

.Net Microservices Section 1: Introduction

▼ Introduction to the Course

▼ Course Overview

▼ Purpose and Goals

- Introduce microservices architecture.
- Provide real-world project experience.
- Understand how microservices communicate and solve problems.

▼ Instructor Introduction

- Instructor: Brogan.
- Course Title: .NET Core Microservices: The Complete Guide.

▼ Importance of Microservices

▼ Buzzword in Programming

- Microservices are increasingly important in job markets and system design.
- Often suggested for lagging or large systems.

▼ Motivation Behind the Course

- Understanding what microservices are and how to implement them correctly.
- Providing a real-world project to see microservices in action.

▼ 2. Understanding Microservices

▼ Basic Concept

▼ Individual Projects

- Microservices are composed of individual APIs.
- Building small APIs and understanding their communication.

▼ Key Concepts

- Individual API communication.
- How microservices architecture comes together.

▼ Course Structure

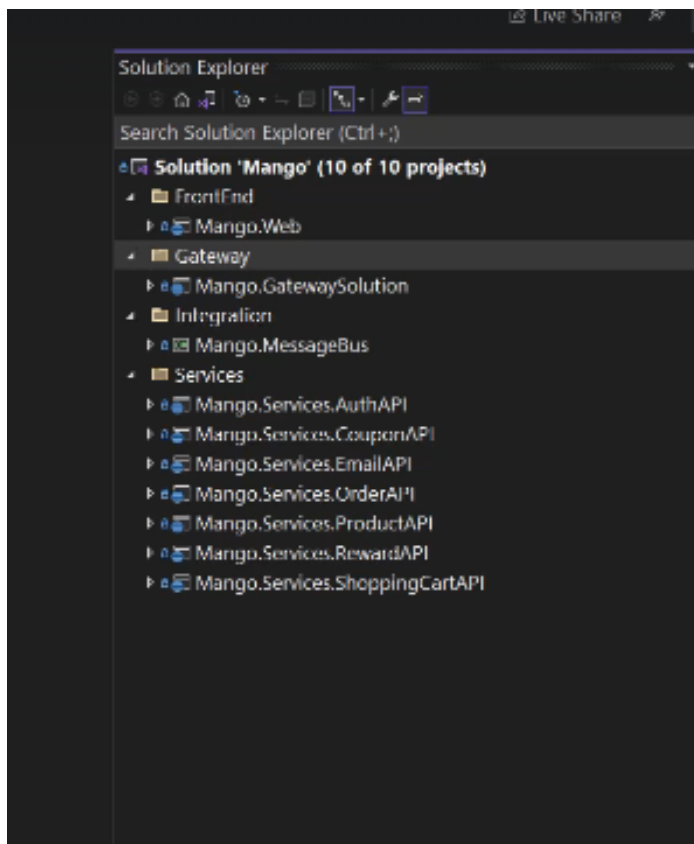
▼ Building APIs

- Seven small APIs, including one for authentication using Dotnet Identity.
- Focus on API communication and solving problems.
- ▼ Keeping Content Up-to-Date
 - Ensuring the course content is current to avoid struggles with new versions.
 - Excitement about learning microservices through real-world projects.

▼ 3. Course Project Overview

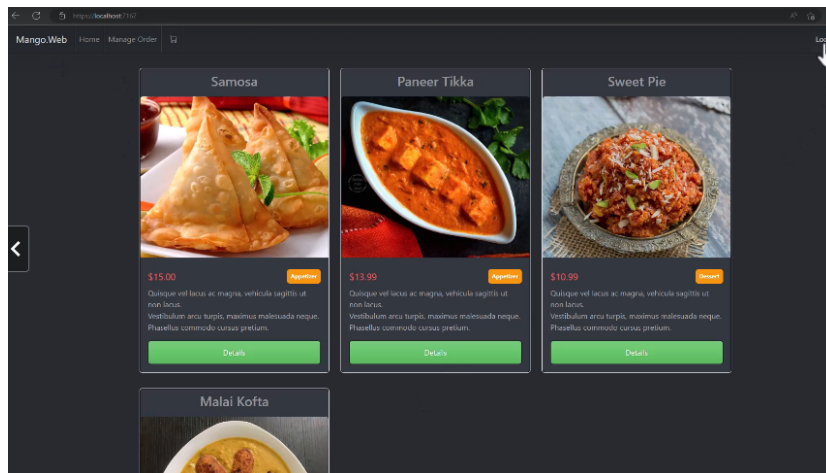
▼ Application Walkthrough

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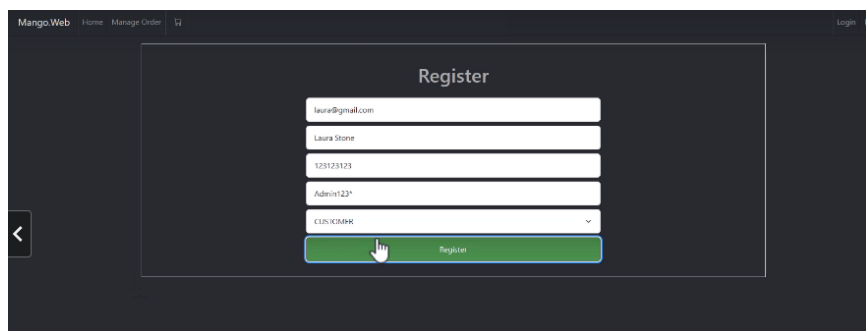


- ▼ Running the Application
 - Multiple APIs and a web project.
 - Running all microservices and the web project simultaneously.
- ▼ User Interaction
 - Logging in as an admin user.

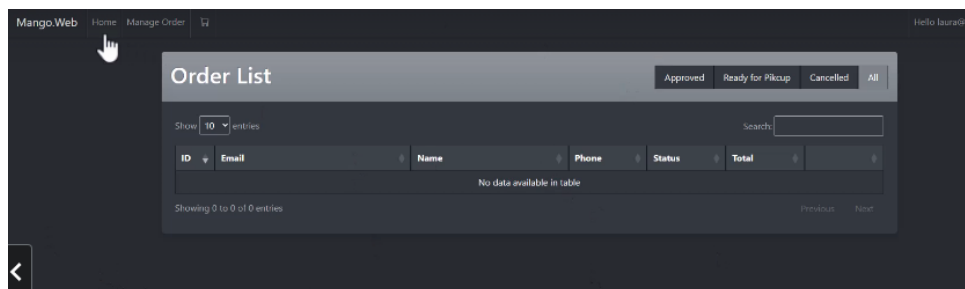
- Landing page with products, login, register buttons, and manage order functionality.



- Registering a customer user and logging in.



- Managing orders, adding items to the shopping cart, applying coupon codes, and emailing the shopping cart.



- Placing an order and redirecting to Stripe for payment.
- Completing the order and logging in as admin to manage orders.

▼ Backend Functionality

▼ Microservice Communication

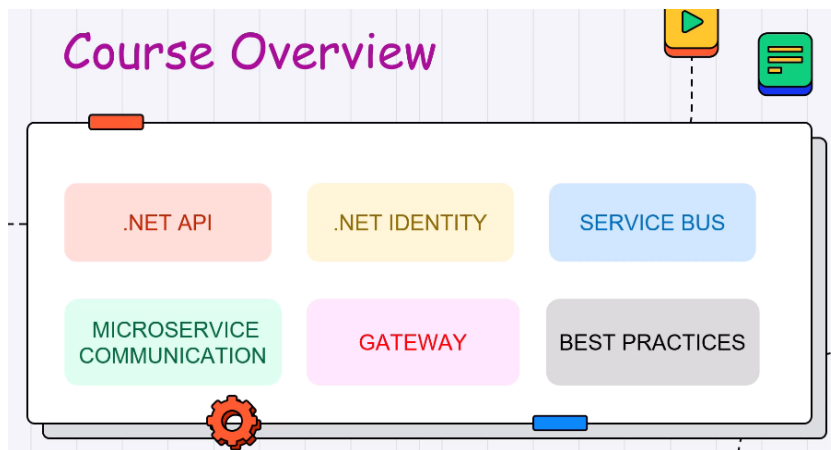
- How microservices communicate to manage orders, rewards, and emails.
- Automatic entries in rewards and email tables upon order placement.

▼ Complexities and Background Processes

- Understanding the background processes and communications when placing orders or registering users.

- Focus on the final application and the microservices architecture.

▼ 4. Course Content Overview



▼ Building APIs with .NET Core

▼ Authentication and Authorization

- Building an API for authentication using .NET Identity.
- Familiarity with basics of API and CRUD functionalities with Entity Framework Core.

▼ Recommended Prerequisites

- Free course on Dotnet Mastery for fundamentals of building a .NET API with Entity Framework Core.

▼ Communication Between APIs

▼ Azure Service Bus

- Understanding queues, topics, subscriptions, and messaging.
- Requires an Azure subscription with minimal cost.

▼ Microservice Communication

- Getting comfortable with microservice communication using Service Bus.

▼ Gateway and Deployment

▼ Ocelot Gateway

- Encapsulating microservices behind a gateway using Ocelot.
- Deploying all code on Azure to see how microservices come together.

▼ Best Practices

- Focus on best practices to avoid common issues and pitfalls.
- Intentionally introducing bugs to demonstrate corrections.

▼ Learning Approach

▼ Lengthy Course

- Covering a wide variety of topics with microservices.
- Taking breaks and not overstressing to finish the course quickly.
- Remembering the importance of slow and steady learning.

▼ 5. Advantages of Microservices

▼ Independent Deployability

▼ Deploying Individual Microservices

- Each microservice can be deployed individually without dependencies on other parts of the application.
- Teams can work on and deploy microservices independently.

▼ Comparison with Monolithic Applications

- Monolithic applications require deploying the complete project.
- Microservices allow for deploying small, individual components.

▼ Scalability

▼ Efficient Scaling

- Scaling specific microservices that need more resources.
- Example: Scaling a microservice for bulk exports without affecting other microservices.

▼ Comparison with Monolithic Applications

- Monolithic applications require scaling the entire server.
- Microservices allow for scaling individual services efficiently.

▼ Code Base and Fault Isolation

▼ Smaller Code Base

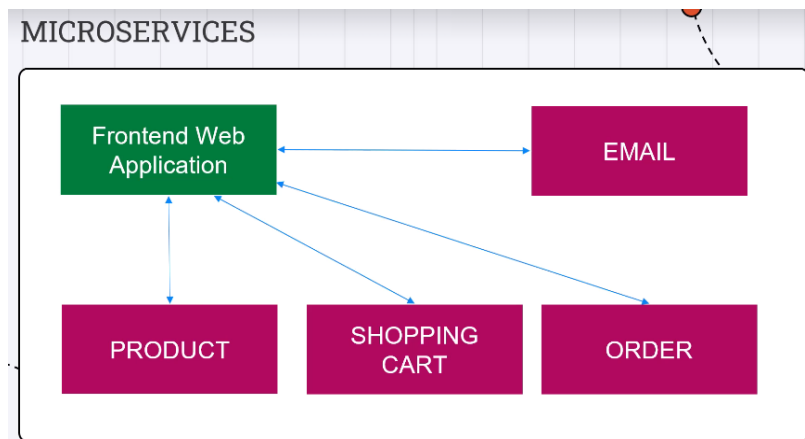
- Each microservice has a smaller code base compared to monolithic applications.
- Microservices are typically responsible for one functionality.

▼ Fault Isolation

- Individual microservices can go down without affecting the entire application.
- Debugging and bringing a microservice back online is faster, reducing downtime.

▼ 6. Example of Microservices Architecture

▼ Front-End Application with Multiple Microservices



▼ Microservices for Different Functionalities

- Product management, shopping cart, order management, and email sending.

▼ Handling Microservice Failures

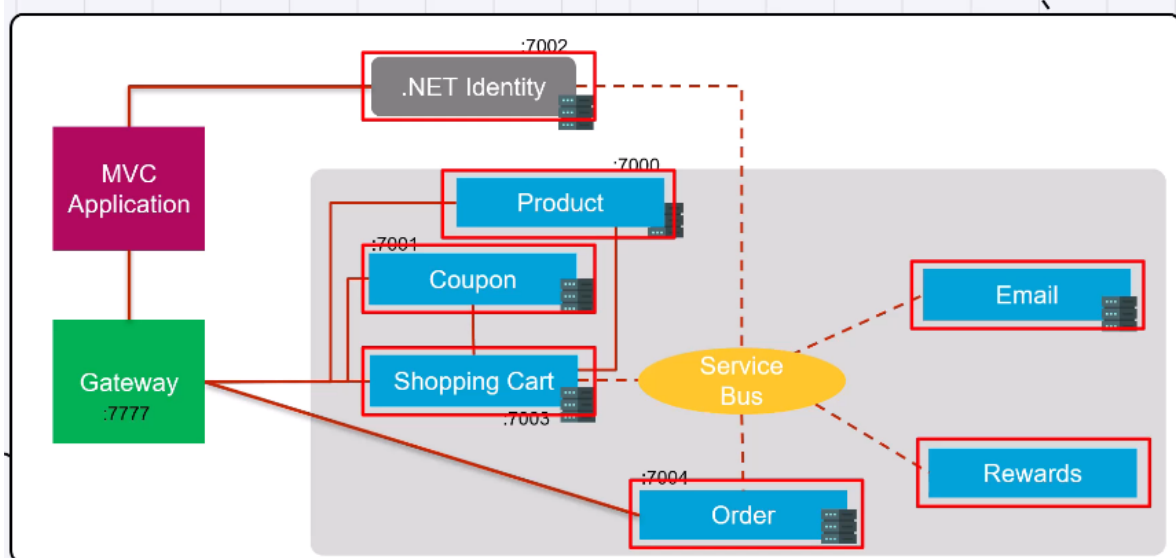
- Example: Email microservice failure and message storage in a message broker.
- Other microservices continue to function even if one microservice goes down.

▼ Comparison with Monolithic Applications

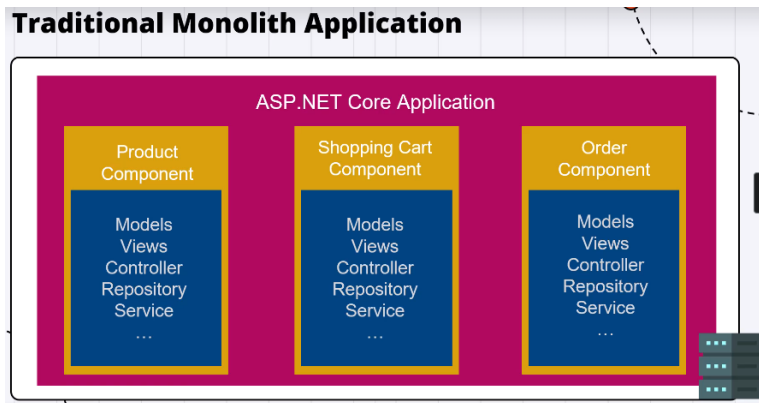
- Monolithic applications go down entirely if the server fails.
- Microservices architecture keeps the application running even if one microservice fails.

▼ 7. Microservices vs. Monolithic Architecture

Microservices Application Flow



▼ Monolithic Architecture



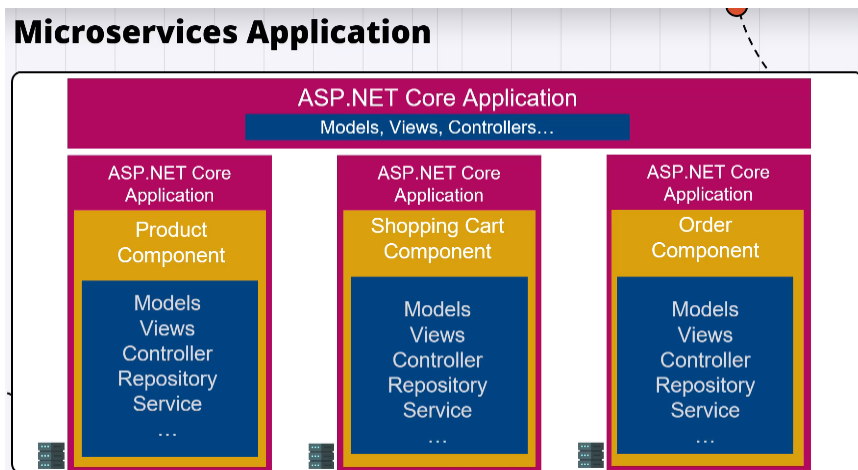
▼ Centralized Data and Code

- All data and code are centralized in one place.
- Easier for developers to run and debug the complete application.

▼ Advantages and Disadvantages

- Works fine for smaller applications.
- Challenges arise as the application grows, leading to tight dependencies and scaling issues.

▼ Microservices Architecture



▼ Loosely Coupled Services

- Individual microservices with their own databases and technology stacks.
- Communication between microservices using REST API calls or message brokers.

▼ Advantages

- Easier maintenance and scaling of individual services.
- Flexibility in using different technologies and databases.
- Efficient resource allocation and fault isolation.

▼ 8. Tools and Prerequisites

▼ Required Tools

▼ Visual Studio and .NET 8

- Visual Studio 2022 preview version for .NET 8.
- Visual Studio 2022 with .NET 7 for those not using the preview version.

▼ SQL Server

- SQL Server and SQL Server Management Studio for database management.

▼ Azure Subscription

- Required for Azure Service Bus and other Azure services.
- Minimal cost involved, with potential free credits for new Azure users.

▼ Prerequisites

▼ Basic Understanding of .NET Core

- Familiarity with MVC programming and web application development.

▼ Entity Framework Core

- Basic understanding of CRUD functionalities using Entity Framework Core.

▼ API Development

- Basic understanding of building .NET APIs with Entity Framework Core.

▼ Recommended Resources

- Free course on Dotnet Mastery for fundamentals of API and Entity Framework Core.
- Project resources and course content available on courses.net.com.

▼ 9. Clarifications and Misconceptions

▼ Docker and Microservices

▼ Misconception

- Microservices and Docker are not related.
- Docker can be used with monolithic applications as well.

▼ Course Focus

- Focus on microservices architecture and API communication.
- Avoiding additional complexity by not covering Docker.

▼ Technology Stack

▼ Consistent Technology Stack

- Using .NET APIs, Entity Framework Core, and SQL Server for all microservices.
- Avoiding multiple technology stacks to prevent confusion and maintain focus on microservices concepts.

▼ Flexibility in Microservices

- Microservices can use different programming languages and databases.
- Once the basic concepts are understood, implementing microservices in different technologies is straightforward.

▼ 10. Course Prerequisites and Resources

▼ Basic Understanding of .NET Core

▼ MVC Programming

- Familiarity with MVC programming and web application development.

▼ Entity Framework Core

- Basic understanding of CRUD functionalities using Entity Framework Core.

▼ API Development

- Basic understanding of building .NET APIs with Entity Framework Core.

▼ Additional Resources

▼ Free Course on Dotnet Mastery

- Covers fundamentals of API and Entity Framework Core.

▼ Project Resources

- Available on courses.net.com.
- Includes GitHub code, snippets, images, and other course content.

▼ 11. Conclusion

▼ Excitement and Learning Journey

▼ Joining the Course

- Excitement about learning microservices and building a real-world project.

▼ Next Steps

- Walkthrough of the application and microservices architecture in the next video.
- Continuing the journey of understanding and implementing microservices.