

Kafka Theory Part 2

Presented with **xmind**

Kafka Theory Part 2

Brokers & Topics

Topic replication Factor

Producer Acks

Topic Durablity

Zookeeper

KRaft

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Brokers & Topics

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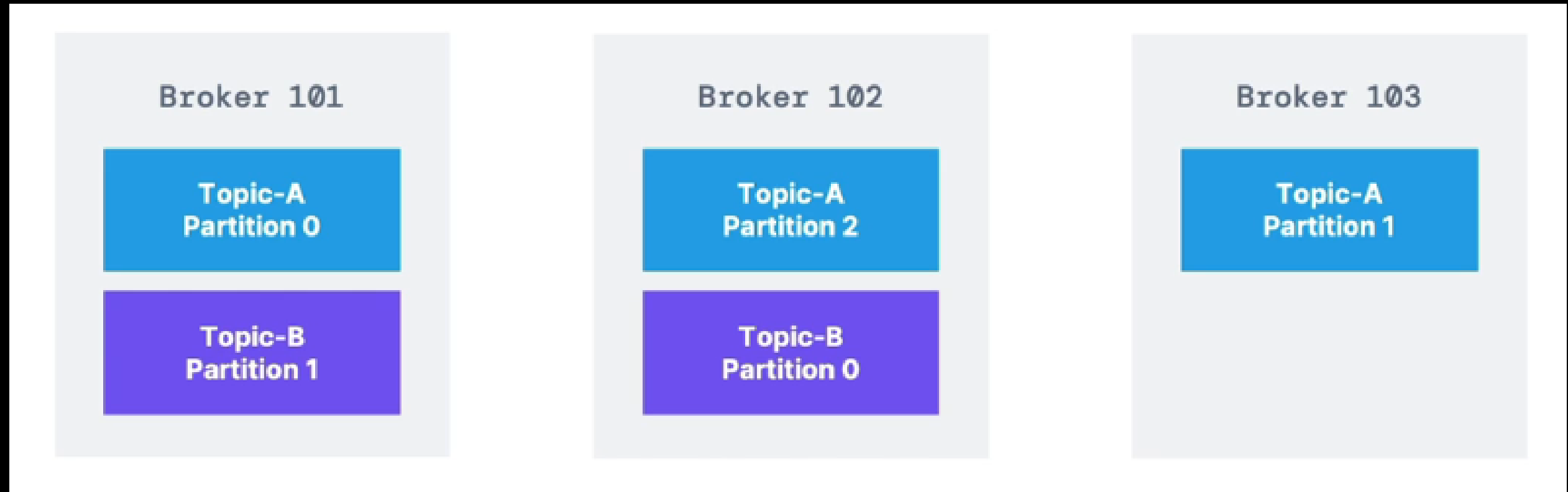
- Brokers
- Example: Topic A (3 partition)- and Topic B (2 partition)
- Broker discovery: each broker is bootstrap servers. that means you only need to connect to one broker and clients will know how to connect to entire cluster
- Each broker knows all brokers, topic and partition

Brokers & Topics

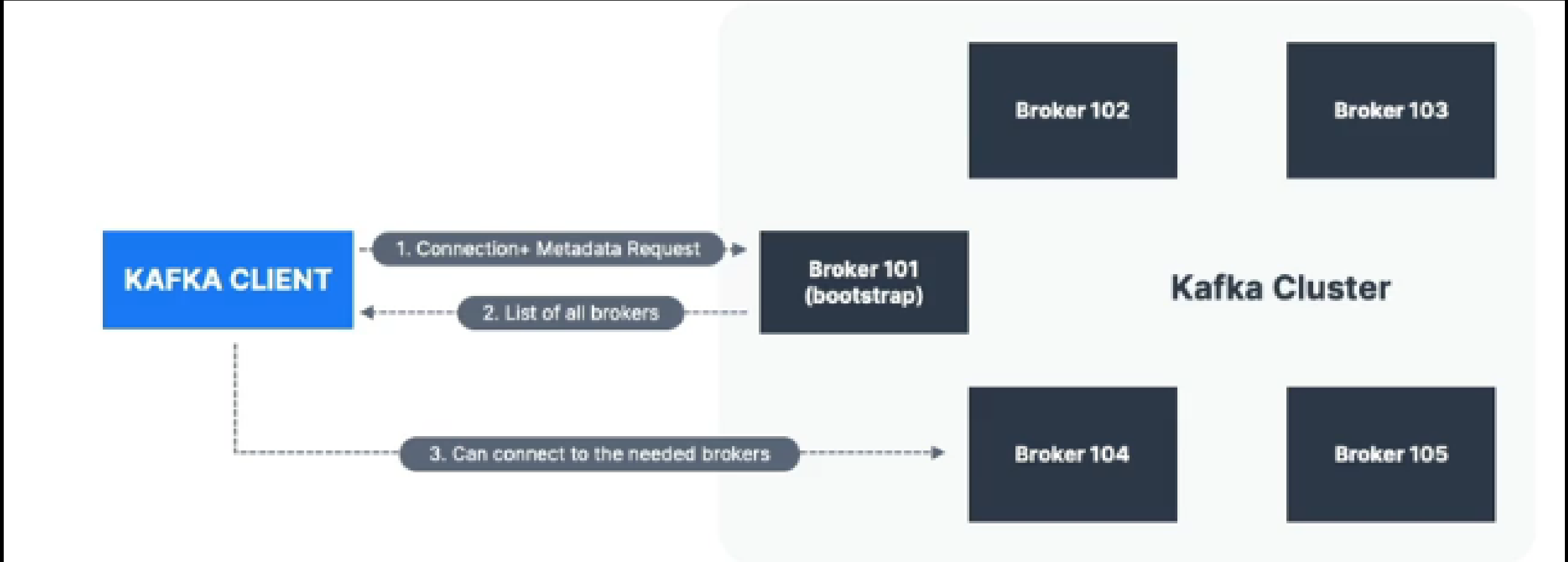
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Brokers

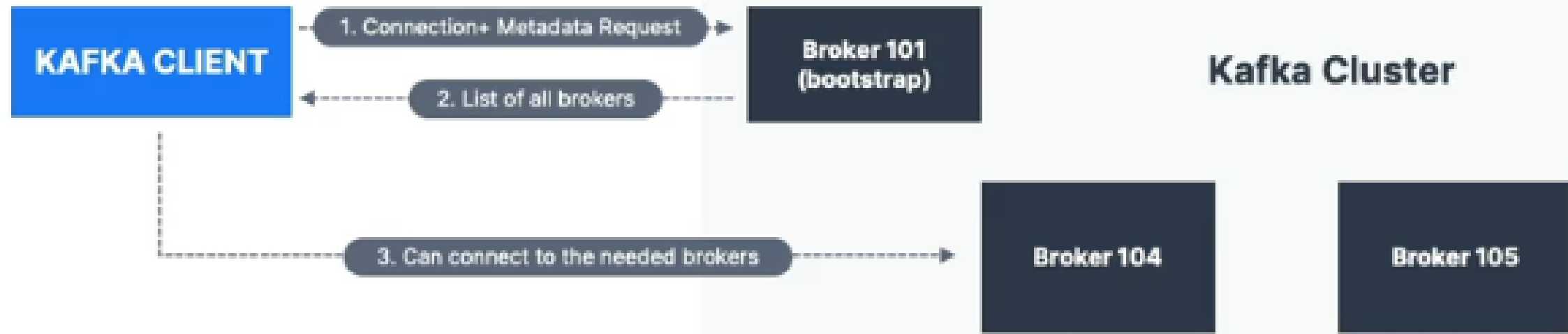
- Kafka cluster = multiple brokers(servers)
- Each Broker is identified with ID
- Each broker contains certain topic partition
- After connection to any broker, you are connected to entire cluster



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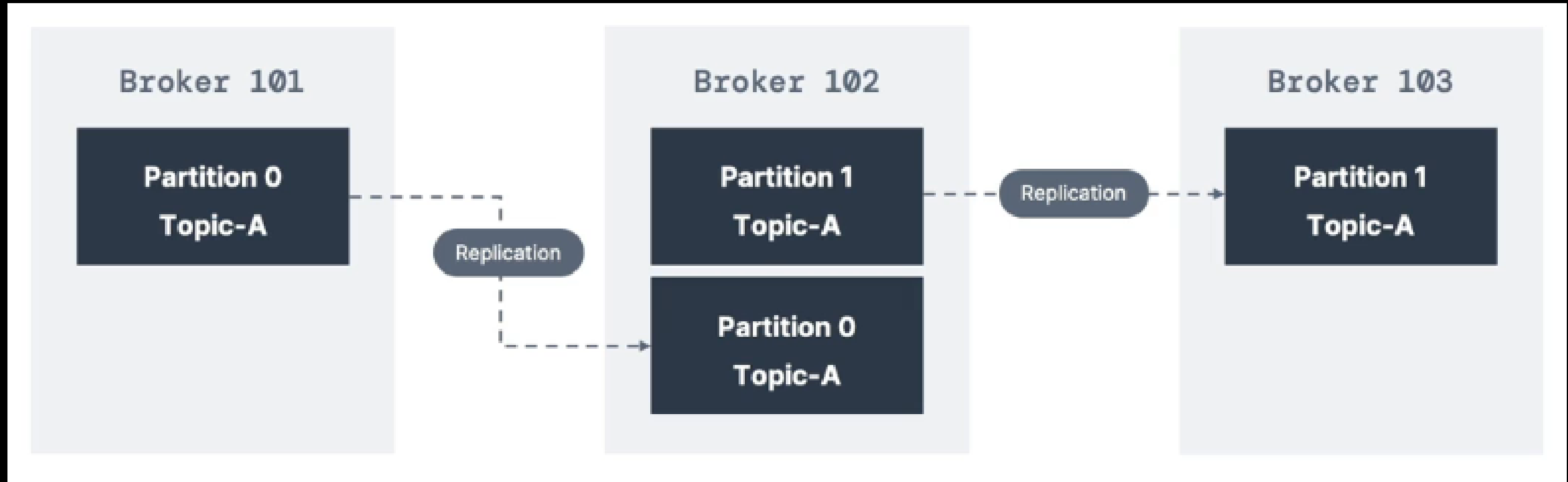


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Topic replication Factor

Topic replication Factor

- Topics should have rep factor > 1
- If the broker is down, another broker servers
- Ex: Topic A with 2 part & repl factor 2
- Leader for a partition



Ex: Topic A with 2 part & repl factor 2

Leader for a partition

- One broker can be a leader at a given time
- Producer write data to leader broker (by default)
- Each replica is called ISR (in sync replica)
- Kafka consumer will read from leader broker (by default)
- Kafka replica fetching (new Feature) Kafka 2.4 - Allows Consumer to read from closest replica (To improve latency and decrease network costs)

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Producer Acks

Producer Acks

- `acks=0`: Producer won't wait for acks (possible data loss)
- `acks=1`: Producer will wait for leader acknowledgement (limited data loss)
- `acks=all`: Leader + replicas acknowledgement (no data loss)

Topic Durability

Topic Durability

Generally, repl factor of $N \Rightarrow$ Topic durability = $N-1$
Ex: Topic with Repl factor: 3, topic can withstand 2 brokers loss


Zookeeper

Zookeeper


- Zookeeper manages brokers
- Zookeeper helps in performing leader election for partitions
- Zookeeper sends notification in case of changes (new topic, broker dies, broker comes up, etc)
- Kafka 2.x (Zookeeper) Vs Kafka 3.x (Zookeeper or KRaft) Vs Kafka 4.x (No Zookeeper)

Zookeeper

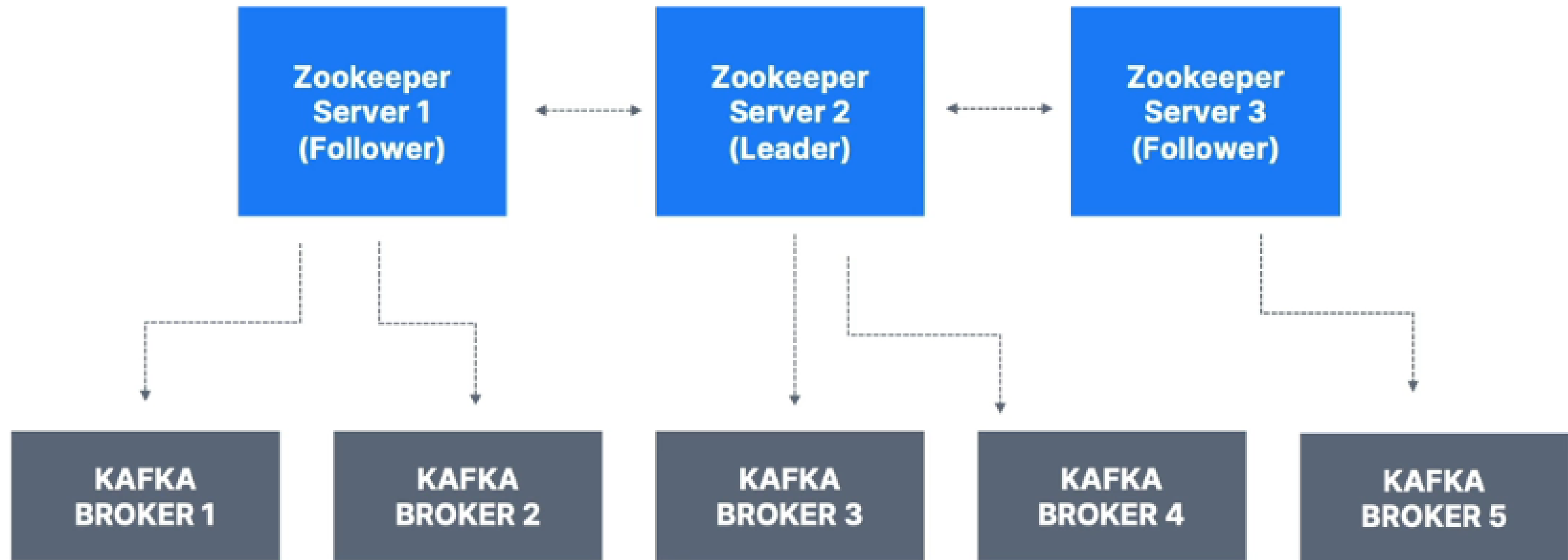
Kafka 4.x (No Zookeeper)

- Zookeeper by design operates with odd number of servers (1,3,5,7)
- 
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Zookeeper Cluster (ensemble)



KRaft

KRaft

- 2020, To remove Zookeeper dependency
- Scaling issues with Kafka + Zookeeper > 100000 partition
- Without Zookeeper, Scales to Millions
- Security Model, Stability, Single process to start, Faster controller shutdown and recovery time

Thank you