```
2 # IMPORTS
4 import numpy as np
5 import os
6 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
7 import matplotlib as mpl
8 from kalman import kalman filter
10 # Variable declaration
12 isPlotReqd = True
13 isPlotPdf = True
15 # Settings for plot
17 if (True == isPlotRegd):
18
   if (True == isPlotPdf):
19
    mpl.use('pdf')
20
    fig width = 3.487
    fig height = fig_width / 1.618
21
22
    rcParams = {
23
     'font.family' 'serif',
24
     'font.serif': 'Times New Roman',
25
     'text.usetex': True,
26
     'xtick.labelsize': 8,
27
     'ytick.labelsize': 8,
28
     'axes.labelsize': 8,
29
     'legend.fontsize': 8,
30
     'figure.figsize': [fig width, fig height]
31
32
    plt.rcParams.update(rcParams)
34 # CODE STARTS HERE
37 # Parameters
39 x 0 = \text{np.array}([[650.], [250.]])
40 \bar{x} 0 hat = np.array([[600.], [200.]])
41 P_0_{hat} = np.array([[500., 0.], [0., 200.]])
42 Q = \text{np.array}([[0., 0.], [0., 10.]])
43 H = np.array([[1, 0]])
44 R = 10.
45 F = np.array([[0.5, 2], [0, 1]])
46 G = np.zeros(x \ 0 \ hat.shape)
48 # Time steps and process noise
50 num step = 10
51 n historical data = 1000
52 t = np.linspace(0, n historical data, num=n historical data+1)
53 w f = np.zeros(t.shape)
54 w f[1:] = \text{np.sqrt}(10.) * \text{np.random.normal}(0, 1, (t.shape[0]-1,))
55 w k = np.vstack((np.zeros(t.shape), w_f))
57 # True population and generate measurements
59 x true = np.zeros((x 0.shape[0], t.shape[0]))
60 x true[:, 0] = x 0[:, 0]
61 y k = np.zeros((1, t.shape[0]))
```

```
62 # We will generate history for 1000 steps
63 for step in range(n historical data):
     x true[:, step+1] = F @x \text{ true}[:, \text{step}] + w \text{ k}[:, \text{step}]
64
     y k[0, step+1] = H @ x true[:, step+1] + np.sqrt(R) * np.random.normal()
65
66
68 # Kalman filter prediction
69
70 kf = kalman filter(init state=x 0 hat, init est err=P 0 hat, Q=Q, R=R, F=F, G=G, H=H, y k=y k,
   num step=num step)
71 kf.run kalman()
72 P k = kf.get est error cov()
73 K k = kf.get kalman gains()
74 x k 0 = \text{kf.get predicted state}(0)
75 x k 1 = \text{kf.get predicted state}(1)
77 # Plot of true and estimated population
79 if (True == isPlotRead):
     80
81
     # Configure axis and grid
     82
     fig = plt.figure()
83
84
     ax = fig.add subplot(111)
     fig.subplots adjust(left=.15, bottom=.16, right=.99, top=.97)
85
86
87
     ax.set axisbelow(True)
88
     ax.minorticks on()
89
     ax.grid(which='major', linestyle='-', linewidth='0.5')
90
     ax.grid(which='minor', linestyle=''-.'', linewidth='0.5')
91
     ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], x true[0, 0:num step+1], label='True population')
92
     ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], x k 0, label='estimated population')
93
94
     ax.set xlabel(r'time', fontsize=8)
95
     ax.set ylabel(r'population', fontsize=8)
96
97
     plt.legend()
98
     if (True == isPlotPdf):
99
      if not os.path.exists('./generatedPlots'):
100
        os.makedirs('generatedPlots')
101
      fig.savefig('./generatedPlots/q4_population.pdf')
102
     else:
103
      plt.show()
105 # Plot of true and estimated food supply
107 if (True == isPlotReqd):
     108
109
     # Configure axis and grid
     110
111
     fig = plt.figure()
     ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
112
113
     fig.subplots adjust(left=.15, bottom=.16, right=.99, top=.97)
114
115
     ax.set axisbelow(True)
116
     ax.minorticks on()
117
     ax.grid(which='major', linestyle='-', linewidth='0.5')
118
     ax.grid(which='minor', linestyle="-.", linewidth='0.5')
119
     ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], x true[1, 0:num step+1], label='True food supply')
120
     ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], x k 1, label='estimated food supply')
121
```

```
122
     ax.set xlabel(r'time', fontsize=8)
123
     ax.set ylabel(r'food supply', fontsize=8)
124
125
     plt.legend()
     if (True == isPlotPdf):
126
127
       if not os.path.exists('./generatedPlots'):
128
         os.makedirs('generatedPlots')
129
       fig.savefig('./generatedPlots/q4 food.pdf')
130
131
       plt.show()
133 # Plot of std dev of estimation error
135 if (True == isPlotRegd):
     136
137
     # Configure axis and grid
     138
139
     fig = plt.figure()
     ax = fig.add subplot(111)
140
141
     fig.subplots adjust(left=.15, bottom=.16, right=.99, top=.97)
142
143
     ax.set axisbelow(True)
144
     ax.minorticks on()
145
     ax.grid(which='major', linestyle='-', linewidth='0.5')
     ax.grid(which='minor', linestyle=''-.'', linewidth='0.5')
146
147
148
     ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], np.sqrt(P k[0, 0, :]), color='g', label='Population estimation error std')
149
     ax.plot(t[0:num\_step+1], -np.sqrt(P_k[0, 0, :]), color='g')
150
     ax.plot(t[0:num_step+1], np.sqrt(P_k[1, 1, :]), color='b', label='food estimation error std')
151
     ax.plot(t[0:num\_step+1], -np.sqrt(P_k[1, 1, :]), color='b')
152
153
     ax.set xlabel(r'time', fontsize=8)
154
     ax.set ylabel(r'standard deviation', fontsize=8)
155
156
     plt.legend()
157
     if (True == isPlotPdf):
158
       if not os.path.exists('./generatedPlots'):
159
         os.makedirs('generatedPlots')
160
       fig.savefig('./generatedPlots/q4 std dev.pdf')
161
     else:
162
       plt.show()
164 # Plot of Kalman gains
166 if (True == isPlotReqd):
     167
168
     # Configure axis and grid
169
     170
     fig = plt.figure()
171
     ax = fig.add subplot(111)
172
     fig.subplots adjust(left=.15, bottom=.16, right=.99, top=.97)
173
174
     ax.set axisbelow(True)
175
     ax.minorticks on()
176
     ax.grid(which='major', linestyle='-', linewidth='0.5')
     ax.grid(which='minor', linestyle=''-.", linewidth='0.5')
177
178
179
     ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], K k[0, :], label='Kalman gain for Population')
180
     ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], K k[1, :], label='Kalman gain for food')
181
     ax.set xlabel(r'time', fontsize=8)
182
```

```
183
      ax.set ylabel(r'Kalman gains', fontsize=8)
184
185
      plt.legend()
186
      if (True == isPlotPdf):
187
       if not os.path.exists('./generatedPlots'):
188
         os.makedirs('generatedPlots')
189
        fig.savefig('./generatedPlots/q4 kal gain.pdf')
190
191
       plt.show()
193 # (b) Theoretical estimation standard dev from covariance analysis
195 # cov \ ana \ x \ 0 \ hat = None
196 n steps steady state = 1000 # Just to calculate theoretical steady state value
197 cov ana P 0 hat = np.zeros(P \ 0 \ hat.shape)
198 P k theoretical = kf.calculate theoretical cov(x 0=None, P 0=cov ana P 0 hat, num step=
    n steps steady state)
200 # Plot of std dev of estimation error and theoretical value
202 if (True == isPlotReqd):
203
      204
      # Configure axis and grid
205
      206
      fig = plt.figure()
207
      ax = fig.add subplot(111)
208
      fig.subplots adjust(left=.15, bottom=.16, right=.99, top=.97)
209
210
      ax.set axisbelow(True)
211
      ax.minorticks on()
212
      ax.grid(which='major', linestyle='-', linewidth='0.5')
213
      ax.grid(which='minor', linestyle="-.", linewidth='0.5')
214
215
      ax.plot(t[0:num_step+1], np.sqrt(P_k[0, 0, :]), color='g', label='Population est s.d.')
216
      ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], -np.sqrt(P k[0, 0, :]), color='g')
217
      ax.hlines(np.sqrt(P k theoretical[0, 0, -1]), t[0], t[num step],
218
          color='r', label='Population theoretical ss s.d.')
219
      ax.hlines(-np.sqrt(P k theoretical[0, 0, -1]), t[0], t[num step], color='r')
220
      ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], np.sqrt(P k[1, 1, :]), color='b', label='food est s.d.')
221
      ax.plot(t[0:num step+1], -np.sqrt(P k[1, 1, :]), color='b')
222
      ax.hlines(np.sqrt(P_k_theoretical[1, 1, -1]), t[0], t[num_step],
223
          color='m', label='food theoretical ss s.d.')
224
      ax.hlines(-np.sqrt(P k theoretical[1, 1, -1]), t[0], t[num step], color='m')
225
226
      ax.set xlabel(r'time', fontsize=8)
227
      ax.set ylabel(r'standard deviation', fontsize=8)
228
229
      plt.legend()
230
      if (True == isPlotPdf):
231
       if not os.path.exists('./generatedPlots'):
232
         os.makedirs('generatedPlots')
233
       fig.savefig('./generatedPlots/q4 std dev theoretical.pdf')
234
     else:
235
       plt.show()
237 # (c) Theoretical estimation standard dev from covariance analysis
239 kf.num step = 1000
240 kf.run kalman()
241 P k = kf.get est error cov()
242 P k theoretical = kf.calculate theoretical cov(x 0=None, P 0=cov ana P 0 hat)
```

File - G:\My Drive\UMN\Semesters\Fall_20\EE5251_OptimalFilter\HW\HW3\code\script_q4.py

```
243 # t = np.linspace(0, kf.num_step, num=kf.num_step+1)
245 # Plot of std dev of estimation error and theoretical value
247 if (True == isPlotReqd):
248
      249
      # Configure axis and grid
250
      251
      fig = plt.figure()
252
      ax = fig.add subplot(111)
253
      fig.subplots_adjust(left=.15, bottom=.16, right=.99, top=.97)
254
255
      ax.set axisbelow(True)
256
      ax.minorticks on()
257
      ax.grid(which='major', linestyle='-', linewidth='0.5')
258
      ax.grid(which='minor', linestyle="-.", linewidth='0.5')
259
260
      ax.plot(t, np.sqrt(P k[0, 0, :]), color='g', label='Population est s.d.')
261
      ax.plot(t, -np.sqrt(P k[0, 0, :]), color='g')
262
      ax.hlines(np.sqrt(P_k_theoretical[0, 0, -1]), t[0], t[-1],
263
           color='r', label='Population theoretical ss s.d.')
264
      ax.hlines(-np.sqrt(P k theoretical[0, 0, -1]), t[0], t[-1], color='r')
265
      ax.plot(t, np.sqrt(P_k[1, 1, :]), color='b', label='food est s.d.')
266
      ax.plot(t, -np.sqrt(P k[1, 1, :]), color='b')
267
      ax.hlines(np.sqrt(P | k | theoretical[1, 1, -1]), t[0], t[-1],
268
           color='m', label='Food theoretical ss s.d.')
269
      ax.hlines(-np.sqrt(P_k theoretical[1, 1, -1]), t[0], t[-1], color='m')
270
271
      ax.set xlabel(r'time', fontsize=8)
272
      ax.set ylabel(r'standard deviation', fontsize=8)
273
274
      plt.legend()
275
      if (True == isPlotPdf):
276
        if not os.path.exists('./generatedPlots'):
277
          os.makedirs('generatedPlots')
278
        fig.savefig('./generatedPlots/q4 std dev theoretical 1000.pdf')
279
      else:
280
        plt.show()
281
```