

Computer Science

Automata and Programming

Question 0:-

There is a new data-type which can take as values natural numbers between (and including) 0 and 25. How many minimum bits are required to store this datatype.

Op 1: 4

Op 2: 5

Op 3: 1

Op 4: 3

Correct Op: 2

Question 1:-

A data type is stored as an 6 bit signed integer. Which of the following cannot be represented by this data type?

Op 1: -12

Op 2: 0

Op 3: 32



Op 4: 18

Correct Op: 3

Question 3:-

A language has 28 different letters in total. Each word in the language is composed of maximum 7 letters. You want to create a data-type to store a word of this language. You decide to store the word as an array of letters. How many bits will you assign to the data-type to be able to store all kinds of words of the language.

Op 1: 7

Op 2: 35

Op 3: 28

Op 4: 196

Correct Op: 2

Question 4:-

A 10-bit unsigned integer has the following range:

Op 1: 0 to 1000

Op 2: 0 to 1024

Op 3: 1 to 1025

Op 4: 0 to 1023

Correct Op: 4

Question 5:-

Rajni wants to create a data-type for the number of books in her book case. Her shelf can accommodate a maximum of 75 books. She allocates 7 bits to the datatype. Later another shelf is added to her book-case. She realizes that she can still use the same data-type for storing the number of books in her book-case. What is the maximum possible capacity of her new added shelf?

Op 1: 52

Op 2: 127

Op 3: 53

Op 4: 75



Correct Op:1

Question 6:-

A new language has 15 possible letters, 8 different kinds of punctuation marks and a blank character. Rahul wants to create two data types, first one which could store the letters of the language and a second one which could store any character in the language. The number of bits required to store these two data-types will respectively be:

Op 1: 3 and 4

Op 2: 4 and 3

Op 3: 4 and 5

Op 4: 3 and 5

Correct Op: 3

Question 7:-

Parul takes as input two numbers: a and b. a and b can take integer values between 0 and 255. She stores a, b and c as 1byte data type. She writes the following code statement to process a and b and put the result in c.

$$c = a + 2*b$$

To her surprise her program gives the right output with some input values of a and b, while gives an erroneous answer for others. For which of the following inputs will it give a wrong answer?

Op 1: a = 10 b = 200

Op 2: a = 200 b = 10

Op 3: a = 50 b = 100

Op 4: a = 100 b = 50

Correct Op: 1

Question 8:-

Prashant takes as input 2 integer numbers, a and b, whose value can be between 0 and 127. He stores them as 7 bit numbers. He writes the following code to process these numbers to produce a third number c.

c = a - b



In how many minimum bits should Prashant store c?

Op 1: 6 bits

Op 2: 7 bits

Op 3: 8 bits

Op 4: 9 bits

Correct Op: 3

Question 9:-

Ankita takes as input 2 integer numbers, a and b, whose value can be between 0 a nd 31. He stores them as 5 bit numbers. He writes the following code to process th ese numbers to produce a third number c.

$$c = 2*(a - b)$$

In how many minimum bits should Ankita store c?

Op 1: 6 bits

Op 2: 7 bits

Op 3: 8 bits

Op 4: 9 bits

Correct Op: 2

Question 10:-

A character in new programming language is stored in 2 bytes. A string is represented as an array of characters. A word is stored as a string. Each byte in the memory has an address. The word "Mahatma Gandhi" is stored in the memory with starting address 456. The letter 'd' will be at which memory address?

Op 1: 468

Op 2: 480

Op 3: 478

Op 4: 467

Correct Op: 3

Question 11:-

Stuti is making a questionnaire of True-false questions. She wants to define a data-



type which stores the response of the candidate for the question. What is the most-suited data type for this purpose?

Op 1: integer

Op 2: boolean

Op 3: float

Op 4: character

Correct Op: 2

Question 12:-

What will be the output of the following pseudo-code statements:

integer a = 456, b, c, d = 10

b = a/d

c = a - b

print c

Op 1: 410

Op 2: 410.4

Op 3: 411.4

Op 4: 411

Correct Op: 4

Question 13:-

What will be the output of the following pseudo-code statements:

integer a = 984, b, c, d = 10

print remainder(a,d) // remainder when a is divided by d

a = a/d

print remainder(a,d) // remainder when a is divided by d

Op 1: 48

Op 2: Error

Op 3:84



Op 4: 44

Correct Op:1

Question 14:-

What will be the output of the following code statements?

integer a = 50, b = 25, c = 0

print (a > 45 OR b > 50 AND c > 10)

Op 1: 1

Op 2: 0

Op 3: -1

Op 4: 10

Correct Op: 1

Question 15:-

What will be the output of the following code statements?

integer a = 50, b = 25, c = 5

print a * b / c + c

Op 1: 120

Op 2: 125

Op 3: 255

Op 4: 250

Correct Op: 3

Question 16:-

What will be the output of the following code statements?

integer a = 10, b = 35, c = 5

print a * b / c - c

Op 1: 65

Op 2: 60

Op 3: Error



Op 4: 70

Correct Op:1

Question 17:-

integer a = 10, b = 35, c = 5

Comment about the output of the two statements?

print a * b + c / d

print c/d+a*b

Op 1: Differ due to left-to-right precedence

Op 2: Differ by 10

Op 3: Differ by 20

Op 4: Same

Correct Op: 4

Question 18:-

integer a = 40, b = 35, c = 20, d = 10

Comment about the output of the following two statements:

print a * b / c - d

print a * b / (c - d)

Op 1: Differ by 80

Op 2: Same

Op 3: Differ by 50

Op 4: Differ by 160

Correct Op: 1

Question 19:-

What will be the output of the following code statements?

integer a = 10, b = 35, c = 5

print a * b / c - c



```
Op 1: 65
Op 2: 60
Op 3: Error
Op 4: 70
Correct Op: 1
Question 20:-
integer a = 60, b = 35, c = -30
What will be the output of the following two statements:
print (a > 45 OR b > 50 AND c > 10)
print ((a > 45 OR b > 50) AND c > 10)
Op 1: 0 and 1
Op 1: No error, the program is correct.
Op 2: Statement 1
Op 3: Statement 4
Op 4: statement 6
Correct Op: 3
Question 21:-
Shashi wants to make a program to print the sum of the first 10 multiples
of 5. She writes the following program, where statement 5 is missing:
integer i = 0
integer sum = 0
while ( i <= 50 )
sum = sum + i
-- MISSING STATEMENT 5 --
}
```



print sum

```
Which of the following will you use for statement 5?
```

```
Op 1: i = 5
```

Op 2: i = 5 * i

Op 3: i = i + 1

Op 4: i = i + 5

Correct Op: 4

Question 22:-

Shantanu wants to make a program to print the sum of the first 7 multiples of 6. He writes the following program:

```
integer i = 0 // statement 1
integer sum // statement 2
while ( i <= 42 ) // statement 3
{
sum = sum + i // statement 4
i = i + 6;
}</pre>
```

print sum // statement 6

Does this program have an error? If yes, which one statement will you modify to

correct the program?

```
Op 1: Statement 1
```

Op 2: Statement 2

Op 3: Statement 3

Op 4: Statement 4

Correct Op: 2

Question 23:-

Sharmili wants to make a program to print the sum of all perfect cubes, where the



value of the cubes go from 0 to 100. She writes the following program: integer i = 0, a // statement 1 integer sum = 0; a = (i * i * i) while (i < 100) // statement 2 { sum = sum + a // statement 3 i = i + 1a = (i * i * i) // statement 4 } print sum Does this program have an error? If yes, which one statement will you modify to correct the program? Op 1: Statement 1 Op 2: Statement 2 Op 3: Statement 3 Op 4: Statement 4 Op 5: No error Correct Op: 2 Question 24:-Bhavya wants to make a program to print the sum of all perfect squares, where the value of the squares go from 0 to 50. She writes the following program: integer i = 1, a // statement 1 integer sum = 0 while (a < 50) // statement 2 {



```
sum = sum + a // statement 3
i = i + 1
a = ( i * i ); // statement 4
}
print sum
Does this program have an error? If yes, which one statement will you modify to
correct the program?
Op 1: Statement 1
Op 2: Statement 2
Op 3: Statement 3
Op 4: Statement 4
Correct Op:1
Question 25:-
Vijay wants to print the following pattern on the screen:
2
24
246
2468
He writes the following program:
integer i = 1, j=2 // statement 1
while (i <= 4) // statement 2
j = 2;
while ( j <= ? ) // Statement 3
{
```



```
print j
print blank space
j = j + 2
}
print end-of-line \takes the cursor to the next line
i = i + 1
}
What is the value of? in statement 3?
Op 1:8
Op 2: i
Op 3: 2*i
Op 4: 4
Correct Op: 3
Question 26:-
Shravanti writes the following program:
integer i = 0, j
while (i < 2)
{j = 0;}
while ( j <= 3*i )
{print j
print blank space
j = j + 3
print end-of-line \takes the cursor to the next line
i = i + 1
}
```



What will be the output of the program? Op 1: 0 03 Op 2: 03 036 Op 3: 0 036 0369 Op 4: 036 0369 036912 Correct Op:1 Question 27:-Vijay wants to print the following pattern on the screen: 1 12 123 He writes the following program: integer i = 1 // statement 1 while (i <= 3) { int j // Statement 2



```
while ( j <= i ) // Statement 3
{
print j
print blank space
j = j + 1 // Statement 4
}
print end-of-line \takes the cursor to the next line
i = i + 1
}
Will this program function correctly? If not which one statement will you modify
to make the program function correctly?
Op 1: Statement 1
Op 2: Statement 2
Op 3: Statement 3
Op 4: Statement 4
Op 5: Program does not have error.
Correct Op: 2
Question 28:-
Charu writes the following program:
integer i = 1, j, a
while ( i <= 4 )
j = 1;
a = 0;
while ( a <= 5*i )
{
```



```
a = 2^j;
print a
print blank space
j = j + 1
}
print end-of-line \takes the cursor to the next line
i = i + 1
}
What will be the output of the program?
Op 1:
2
2 4
248
24816
Op 2:
24
248
24816
2 4 8 16 32
Op 3:
24
248
248
24816
Op 4:
2
```



24

24

2 4 8 16

Correct Op: 3

Question 29:-

Himanshu wants to write a program to print the larger of the two inputted number. He writes the following code:

int number1, number 2

input number1, number 2

if (??) // Statement 1

print number1

else print number2

end if

Fill in the ?? in statement 1.

Op 1: number1>number2

Op 2: number2>number1

Op 3: number2 equals number1

Op 4: number1 <= number2

Correct Op: 1

Question 30:-

Shalini wants to program to print the largest number out of three inputted numbers. She writes the following program:

int number1, number 2, number3, temp;

input number1, number2, number3;

if (number1>number2)

temp = number1

else



temp = number2

end if

if (??) // Statement 1

temp = number3

end if print temp

Fill in the ?? in Statement 1

Op 1: number3 > number2

Op 2: number3 > temp

Op 3: number3 < temp

Op 4: number3 > number1

Correct Op: 2