# Energy Consumption and Environmental Impact: Comparing Organic and Conventional Farming

Shaaban Abduba

Armaan Farooqui

Hashir Baig

Prapti Sawant

Meysam Mohammadi

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### Global Problem Statement

Fossil fuel dependent agriculture contributes to one-third of total anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions

The environmental impact of fossil fuel dependent agriculture on climate change

Variation in climate, soil, policies, infrastructure, require a local response

#### Current Status & Contextualization



Conventional agriculture uses synthetic fertilizers and pesticides



Fossil fuel dependence increases carbon emissions and energy dependence - contributing to climate change



Overuse of synthetic inputs depletes soil health and reduces biodiversity

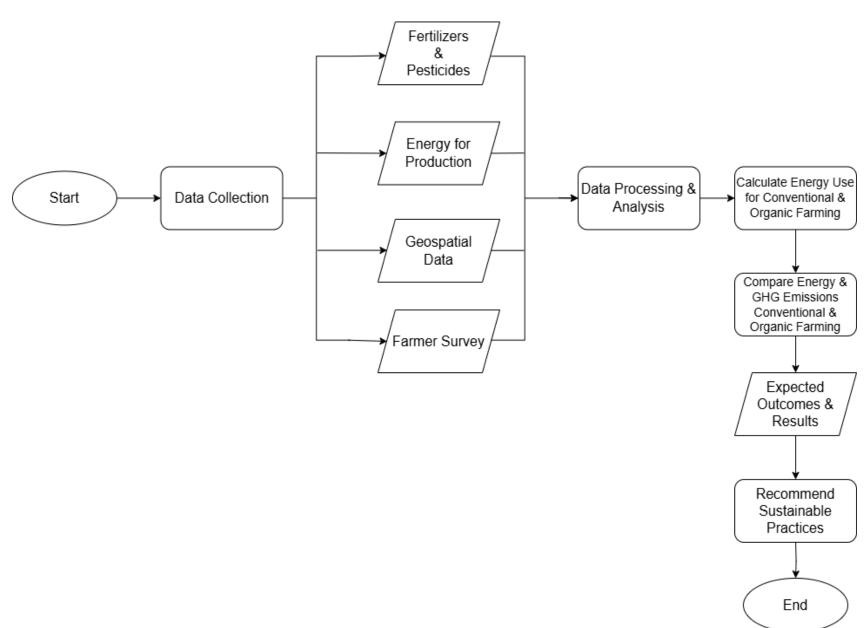
## Project Objectives

To Assess Energy Use in Conventional Farming

To Compare Energy
Efficiency of Farming
Methods

To Identify And Promote Energy-efficient Agricultural Practices

### Methodology



### **Data Sources**

- Energy consumption (Literature)
- Fertilizers and pesticides (Literature)
- Geospatial data (PDOK, ESA)
- Crop statistics (CBS)

# **Expected Outcomes**

- Compare Energy & Emissions Quantify energy wastage for conventional farming
- Evaluate Alternative Practices - Quantifying energy savings with organic farming
- Proposed Workflows -Data-driven recommendations for policymakers.





#### Proposed Solutions & First Ideas

- Financial and Policy Support Provide subsidies, tax
  incentives, and regulations to
  make organic farming
  economically viable.
- Technology and Innovation Use geospatial data, precision
   agriculture, and renewable
   energy to enhance efficiency
   and productivity.
- Market Development and Awareness - Strengthen supply chains, certification, and consumer awareness to boost organic farming demand.

# Link to Global Frameworks and International Policies



Alignment with SDGs - Sustainable agriculture supports SDG 2 (Zero Hunger) by promoting resilient food systems, SDG 7 (Clean Energy) by reducing fossil fuel use, and SDG 13 (Climate Action) by lowering emissions.



Paris Agreement Compliance - Encourages emission reductions in agriculture through sustainable land-use and low-carbon technologies.



**Geospatial Data for Policy** - Integrating geospatial data helps policymakers drive climate-resilient and energy-efficient farming transitions.

### Time Plan & Task Division



WEEK 1 DATA COLLECTION



WEEK 2
ANALYSIS



WEEK 3 FINAL MAPS & REPORT

### **Task Division**

Task	Team Member
Literature Review	Prapti Sawant
Data Acquisition	Shaaban Abduba
Data Processing	Hashir Baig
Comparative Analysis	Meysam Mohammadi
Report Preparation	Armaan Farooqui

