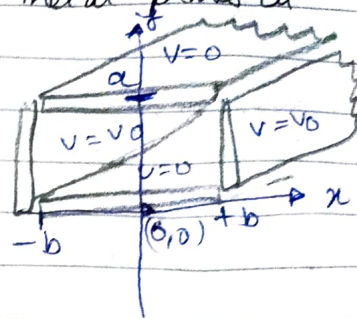


# Problem

~~Introduction~~ to .

Two infinitely long grounded metal plates at  $y=0, y=a$ ,  
connected by metal strips at  $x=\pm b$   
{ insulated } at constant  $V=V_0$   
at corners



find  $V(x,y) = ?$

## Solution

Boundary condition,

$$V=V_0 \text{ at } x=+b$$

$$V=V_0 \text{ at } x=-b$$

$$V=0 \text{ at } y=0$$

$$V=0 \text{ at } y=a$$

we have

$$\nabla^2 V = 0$$

{ charge density is 0 }

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} = 0$$

{  $\partial^2$  can be reduced to

two dimension as system

{ is independent of  $z$  }

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

assuming my soln to be  $V(x,y) = X(x)Y(y)$   
satisfying in eqn, we get  $\rightarrow$

$$Y \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} + X \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

{ dividing by  $V$  }

{ Separation of variables  
• special soln }

$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{Y} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$f(x) + g(y) = 0$$

{ Two function of  $x$  and  $y$   
both are independent variable

{ only possible solution  
is both are constant

$$f(x) = C_1$$

$$g(y) = C_2$$

$$\text{So } C_1 + C_2 = 0$$

$$C_1 = -C_2$$

$$\text{let } C_1 = K^2, C_2 = -K^2$$

$$X(x) = A e^{Kx} + B e^{-Kx}, Y(y) = (C \sin(Ky) + D \cos(Ky))$$

{ where  $\sin(\theta) = \sin \theta$   
 $\cos(\theta) = \cos \theta$  }

Now, satisfying our boundary condition,  
we get, of  $x = \pm b$   $V = V_0$

we get  $A = B$

let them be absorbed in  $C$  and  $D$

for  $y = 0, a$   $V = 0$

$D = 0$  and  $k = \frac{n\pi}{a}$  } to make  $\sin(ka) = 0$

rewriting soln

$$V(x, y) = C \cosh\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{a}\right) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} e^{kx} + e^{-kx} = 2\cosh kx \\ \text{absorb 2 in } C \text{ and } D \end{array} \right.$$

General solution to the problem looks like,

$$V(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \cosh\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{a}\right)$$

Using Fourier series method { as Asked in Class }

$$V_0 = V(b, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \cosh\left(\frac{n\pi b}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{a}\right)$$

$$\int_0^a V_0 \sin\left(\frac{n'\pi y}{a}\right) dy = \int_0^a \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \cosh\left(\frac{n\pi b}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n'\pi y}{a}\right) dy$$

{ multiplying both side }

which reduces to

$$C_n \cosh\left(\frac{n\pi b}{a}\right) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \\ \frac{4V_0}{n\pi} & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$

final

solution looks like

$$V(x, y) = \frac{4V_0}{\pi} \sum_{n=1,3,5} \frac{1}{n} \frac{\cosh(n\pi x/a)}{\cosh(n\pi b/a)}$$

→ choose image if plotted looks like a saddle