

	Pred P	Pred N	Precision = $TP / (TP + FP)$	FPR = $FP / (FP + TN)$
Actual P	TP	FN	Recall (TP rate) = $TP / (TP + FN)$	FI score =
Actual N	FP	TN	Accuracy = $(TP + TN) / \text{Total}$	$2 \times \frac{\text{Precision} \times \text{Recall}}{\text{Precision} + \text{Recall}}$

under fitting \rightarrow train and validation acc low | overfitting \rightarrow train high validation low
 training accuracy decreases with more data, Validation acc increases
 Roc Curve \rightarrow TPR on y axis, FPR on x axis, AUC App perf measure
 AUC \rightarrow Prob model, ranks random pos over random negative, = 1 Perfect, = .5 Random guess

underfitting is bias \rightarrow inherent error in the model
 overfitting is high variance \rightarrow over specialized

linear regression: $\lambda = 0$ no reg, too big parameter $\rightarrow 0$

$$\min_{\theta} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m (y^i - \theta^T \cdot x^i)^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} ||\theta||^2$$

$$g = g\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \overbrace{w_i \cdot x_i}^{\text{linear comb inputs}}\right)$$
 non activation linear function
 Regularized loss
 $J(\theta)$: cost/loss func
 $R(\theta)$: Regularizer
 λ Regularizer Parameter
 $J_{\lambda}(\theta) = J(\theta) + \lambda R(\theta)$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_m \end{pmatrix} \quad W = \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ \vdots \\ w_n \end{pmatrix}$$

Sigmoid Function

$$g(z) = \sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = \sigma(z) (1 - \sigma(z))$$

 Hyperbolic Tangent

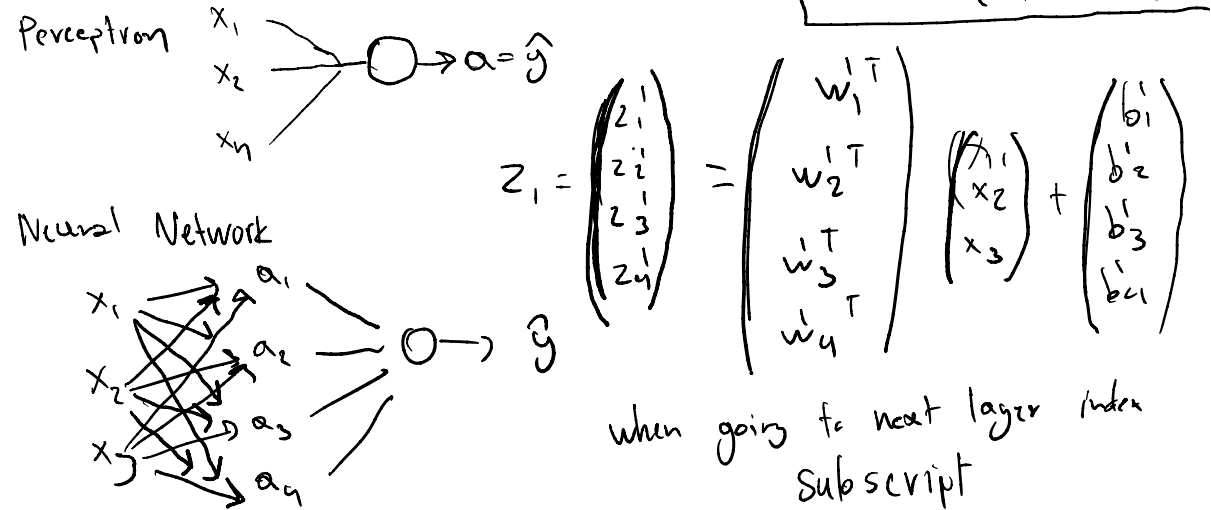
$$g(z) = \sigma(z) = \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{e^z + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = 1 - g(z)^2$$

 Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU)

$$g(z) = \max\{0, z\}$$

$$g'(z) = \begin{cases} 1, & z > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



$$z_1' = w_1^T x + b_1', a_1' = \sigma(z_1') \quad z_3' = w_3^T x + b_3', a_3' = \sigma(z_3')$$

$$z_2' = w_2^T x + b_2', a_2' = \sigma(z_2') \quad z_4' = w_4^T x + b_4', a_4' = \sigma(z_4')$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ x_1 \xrightarrow{3} \rightarrow \\ -2 \nearrow \\ x_2 \end{array} \quad \bar{x} \rightarrow \mathcal{J} \rightarrow \hat{y}$$

$$\hat{y} = g(w_0 + w^T x)$$

$$= g\left(1 + \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$= g(1 + 3x_1 - 2x_2)$$

given input $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\hat{y} = g(1 + 3(-1) - 2(2))$$

$$= g(-6) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(-6)}} = 0.002$$

$$z'' = W'X' + b'$$

$$z^{12} = w^1 x^2 + b^1$$

$$z^{13} = w^1 x^3 + b^1$$

$$z' = W'X + b' \rightarrow w' \begin{pmatrix} x^1 & x^2 & x^3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$