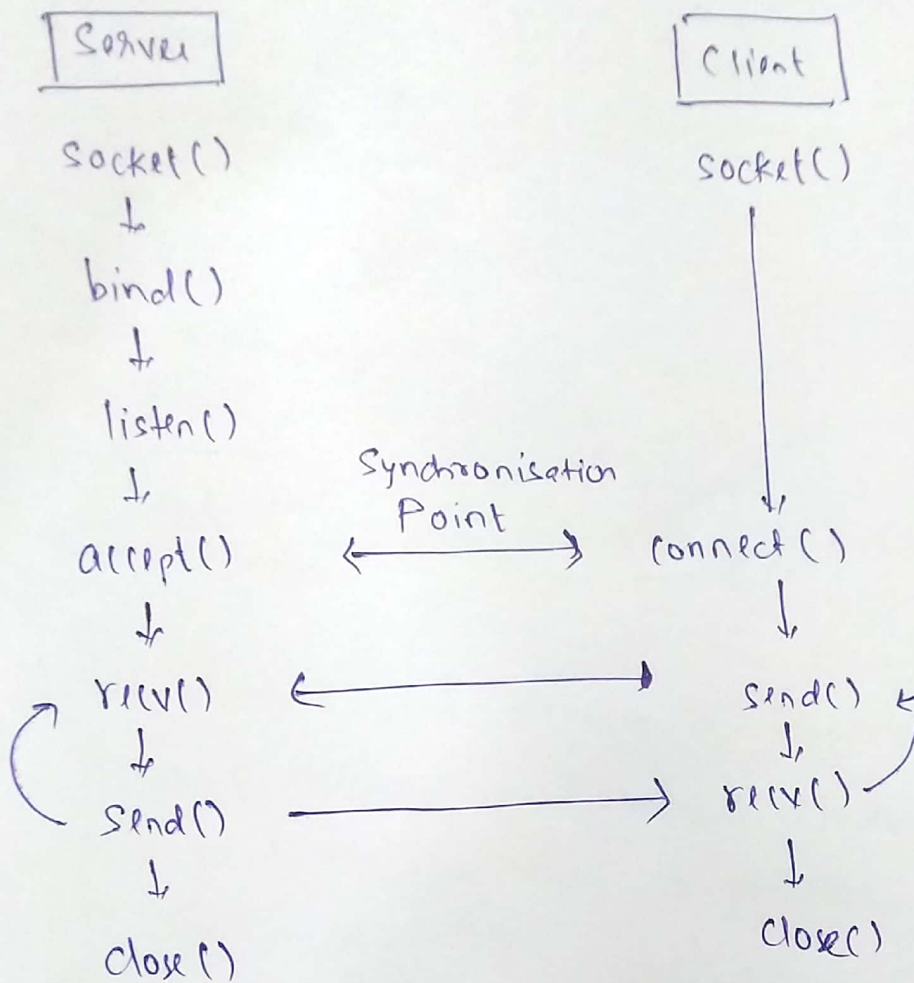


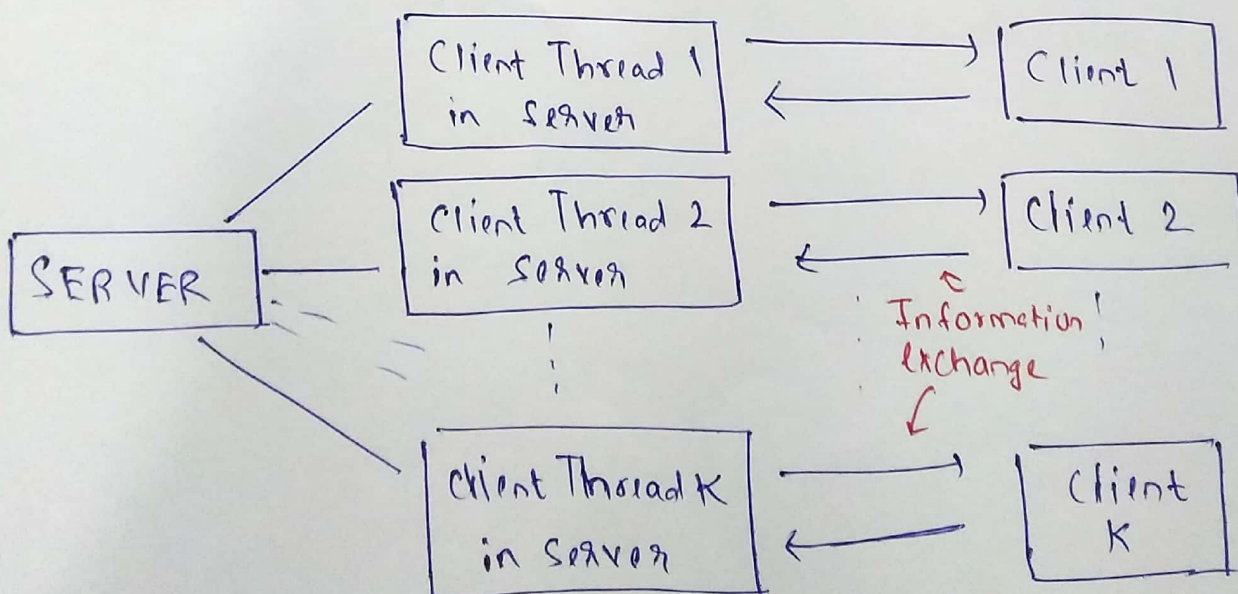
TCP/IP FLOWCHART

(1)

(A) Basic Client-Server Model



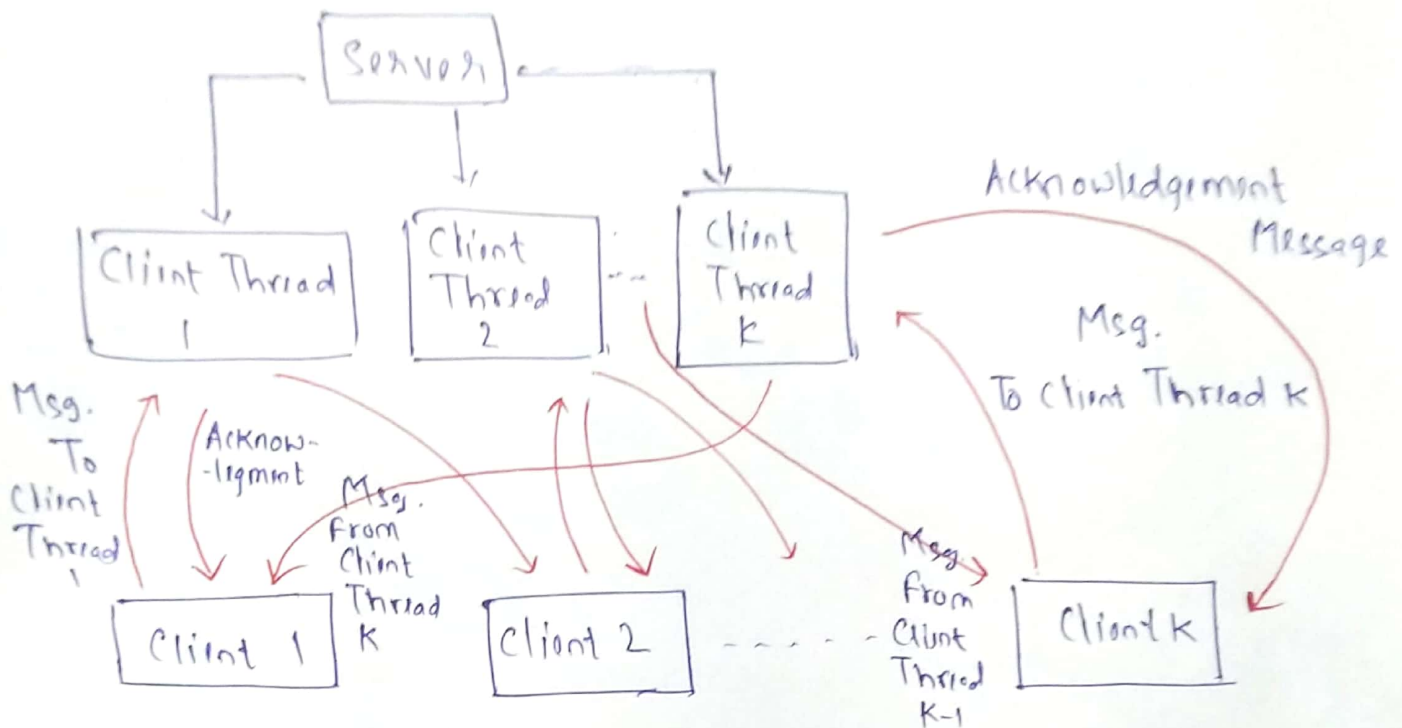
(B) Handling Multiple Clients by using Threading



②

② One to One Model

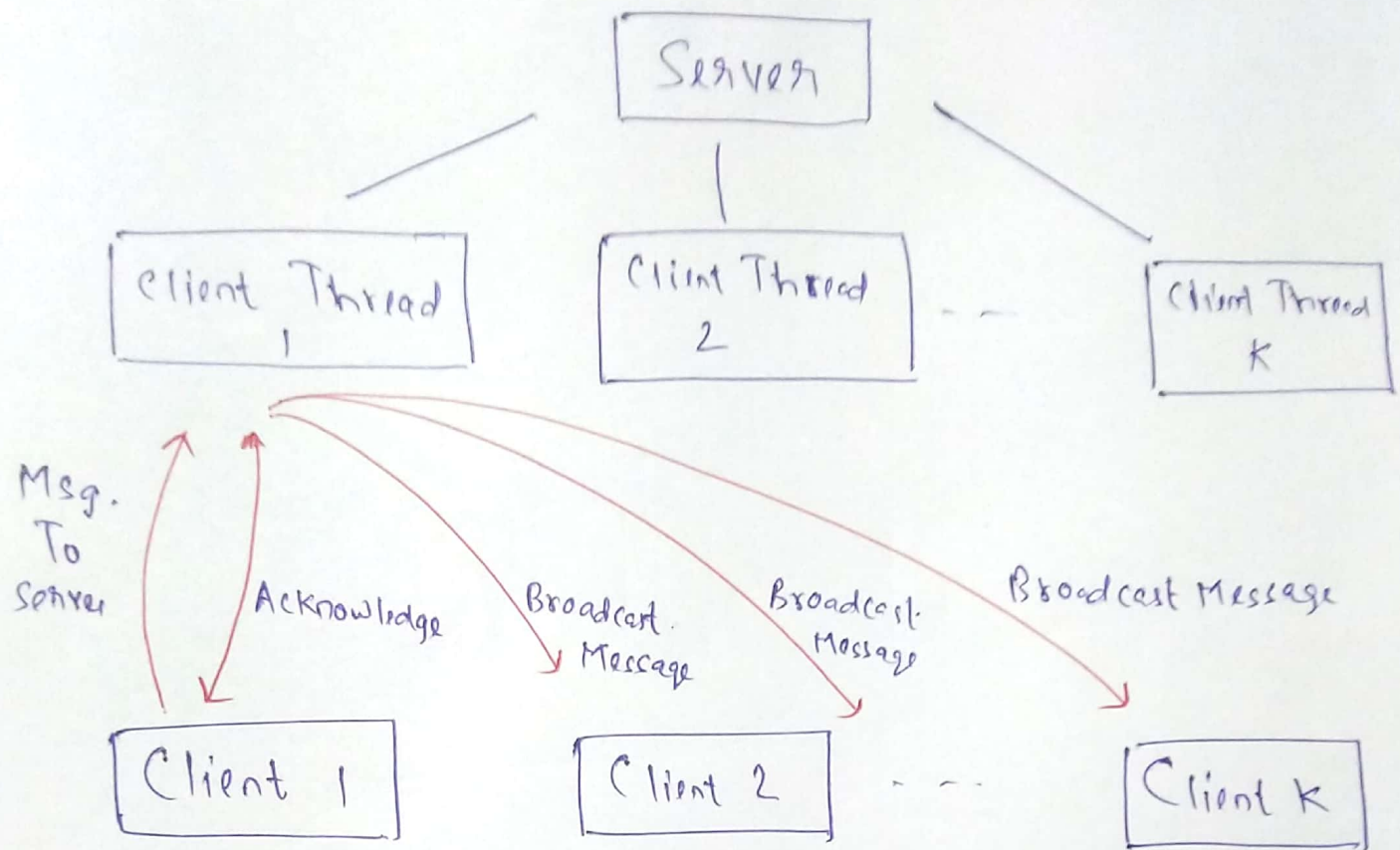
- Message from i^{th} client goes to $(i \% K + 1)^{\text{th}}$ client



- Client $i \rightarrow$ Client Thread $i \rightarrow$ Client $(i \% K + 1)^{\text{th}}$ ~~client~~
Acknow-lement Message

③ Broadcast Model

- Message from i^{th} Client goes to all the other Active Clients (i.e. $K-1$ Clients).
- i^{th} Client receives Acknowledgement from Client Thread i in Server on sending a message.

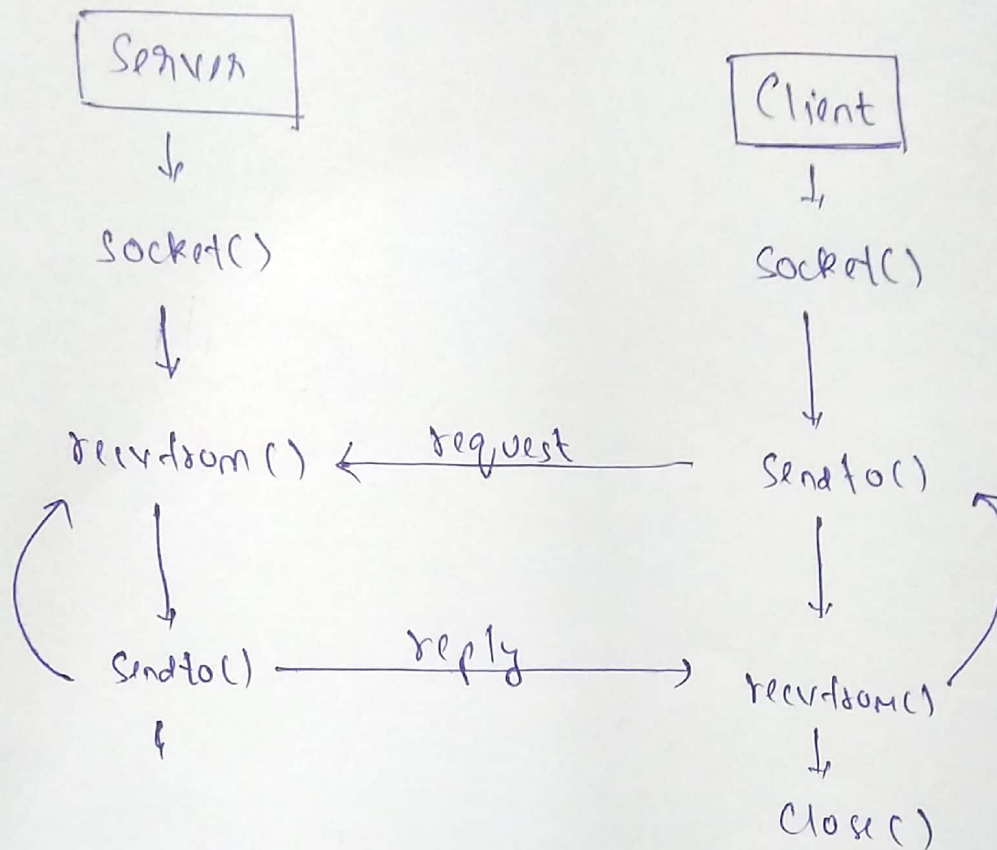


- The above Model depicts a case only where Client 1 sends a message in Broadcast Mode. If other clients also send Message then, a similar Analogy will be continued.
- The complete model (message from each client) hasn't been shown to improve clarity of the block diagram.

UDP FLOWCHART

(4)

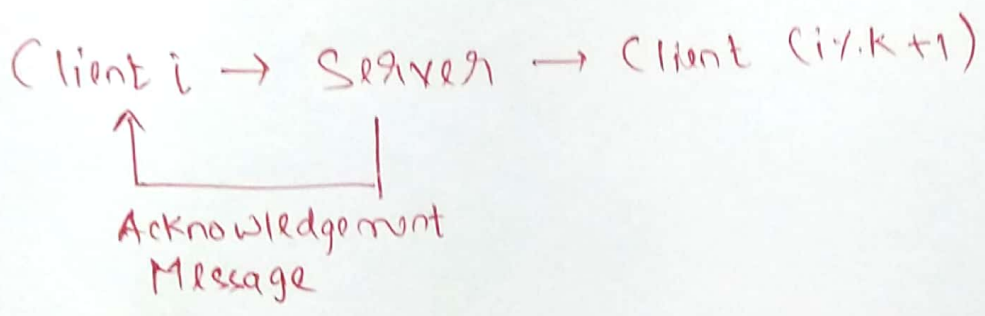
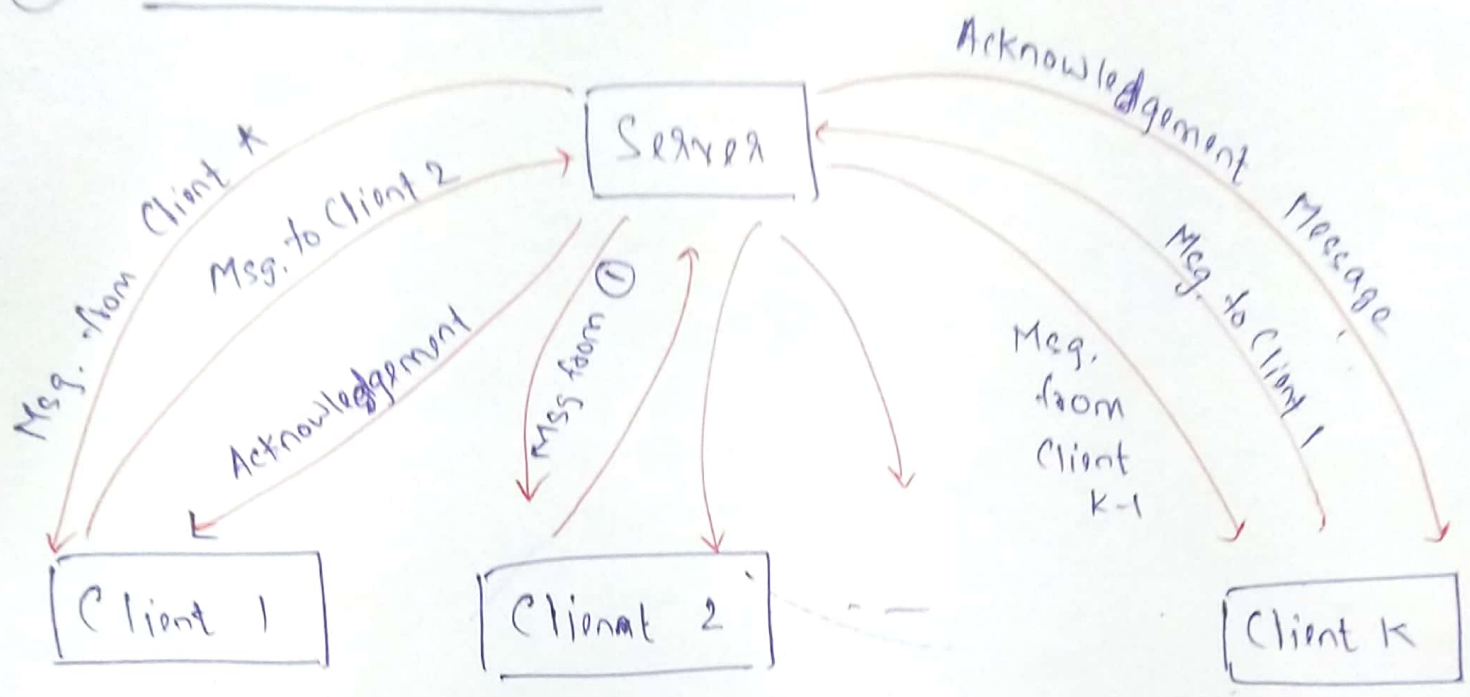
(A)



Basic Client-Server Model

- Information of Client is stored in an Array in the Server through which we can implement One-one and Broadcast Modes.

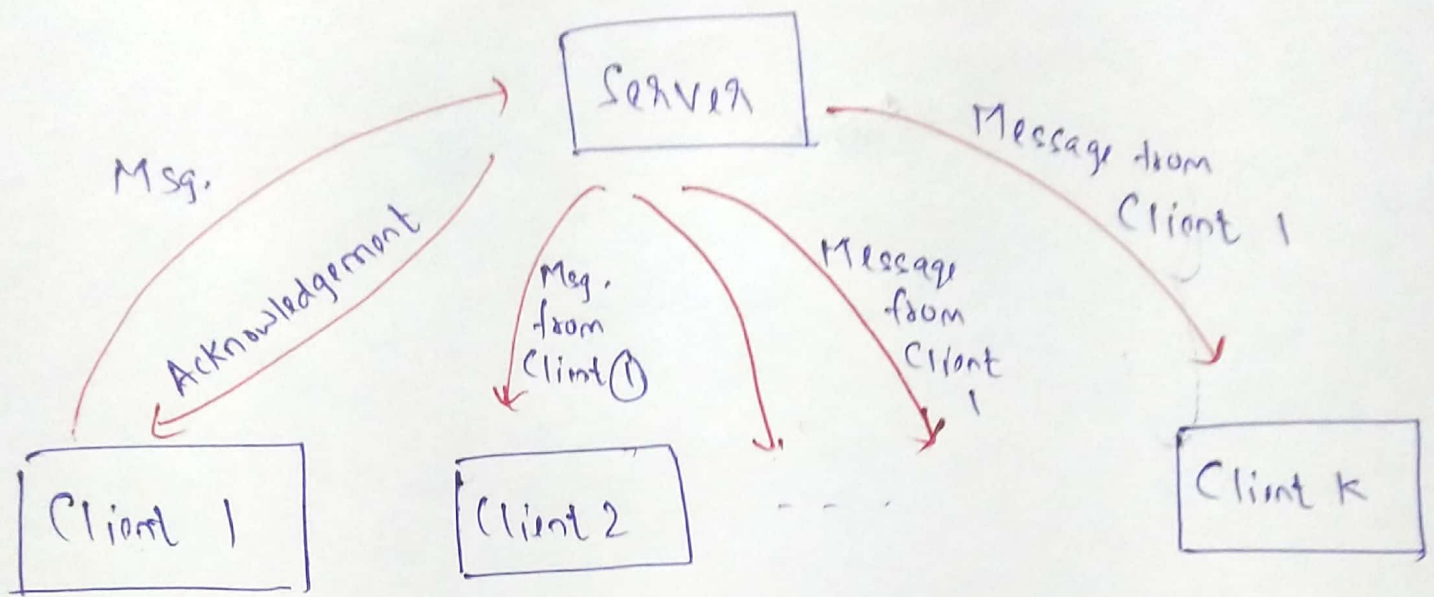
B) One to One Model



C) Broadcast Model

- Message from i th Client goes to all other $K-1$ Active Clients
- i th Client Receives acknowledgement from ~~Client~~ ~~Threat~~ Server on sending a Message.

- Assume only Client 1 sends a Message



- Similarly if any client i , sends a message, the model can be drawn
- Only 1 client sending a message has been depicted to improve clarity of Diagram.