Name: Venkata Krishnarjun Vuppala

SRN: PES2UG19CS451

Subject: Topics in Deep Learning

Semester: 6 Section: G

## **Assignment 1**

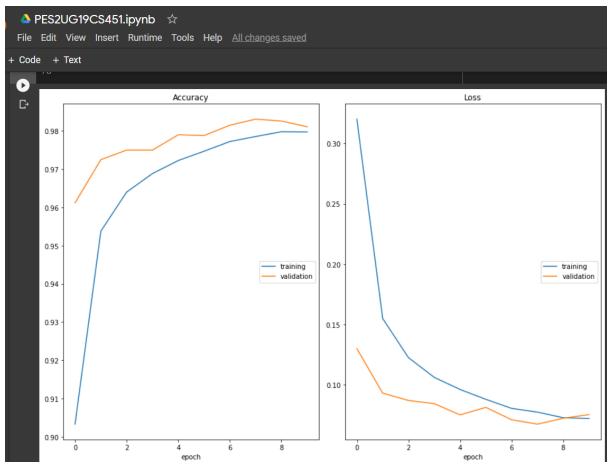
## **Lab programs**

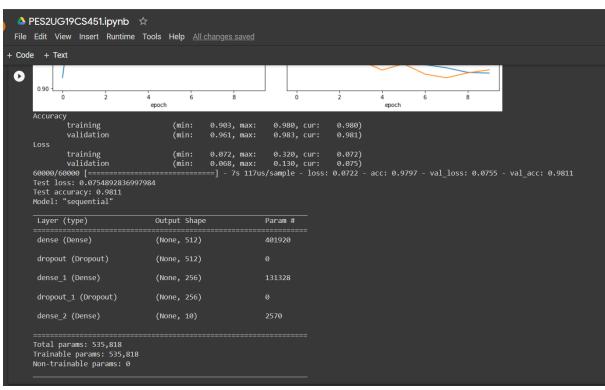
1. Implementation of XOR function using basic gates.

2. Implementation of neural network using tensorflow and keras https://keras.io/guides/sequential\_model/

```
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 File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
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 O
       1 import tensorflow as tf
       2 import keras
       4 from keras import models
       5 from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
       6 from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
       7 from keras.datasets import mnist
       8 from keras.utils.vis utils import model to dot
       9 from IPython.display import SVG
      11 !pip install livelossplot
      12
      13 import livelossplot
      14 plot losses = livelossplot.PlotLossesKeras()
      15 \text{ NUM ROWS} = 28
      16 NUM COLS = 28
      17 NUM CLASSES = 10
      18 BATCH SIZE = 128
      19 EPOCHS = 10
      21
      23 def data summary(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test):
             """Summarize current state of dataset"""
      24
             print('Train images shape:', X_train.shape)
      25
             print('Train labels shape:', y_train.shape)
      26
             print('Test images shape:', X_test.shape)
             print('Test labels shape:', y test.shape)
      28
             print('Train labels:', y train)
             print('Test labels:', y_test)
```

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      32 # Load data
      33 (X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
      35 # Check state of dataset
      36 data_summary(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
      38 # Reshape data
      39 X_train = X_train.reshape((X_train.shape[0], NUM_ROWS * NUM_COLS))
      40 X_train = X_train.astype('float32') / 255
      41 X_test = X_test.reshape((X_test.shape[0], NUM_ROWS * NUM_COLS))
      42 X_test = X_test.astype('float32') / 255
      44 # Categorically encode labels
      45 y_train = to_categorical(y_train, NUM_CLASSES)
      46 y_test = to_categorical(y_test, NUM_CLASSES)
      48 # Check state of dataset
      49 data_summary(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
      51 # Build neural network
      52 model = models.Sequential()
      53 model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=(NUM_ROWS * NUM_COLS,)))
      54 model.add(Dropout(0.5))
      55 model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
      56 model.add(Dropout(0.25))
      57 model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
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      59 # Compile model
      60 model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
                      loss='categorical_crossentropy',
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
      64 # Train model
      65 model.fit(X_train, y_train,
                  batch size=BATCH SIZE,
                  epochs=EPOCHS,
                  callbacks=[plot losses],
                  verbose=1,
                  validation_data=(X_test, y_test))
      72 score = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
      73 print('Test loss:', score[0])
      74 print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
      76 model.summary()
```





3. Implementation of computational graphs using tensorflow for simple expressions like e=(a+b)\*(b+1).

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 O
       1 1import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf
       2 tf.disable_v2_behavior()
       4 tf.version.VERSION
       6 a = int(input("Enter the first value = "))
       7 b = int(input("Enter the second value = "))
      9 x = tf.constant(a)
      10 y = tf.constant(b)
      11
      12 output = (x+y)*(y+1)
      14 sess = tf.compat.v1.Session()
      15 print(sess.run(output))
      17
     Enter the first value = 3
      Enter the second value = 4
      35
```