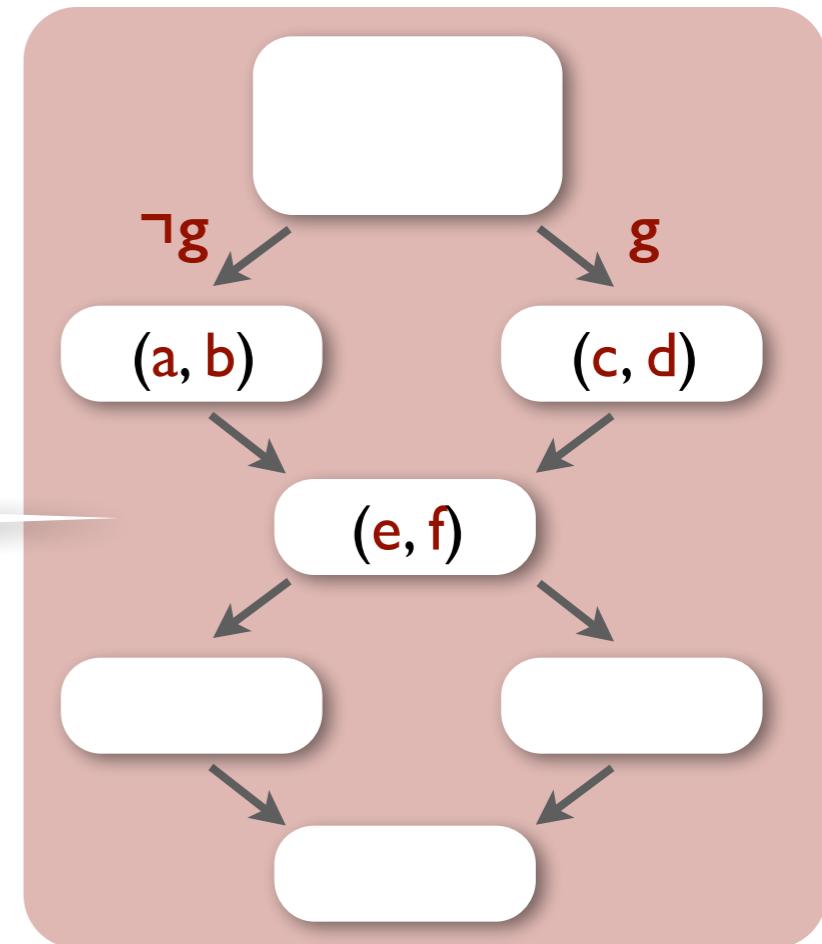
# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

**Merge values of**

- ▶ primitive types: symbolically
- ▶ immutable types: structurally
- ▶ all other types: via unions



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a > 0 \\ b > 0 \\ \text{true} \end{array} \right\}$$



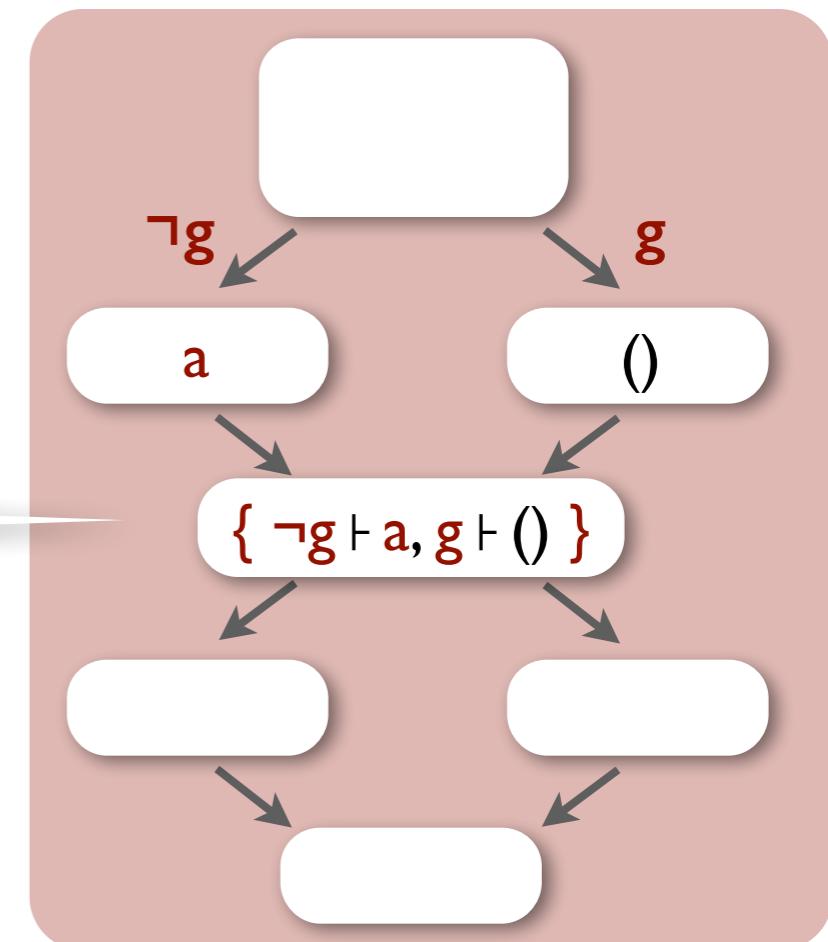
# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

**Merge values of**

- ▶ primitive types: symbolically
- ▶ immutable types: structurally
- ▶ all other types: via unions



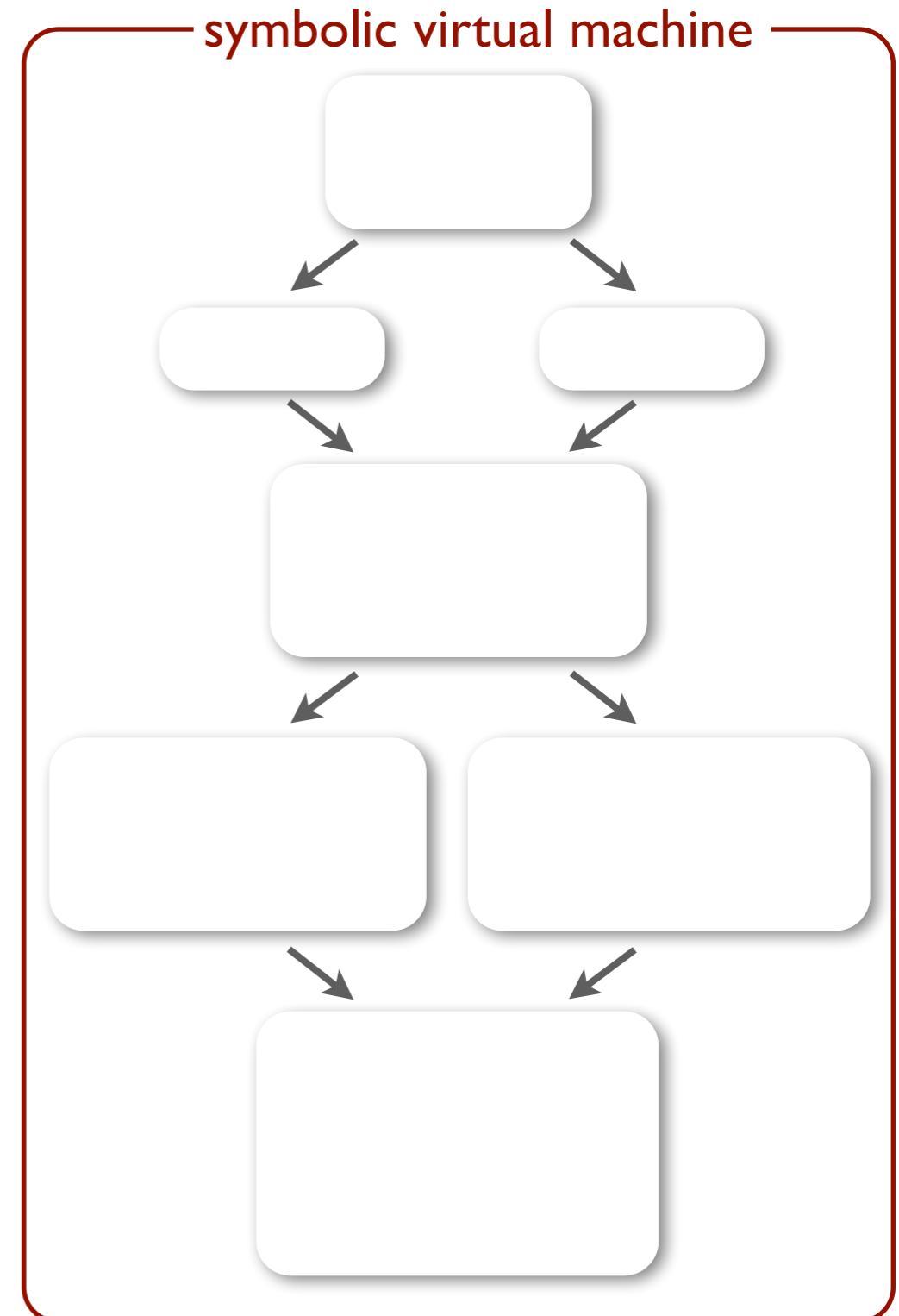
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a > 0 \\ b > 0 \\ \text{true} \end{array} \right\}$$



# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

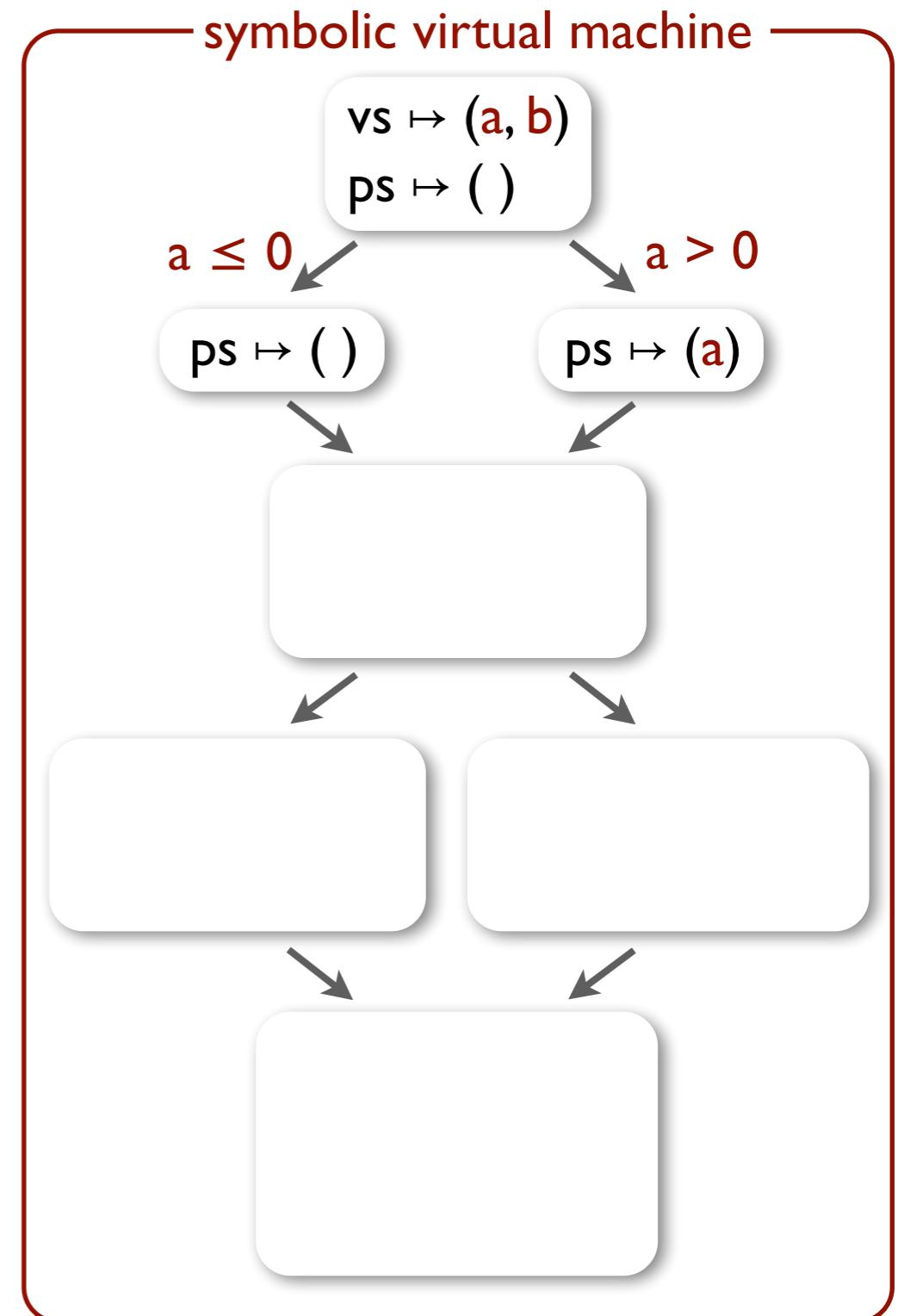
```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```



# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```



# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

Symbolic union: a set of guarded values, with disjoint guards.

$g_0 = a > 0$

symbolic virtual machine

$vs \mapsto (a, b)$   
 $ps \mapsto ()$

$\neg g_0$   $g_0$   
 $ps \mapsto ()$   $ps \mapsto (a)$

$ps \mapsto \{ g_0 \vdash (a),$   
 $\neg g_0 \vdash () \}$

# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

Execute insert  
concretely on all  
lists in the union.

$$\begin{aligned}g_0 &= a > 0 \\g_1 &= b > 0\end{aligned}$$

symbolic virtual machine

$$\begin{aligned}vs \mapsto (a, b) \\ps \mapsto ()\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\neg g_0 \\ps \mapsto ()\end{aligned}$$

$$g_0 \\ps \mapsto (a)$$

$$ps \mapsto \{ g_0 \vdash (a), \neg g_0 \vdash () \}$$

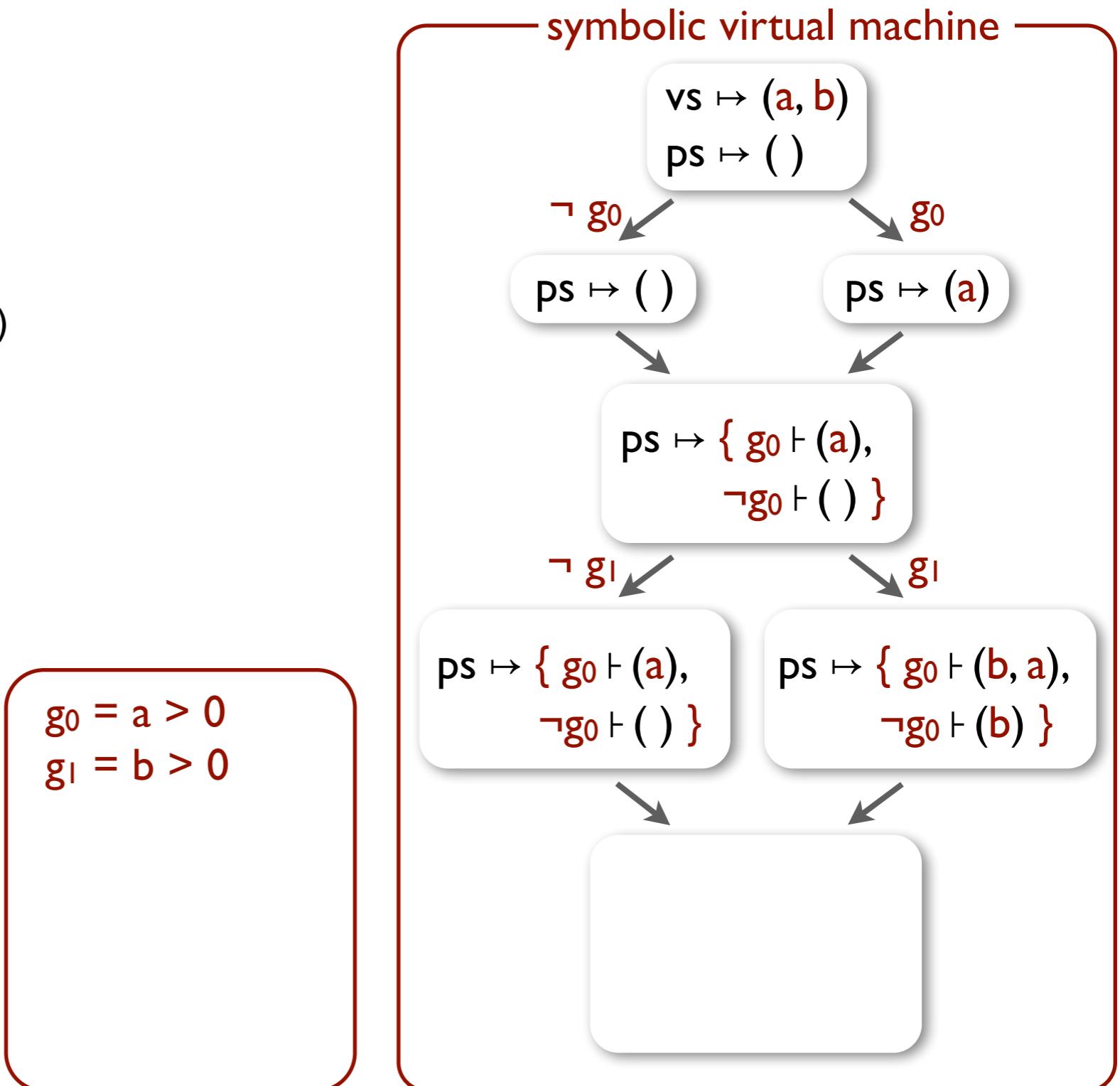
$$g_1$$

$$ps \mapsto \{ g_0 \vdash (b, a), \neg g_0 \vdash (b) \}$$

# A new design: type-driven state merging

**solve:**

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```



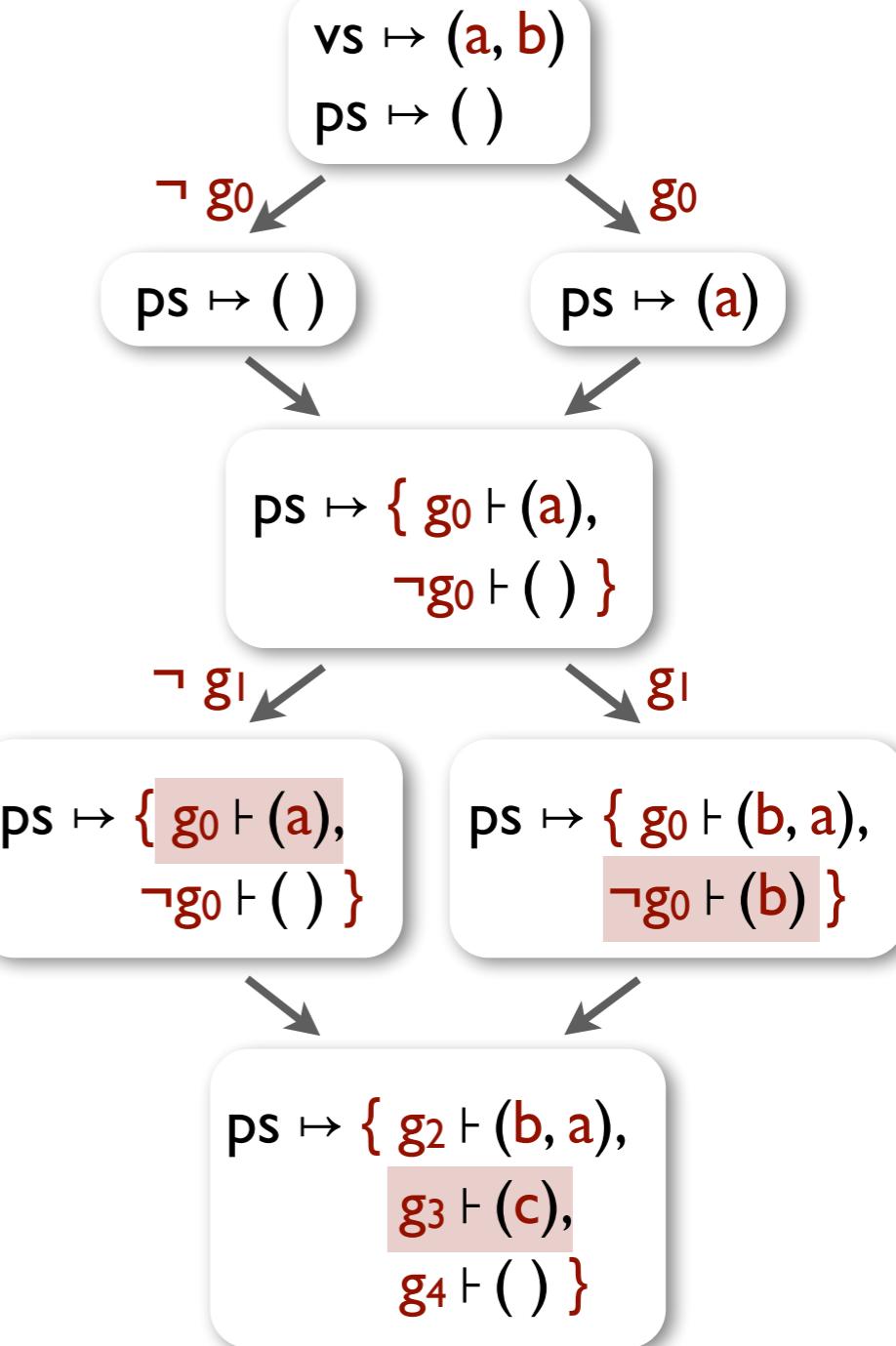
# A new design: type-driven state merging

solve:

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

$g_0 = a > 0$   
 $g_1 = b > 0$   
 $g_2 = g_0 \wedge g_1$   
 $g_3 = \neg(g_0 \Leftrightarrow g_1)$   
 $g_4 = \neg g_0 \wedge \neg g_1$   
 $c = \text{ite}(g_1, b, a)$

symbolic virtual machine



# A new design: type-driven state merging

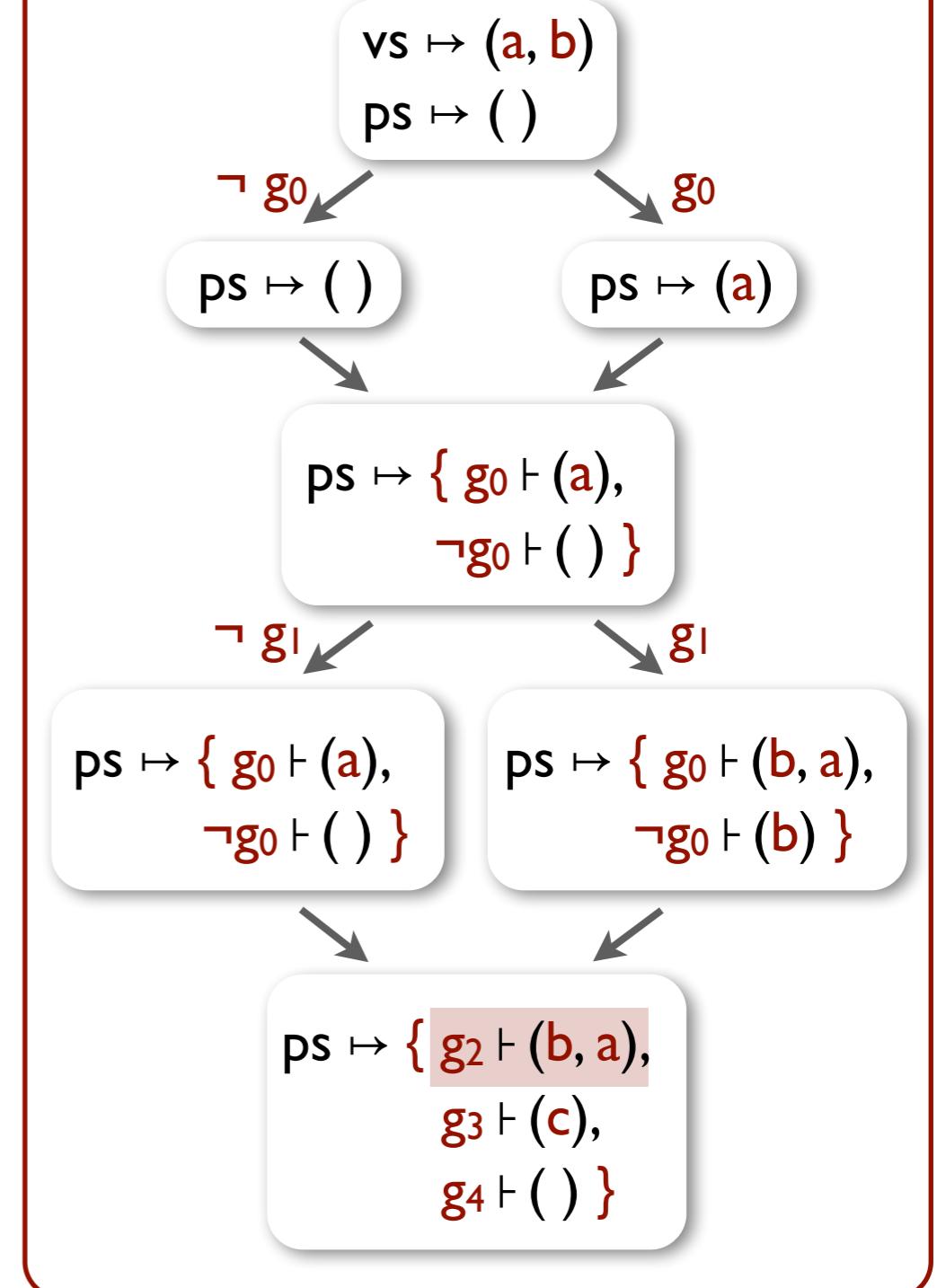
solve:

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

Evaluate `len` concretely  
on all lists in the union;  
assertion true only on  
the list guarded by  $g_2$ .

```
g0 = a > 0  
g1 = b > 0  
g2 = g0 ∧ g1  
g3 = ¬(g0 ⇔ g1)  
g4 = ¬g0 ∧ ¬g1  
c = ite(g1, b, a)  
assert g2
```

symbolic virtual machine



# A new design: type-driven state merging

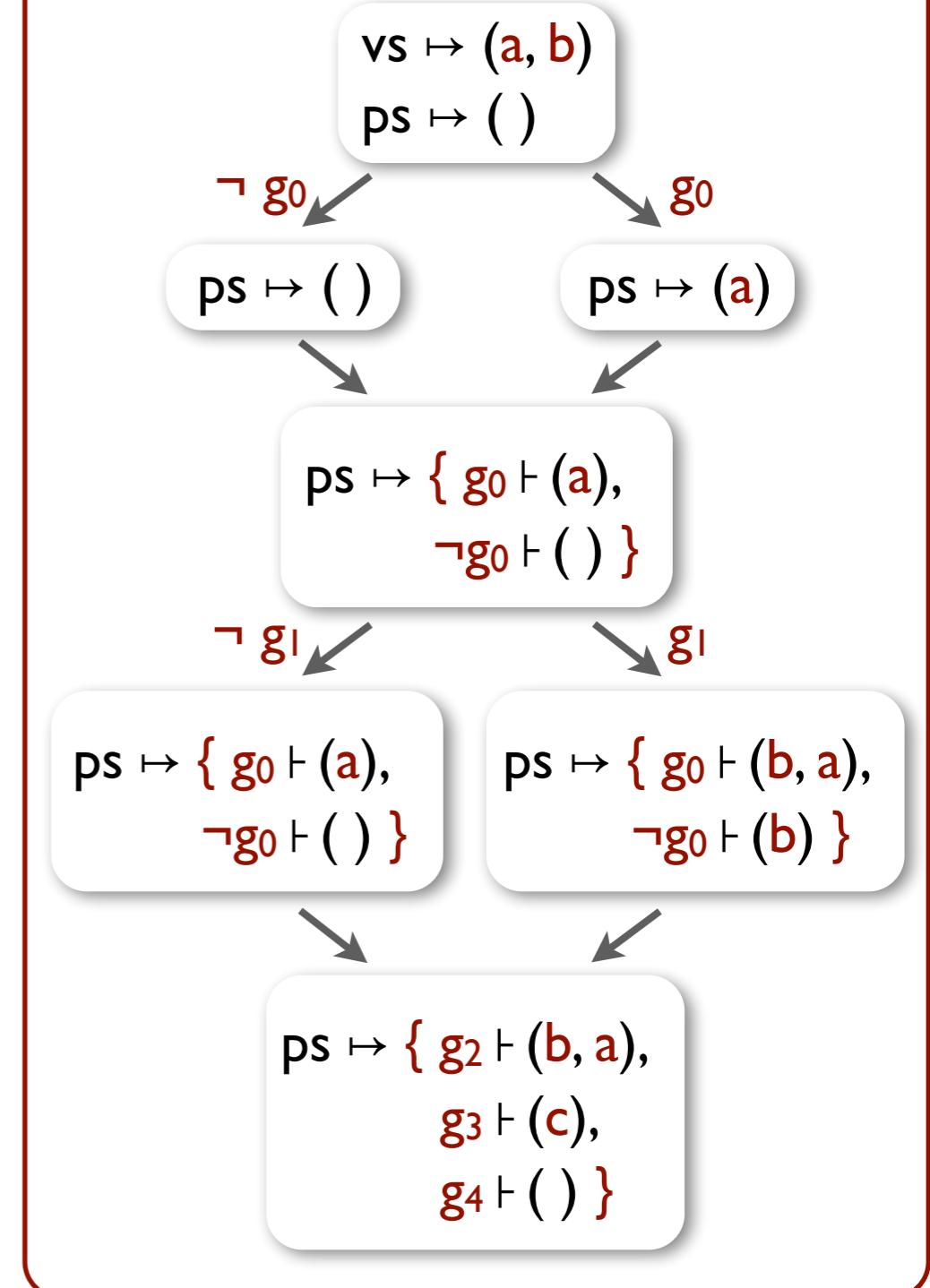
solve:

```
ps = ()  
for v in vs:  
    if v > 0:  
        ps = insert(v, ps)  
assert len(ps) == len(vs)
```

polynomial encoding  
concrete evaluation

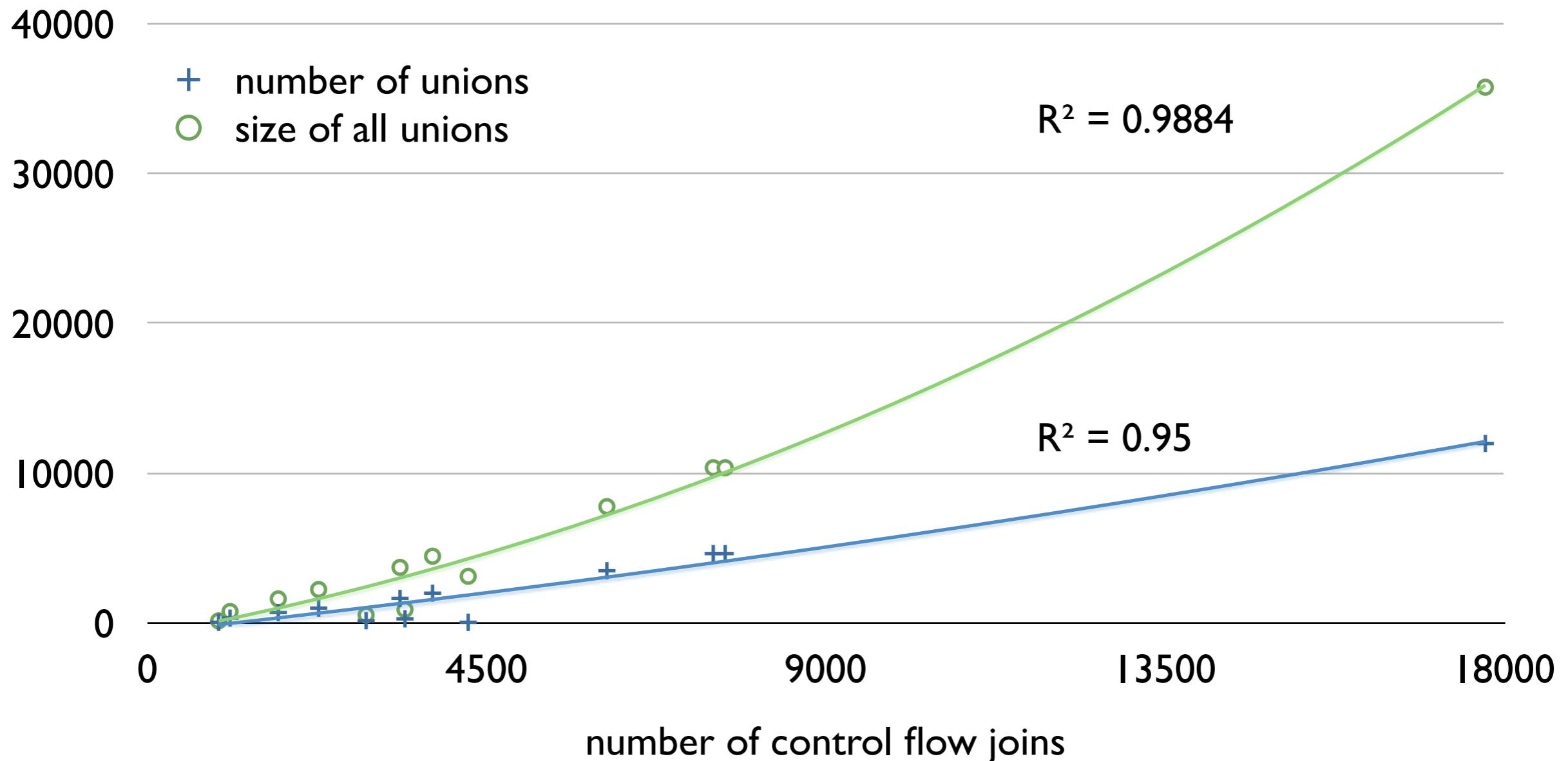
```
g0 = a > 0  
g1 = b > 0  
g2 = g0 ∧ g1  
g3 = ¬(g0 ⇔ g1)  
g4 = ¬g0 ∧ ¬g1  
c = ite(g1, b, a)  
assert g2
```

symbolic virtual machine



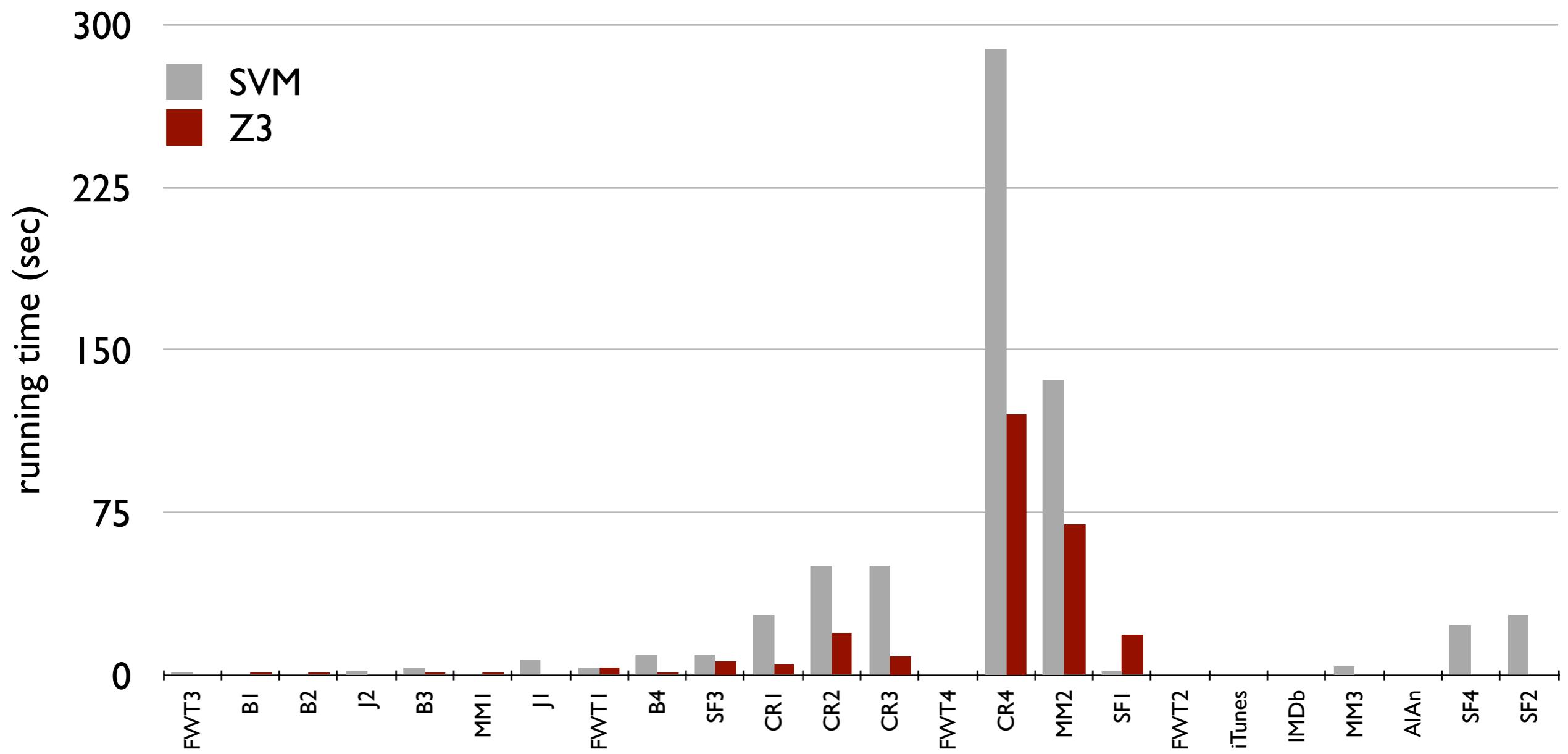
# Effectiveness of type-driven state merging

**Merging performance for verification and synthesis queries in SynthCL, WebSynth and IFC programs**

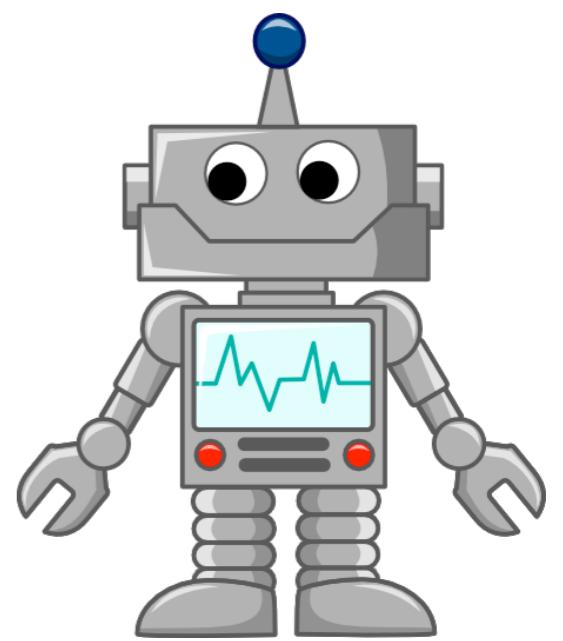


# Effectiveness of type-driven state merging

**SVM and solving time for verification and synthesis queries in SynthCL, WebSynth and IFC programs**



**future**  
**advanced programming for everyone**



# Where next?

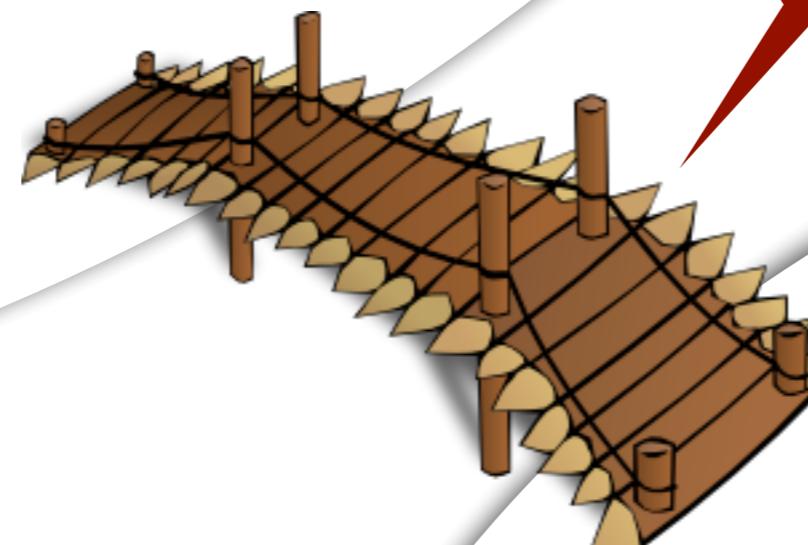
secure stack machines

spatial programs

data-parallel programs

web scraping scripts

**solver-aided  
languages**



**less time**

**less code**

**less effort**

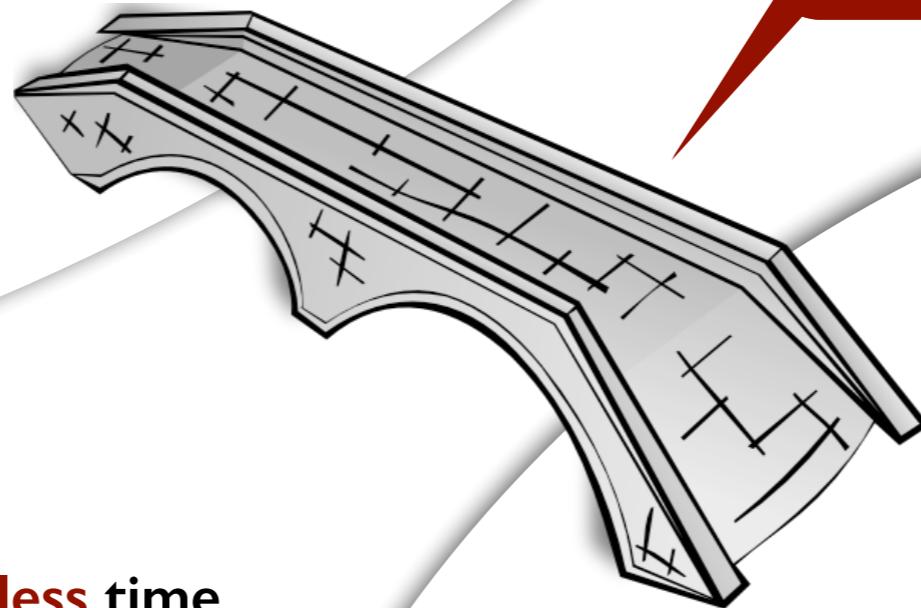


# Where next?

harder programs

new kinds of programs

advanced  
solver-aided  
languages



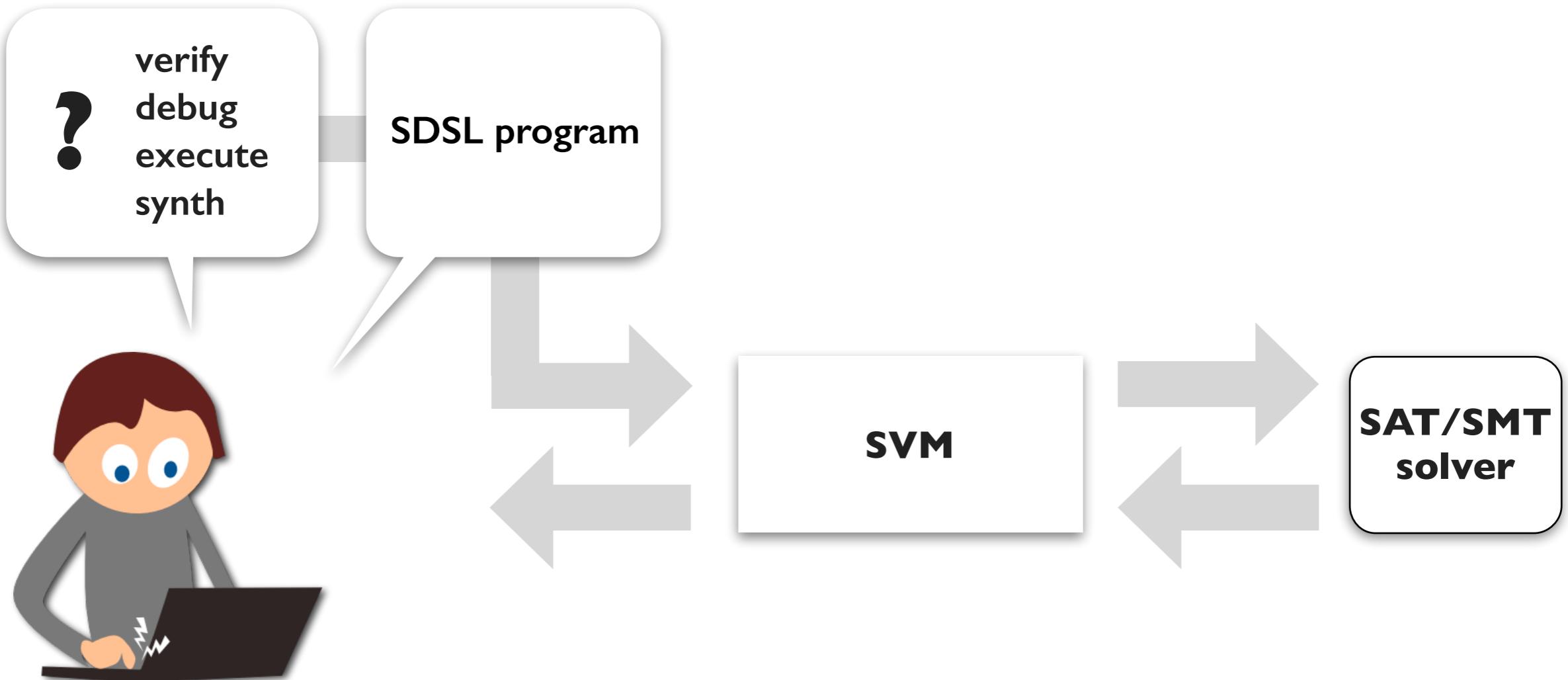
less time

less code

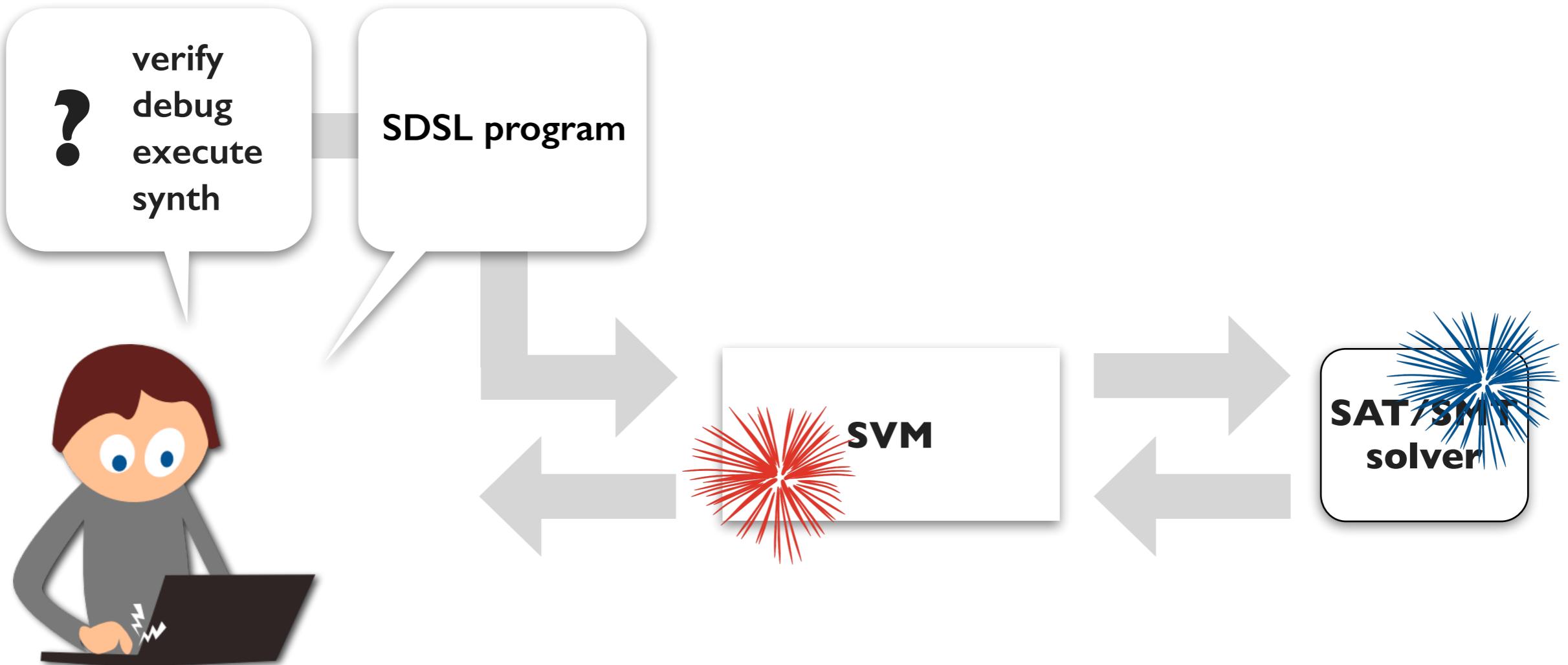
less effort



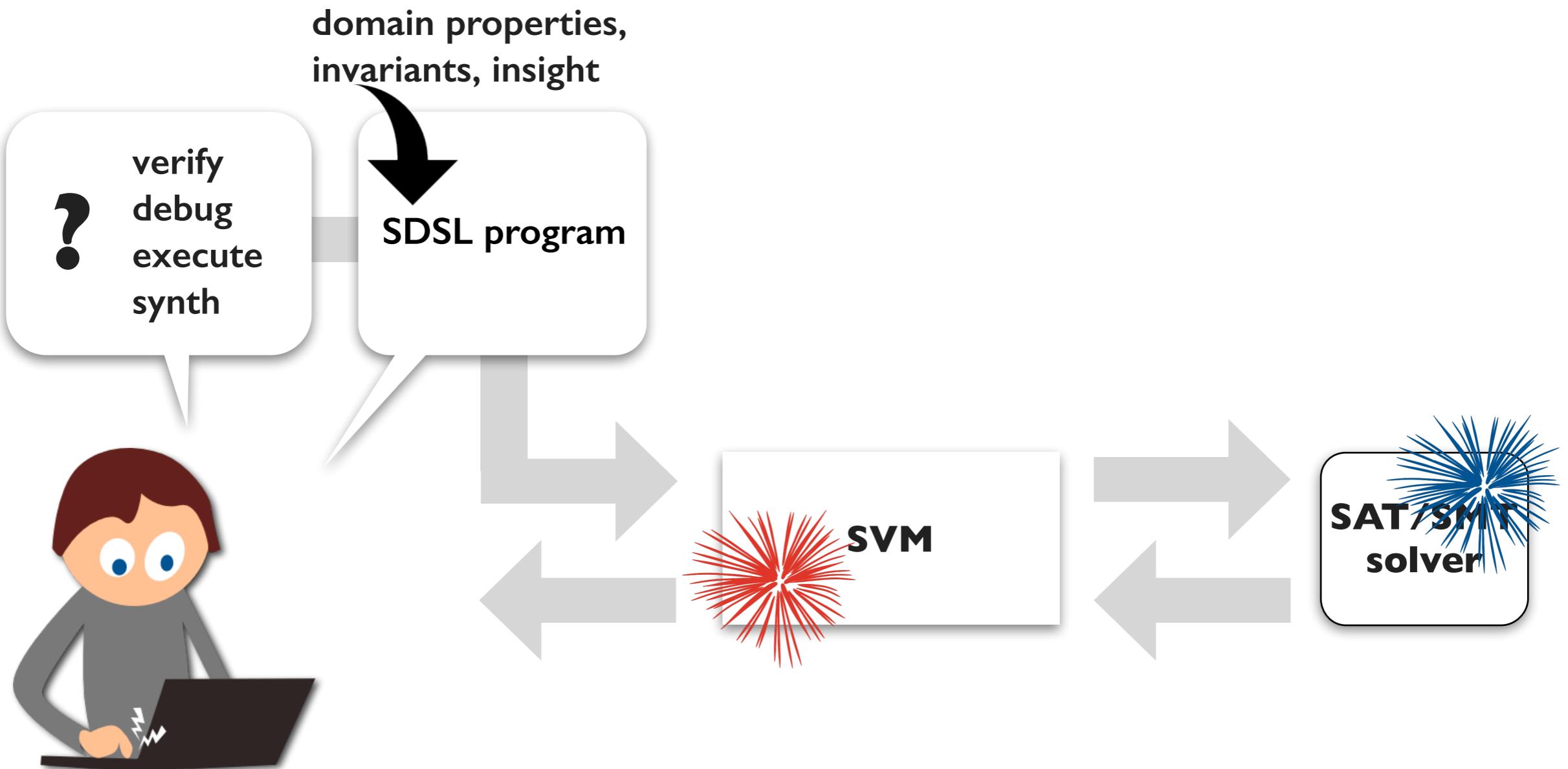
# Keeping the programmer in the loop



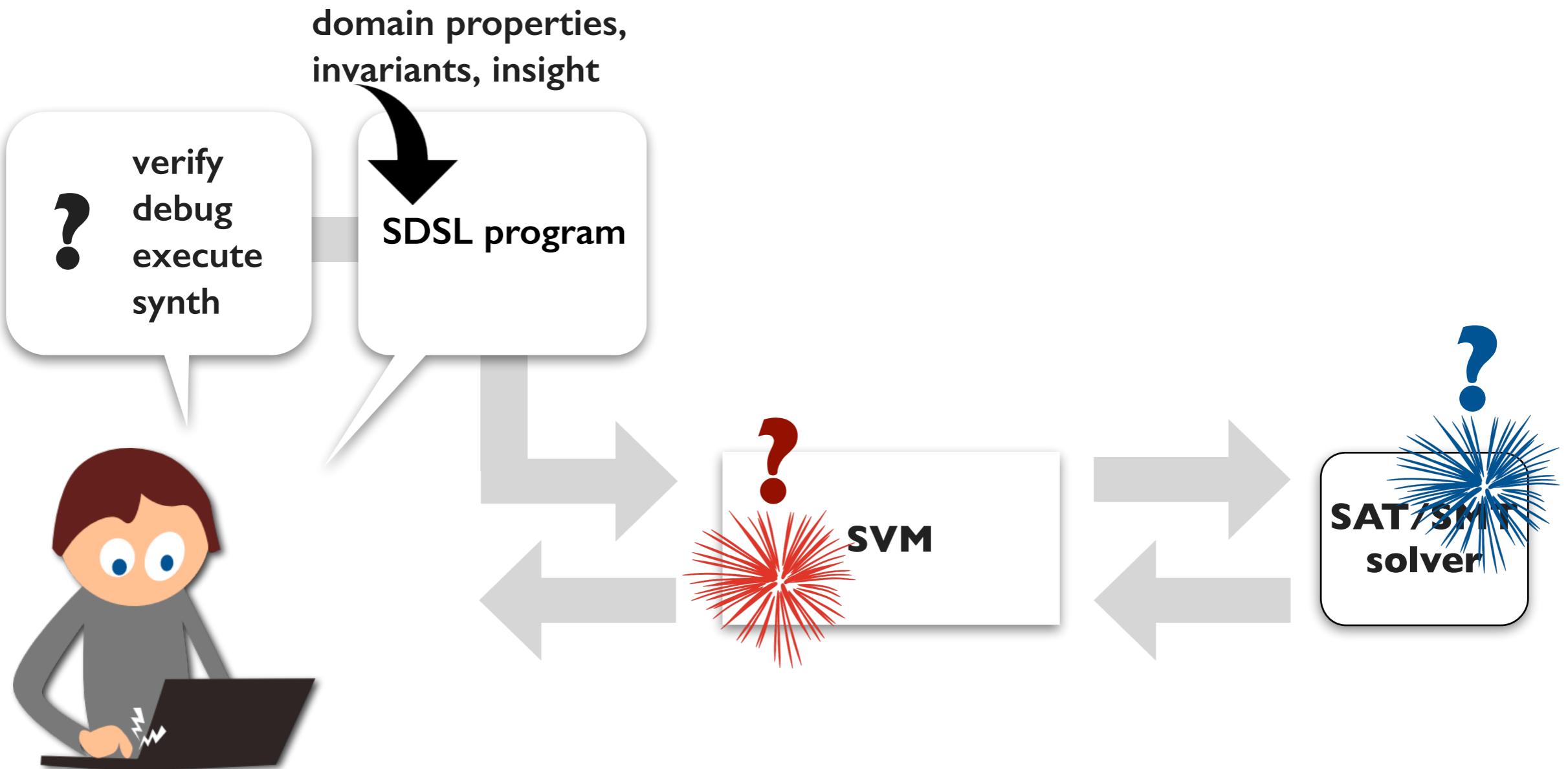
# Keeping the programmer in the loop



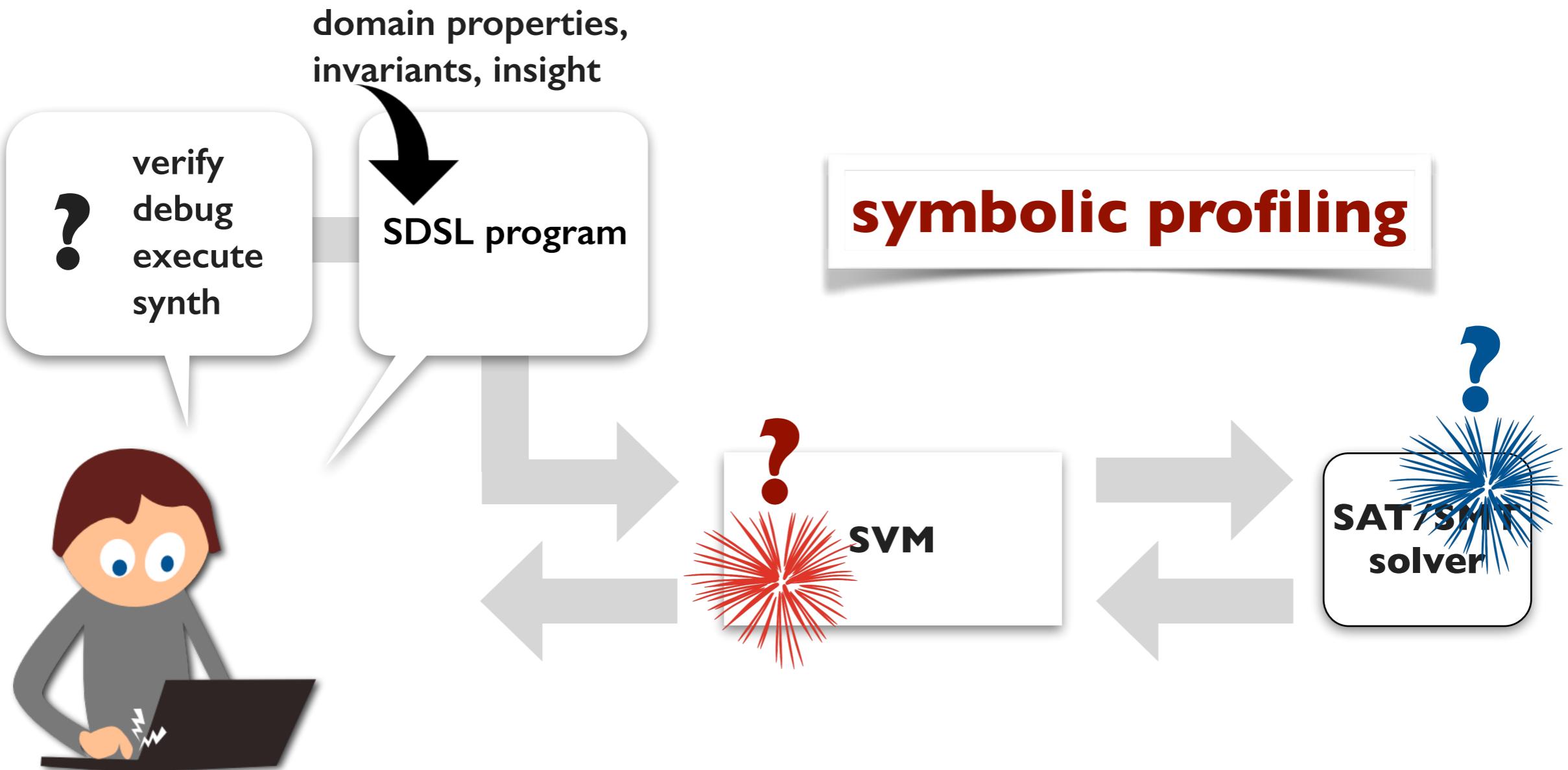
# Keeping the programmer in the loop



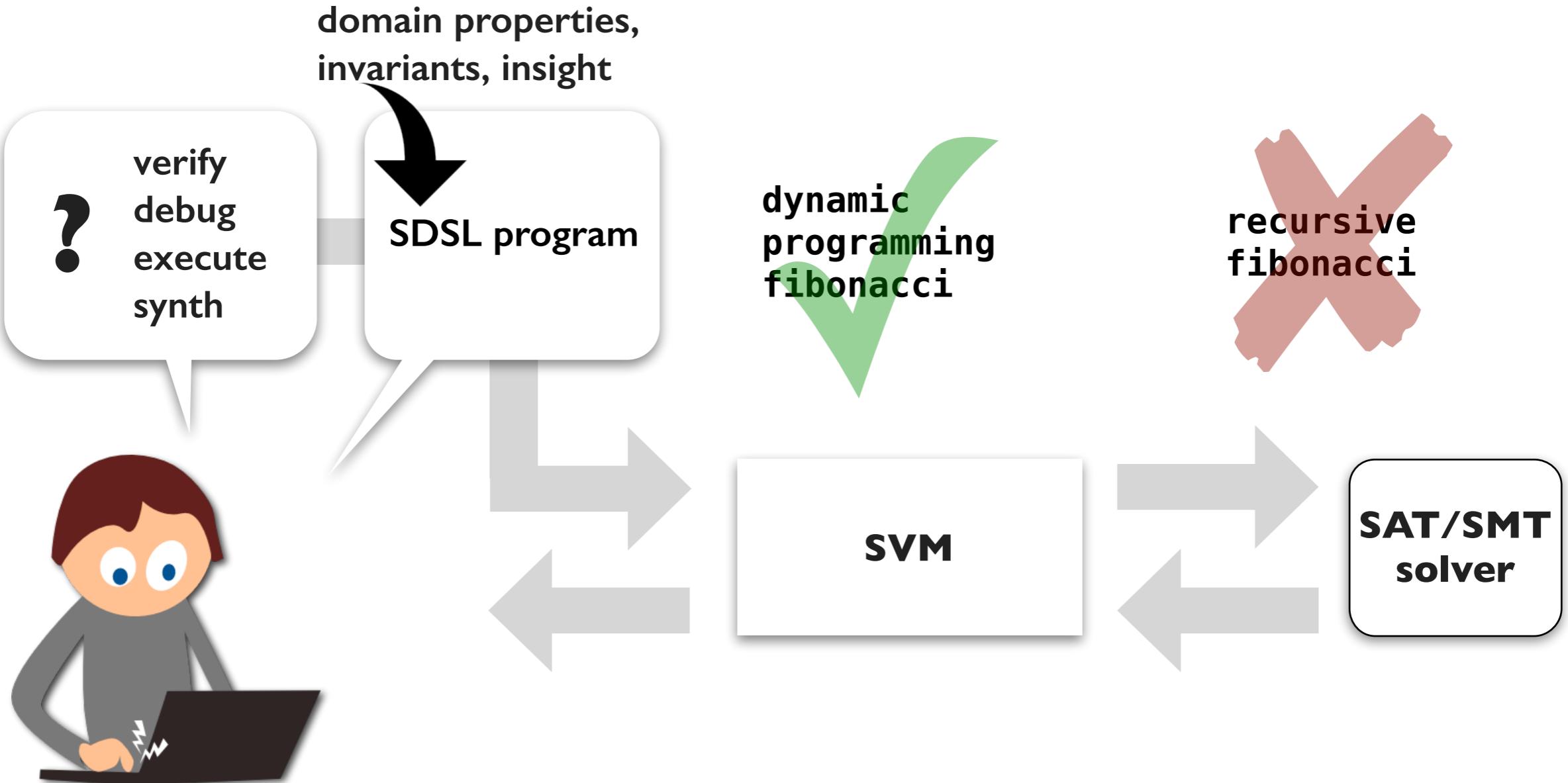
# Keeping the programmer in the loop



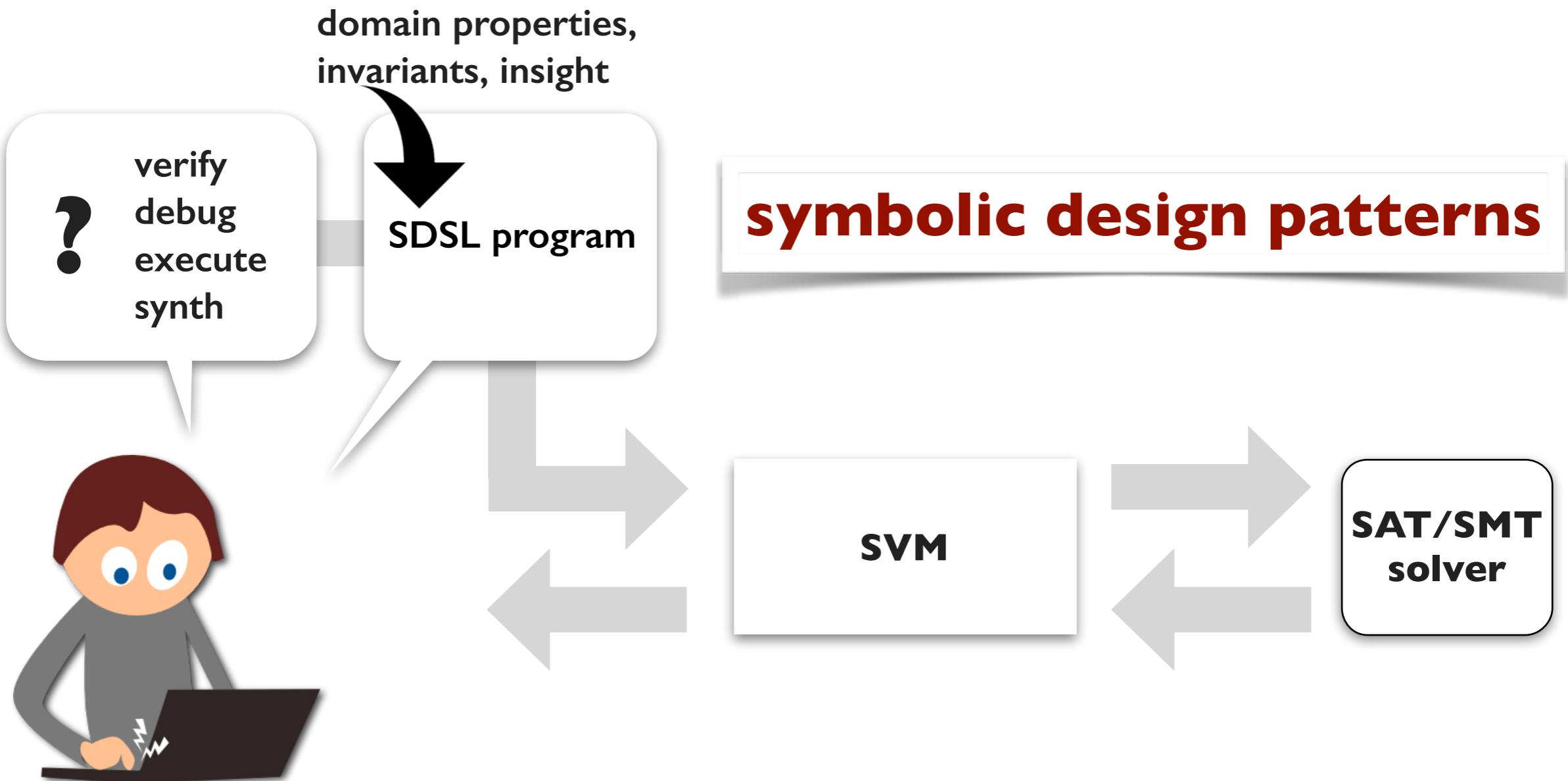
# Keeping the programmer in the loop



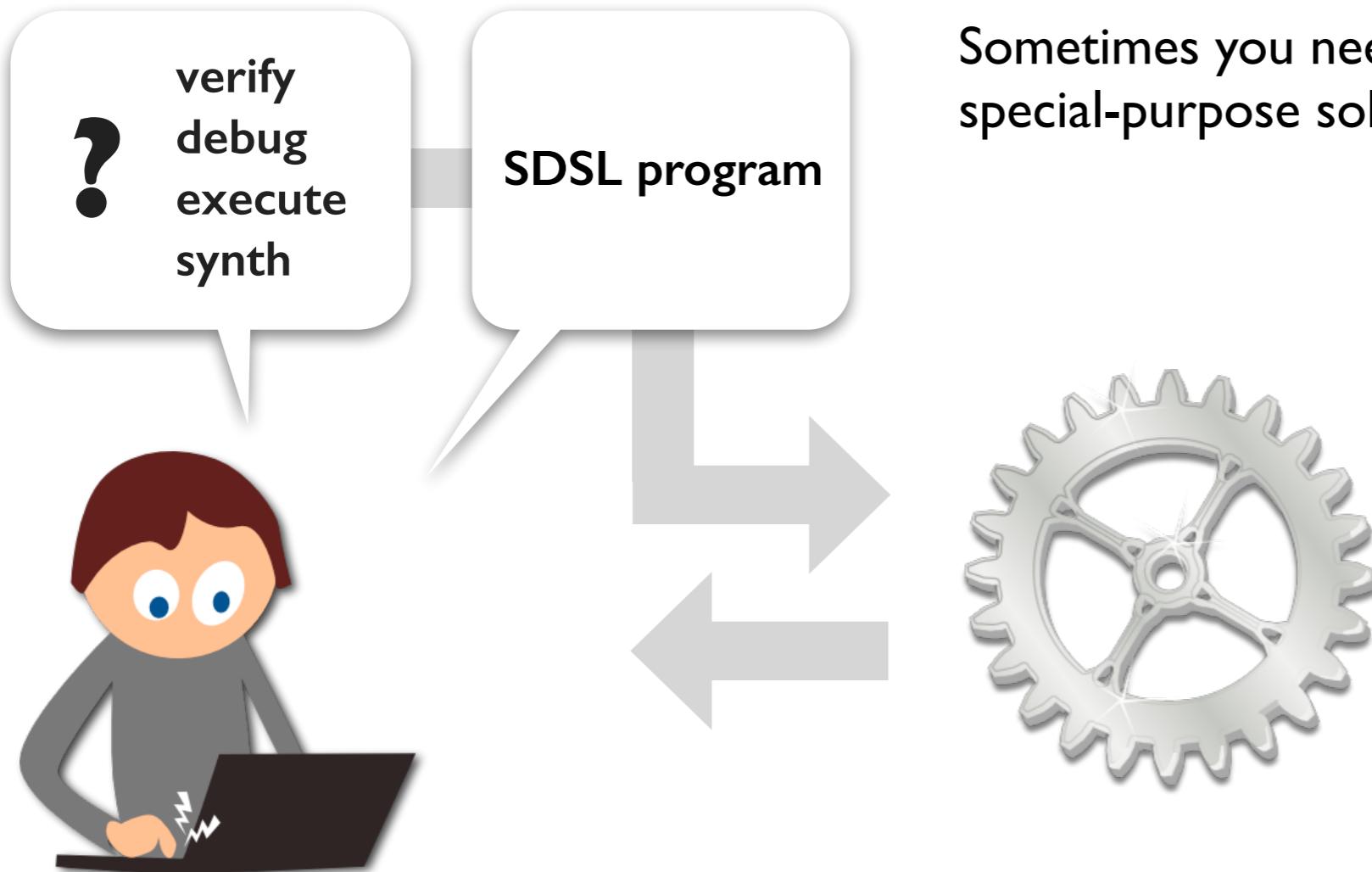
# Keeping the system in the loop



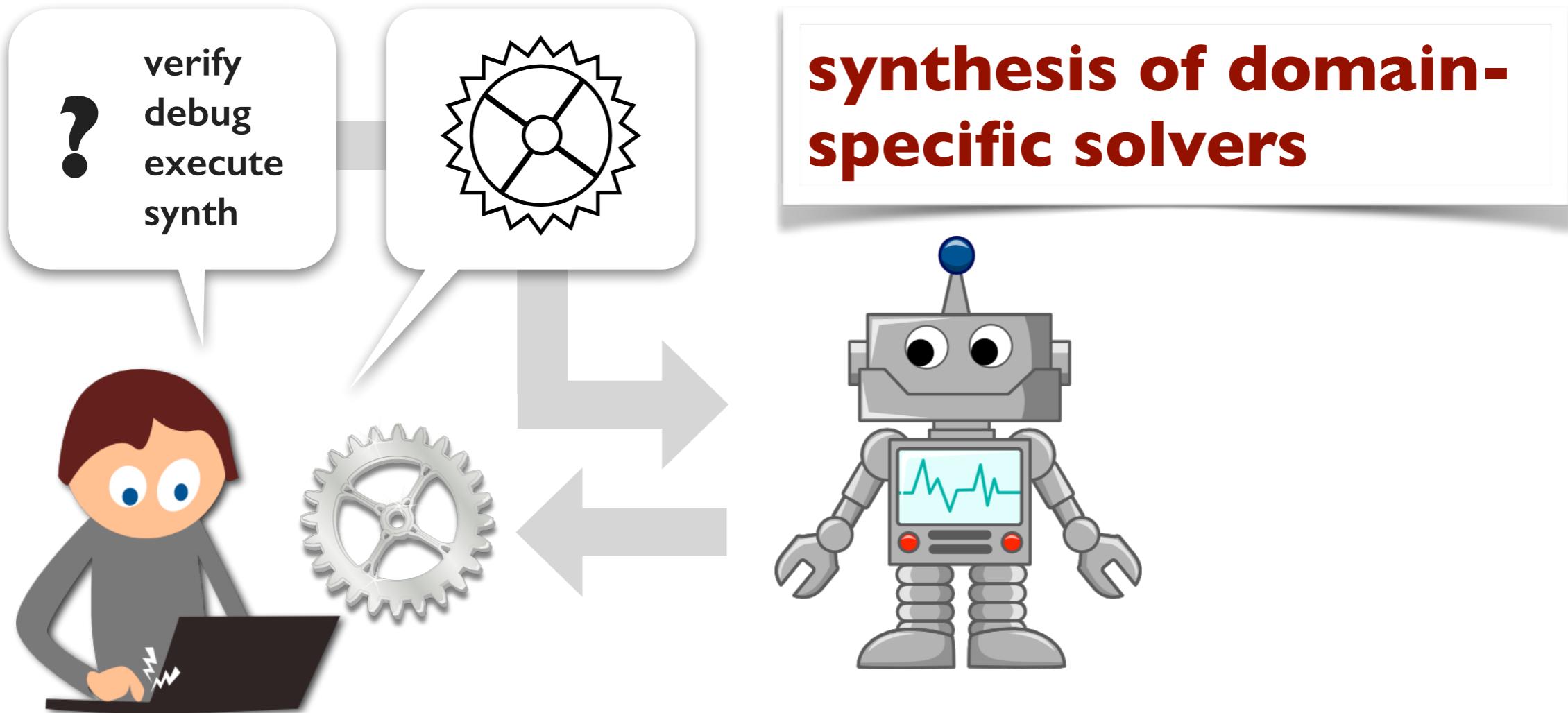
# Keeping the system in the loop



# Domain-specific solvers



# Domain-specific solvers for everyone







**So long, and thanks for all the fish!**

