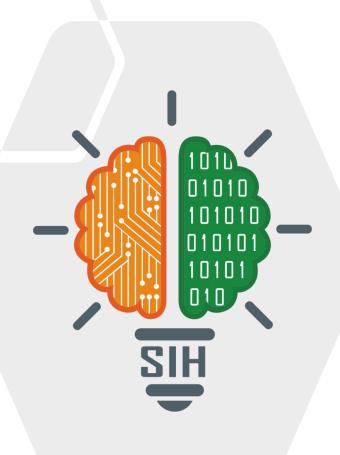
SMART INDIA HACKATHON 2024



- Problem Statement ID 1638
- Problem Statement Title- Al-Driven Crop
 - Disease Prediction and Management System
- Theme- Agriculture, FoodTech & Rural
 - Development
- PS Category- Software
- Team Name: KaleidoNex





FARM FRIEND A.I



- AI-Driven Disease Detection: Utilizes deep learning to identify and classify crop diseases from high-resolution drone and satellite images, detecting issues in early stages and uncovering subtle patterns missed by traditional methods.
- Real-Time Environmental Monitoring: Employs IoT-enabled sensors to collect critical data on temperature, humidity, precipitation, and soil conditions, providing a comprehensive environmental snapshot.
- Predictive Analytics: Fuses real-time environmental data with historical records to build predictive models that forecast potential disease outbreaks, enabling proactive risk management.
- User-Friendly Interface: Accessible via mobile and web platforms, allowing farmers to upload crop images, receive real-time disease predictions, and obtain personalized management recommendations.
- Integrated Knowledge Base: Includes a resource hub with best practices and expert advice to support farmers in optimizing crop management strategies.
- Agricultural Efficiency: Helps reduce crop losses, improve yields, and enhance overall efficiency, driving sustainable and profitable agricultural practices.

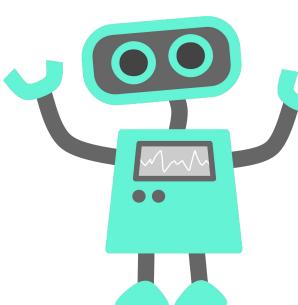


TECHNICAL APPROACH



- Data: Collect images of healthy and diseased crops, environmental data.
- Model: Train a CNN on this data using TensorFlow or PyTorch.
- Prediction: Use the trained model to predict diseases from new images.
- Recommendations: Provide tailored recommendations based on predictions and environmental conditions.
- Deployment: Deploy the system on a cloud platform (AWS, GCP, Azure).
- Integration: Integrate IoT sensors for real-time data.
- Maintenance: Continuously update the model and address user feedback.







FEASIBILITY AND RISKS



Analysis of the feasibility of the idea

- Advanced AI and ML tools: The availability of sophisticated AI and machine learning algorithms makes it possible to create accurate predictive models.
- **Existing datasets:** A wealth of datasets for crop diseases and related factors is accessible for model training and validation.
- Accessible environmental data: APIs can provide real-time environmental data, such as temperature, humidity, and precipitation.
- Technical integration: Integrating these technologies into a mobile and web-based platform is technically achievable.

Potential challenges and risks

- Model Accuracy: Ensuring the Al model correctly identifies diseases.
- Data Quality: Collecting diverse and high-quality images and environmental data.
- User Adoption: Convincing farmers to use the new technology.
- Integration Issues: Combining various data sources and systems.
- Scalability: Handling large volumes of data and users effectively.



IMPACT AND BENEFITS



Social Benefits:

- **Empowerment**: Provides farmers with tools to better manage their crops and improve their livelihoods.
- Education: Increases awareness about crop diseases and management practices.

Economic Benefits:

- Increased Profits: Reduces crop losses and improves yield, boosting farmers' income.
- Cost Savings: Minimizes the need for extensive treatments and mitigates financial risks.

Environmental Benefits:

- Sustainable Practices: Encourages precise use of resources like water and pesticides, reducing environmental impact.
- Biodiversity Protection: Helps maintain healthy crop ecosystems by preventing disease spread.

Technological Benefits:

- **Innovation**: Promotes the use of AI and data analytics in agriculture, advancing technological adoption in the sector.
- **Data-Driven**: Leverages real-time data for informed decision-making and proactive management.

Impacts

- Enhanced Crop Yields: Early disease detection leads to timely intervention, improving yields.
- Reduced Financial Losses: Prevents significant losses from crop diseases.
- Improved Efficiency: Streamlines disease management through actionable insights.
- Sustainable Farming: Promotes resource-efficient practices and reduces pesticide use.
- Informed Decision-Making:
 Empowers farmers with data-driven recommendations.



RESEARCH AND REFERENCES



- 1. "Deep Learning for Plant Disease Detection and Classification"
 - Link: <u>IEEE Xplore</u>
 - Summary: Discusses the use of deep learning techniques for identifying plant diseases from images.
- 2. "A Survey on Machine Learning Techniques in Plant Disease Prediction"
 - Link: MDPI
 - Summary: Reviews various machine learning techniques applied to plant disease prediction and management.
- 3. "Precision Agriculture: Using Machine Learning and IoT for Disease Management"
 - o Link: SpringerLink
 - Summary: Explores how IoT and machine learning can be integrated for precision agriculture and disease management.

