AN11308

Quick Start Up Guide PNEV512B Board Rev. 1.3 — 13 June 2013

Application note COMPANY PUBLIC

Document information

Info	Content
Keywords	PNEV512B, PN512, LPCXpresso, MCU, Code Red, eclipse, LPC1115, LPC1227, reader library
Abstract	This application note is related to the installation procedures of the PNEV512B Board. It describes the actions to be done to become acquainted with the demo reader



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Revision history

Rev	Date	Description
1.3	20130613	Added description about the P2P Snep Client
1.2	20130221	Added description of the P2P project. Added information about the use of the projects in conjunction with the LPC1227 MCU. Added information about the documentation of the NXP Reader Library. Added information about the exemplary project of code size optimization of the NXP Reader Library.
1.1	20130108	Red circles of some figures corrected
1.0	20121217	First release

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1. Introduction

This application note gives a detailed overview of the hardware for working with the PN512 contactless reader IC, we use the LPCXpresso LPC 1115/303 and the Blueboard (**Chapter 2**), the installation procedures of the Development Environment (**Chapter 4.1**) and the handling of the reader projects using the NXP Reader Library (**Chapter 4.2**).

The projects used in this documentation are:

- Communication with MIFARE Ultralight → Chapter 5.1
- Communication with MIFARE Classic → Chapter 5.2
- Communication with MIFARE DESFire → Chapter 5.3
- Polling for Tags in the RF field → Chapter 5.4
- Using the PN512 in Card Emulation mode → Chapter 5.5
- Exemplary Peer to Peer functionality → Chapter 5.6

Each project can also run on the LPCXpresso LPC1227 board (Chapter 6.9).

2. Hardware overview of the Demo Reader

The demo reader is made up of 2 separate boards:

- A PNEV512B demo board provided by NXP (12NC: 9352 981 99699). This board has connectors which are designed to exactly fit the ones of the companion LPCXpresso LPC 1115/303 development board.
- A commercial LPCXpresso LPC 1115/303 development board (12NC: 935297664598, Type: OM13035+598) which can be provided by NXP or bought directly on the market. See [1].

Once the two boards are put together via the connectors, the demo reader is ready for use.

2.1 PNEV512B demo board



Fig 1. Picture of PNEV512B demo board

The PNEV512B demo board embeds the contactless communication transceiver IC PN512 with all its elements needed for transmission: EMC filter, matching network and the antenna. The PN512 supports different kind of contactless communication methods and protocols at 13.56 MHz:

- Reader/Writer mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443A/MIFARE and FeliCa scheme
- Reader/Writer mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443B
- Card Operation mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443A/MIFARE and FeliCa scheme

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- NFCIP-1 mode
- Refer to the data sheets of this IC [2] for more details

Thanks to the relevant solder bridges, the host link of the PNEV512B demo board can be configured for:

- I²C
- SPI
- UART (optional, see 2.7)

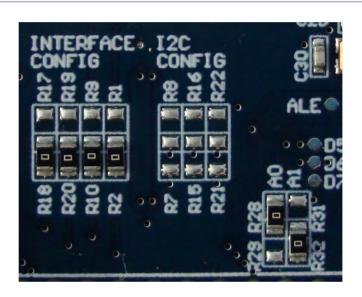


Fig 2. Picture of solder bridges in default configuration

The default interface configuration of the PNEV512B demo board is SPI. The detailed interface configuration is described in section 2.6.

Additional interface and power supply options are described in section 2.7.

2.2 CE certification of the Blueboard

The current version of the demo board (v.1.4) is not CE (European Conformity) compliant. Small adaptations in the schematics may be needed to fully pass RTTE/EMC testing.

2.3 LPCXpresso LPC1115 development board

To work with the provided projects, one will also need an LPCXpresso LPC development board. Such a board is **not included** in the Blueboard hardware package.

The LPC1115 development board integrates an NXP ARM Cortex-M0 microcontroller LPC1115 with 64 Kbytes of Flash memory and 8 Kbytes of RAM. It integrates a lot of hardware parts:

- 1 Serial UART interface,
- 1 SPI controller,

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- 1 I2C controller,
- Serial Wire test/debug interface,

For detailed information, see LPC11xx User Manual [3].

The LPCXpresso board contains a JTAG/ SWD debugger called the "LPC-Link" and a target MCU. The LPC-Link is equipped with a 10-pin JTAG header and it seamlessly connects the target via USB (the USB interface and other debug features are provided by NXP's ARM9 based LPC3154 MCU).



Fig 3. Picture of LPCXpresso LPC1115 development board

2.4 Alternative to the LPCXpresso LPC1115

All the projects also run with the development board LPCXpresso LPC1114 (12NC: 935290886598, Type: OM11049+598) without the need of any adaptation in the code. By doing two subtle modification in project configuration in LPCXpresso IDE all the projects can run with the LPCXpresso LPC1227 (12NC: 935294603598, Type: OM13008+598) development board. For more information please see chapter 6.9.

2.5 Preparation of the hardware

The first step after unpacking the Blue Board and the LPCXpresso is soldering the connectors onto the boards to get them together. In our example we use a multipoint connector as one can see on the pictures below.

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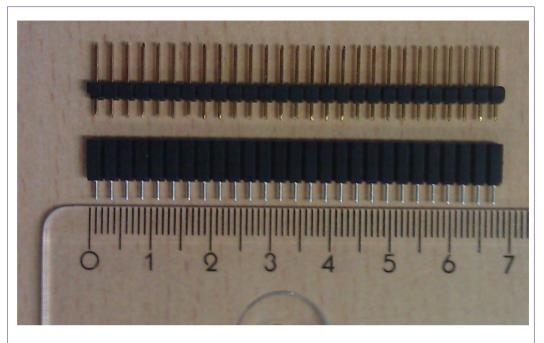


Fig 4. Multipoint Connectors we used

One may buy these connectors at any electronic store. Here are some examples [4]. After soldering the connectors, join the boards as shown on the following figure.

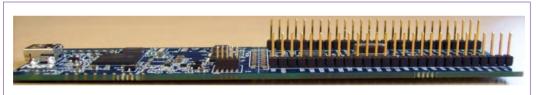


Fig 5. LPCXpresso with the Multipoint Connectors

Now the hardware is ready for use. Please connect the LPCXpresso board with the Blueboard.

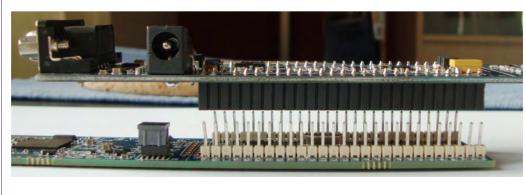


Fig 6. Connect the two boards

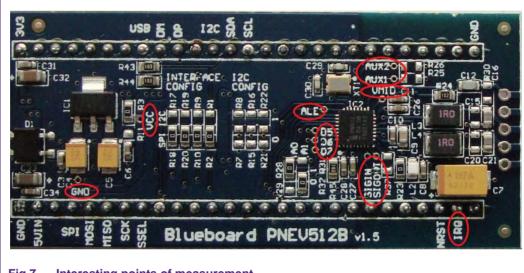
2.6 Interesting points of measurement

On the PNEV512B demo board one can find test pads for measurement purposes.

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D7 **SIGIN** VCC **ALE SIGOUT GND** AUX1 **IRQ D5** AUX2 **VMID** D6



Interesting points of measurement Fig 7.

2.7 Preparing the Blueboard for the use with SPI or I²C

The Blueboard is generally delivered in SPI configuration. To change the interface to I²C the four appropriate 0R0 resistors in the interface config section need to be resoldered to the I2C side of the solder jumpers. Also the two 0R0 resistors at A0 and A1 need to be changed.

A0 and A1 interface configuration Table 1.

Appropriate solder jumpers (ORO resistors) for interface configuration

Signal	Interface type		
	SPI	I ² C	UART(optional)
A0	R28	R29	R29
A1	R32	R31	R32

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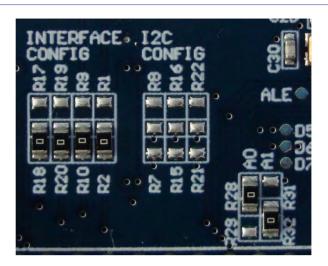


Fig 8. Blueboard in SPI configuration

To use the Blueboard in I²C configuration with the provided software projects, one has to carry out two minor adaptations in the code, which are described in section 6.6.

The I²C-address can be configured either by software or by hardware. To set the I²C-address by hardware the solder jumpers in the I²C config section (see picture above) have to be connected appropriately. R7, R15 and R24 are logically LOW and R8, R16 and R22 logically HIGH.

2.8 Optional interfaces and power supply

The PNEV512B demo board is normally controlled by the LPCXpresso Board. With the optional interfaces and power supply the demo board can be controlled directly by a PC without the LPCXpresso Board.

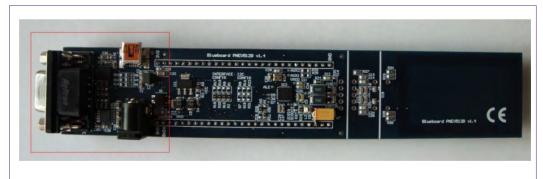


Fig 9. Additional interfaces

To use the additional interfaces the interface selection signals A0 and A1 have to be configured to UART mode (see section 2.6 table 1).

2.8.1 Configuring the additional interfaces

With the appropriate solder jumpers two different serial interfaces can be selected.

Table 2. Solder Jumpers for selecting the additional interfaces

Interface type Resistors

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Interface type	Resistors
USB	R38, R39
RS232	R40, R41, R42



Fig 10. Solder jumpers for additional interface configuration

In delivery default configuration the USB-connector of the PNEV512B demo board is directly routed to the USB-pins of the LPCXpresso Board μ C in order to use the USB connector as an additional USB connector of the LPCXpresso Board.

For using the USB interface in UART mode the following solder jumper configuration is needed:

Table 3. Solder Jumpers for USB connector configuration

Connection type	Resistors
LPCXpresso-USB	R4, R5, R6
UART-USB	R12, R13, R14

2.8.2 Configuring the power supply

When using the PNEV512 demo board without the LPCXpresso Board an additional 5VDC power supply is needed. The onboard voltage regulator provides the 3.3VDC supply voltage VCC.

Table 4. VCC power supply configuration

Power supply	Resistors
LPCXpresso Board	R3
External 5VDC	R11

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Fig 11. Solder jumper for VCC power supply configuration

3. Installation of the LPCXpresso Board

The guidelines for installing the reader are as follows:

- Connect the LPCXpresso Board to a real USB2.0 port of the PC (for speed reasons) using the mini-USB connector. The PC detects and installs the Board automatically.
- Once the Board has been installed, open the Device Manager of the PC to check that the installation was successful. The item "USB Device with DFU Capabilities" is being displayed.

Please be sure to always connect both USB ports to the computer. If the USB port of the Blueboard is not connected to a USB port, it won't work because of the missing power.

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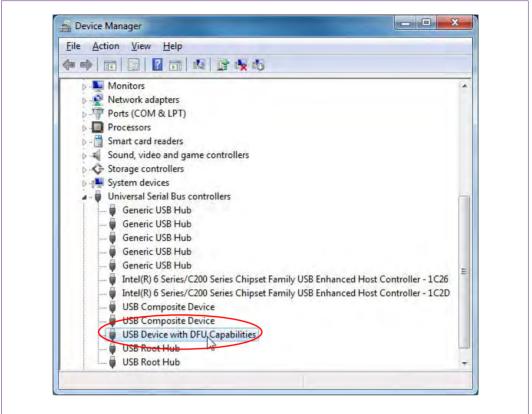


Fig 12. Enumeration of the LPCXpresso Board in Device Manager Window

4. Managing the Demo Reader project with LPCXpresso IDE

The demo reader project is delivered in a zip package. It can be extracted, edited, compiled and linked with LPCXpresso™ IDE.

LPCXpresso[™] is a new, low-cost development platform available at NXP. It supports NXP's ARM-based LPC microcontrollers. The platform comprises a simplified Eclipse-based IDE and low-cost target boards which include an attached JTAG debugger.

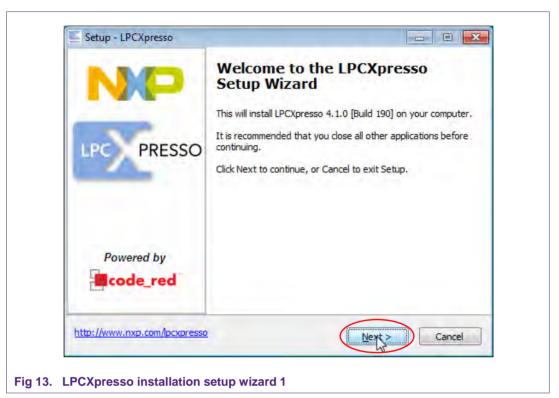
At least use the **LPCXpresso version 5.0** or higher to benefit from a bug-free IDE and the up-to-date features.

This tool can freely be downloaded from the LPCXpresso website [1]. Before one can download the software, it is necessary to create an account. Creating an account is absolutely free.

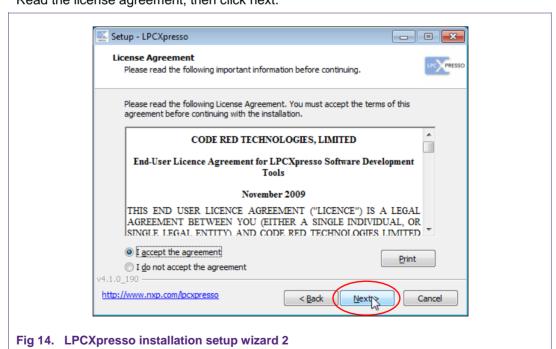
4.1 Installation of LPCXpresso IDE

The IDE is installed into a single directory of one's choice. Multiple versions can be installed simultaneously without any issues. The installation starts after double-clicking the installer file. Then click "next" on the setup wizard.

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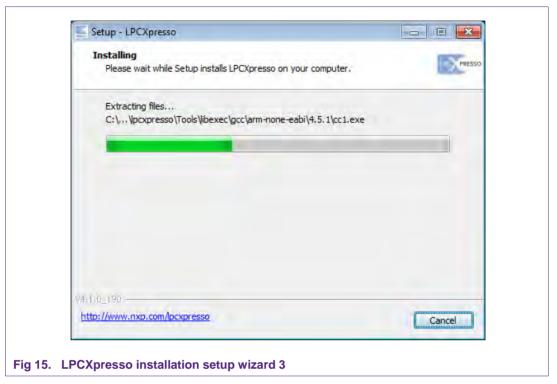


Read the license agreement, then click next.

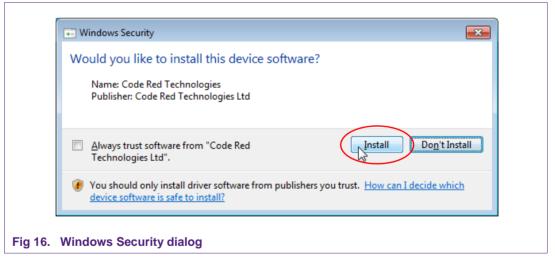


There are numbers of other screens on the setup wizard but generally the default options can be accepted. After the installation, an information file will be displayed. Click "Next" to accomplish the installation.

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After this installation step, the user will be asked if he wants to install some required drivers. The installation of these drivers should be accepted.



After the setup wizard has finished one can launch the newly installed IDE.

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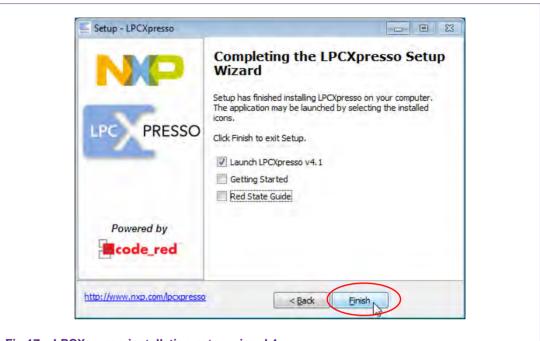
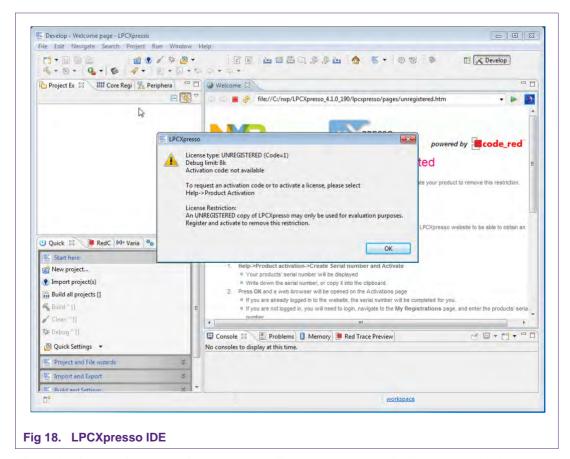


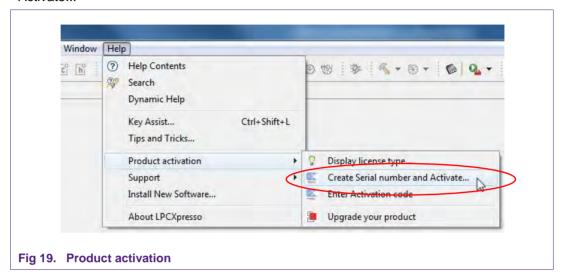
Fig 17. LPCXpresso installation setup wizard 4



Directly after the first start of the Eclipse IDE one will see an info dialog, that this is only an unregistered copy of LPCXpresso IDE. Just confirm the dialog and follow the

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instructions on the Welcome Screen to get a registered version without the debug limit of 8k. The registration is free and is needed to navigate to the website of Code Red. The Link is shown in the menu, Help \rightarrow Product activation \rightarrow Create Serial number and Activate...

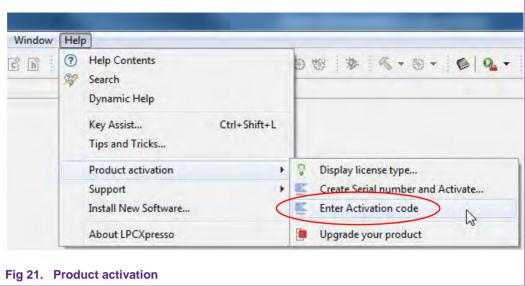




If one doesn't already have an account at Code Red, please sign up to get an activation code. The code will be sent to the provided e-mail address.

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Once the activation code arrives, please open the activation window by pointing to Help → Product activation → Enter Activation code, and enter the code.

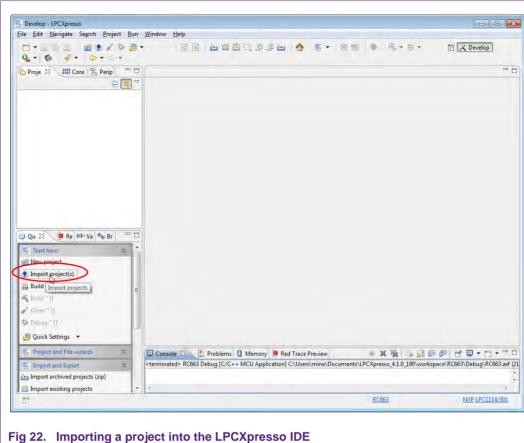
The success of the product activation will be confirmed by an info dialog.

4.2 Extraction of the demo reader project

Once the LPCXpresso[™] IDE has been installed on a computer, the sequence of installing the reference reader project is indicated:

- Start the LPCXpresso™ IDE.
- Select the option "Import project(s)" (see picture below).
- Browse the zip archive.
- LPCXpresso[™] IDE unzips the software package.
- The software package is ready for use.

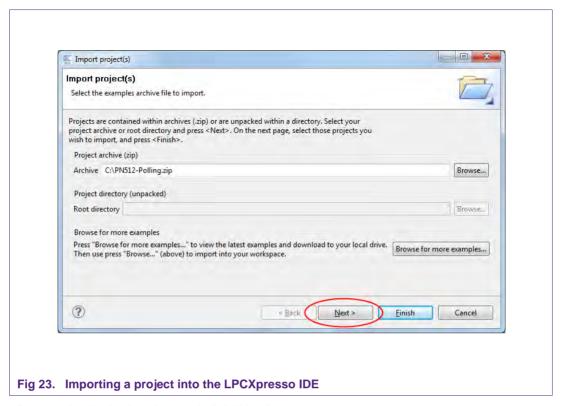
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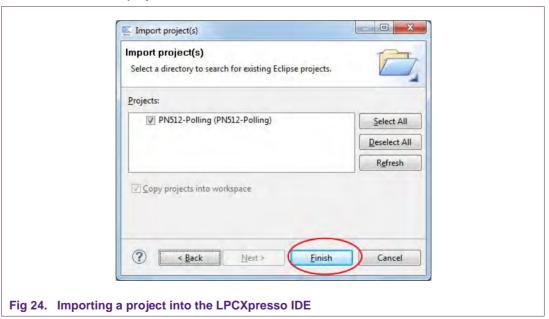
1 lg 22. Importing a project into the Li Oxpresso IDL

At the Quick Panel on the left hand side, choose "Import projects(s)".

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Browse the desired project and click "Next".



When the import process has finished one can start browsing the code. Most interesting might be the main.c which is located in ../src/main.c in the project.

Before one can run the project, the demo board with the PN512 needs to be connected to the computer. Wait until the according drivers have been installed.

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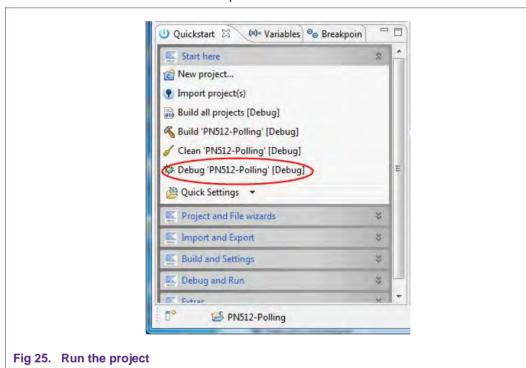
4.3 Start the project

One can quickly start the reader project by editing the main function in the module **main.c**. This function first performs the hardware initializations of the LPC1115 and the RF transceiver PN512.

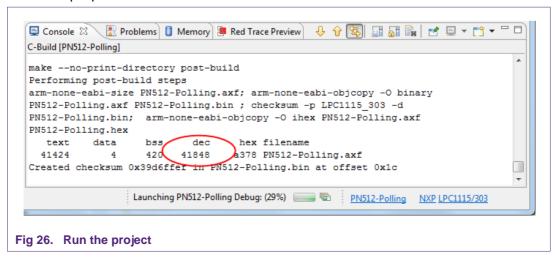
Detailed descriptions of the code in the form of comments have been provided in the **main.c** file. This should provide a detailed overview of how to initialize certain components and get data out of and onto the card in the RF field.

4.3.1 Run the project

Before running the project, please ensure that the LPCXpresso with the PNEV512B demo board is connected to the computer.

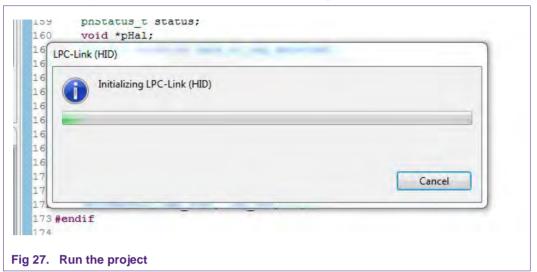


Choose the desired project and click the Debug Button on the left hand side as shown in the example picture.

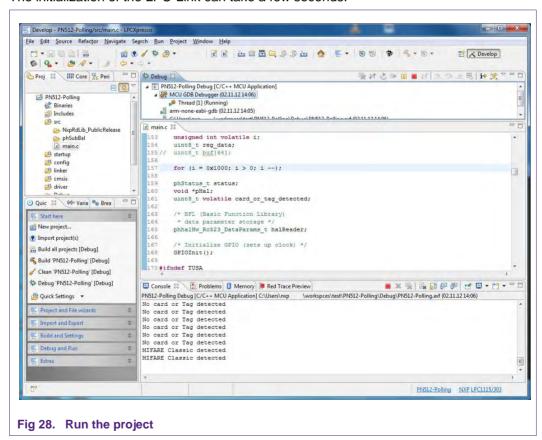


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After the build process one can see the size of the image in the console window.

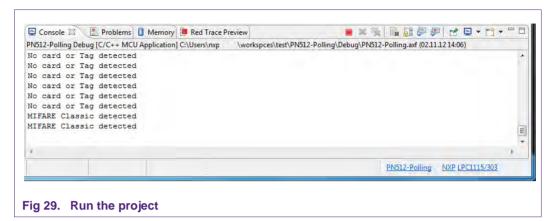


The initialization of the LPC-Link can take a few seconds.

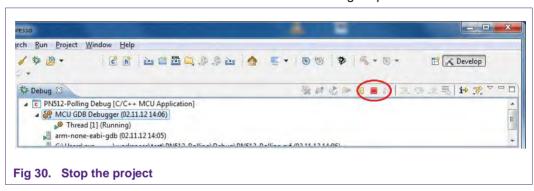


After the software upload, the execution of the project starts immediately.

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In the console window at the bottom one will see the debug output of the execution.



After the execution has reached the end of the main function please click the Terminate button to stop the execution. Otherwise one won't be able to rerun the project.

One can now do the following with the buttons near the top of the "Debug" view:

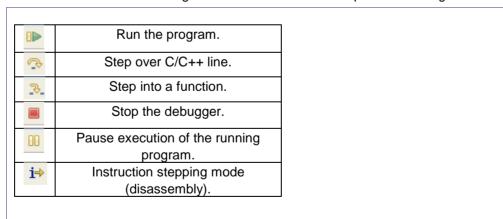


Fig 31. Debug Buttons

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5. Associated Projects

5.1 Communication with MIFARE Ultralight

Based on examples the MIFARE Ultralight project shows how read-write access can be achieved on this type of card.

If one use a card which is not write protected or secured the example program writes a valid NDEF message into the card. One can read this message with any NFC enabled mobile phone which can read NDEF messages.

5.2 Communication with MIFARE Classic

Based on examples this project shows how read-write access can be achieved on this type of card.

5.3 Communication with MIFARE DESFire

Based on examples this project shows how read access can be achieved on this type of card.

5.4 Polling

Based on examples this project shows how to initiate a basic communication with the following cards:

- MIFARE Ultralight
- MIFARE Classic
- MIFARE Plus
- MIFARE DESFire
- FeliCa compliant cards
- ISO/IEC 14443-B cards

This example project also looks for cards in range of the RF field in a continuous loop and returns the type of the detected card or tag to the console window.

5.5 Exemplary Tag 4 Type Card Emulation

The PN512 supports 4 different operating modes:

- Reader/Writer mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443A/MIFARE and FeliCa compliant scheme
- Reader/Writer mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443B
- Card Operation mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443A/MIFARE and FeliCa compliant scheme
- NFCIP-1 mode

The card operation mode is passive mode, in which the PN512 does not generate an RF field but acts as a card that modulates the field for communication with the reader. The IC only supports part of the ISO/IEC 14443-A protocol, the ISO 14443-4 A as well as the ISO 7816-4 commands need to be provided by the Microcontroller.

A specification to store data for any kind of service and application is specified in the NFC Forum and it is called NFC Data Exchange Format. Storing NDEF formatted data

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inside contactless card products as mapping models as well as the management of NFC forum device as a specific platform such as a NFC Forum Type 4 Tag are defined in [7]. The following project shows an exemplary implementation of a Tag 4 Type Card on the PN512. Therefore one NDEF File and one capability container (CC) file, with ISO file identifier (ISO FID) equal to E103h, are presented to the reader.

The project just offers the methods to read a URL from the card emulation and can only be seen as one example, as it is not fully validated.

5.5.1 Adaptation of the NDEF message

The exemplary implementation was added to the NXP Reader Library in the following way:

- Protocol Abstraction Layer: Added phpall14443p4C for the implementation of the protocol layer for the card folder.
- Comps: Added phceT4T for the implementation of the functions for Type 4 Tag.

The implementation does only implement short record of NDEF messages as described in [8], page 15. The table is connected to structures *pNDEF_SHORT_text and *pNDEF_SHORT_uri in the header file ndef_message.h.

A second structure is NDEF_messages, including:

- type of NDEF message (type), it can be a TEXT message (NDEF_TYPE_TEXT);
 see [9], page 4, or a Uniform Resource Identifiers message (NDEF_TYP_URI);
 see [10], page 5
- parameter of NDEF message (param), it can be the index of the language for text message or the start of the URI such as 'http://' or 'http://www' or phone number.
- Pointer to 'payload' string (*str), see also next paragraph n_mess[].

If the characters of the string shall be modified, the string in the file $ndef_{message.c}$ can be adapted. These strings are connected to the array n_{mess} . This array is connected to the structure NDEF_messages.

5.5.2 Sending the NDEF message

The NDEF message is sent using the function $phceT4T_Listen(...)$ from module phceT4T.c. The main parameters are pointer to Capability Container file (CC) cet4t and pointer to the body of NDEF message ndefTagData. It is necessary to call this function in a loop as long as no error occurs.

The CC file is created through the function $phceT4T_SetCCFile(...)$ from module phceT4T.c.

The NDEF message is either filled by the function $Ndef_Prepare_Uri(...)$, if the message type is URI; see [10]; or by the function $Ndef_Prepare_Text(...)$, if the message type is TEXT; see [9].

It is also possible to send an index of predefined messages from the table $n_{mess[]}$. The function $Ndef_{pecide(...)}$ shall then be called with an array of $NDEF_{messages}$ structures.

5.6 Peer to Peer functionality

Based on the example performing the SNEP client (Put request) this project shows an implementation of Peer to Peer (P2P) functionality.

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Because the P2P implementation is still in alpha phase, one will find very rudimentary support for the protocol.

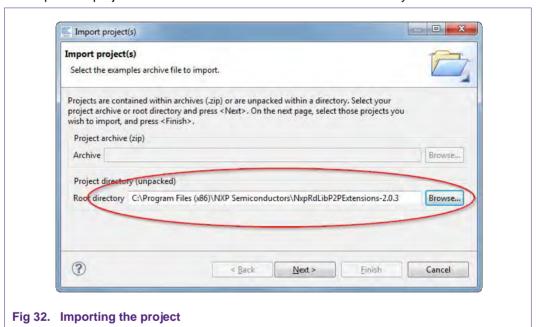
At the moment the project supports the communication via the SPI protocol and runs on the LPCXpresso LPC1227 development board which provides sufficient 128kB of flash memory.

5.6.1 Installation

After downloading and unpacking the zip file, please run the installer. The installer just copies the LPCXpresso project files to the file system. After the installation has finished, please run the included batch file located in the installation directory

...\NxpRdLibP2PExtensions-x.x.x\NxpRdLib_P2PExtensions\ex\Pn512_Lpc12xx_P2P_Demo

After the batch file has been executed successfully, please start the LPCXpresso IDE and import the project. Browse to the root of the installation directory.



After the import there are two new projects in the workspace - one for the use with the RC663 Blueboard and one for the use with the PN512 Board. Basically these two

5.6.2 SNEP client project

projects provide the same functionality.

In this project the LPC1227 with PNEV512B board attached behaves like SNEP client with performing the Put request functionality only [14]. On the other side there must be a device – peer capable of NFC communication and providing the SNEP server service. These conditions are fulfilled by a mobile device with Android platform (4.0 or later).

Here is a short instruction list how to use the SNEP client software:

- 1. Run the SNEP client project as described in section 4.3.1 with respect to LPC1227 microcontroller configuration in section 6.9.
- Hold your NFC device (smartphone) approximately 5 centimeters above antenna of the PNEV512B Blueboard.
- 3. Once the NFC detected in the RF field of the transmission of the NDEF message is started. You may be notified by a sound or vibration of your device. The

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transmission may take several seconds depending on the size of the NDEF message. Hold your NFC device in range of the PNEV512B board's field during entire transmission.

4. After transmission completed there should be the transmitted image displayed in the device's screen.

5.6.2.1 What is going on inside?

The SNEP client sends a hardcoded NDEF message encapsulated in a SNEP message to the NFC device. Thanks to the SNEP client project implements the P2P Reader Library Extension compliance with the LLCP and ISO18092 protocols on the PNEV512-Board's side are ensured, implicitly a correct SNEP client-server communication.

Execution of the SNEP client software can be summarized in following steps:

- 1. Hardware initialization
- 2. Detecting the RF field for an NFC peer of the tag type F.
 - The software checks the RF field whether there is tag type F capable of performing the P2P communication
- 3. Once such device is found, the LLC link is activated in compliance with the procedure defined by the NFC forum**Error! Reference source not found.**.
- 4. LLCP socket creation and establishing connection with other peer SNEP server.
- 5. Transmission of a given image file to the SNEP server:

The SNEP client sends an initial fragment 128 bytes long. Then it waits for a response from the server. Because in SNEP header it is declared longer SNEP message than one fragment, the server should response with the Continue response. The SNEP client can go on with sending the rest of the SNEP message. As soon as the entire SNEP message has been transmitted, the SNEP client shall receive the SNEP Success response from the mobile device and the transmitted picture should be immediately displayed on the mobile's screen.

The SNEP client software is deeply described in [13] in chapter 4 Sample code.

5.6.2.2 Choosing the NDEF message

By default the software sends image of the NXP logo as NDEF message. There are more NDEF messages prepared in dedicated header files (see Table 5). Only a single header can be compiled with the SNEP client application. To choose another content of the NDEF message for transmission just follow the instructions below. In case of URI or text message just skip from step 1 to step 4 (steps 2 and 3 are for selection of an image). Concurrently with instructions there are parts of source code to demonstrate choosing of hardcoded PNG image file for transmission.

- 1. Open for editing the source file *ndef_message.c* located in folder *src/*.
- 2. Uncomment the line with content a header file to be transmitted. Let all the other lines commented.

```
/* select the required type of transported data */
//#include <c_tabletxt.h>
#include <c_tablepng.h>
//#include <c_tablepng_NXP_QR.h>
//#include <c_tablejpg_NXP_logo.h>
```

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- 3. In Table 5 in the same row as the chosen file look up two identifiers corresponding to the chosen file.
- 4. In the array nmess[] uncomment the line with the couple of identifiers corresponding to the type of the chosen file. Comment all the other lines.
- 5. Save the changes and recompile the project.

Table 5. Table of files prepared for NDEF message transmission

Identifiers from the last two columns are necessary for choosing the right line from n_mess[].

Content	Header Name	NDEF message identifier	File type identifier
PNG image	c_tablepng.h	NDEF_TYPE_IMAGE	NDEF_IMAGE_PNG
QR code of NXP	c_tableQR.h	NDEF_TYPE_IMAGE	NDEF_IMAGE_PNG
Image of NXP logo	c_tablenxp.h	NDEF_TYPE_IMAGE	NDEF_IMAGE_JPEG
Long text message	c_tabletxt.t	`T'	LANG_EN

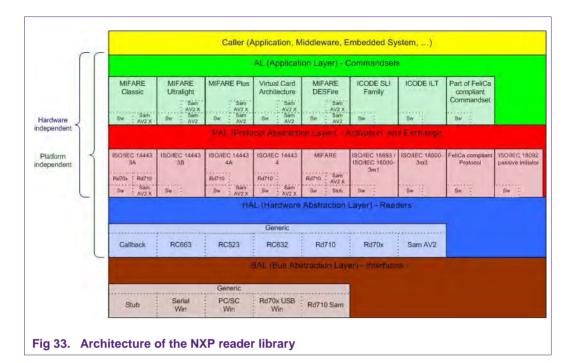
6. Supplementary Notes

6.1 Software architecture

The software of the reference reader is based on the NXP reader library [5]. It intends to be simple, modular, easily readable and quickly portable by all the customers. This philosophy is reflected in its architecture which is divided into 4 layers:

- BAL (Bus Abstraction Layer),
- HAL (Hardware Abstraction Layer)
- PAL (Protocol Abstraction Layer)
- AL (Abstraction Layer)

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For a detailed description of the NXP Reader Library please refer to the user manual **UM10663 - Quick Start Up Guide PNEV512B Board.** It can be downloaded web site of the PNEV512B demo board [12]. Although it refers on examples to the CLRC663 reader IC, it still covers the NXP Reader Library for all other supported reader ICs.

6.1.1 Bus abstraction layer

This layer offers functions to abstract the hardware parts of the LPC11XX microcontroller.

These functions use the specific libraries available for the LPC11XX family microcontroller. Based on these stacks, the communication routines for the relevant physical media I2C/SPI can be easily designed. These drivers are specific for the LPC11XX family and therefore cannot be ported to other microcontrollers.

6.1.2 Hardware abstraction layer

This layer offers functions to abstract the hardware parts of the transceiver PN512.

6.1.3 Protocol abstraction layer

Every PAL function is a low level function realizing a single functionality. It is encapsulated in a module which is independent from the others. The user can easily design his application by doing a drag-and-drop of the relevant module.

The following PAL modules are available in this software package:

- ISO/IEC 14443-3A,
- ISO/IEC 14443-3B,
- ISO/IEC 14443-4A/B,
- MIFARE,
- ISO/IEC15693,
- FeliCa,

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NFC Initiator

6.1.4 Application layer

Lying on the previous software layers, the application layer is on top of the reader software package. It combines elements of the previous three parts into high level functionalities.

6.2 Build configuration

All the projects mentioned in Chapter 5 are available in the debug configuration. Additionally, the Polling and SNEP client project comprises the release configuration.

Debug configuration

This configuration is mainly used when the target board is attached to the PC with the JTAG debugger. It allows the display of debug messages in the console window, which is useful in the early stage of the project.

Release configuration

Once the project is debugged and mature, it might be interesting to use the release configuration, to use the hardware stand alone. No debug messages are displayed in the console window.

Note, that only in Release Configuration one can flash the software onto the Blueboard and start it automatically, once power has been attached to the board.

The build configuration can be selected as follows:

- Click on the project PN512 in the project window of the LPCXpresso™ IDE,
- Right click of the mouse > Select Build Configuration,
- Set active Debug1227 build (or Release1227 build) for LPC 1115.

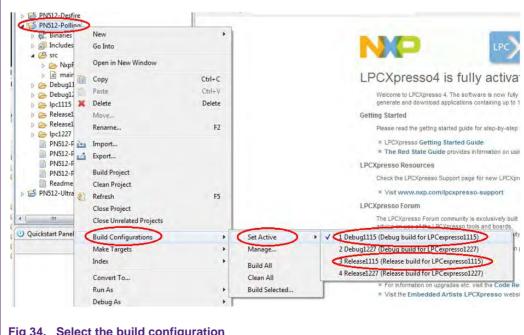


Fig 34. Select the build configuration

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6.3 Setting MCU

There are many LPC microcontrollers supported by the LPCXpresso IDE build in compiler. Before compiling a project, the correct MCU need to be set.

- Right click the project → choose properties (at the bottom)
- C/C++ build → MCU settings → expand LPC11xx MCU group → click LPC1115/303 → click OK

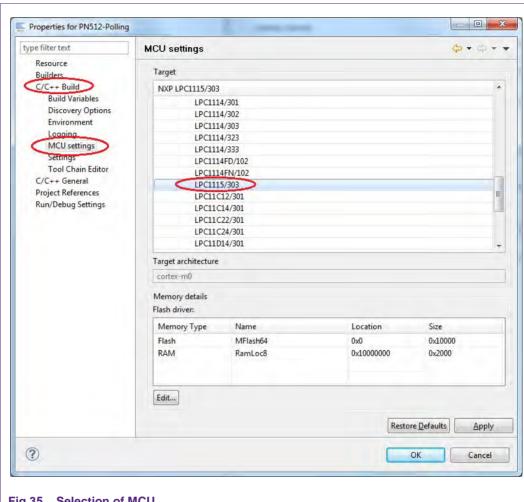


Fig 35. Selection of MCU

6.4 Level of compiler optimization

When the code size at the current compiler level overloads the FLASH size of the target board (64K for the ARM-based microcontroller LPC 1115), a higher compiler optimization level can be selected to reduce the code size of the project.

The following steps can be followed to select a level of compiler optimization:

- Click on the project PN512 in the project window of the LPCXpresso™ IDE,
- Right click of the mouse → Select properties → Select C/C++ build,
- Select Settings → Optimization,
- Choose the desired level in the combo box.

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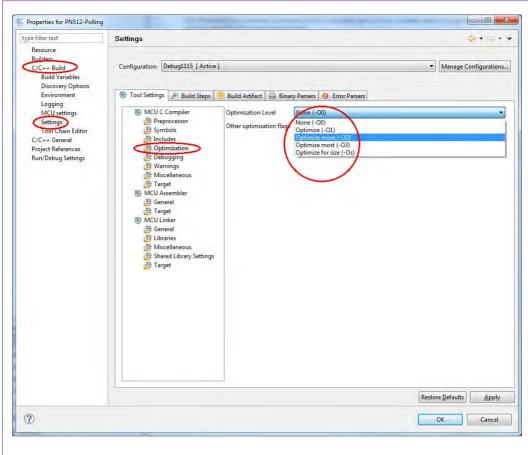


Fig 36. Select the level of optimization

6.4.1 Optimization issues

When optimization is enabled, it will reorder code. What this means is that the code from multiple C lines will be intermingled. In addition, assignments and initializations might be pulled out of loops so they are only executed once. Changes like these will make the code confusing to debug. Some symptoms one might see are breakpoints that only work the first time through, or seeing the debugger's current line indicator fail to advance or even move backwards when clicking step. It is best to always use -00 for debugging. Since optimization can make such a big difference in code size and performance, it is a good idea to test one's project with optimization and plan for a final build that is optimized.

6.5 Optimizing the code size of the NXP Reader Library

A detailed description on how to optimize the code size of the NXP Reader Library for the use with one specially defined reader IC and card type please refer to the attached documents on the product page of the CLEV663B [11]. On that page one can also find an exemplary project for the use of the MIFARE Classic card in conjunction with the CLRC663 reader IC.

6.6 Preparing the projects for the use of the Blueboard in I²C configuration

To use the projects in I²C configuration one has to do some small adaptations in the file ph_NxpBuild.h located in .. src\NxpRdLib_PublicRelease\types.

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Open the file ph NxpBuild.h and

- a. ensure that #define NXPBUILD_PHBAL_REG_STUB uncommented
- b. uncomment the line #define NXPBUILD__PHHAL_HW_BUS_I2C.
- c. comment the line #define NXPBUILD__PHHAL_HW_BUS_SPI.
- d. comment the line #define NXPBUILD PHHAL HW BUS UART.

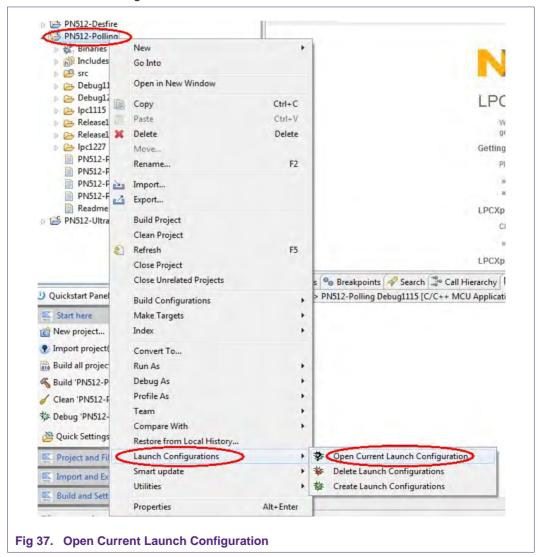
Open the file driver_config.h located in ..\lpc1115 and

a. ensure that the line #define CONFIG_ENABLE_DRIVER_I2C uncommented

6.7 Removing the initial breakpoint on debug startup

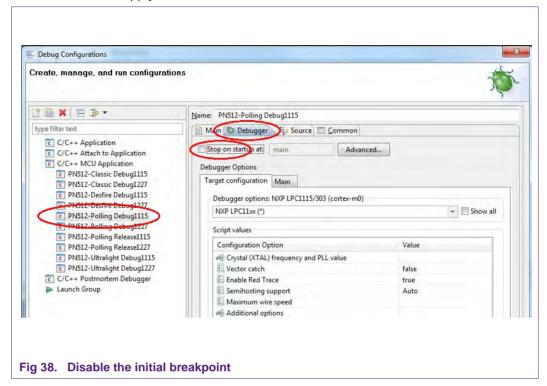
When the debugger starts, it automatically sets a breakpoint at the first statement in the main() function. One can remove this breakpoint as follows:

1. Right click on the project and choose Launch Configurations → Open Current Launch Configuration.



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- 2. Choose the Debug configuration
- 3. Choose the tab Debugger
- 4. Uncheck the box near "Stop on startup at:"
- 5. Click onto Apply and then Close.



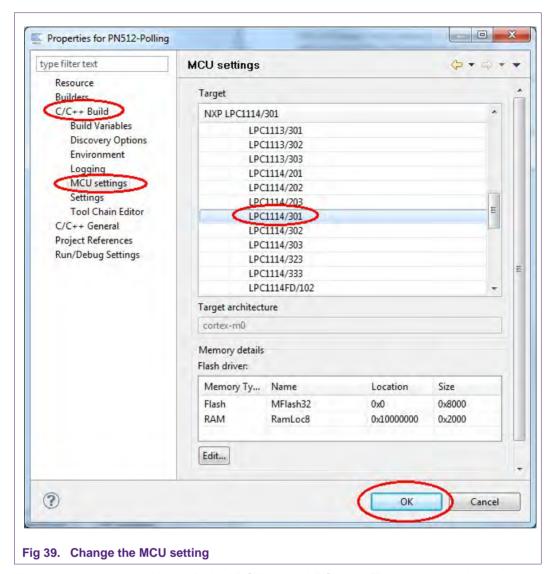
6.8 Replacing the LPCXpresso LPC1115 with the LPCXpresso LPC1114

Solder the multipoint connector onto the LPCXpresso LPC1114 in the same way as shown in Chapter 0. At this point there is no difference between the LPC1114 and the LPC1115.

In the IDE please do the following changes:

- 1. In the menu of the LPCXpresso IDE choose Project → Properties.
- 2. Choose C/C++ Build → MCU settings.
- 3. In the list choose the entry LPC1114/301 or LPC1114/302 according to the used board and click OK.

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Now, one can start working with the LPCXpresso LPC1114. There is no need to change anything in the code.

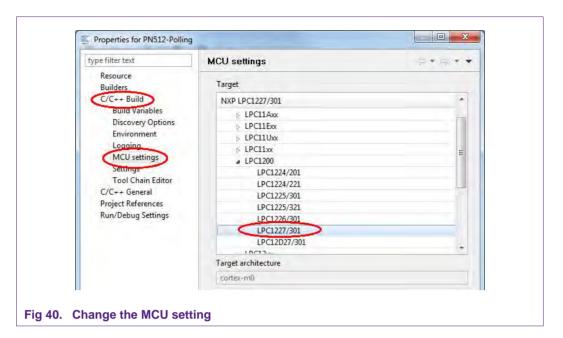
6.9 Replacing the LPCXpresso LPC1114/LPC1115 with the LPCXpresso LPC1227

Solder the multipoint connector onto the LPCXpresso LPC1227 in the same way as shown in Chapter 2.5. At this point there is no difference between the LPC1114/LPC1115 and the LPC1227. The projects for the LPC1114/LPC1115 are fully compatible with the LPCXpresso LPC1227 board by easily changing IDE configuration. One has to do only two subtle changes in IDE build configuration.

Change MCU in LPCXpresso IDE

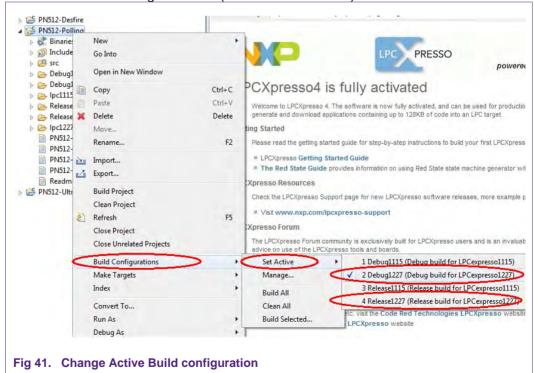
- 1. In the menu of the LPCXpresso IDE choose Project → Properties.
- 2. Choose C/C++ Build → MCU settings.
- 3. In the list choose the entry LPC1227/301 and click OK.

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Set either Build Configuration either Debug or Release

- Click on the project PN512 in the project window of the LPCXpresso™ IDE,
- Right click of the mouse → Select Build Configuration,
- Set active Debug1227 build (or Release1227 build) for LPC 1227.

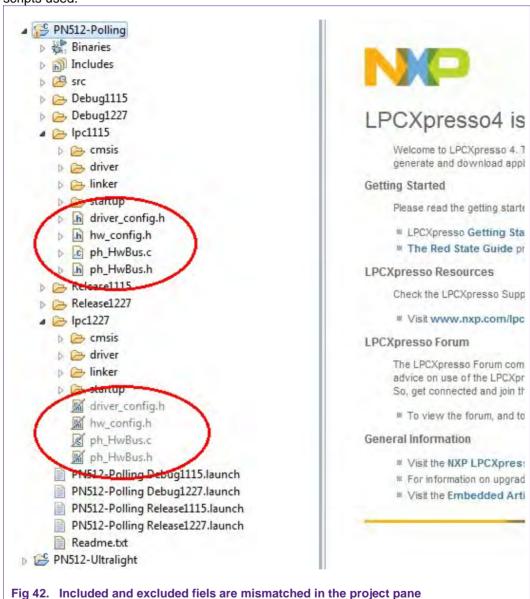


6.10 Included and excluded files mismatch in IDE

There is a misunderstood in LPCXpresso v4.2.3 regarding to displaying of included and excluded files. Despite setting Debug1227/Release1227 Build Configuration active, on

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project pane in the lpc1227 directory there are scource and linker files displayed strikethrough like the were not used in compilation. One might be confused whether correct files are used for compilation – Build Configuration. Just follow the instructions from the Chapter 6.9 which ensures correct source files shall be compiled and linker scripts used.



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7. References

[1] LPCXpresso website

www.nxp.com/redirect/lpcxpresso.code-red-tech.com/LPCXpresso

[2] PN512 product information and data sheet

http://www.nxp.com/products/interface_and_connectivity/nfc_devices/series/PN512.html

[3] LPC11XX family User Manual

www.nxp.com/redirect/ics.nxp.com/support/documents/microcontrollers/pdf/lpcxpresso.getting.started

[4] Multipoint Connectors we used:

Grid Dimension: 2.54mm, at least 27 pins

www.nxp.com/redirect/bkl-

electronic.de/index.php/catalog/product/view/id/9644/s/10120182/category/72/and

www.nxp.com/redirect/bkl-

electronic.de/index.php/catalog/product/view/id/9688/s/10120802/category/73/

www.nxp.com/redirect/conrad.at/ce/de/product/741119/STIFTLEISTE-1-X-36-POLIG-VERGOL-RM-254

and

www.nxp.com/redirect/conrad.at/ce/de/product/736427/BUCHSENLEISTE-EINREIHIG-36-POLIG-RM254

[5] Direct link to the NXP Reader Library http://www.nxp.com/documents/software/200310.zip

[6] Using the PNEV512B in Card Emulation mode http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/PNEV512B.html

[7] TYPE 4 TAG: NFC Forum, Type 4 Tag Operation Specification, Version 1.0, March 13, 2007

www.nxp.com/redirect/nfc-forum.org/specs

[8] NDEF: NFC Data Exchange Format (NDEF), Technical Specification, NFC Forum, Revision 1.0, July 24, 2006 www.nxp.com/redirect/nfc-forum.org/specs

 TEXT RTD: Text Record Type Definition, Technical Specification, NFC Forum, RTD-Text 1.0, July 24, 2006
 www.nxp.com/redirect/nfc-forum.org/specs

[10] URI RTD: URI Record Type Definition, Technical Specification, NFC Forum, RTD-URI 1.0, July 24, 2006 www.nxp.com/redirect/nfc-forum.org/specs

[11] CLEV663B demo board site

http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/CLEV663B.html

[12] PNEV512B demo board site

http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/PNEV512B.html

[13] NXP Reader Library P2P user manual UM10721 NXP Reader Library P2P

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- [14] **Technical Specification** Simple NDEF Exchange Protocol, NFCForum-TS-SNEP_1.0, available on www.nxp.com/redirect/nfc-forum.org/specs/spec_license
- [15] **Technical Specification** Logical Link Control Protocol, NFCForum-TS-LLCP_1.1, available on www.nxp.com/redirect/nfc-forum.org/specs/spec_license

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