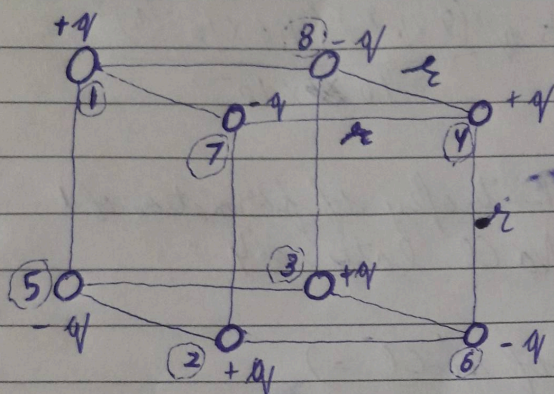


Q) finding entropy of formation of 1 mole of NaCl .

$$1 \text{ mole} = N_A = 6 \times 10^{23}$$

So in a NaCl lattice there are 4 Na^+ and 4 Cl^- . So, No of lattice in 1 mole NaCl
 $\Rightarrow \frac{6 \times 10^{23}}{4} = 1.5 \times 10^{23}$



$$q = 1e^- = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$r = 5.406 \text{ \AA} = 540.6 \text{ pm}$$

Potential Energy = $V \frac{q}{r}$
 (charges brought to in the field of other charges)

$$PE_{(\text{for } 1^{\text{st}})} = 0$$

$$PE_{(\text{for } 2^{\text{nd}})} = \frac{K q q}{\sqrt{2} a} = \frac{K q^2}{\sqrt{2} a}$$

$$PE_{(\text{for } 3^{\text{rd}})} = \frac{K q q}{\sqrt{2} a} + \frac{K q q}{\sqrt{2} a} = \frac{2 K q^2}{\sqrt{2} a}$$

$$PE_{(\text{for } 4^{\text{th}})} = \frac{K q q}{\sqrt{2} a} + \frac{K q q}{\sqrt{2} a} + \frac{K q q}{\sqrt{2} a} = \frac{3 K q^2}{\sqrt{2} a}$$

$$PE_{(\text{for } 5^{\text{th}})} = -\frac{3 K q^2}{a} - \frac{K q^2}{\sqrt{3} a}$$

$$PE_{(\text{for } 6^{\text{th}})} = -\frac{3 K q^2}{a} - \frac{K q^2}{\sqrt{3} a} + \frac{K q^2}{\sqrt{2} a}$$

$$PE_{(\text{for } 7^{\text{th}})} = -\frac{3 K q^2}{a} - \frac{K q^2}{\sqrt{3} a} + \frac{2 K q^2}{\sqrt{2} a}$$

$$PE_{(\text{for } 8^{\text{th}})} = -\frac{3 K q^2}{a} - \frac{K q^2}{\sqrt{3} a} + \frac{3 K q^2}{\sqrt{2} a}$$

$$PE_{\text{total}} = -12 \frac{kq^2}{r} - \frac{4kq^2}{\sqrt{3}r} + \frac{12kq^2}{\sqrt{2}r}$$

$$PE_{\text{total}} = \left(\frac{+12}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} - 12 \right) \frac{kq^2}{r}$$

$$= \left(\frac{+12}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} - 12 \right) \frac{kq^2 (9 \times 10^9) (1.6 \times 10^{-19})^2}{540 \times 10^{-12}}$$

$$= -2.48 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Entropy of formation of} \\ \text{NaCl lattice?} \end{array} \right.$$

=) Entropy of formation of 1 mole of $\text{Na}^+ \text{Cl}^-$ =)

$$(1.5 \times 10^{23}) \times (-2.48 \times 10^{-18}) =$$

$$PE = -372 \times 10^3 \text{ J/mole}$$

or

$$-372 \text{ kJ/mole}$$