

Answers of Some Important Objective Type Questions for C Language

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Q-1: Predict the output of the following program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main( )
{
    int i, n=5, c=3;
    for(i=0; i<8 ; i++)
    {
        c = (i<=n)? i : --c;
    }
    printf("\n i =%d", i);
    printf("\n c=%d", c);
}
```

Explanation:

Here, n=5

i=5, 6, 7, 8 (final value of i will be 8 when the condition i<8 inside the for loop will be **FALSE**)

Again, c=5 (i<=n is **TRUE** when i=5), c=4 (i<=n is **FALSE** when i=6), c=3 (i<=n is **FALSE** when i=7) and body of the for loop will not be executed when i=8. Hence, the final values of i and c are 8 and 3 respectively.

Output:

i = 8

c = 3

Q-2: Predict the output of the following program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main( )
{
    int i, n=5, c=3;
    for(i=0; i<8 ; i++)
    {

    }
    c = (i<=n)? i : --c;
    printf("\n i =%d", i);
    printf("\n c=%d", c);
}
```

Explanation:

Here, **n=5** and **c=3** at the beginning.

i=8 (final value of **i** will be **8** when the condition **i<8** inside the for loop will be **FALSE**.)

c = --c (as **i<=n** is **FALSE** when **i=8**) = $(3-1) = 2$

Output:

i = 8

c = 2

Q-3: Predict the output of the following program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int i;
```

/* printf() returns the number of characters successfully printed.

Example: printf(“Rahul”) returns 5.

```
*/  
for(i = printf(“Hello”); i<=printf(“India”) ; i++)  
    printf(“\nWhat is this?”);  
}
```

Explanation:

Hello(**i=5**)India(**i<=5 → Condition is TRUE, as i=5**)

What is this? (**i=6**)India(**i<=5 → Condition is FALSE, as i=6 and the statement inside the body of the for loop will not be executed**)

**** In the above, portion written with yellow background will not be the part of the output.**

Output:

HelloIndia

What is this?India