## CMAPSS\_FD004\_Random Forest

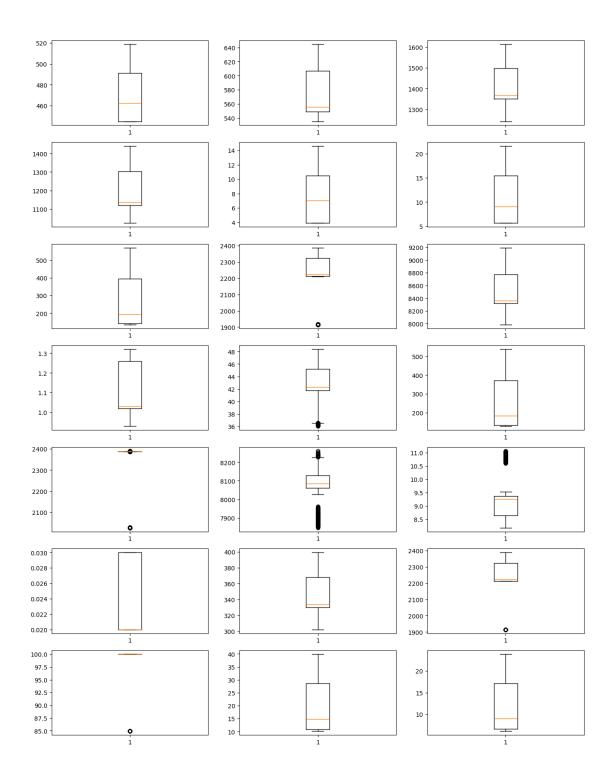
May 8, 2024

```
[1]: import numpy as np
  import pandas as pd
  import sklearn
  from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
  from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
  from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

np.random.seed(100)
```

## 1 Data Preprocessing

```
[2]: train_data = pd.read_csv("CMAPSSData/train_FD004.txt", sep= "\s+", header = \( \text{None} \)
    plt.figure(figsize = (16, 21))
    for i in range(21):
        temp_data = train_data.iloc[:,i+5]
        plt.subplot(7,3,i+1)
        plt.boxplot(temp_data)
    plt.show()
```



```
[3]: def process_targets(data_length, early_rul = None):
    if early_rul == None:
        return np.arange(data_length-1, -1, -1)
    else:
```

```
[4]: def process_input_data_with_targets(input_data, target_data = None,_
         num_batches = int(np.floor((len(input_data) - window_length)/shift)) + 1
         num_features = input_data.shape[1]
         output_data = np.repeat(np.nan, repeats = num_batches * window_length *__
      →num_features).reshape(num_batches, window_length,
                                                                                     ш
                         num features)
         if target_data is None:
             for batch in range(num_batches):
                 output_data[batch,:,:] = input_data[(0+shift*batch):
      →(0+shift*batch+window_length),:]
             return output_data
         else:
             output_targets = np.repeat(np.nan, repeats = num_batches)
             for batch in range(num batches):
                 output_data[batch,:,:] = input_data[(0+shift*batch):
      →(0+shift*batch+window_length),:]
                 output_targets[batch] = target_data[(shift*batch +__
      →(window length-1))]
             return output_data, output_targets
```

```
[5]: def process_test_data(test_data_for_an_engine, window_length, shift,__
      →num_test_windows = 1):
         max_num_test_batches = int(np.floor((len(test_data_for_an_engine) -__
      ⇒window length)/shift)) + 1
         if max_num_test_batches < num_test_windows:</pre>
             required_len = (max_num_test_batches -1)* shift + window_length
             batched_test_data_for_an_engine =_u
      process_input_data_with_targets(test_data_for_an_engine[-required_len:, :],
                                                                               ш
      →target_data = None,
      →window_length = window_length, shift = shift)
             return batched_test_data_for_an_engine, max_num_test_batches
         else:
             required_len = (num_test_windows - 1) * shift + window_length
             batched_test_data_for_an_engine =_
      uprocess_input_data_with_targets(test_data_for_an_engine[-required_len:, :],
```

```
→target_data = None,
      ⇔window length = window length, shift = shift)
             return batched_test_data_for_an_engine, num_test_windows
[6]: test_data = pd.read_csv("CMAPSSData/test_FD004.txt", sep = "\s+", header = None)
     true_rul = pd.read_csv('CMAPSSData/RUL_FD004.txt', sep = '\s+', header = None)
     window_length = 1
     shift = 1
     early_rul = 130
     processed_train_data = []
     processed_train_targets = []
     num_test_windows = 5
     processed_test_data = []
     num_test_windows_list = []
     columns_to_be_dropped = [0,1,2,3,4,5,9,10,14,20,22,23]
     num_machines = np.min([len(train_data[0].unique()), len(test_data[0].unique())])
     for i in np.arange(1, num_machines + 1):
         temp_train_data = train_data[train_data[0] == i].
      ⇒drop(columns=columns_to_be_dropped).values
         temp_test_data = test_data[test_data[0] == i].
      ⇒drop(columns=columns_to_be_dropped).values
         if (len(temp_test_data) < window_length):</pre>
             print("Test engine {} doesn't have enough data for window_length of {}".

¬format(i, window_length))
             raise AssertionError("Window length is larger than number of data ⊔
      →points for some engines. "
                                   "Try decreasing window length.")
         elif (len(temp_train_data) < window_length):</pre>
             print("Train engine \{\}\ doesn't\ have\ enough\ data\ for\ window_length\ of_{\sqcup}
      →{}".format(i, window_length))
             raise AssertionError("Window length is larger than number of data ⊔
```

temp\_train\_targets = process\_targets(data\_length = temp\_train\_data.

"Try decreasing window length.")

⇒points for some engines. "

⇒shape[0], early\_rul = early\_rul)

```
data_for_a_machine, targets_for_a_machine =__
      process_input_data_with_targets(temp_train_data, temp_train_targets,
      →window length = window length, shift = shift)
         test_data_for_an_engine, num_windows = process_test_data(temp_test_data,_u
      →window_length = window_length, shift = shift,
                                                                   num test windows =
      →num_test_windows)
         processed_train_data.append(data_for_a_machine)
         processed_train_targets.append(targets_for_a_machine)
         processed_test_data.append(test_data_for_an_engine)
         num_test_windows_list.append(num_windows)
     processed_train_data = np.concatenate(processed_train_data)
     processed_train_targets = np.concatenate(processed_train_targets)
     processed_test_data = np.concatenate(processed_test_data)
     true rul = true rul[0].values
     index = np.random.permutation(len(processed train targets))
     processed_train_data, processed_train_targets = processed_train_data[index],_
      processed_train_targets[index]
     print("Processed trianing data shape: ", processed_train_data.shape)
     print("Processed training ruls shape: ", processed_train_targets.shape)
     print("Processed test data shape: ", processed_test_data.shape)
     print("True RUL shape: ", true_rul.shape)
    Processed trianing data shape: (60994, 1, 14)
    Processed training ruls shape: (60994,)
    Processed test data shape: (1240, 1, 14)
    True RUL shape: (248,)
[7]: processed_train_data = processed_train_data.reshape(-1, processed_train_data.
      \hookrightarrowshape [2])
     processed_test_data = processed_test_data.reshape(-1, processed_test_data.
      \hookrightarrowshape[2])
     print("Processed train data shape: ", processed_train_data.shape)
     print("Processed test data shape: ", processed_test_data.shape)
    Processed train data shape: (60994, 14)
    Processed test data shape: (1240, 14)
```

## 2 Random Forest Regression

```
[8]: param grid = {"n estimators": [100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 1000],
                    "max_features": ["sqrt", "log2"]}
      grid = GridSearchCV(RandomForestRegressor(), param_grid = param_grid,scoring = __

¬"neg_root_mean_squared_error",
                          n_{jobs} = -1, cv = 10)
      grid.fit(processed_train_data, processed_train_targets)
 [8]: GridSearchCV(cv=10, estimator=RandomForestRegressor(), n_jobs=-1,
                   param_grid={'max_features': ['sqrt', 'log2'],
                               'n_estimators': [100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 1000]},
                   scoring='neg_root_mean_squared_error')
 [9]: grid.best_params_
 [9]: {'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 1000}
[10]: best_rf_model = grid.best_estimator_
      rul_pred_tuned = best_rf_model.predict(processed_test_data)
      preds_for_each_engine_tuned = np.split(rul_pred_tuned, np.
       →cumsum(num_test_windows_list)[:-1])
      indices_of_last_examples = np.cumsum(num_test_windows_list) - 1
      preds_for_last_example = np.
       Goncatenate(preds_for_each_engine_tuned)[indices_of_last_examples]
      RMSE = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(true_rul, preds_for_last_example))
      print("RMSE (Taking only last examples): ", RMSE)
     RMSE (Taking only last examples): 30.090039080582258
[11]: def compute_s_score(rul_true, rul_pred):
          diff = rul_pred - rul_true
          return np.sum(np.where(diff < 0, np.exp(-diff/13)-1, np.exp(diff/10)-1))
[12]: | s_score = compute_s_score(true_rul, preds_for_last_example)
      print("S-score: ", s_score)
     S-score: 8619.933476582524
[13]: y_pred_series = pd.Series(preds_for_last_example.flatten())
      y_test_series = pd.Series(true_rul.flatten())
      df = pd.DataFrame({'y_pred_fd004': y_pred_series, 'y_test_fd004':__

y_test_series
)
```

```
df = df.sort_values('y_test_fd004')
number_of_sample = range(1, len(true_rul) + 1)

plt.plot(number_of_sample, df['y_pred_fd004'], 'b*-', label='Predicted values')
plt.plot(number_of_sample, df['y_test_fd004'], 'yo-', label='True values')
plt.title('Prediction from RF model for FD004')
plt.xlabel('Number of samples')
plt.ylabel('Remaining Useful Life (RUL)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

## Prediction from RF model for FD004

