

i] Prove the green's reciprocity theorem, for charge distribution  $\rho_1(r)$  and  $V_1(r)$  &  $\rho_2(r)$  and  $V_2(r)$  that,

$$\int_{\text{all space}} V_1 \rho_2 d\tau = \int_{\text{all space}} \rho_1 V_2 d\tau$$

Ans] Proof:- let us evaluate,

$$\int_{\text{all space}} \vec{E}_1 \cdot \vec{E}_2 d\tau = \int_{\text{all space}} \vec{E}_2 \cdot \vec{E}_1 d\tau$$

$$\int (\nabla V_1) \cdot (\nabla V_2) d\tau = \int (\nabla V_2) \cdot (\nabla V_1) d\tau$$

W.K.,  ~~$\nabla \cdot (V_1 \nabla V_2)$~~   $\nabla \cdot (V_1 \nabla V_2) = (\nabla V_1) \cdot (\nabla V_2) + V_1 \nabla^2 V_2$

$$\nabla \cdot (V_2 \nabla V_1) = (\nabla V_2) \cdot (\nabla V_1) + V_2 \nabla^2 V_1$$

$$\therefore \int \nabla \cdot (V_1 \nabla V_2) d\tau - \int V_1 \nabla^2 V_2 d\tau$$

$$= \int \nabla \cdot (V_2 \nabla V_1) d\tau - \int V_2 \nabla^2 V_1 d\tau$$

Using Poisson's Equation, And Green's theorem,

$$\oint_S V_1 \vec{E}_2 \cdot d\vec{a} + \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \int V_1 \rho_2 d\tau$$

$$= \oint_S V_2 \vec{E}_1 \cdot d\vec{a} + \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \int V_2 \rho_1 d\tau$$

Since  $(\vec{E}_1 \cdot \vec{E}_2)$  is  $V_1$  &  $V_2$  at infinite surface, is zero,

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \int_{\text{all space}} V_1 \rho_2 d\tau = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \int_{\text{all space}} V_2 \rho_1 d\tau$$

$$\boxed{\int_{\text{all space}} V_1 \rho_2 d\tau = \int_{\text{all space}} V_2 \rho_1 d\tau}$$