

- 3.1 Relates to the social impact of traditional livelihood loss/degradation
- 3.2 Relates to the social impact of traditional culture loss/degradation
- 3.3 Relates to the social impact of conflict between sectors
- 3.4 Relates to the social impact of human rights violation
- 3.5 Relates to the economic impact of financial loss to fishers/fishing enterprises
- 3.6 Relates to the economic impact of financial loss to national economies
- 3.7 Any damage to a seabed habitat from fishing (or any other anthropogenic activity) is destructive
- 3.8 Any mortality or injury to a non-target species from fishing (or any other anthropogenic activity) is destructive
- 3.10 Fishing activity (or any other anthropogenic activity) that infringes the legitimate rights of other fishers is destructive
- 4.4 Shares some characteristics with the term 'illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing'
- 5.2 Poor or low capacity management rather than specific fishing practices determines how destructive a fishing activity is
- 5.3 All practices that use 'legitimate' fishing gears can be adapted or mitigated to reduce their impact to an appropriate level
- 5.4 Only some practices that use 'legitimate' fishing gears can be adapted or mitigated to reduce their impact to an appropriate level

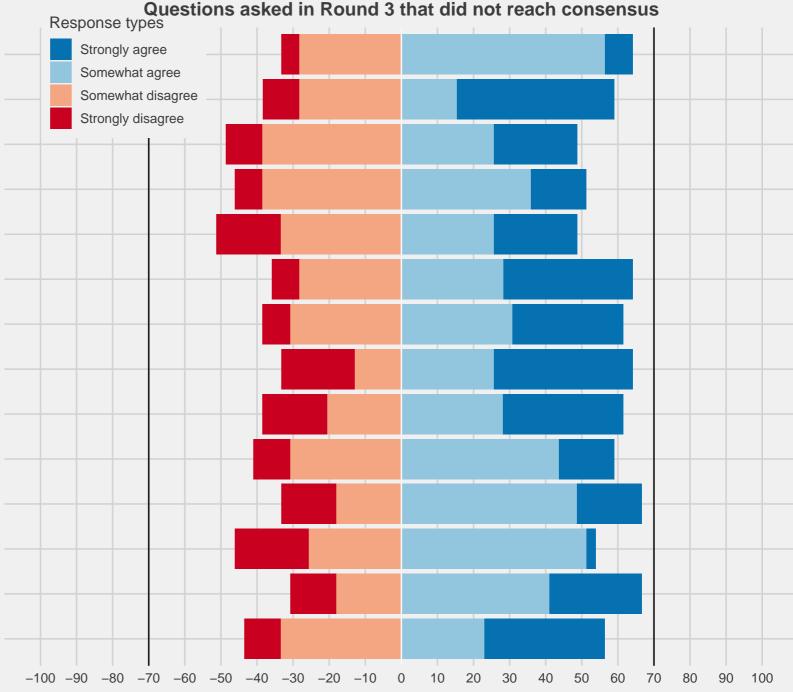


Figure shows all responses for the 14 statements that did not reach a threshold of 70% consensus in round 3, shown as a percentag of all responses. Positive values indicate agreement with the statement, negative values indicate disagreement.