University Ranking Analysis (2014-2024)

Global University Trends:

A Decade of Rankings and Performance

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Data Source

• Dataset from CWUR (Center for World University Rankings).

• 11,000 data points for universities worldwide.

• Metrics included:

World Rank: Overall global rank.

• Institution and location: name and country.



Score (Not used in this Project)

• Data Cleaning: Cleaning and Converted All rank data to numeric .



	World Rank	Institution	Location	Year	National Rank	Education Rank	Employability Rank	Faculty Rank	Research Rank	Score
О	1	Harvard University	USA	2014	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	100.00
1	2	Stanford University	USA	2014	2.0	11.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	99.09
2	3	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	USA	2014	3.0	3.0	11.0	2.0	6.0	98.69
3	4	University of Cambridge	United Kingdom	2014	1.0	2.0	10.0	5.0	10.0	97.64
4	5	University of Oxford	United Kingdom	2014	2.0	7.0	12.0	10.0	11.0	97.51
10995	996	Institut national de la recherche scientifique	Canada	2024	27.0	551.0	1001.0	284.0	949.0	70.50
10996	997	North Dakota State University	USA	2024	209.0	273.0	923.0	284.0	968.0	70.50
10997	998	Federal University of Bahia	Brazil	2024	21.0	551.0	1001.0	284.0	951.0	70.50
10998	999	Medical University of Lodz	Poland	2024	11.0	551.0	1001.0	284.0	950.0	70.50
10999	1000	Northeast Agricultural University	China	2024	162.0	551.0	1001.0	284.0	955.0	70.50

11000

Problems in the data

	Institution	no		Lo	ocation	National Rank	Education Rank	Employability Rank	Faculty Rank	Research Rank		Score	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score
0.1%	Harvar	d University		US	SA	1	1	1	1	1	100										
2 Top 0.1%	Massa	chusetts Institute of Technology		US	SA	2	4	12	2	12	96.8										
133 Top 0.7%		ang Technological University		S	Singapore	2	<u> </u>	830		67	80.7										
134 Top 0.7%		rsity of Barcelona		S	Spain	1		62 World Rank	Institution				Location	Location Nationa Rank	Location National Quality of Rank Education	Location	Location	Location	Location	Location Influence	Location Influence Citations
								1	Harvard U	niversity			USA	USA 1	USA 1 2	USA 1 2 1	USA 1 2 1 1	USA 1 2 1 1 1	USA 1 2 1 1 1 1	USA 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	USA 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
								2	Stanford U	Jniversity			USA	USA 2	USA 2 10	USA 2 10 3	USA 2 10 3 2	USA 2 10 3 2 10	USA 2 10 3 2 10 4	USA 2 10 3 2 10 4 3	USA 2 10 3 2 10 4 3 2
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								150	University	of Padua			taly	Italy 3	taly 3 553	taly 3 553 > 1000	taly 3 553 > 1000 -	taly 3 553 > 1000 - 96	taly 3 553 > 1000 - 96 110	taly 3 553 > 1000 - 96 110 144	taly 3 553 > 1000 - 96 110 144 80
								151	Oregon He University	ealth & Scien	ce		USA	USA 64	USA 64 -	USA 64 - > 1000	USA 64 - > 1000 172	USA 64 - > 1000 172 295	USA 64 - > 1000 172 295 208	USA 64 - > 1000 172 295 208 111	USA 64 - > 1000 172 295 208 111 108
	152	Western University (The University of Western Ontario)	Canada	7	355+	49	210+	152	•	us University	of	(Spain	Spain 2	Spain 2 -	Spain 2 - > 1000	Spain 2 - > 1000 153	Spain 2 - > 1000 153 131	Spain 2 - > 1000 153 131 135	Spain 2 - > 1000 153 131 135 206	Spain 2 - > 1000 153 131 135 206 187
	153	Kobe University	Japan	11	22	362	96	349	259	283	318		307 4	307 49.18	307 49.18	307 49.18	307 49.18	307 49.18	307 49.18	307 49.18	307 49.18
	154	University of Basel	Switzerland	5	77	222	66	168	113	134	141										
	155	University of Hong Kong	Hong Kong	1	272	116	210+	98	195	176	118		481 4	481 49.10	481 49.10	481 49.10	481 49.10	481 49.10	481 49.10	481 49.10	481 49.10
	156	Indiana University-Purdue	USA	69	355+	424	210+	195	351	134	121		57 4	57 49.08	57 49.08	57 49.08	57 49.08	57 49.08	57 49.08	57 49.08	57 49.08

Hypotheses

1- Research and employability ranks are the primary elements of global university rankings.

2- The rankings of the world's top universities are relatively stable and exhibit minimal change over time.

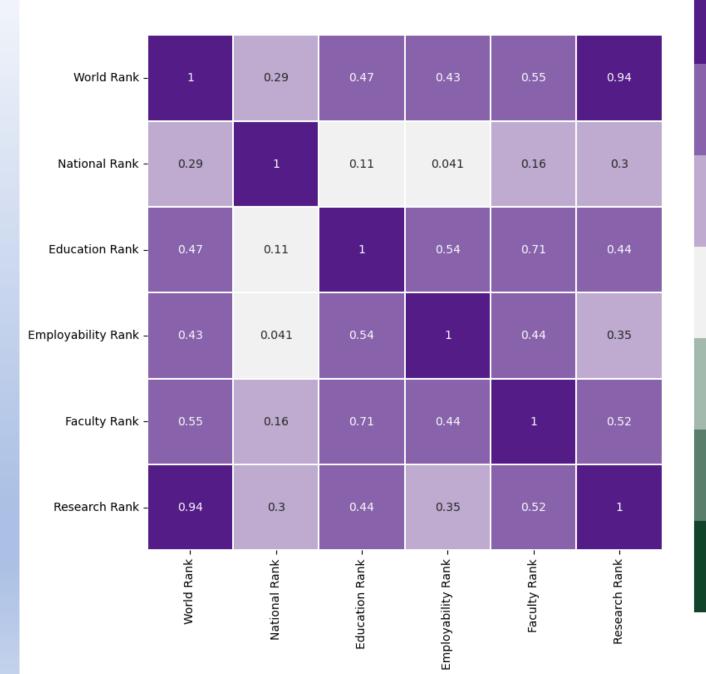
3- Universities in developing countries, unlike those in developed countries, are showing an upward trend in global rankings.



Research Rank and then Faculty Rank are key drivers of World Rank.

Education Rank and Employability Rank moderately influencing other metrics.

National Rank has weak correlations with other variables.



- 1.00

- 0.75

- 0.50

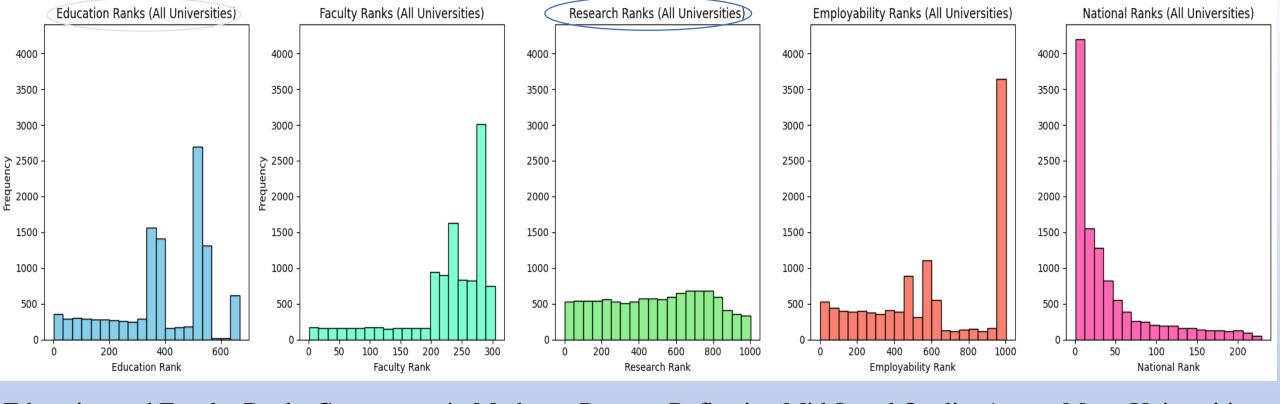
- 0.25

- 0.00

- -0.25

- -0.50

- -0.75



Education and Faculty Ranks Concentrate in Moderate Ranges, Reflecting Mid-Level Quality Across Many Universities Research Ranks Are Evenly Distributed, While Employability and National Ranks Are Skewed Values.

High Correlations Indicate Similarity in Research, Education, and Partially Faculty Rankings.

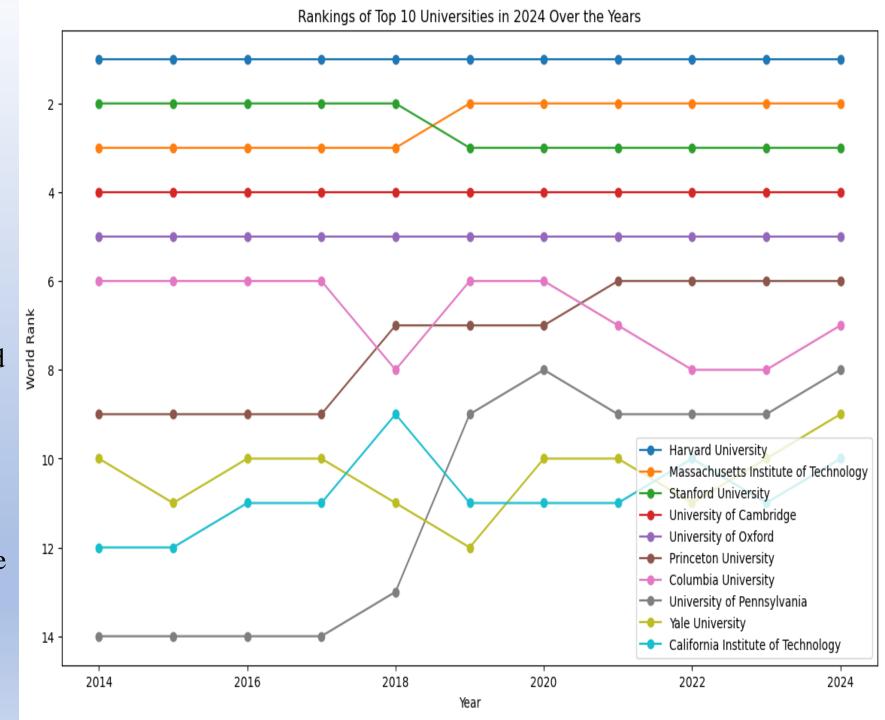
Low Correlation in Employability Reflects Its Distinct Distribution from.

Research Strongly Impacts World Rank, Faculty and Education Show Moderate Influence, While Employability and National Ranks Show Low Influence.

Top 5 universities stayed stable in rankings from 2014 to 2024.

Rankings for universities in 6th to 10th place shifted between 6th and 14th.

Overall, top university rankings have stayed mostly steady over the years.



Top 20 Universities Analysis:

Minimal changes in the top 5 positions over the years

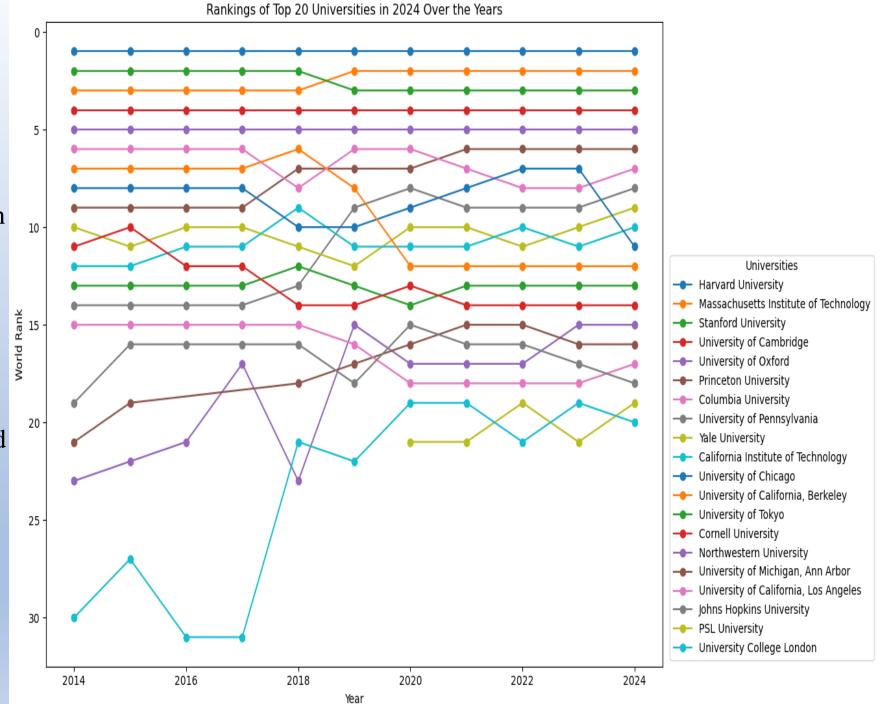
Significant shifts between the 5th and 20th positions

Some universities have moved from the 30th to the top 20

Notable Inclusion:

PSL University of France entered the top rankings post-2020

Formally established as a university in 2019



The USA and China dominate the spider plot with the largest areas.

China has grown quickly in recent years, expanding outward on the plot.

Japan, Germany, and the UK have smaller, stable areas, showing steady representation

The plot highlights the USA's lead in rankings, with China closing the gap quickly.

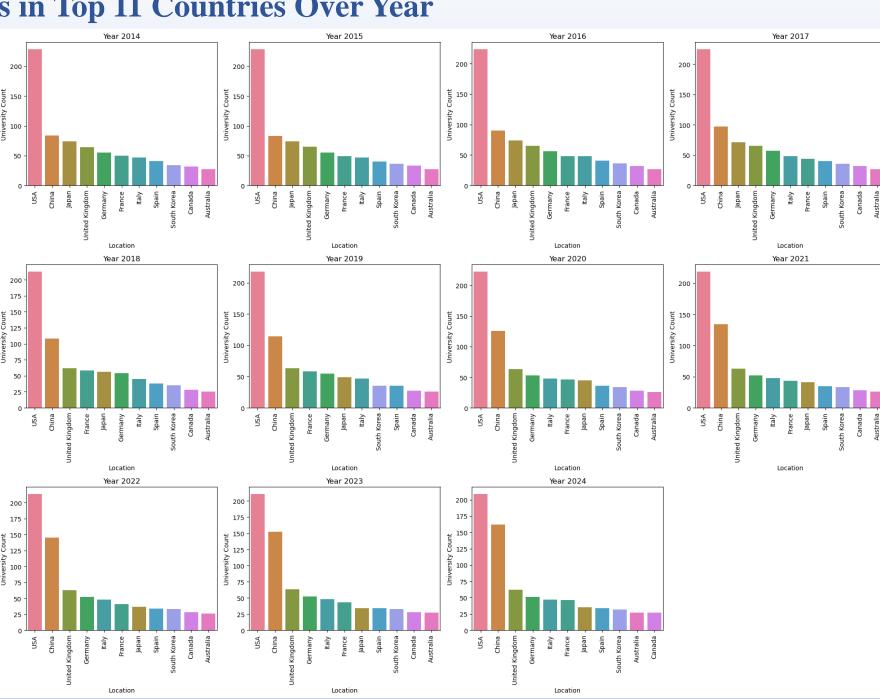


Top 1000 University Counts in Top 11 Countries Over Year

The top 11 universities remained from the same countries, although the ranks between 3rd and 11th shifted over the years.

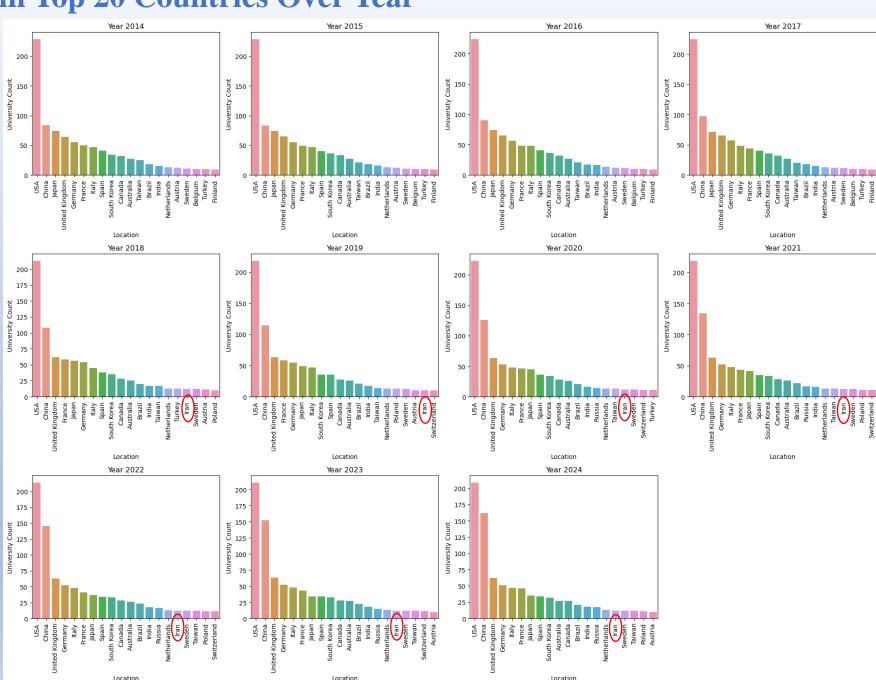
Notable:

Canada dropped out of the top 10 in 2024, allowing Australia, previously ranked 11th, to enter the top 10 for the first time in a decade



Top 1000 University Counts in Top 20 Countries Over Year

Iran entered the top 20 countries in 2018 and has stayed there since.



Russia leads with a remarkable 467% growth in university representation.

Croatia follows with 100% growth.

China, Malaysia, Singapore, and Iran also see strong gains in global rankings.

Japan, Taiwan, and Slovenia experience sharp declines

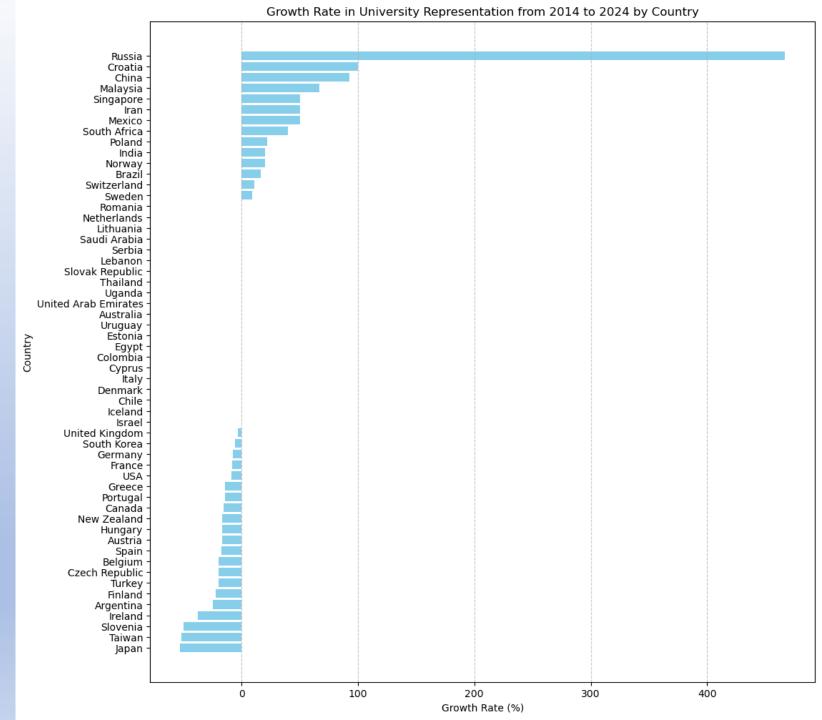
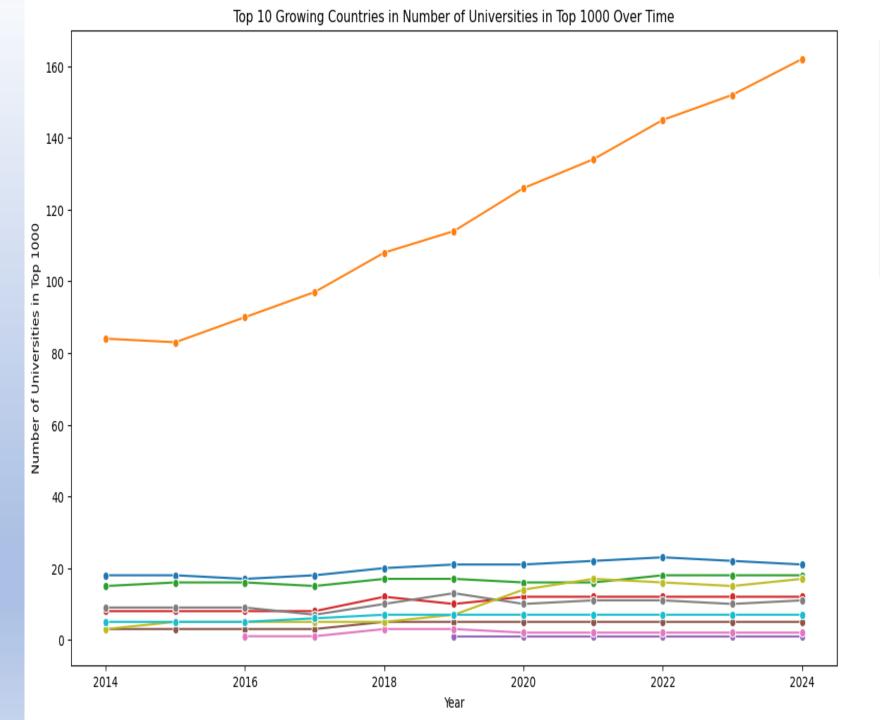


Table confirms the information of the previous slides.

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		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

China shows a significant upward trend from 2014 to 2024

9 of 10 universities are in the developing countries



Country

Brazil China India

lran

Luxembourg Malaysia

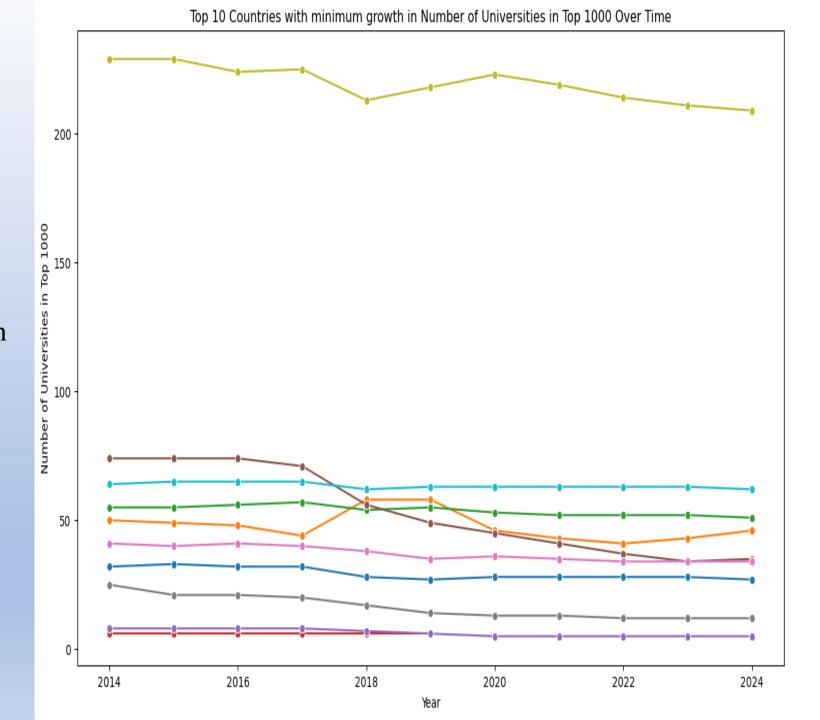
Pakistan

Poland

Russia South Africa The USA shows minimal growth.

Japan's decline and lack of growth are evident.

All top universities are in developed countries



Country Canada France Germany

Hong Kong

United Kingdom

Japan

— Taiwan

Conclusions

- Research and Faculty Quality as Key Factors in Global University Rankings
 - ➤ Research and Faculty Quality Boost Global Rankings
 - ➤ Top Universities Lead in Research and Faculty
 - ➤ Employability and National RANK Play Smaller Roles in Rankings

Hypothesis: 1- Research and employability ranks are the primary elements of global university rankings.





Conclusions

• Dynamic Shifts in Top University Rankings

- ➤ Minimal changes in the top 5 university rankings.
- ➤ Positions 6 to 20 Show Intense Competition.
- ➤ Global Rankings Show Stability at the Top universities.

√ Hypothesis : 2- The rankings of the world's top universities are relatively stable and exhibit minimal change over time.

Conclusions

• Developing Countries Boost Growth in University Rankings

Universities in developing nations are climbing rapidly in global rankings, with countries like China, Malaysia, and Iran leading the way.

- Stability and Decline Among Developed Nations Signal Regional Shifts in Academic Influence
- While developed countries like the USA and UK maintain stable rankings, Japan shows a decline, indicating a shift in regional influence as rising economies continue to gain ground.

 $\sqrt{}$ Hypothesis : 3- Universities in developing countries, unlike those in developed countries, are showing an upward trend in global rankings.

Future Directions

Expand Ranking Analysis

• Compare multiple ranking systems - THE (Times Higher Education World University Rankings), QS(Quacquarelli Symonds World University Rankings), ARWU(or Shanghai Rankings) - to identify patterns and provide a more comprehensive view of university performance.

• Examine Economic and Institutional Factors

• Investigate the impact of factors how GDP(Gross domestic product), education spending, and research funding on rankings.

• University Type Matters: Public vs. Private and Research vs. Teaching Institutions

- Analyze how different types of universities perform in global rankings.
- Public and Private Institutions May Influence Different Ranking Metrics.
- Research-Focused and Teaching-Focused Universities May Influence Rankings in Distinct Ways

