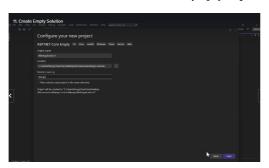
Section 2 - Coupons API (Part1)

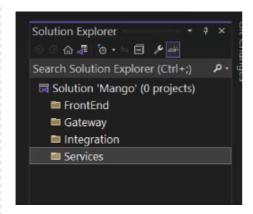
Setting Up the Project

- ▼ Creating a New Project
 - ▼ Opening Visual Studio
 - Open Visual Studio to start a new project.
 - ▼ Selecting Project Type
 - Since we are building a microservices architecture, we need to create individual projects.
 - **▼** Empty Solution
 - Previously, there was an option for an empty solution, but it has been removed.
 - Create an ASP.NET Core empty project as a workaround.



- ▼ Project Configuration
 - ▼ Project Name and Solution Name
 - Project name is not important, but the solution name should be "mango."
 - Framework: NET 8.
 - Do not use top-level statements.
 - ▼ Creating the Project
 - Hit the create button to generate the project.
 - Delete the temporary project to have an empty solution.
- ▼ 2. Organizing the Solution

▼ Folder Structure



- ▼ Front-End Folder
 - Create a folder for the front-end application, which will be the MVC web application calling the microservices.
- ▼ Gateway Folder
 - Create a folder for the gateway, which will be used for advanced concepts with
 Gateway later in the course.
- ▼ Integration Folder
 - Create a folder for integration, which will handle messaging and related functionalities.
- ▼ Services Folder
 - Create a folder for services, where all microservices or API endpoints will be developed.

→ 3.SwashbuckleI

- ▼ Installing Swashbuckle
 - ▼ Creating a New API Project
 - Create a new ASP.NET Core API project named "sample API."
 - Use .NET 9, enable OpenAPI support, and use controllers.



Install Swashbuckle ASP.NET Core via NuGet packages.



- ▼ Configuring Swagger
 - Open Program.cs and remove the default OpenAPI configuration.

```
builder.Services.AddControllers();
// Learn more about configuring OpenAF
builder.Services.AddOpenApi();

var app = builder.Build();
```

Add builder.Services.AddSwaggerGen() to the service container.

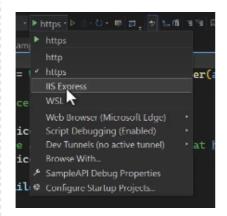
```
builder.Services.AddSwaggerGen();

var app = builder.Build();

// Configure the HTTP request pipeline.

if (app.Environment.IsDevelopment())
{
    app.UseSwagger();
    app.UseSwaggerUI();
}
```

- Add app.UseSwagger() and app.UseSwaggerUI() to the pipeline for development.
- ▼ Running the Application
 - Change the launch settings to use IIS Express.



Modify launchSettings.json to set the default path to Swagger.

Change in IISExpress

```
*schema': "https://json.schemastore.org/launchsettings.json",
"lisSettings": {
    "mindowsAuthentication": false,
    "annonyousAuthentication": true,
    "isisSpress": {
        "applicationVI!: "http://localhost:29985/",
        "sslport": "44350,
        "launchUr!": "saagper"
```

• Run the application to ensure Swagger documentation loads by default.

4. Creating the Coupon API

- ▼ Project Setup
 - ▼ Creating the Coupon API Project



- Create a new ASP.NET Core Web API project named "mango.services.couponAPI."
- Use .NET 8 and controllers.
- ▼ Configuring the Project
 - Run the application to ensure it is set up correctly.
 - Update the port number to 7001 in launchSettings.json.

▼ 5. Building the Coupon Model

▼ Creating the Model

▼ Coupon Model

```
| Company | Parameterists | Pa
```

- Create a new folder for models and add a class file named "Coupon.cs."
- Define properties: CouponID, CouponCode, DiscountAmount, and MinimumAmount.

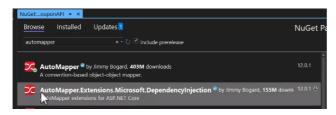
- ▼ DTO (Data Transfer Object)
 - Create a DTO folder and add a class file named "CouponDTO.cs."



• Copy the properties from the Coupon model to the CouponDTO.

→ 6. Setting Up the Database

- ▼ Installing NuGet Packages
 - ▼ AutoMapper
 - Install AutoMapper and AutoMapper. Extensions. Microsoft. Dependencylnjection.



▼ Entity Framework Core



Install Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer.

```
    Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer by Microsoft
    Microsoft SQL Server database provider for Entity Framework Core.
```

• Install Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools.

```
    Microsoft:EntityFrameworkCore.Tools by Microsoft.
    Entity Framework Core Tools for the NuGet Package Manager Console in Visual Studio.
```

- Install Microsoft.AspNetCore.Authentication.JwtBearer.
- ▼ Configuring the Database
 - Create a new folder for data and add a class file named "AppDbContext.cs."

```
| This process | This
```

 Implement the DbContext class and configure the connection string in appsettings.json.

Add the connection string to the service container in Program.cs.

```
// Add services to the container.
sbuilder.Services.AddObContext<AppoDbContext>(option =>
i
    option.UseSqlServer(builder.Configuration.GetConnectionString("DefaultConnection"));
    builder.Services.AddControllers();
```

7. Creating the Database and Tables

- ▼ Adding Migrations
 - ▼ Initial Migration
 - Use the Package Manager Console to add a migration named
 "AddCouponToDB."

```
Package Manager Console

I

PM> add-migration AddCouponToDb

Build started...

Build succeeded.
```

• Update the database to create the Coupon table.

```
PM> update-database
Build started...
```

▼ Seeding the Database

• Override the OnModelCreating method in AppDbContext.cs to seed initial data.

Add a new migration named "SeedCouponTables."

```
Package Manager Console

Peckage Manager Console

VALUES (N' 20230417175518_AddCouponTol

Done.

PM> add-migration SeedCouponTables

Build started...
```

• Implement a method to apply migrations automatically on application startup.

▼ 8. Building the Coupon API Controller

- ▼ Creating the Controller
 - ▼ CouponAPIController
 - Add a new API controller named "CouponAPIController.cs."

```
| Description | Company | Description | Desc
```

Implement endpoints for CRUD operations: GetAll, GetById, GetByCode, Create,
 Update, and Delete.

```
[HttpGet]
//Route("{id:int}")]
public object Get(int id)
{
    try
    {
        Coupon objList = _db.Coupons.First(u=>u.CouponId==id);
        return objList;
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
     }
    return null;
}
```

▼ Common Response DTO

 Create a class file named "ResponseDTO.cs" to define a common response structure.

Modify the controller to return ResponseDTO for all endpoints.

▼ 9. Implementing AutoMapper

- ▼ Configuring AutoMapper
 - ▼ Mapping Configuration
 - Create a new class file named "MappingConfig.cs" to define mapping configurations.

• Register the mapping configuration in Program.cs.

```
IMapper mapper = MappingConfig.RegisterMaps().CreateMapper();
builder.Services.AddSingleton(mapper);
builder.Services.AddAutoMapper(AppDomain.CurrentDomain.GetAssemblies());
```

- Using AutoMapper in the Controller
 - Inject AutoMapper using dependency injection.
 - Use AutoMapper to map between Coupon and CouponDTO in the controller endpoints.

```
try
{
    IEnumerable<Coup> objList = _db Coupons.ToList();
    _response.Resulta_ _mapper.Map<IEnumerable<CouponOto>(objList);
}
catch (Exception ex)
```

- ▼ Testing the Endpoints
 - ▼ Running the Application
 - Run the application and use Swagger to test the endpoints.
 - Ensure that all CRUD operations (GetAll, GetById, GetByCode, Create, Update,
 Delete) are working as expected.

```
[HttpPost]
public ResponseDto Post([FromBody] CouponDto couponDto)
{
    try
    {
        Coupon obj = _mapper.Map<Coupon>(couponDto);
        _db.Coupons.Add(obj);
        _db.SaveChanges();
        _response.Result = _mapper.Map<CouponDto>(obj);
}
catch (Exception ex)
{
        _response.IsSuccess = false;
        _response.Message = ex.Message;
}
```