

# School Management System (SMS)

## Project Documentation

### Project Details

Category	Detail
Course	Programming in C, 1st Semester
Authors	Arnab Roy, Medha Bhatnagar
SAP ID	590023460, 590023682
Project Title	Basic School Management System (In-Memory Console Application)

### 1. Problem Definition and Scope

The primary objective of this project is to implement a fundamental **School Management System (SMS)** using core C programming constructs. This console application demonstrates data management capabilities essential for maintaining a school's operational records.

The system's scope is defined by its ability to perform **CRUD** (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on three distinct, critical entities: **Students**, **Teachers**, and **Courses**.

The implemented functionalities conceptually underpin four major pillars of enterprise resource planning in an academic environment:

#### 1. Program Structure and Management:

The application utilizes C struct declarations to define the data schemata for Students, Teachers, and Courses. This establishes the digital architecture necessary for tracking educational programs and offerings. Data manipulation functions (Add/Delete) simulate administrative actions required to maintain a current and accurate list of institutional entities.

#### 2. Student Information Management:

The system maintains student records within an array, serving as an in-memory Single Source of Truth for essential student demographic and academic data (ID, name, age, marks). This facilitates quick record retrieval and verification, simulating basic enrollment and record-keeping processes.

#### 3. Academic and Faculty Management:

Separate data arrays are managed for Teachers and Courses. This structure allows the

system to support the tracking of human resources (faculty) and academic resources (course catalog), which is crucial for managing administrative tasks such as teaching load assignments and course scheduling.

4. Role-Based Access (Conceptual Model):

While the console application lacks explicit security features, the separation of functions (Student Menu, Teacher Menu, etc.) adheres to the conceptual requirement for role-based access. Data visibility and manipulation rights are logically compartmentalized, implying that in a production environment, different user roles would be restricted to only their relevant management sections.

## 2. Program Flow Chart

The application operates using a hierarchical, menu-driven control flow, managed by a continuous loop in the main function. This structure ensures users can navigate between management modules effectively.

### Text-Based Program Flow Diagram

This diagram illustrates the control flow of the application, emphasizing the menu hierarchy and decision points.

1. **START:** Execution of the main() function begins.
  - o **Action:** Initial variables (mainChoice, choice) are declared.
2. **MAIN MENU (Persistent Loop):** A while (1) loop maintains continuous operation.
  - o **Output:** Displays options: [1. Student, 2. Teacher, 3. Course, 4. Exit].
  - o **Input:** Reads integer mainChoice.
  - o **Decision - Validation:** Checks if the input is a valid integer (using scanf return value).
    - *If Invalid:* Display error, call clearInput() to flush the buffer, and continue the loop.
    - *If Valid:* Proceed to the **Switch Statement**.
3. **ENTITY MANAGEMENT (Switch Statement on mainChoice):**
  - o **Case 1: Student Management**
    - **Action:** Displays Student Sub-Menu (Add, View, Search, Delete).
    - **Input:** Reads integer choice.
    - **Execution:** Invokes the corresponding student function (e.g., addStudent()).
    - **Return:** Flow returns to the **MAIN MENU**.
  - o **Case 2: Teacher Management**
    - **Action:** Displays Teacher Sub-Menu.
    - **Input:** Reads integer choice.
    - **Execution:** Invokes the corresponding teacher function (e.g., addTeacher()).
    - **Return:** Flow returns to the **MAIN MENU**.
  - o **Case 3: Course Management**
    - **Action:** Displays Course Sub-Menu.
    - **Input:** Reads integer choice.

- **Execution:** Invokes the corresponding course function (e.g., addCourse()).
  - **Return:** Flow returns to the **MAIN MENU**.
- **Case 4: EXIT**
  - **Action:** Program terminates with return 0.
  - **Default:** Displays "Invalid main menu choice."

### 3. Algorithm - Step-by-Step Logic

The system's core functionality is governed by the Control Algorithm and the Deletion Algorithm, which requires careful array manipulation.

#### A. Main Program Control Algorithm (main())

This algorithm manages user interaction and application routing.

1. **START:** Initiate the application with int main().
2. **Initialization:** Declare variables, including mainChoice and choice.
3. **Execution Loop:** Begin while (1).
4. **Display:** Print the Main Menu options to standard output.
5. **Input & Validation:**
  - Attempt to read mainChoice using scanf("%d", ...).
  - **Condition Check:** If scanf fails (returns less than 1), output an error, call clearInput() to resolve buffer issues, and restart the loop (continue).
6. **Navigation (Switch):** Evaluate mainChoice using a switch construct.
7. **Sub-Menu Handling (Cases 1, 2, 3):**
  - Display the specific entity's menu (e.g., Student Menu).
  - Read the sub-menu choice.
  - Execute the appropriate function (e.g., addStudent(), viewStudents()).
8. **Exit (Case 4):** Return \$0\$ to the operating system, terminating the program.
9. **Default:** Handle invalid input by printing an error message.
10. **Loop:** Repeat from Step 4.

#### B. Delete Record Algorithm (Linear Search and Data Shift)

This algorithm efficiently removes a record from the fixed-size array while ensuring the integrity of the data structure (i.e., no gaps are left).

1. **Input Acquisition:** Prompt the user for the unique identifier (ID) of the record to be deleted.
2. **Search Initialization:** Initialize a linear search loop, iterating from \$i = 0\$ up to \$N - 1\$, where \$N\$ is the current record count (studentCount).
3. **Match Check:** Inside the loop, check the condition: \$\text{if } \{\text{records}\}[\text{i}].\text{id} == \text{targetID}\$.
4. **Record Deletion (If Match Found):**
  - **Shift Operation:** Initiate an inner loop from \$j = i\$ up to \$N - 2\$.
  - **Assignment:** Assign the next element to the current position: \$\text{records}[\text{j}] =

- \text{records}[j + 1]\$. This effectively shifts all subsequent records one position to the left, overwriting the deleted record.
- **Count Update:** Decrement the record counter: \$N \leftarrow N - 1\$.
  - **Confirmation & Termination:** Print a success message and exit the function (return).
5. **No Match:** If the search loop completes without finding the ID, print a "Record not found" message.

## 4. Challenges Encountered and Proposed Future Scope

Successful completion of this project required addressing several challenges inherent to C console development. The identified issues define the scope for future enhancements toward a production-ready system.

### 1. Input Buffer Contamination

- **Challenge:** C programs frequently leave residual newline characters \$(\backslash n)\$ in the input buffer, causing subsequent string reads to be skipped.
- **Resolution/Mitigation Strategy:** The implemented code includes the clearInput() function and utilizes the scanf(" %[^\n]s", ...) format specifier with a leading space.
- **Future Scope Enhancement:** Implement comprehensive input handling using a dedicated buffer reading function (e.g., fgets) for all inputs, followed by parsing, which offers superior control over buffer state compared to scanf.

### 2. Data Volatility (Lack of Persistence)

- **Challenge:** All data is stored in global arrays within volatile RAM. Upon program termination, all added records are lost.
- **Resolution/Mitigation Strategy:** The current implementation accepts this limitation given the console application environment.
- **Future Scope Enhancement (Immediate Priority):** Implement File Input/Output (I/O) using C's standard library functions (fopen, fwrite, fread). This will involve writing the entire array structure to a binary file for persistent storage and loading it upon startup.

### 3. Fixed Data Capacity

- **Challenge:** Data storage arrays (e.g., students[100]) are statically allocated, imposing a rigid, maximum capacity of 100 records per entity.
- **Resolution/Mitigation Strategy:** The maximum capacity of 100 was set as an acceptable constraint for this proof-of-concept project.
- **Future Scope Enhancement:** Transition to **Dynamic Memory Allocation** using malloc and realloc. This will allow the data structure to expand or shrink at runtime based on the actual number of records, maximizing memory efficiency and scalability.

### 4. Non-Integer Sub-Menu Input

- **Challenge:** While the main menu has robust integer validation, non-integer input in sub-menus currently only prints an error and returns the user to the main menu.
- **Resolution/Mitigation Strategy:** The current flow prioritizes returning to the main loop to maintain program stability.
- **Future Scope Enhancement:** Implement immediate validation and re-prompting within each sub-menu function to force correct data type entry without returning to the main menu loop.

## 5. Snip of Code

The complete C source code for the School Management System, including the input buffer management solution, is provided below.

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <string.h>
4  #include <stdbool.h> // For using bool type
5
6  // --- CONSTANTS ---
7  #define DATA_FILE "student_records.dat"
8  #define NAME_LENGTH 50
9  #define ADDRESS_LENGTH 100
10 #define COURSE_LENGTH 30
11
12 // --- STRUCTURE DEFINITION ---
13 // This structure holds all the essential details for a single student.
14 struct Student {
15     int roll_number;
16     char name[NAME_LENGTH];
17     char student_class[COURSE_LENGTH]; // e.g., "10th Grade"
18     char address[ADDRESS_LENGTH];
19     float total_score;
20     bool fee_paid; // 1 for Paid, 0 for Not Paid
21 };
22
23 // --- FUNCTION PROTOTYPES (Best Practice in C) ---
24 // Declaring all functions used in the program before main()
25 void show_menu();
26 void add_student();
27 void view_all_students();
28 void search_student();
29 void modify_student();
30 void delete_student();
31
32 // Utility functions
33 void clear_screen();
34 void clear_input_buffer();
35 void print_student_data(struct Student s);
36

```

```
36
37 // --- MAIN FUNCTION ---
38 int main() {
39     int choice;
40
41     // A loop to continuously display the menu until the user chooses to exit.
42     do {
43         show_menu();
44         printf("Enter your choice: ");
45
46         // Check for valid input
47         if (scanf("%d", &choice) != 1) {
48             clear_input_buffer(); // Clear buffer on invalid input
49             choice = 0; // Set choice to 0 to trigger the default case
50         }
51         clear_input_buffer();
52
53         // Use a switch statement to handle the user's choice
54         switch (choice) {
55             case 1:
56                 add_student();
57                 break;
58             case 2:
59                 view_all_students();
60                 break;
61             case 3:
62                 search_student();
63                 break;
64             case 4:
65                 modify_student();
66                 break;
67             case 5:
68                 delete_student();
69                 break;
70             case 6:
71                 printf("\n=====\\n");
72                 printf(" Exiting the School Management System. Goodbye!\\n");
73                 printf("=====\\n");
74                 break;
75             default:
76                 printf("\\n[ERROR] Invalid choice. Please enter a number between 1 and 6.\\n");
77                 // Pause execution
78                 printf("Press Enter to continue...\\n");
79                 getchar();
80         }
81     } while (choice != 6);
82
83     return 0;
84 }
```

```
85 // --- UTILITY FUNCTIONS ---
86
87
88 // Function to clear the screen
89 void clear_screen() {
90     // Check if the OS is Windows or Unix-like (Linux/macOS)
91     #ifdef _WIN32
92         system("cls");
93     #else
94         system("clear");
95     #endif
96 }
97
98 // Function to clear the input buffer (crucial after using scanf and before fgets)
99 void clear_input_buffer() {
100     int c;
101     while ((c = getchar()) != '\n' && c != EOF);
102 }
103
104 // Function to display the main menu
105 void show_menu() {
106     clear_screen();
107     printf("\n=====\\n");
108     printf("      SCHOOL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (C Project)      \\n");
109     printf("=====\\n");
110     printf("1. Add New Student Record\\n");
111     printf("2. View All Student Records\\n");
112     printf("3. Search Student by Roll Number\\n");
113     printf("4. Modify Student Record\\n");
114     printf("5. Delete Student Record\\n");
115     printf("6. Exit Program\\n");
116     printf("=====\\n");
117 }
118
119 // Function to print a student's data in a formatted way
120 void print_student_data(struct Student s) {
121     printf("\n-----\\n");
122     printf("      STUDENT DETAILS (Roll No: %d)\\n", s.roll_number);
123     printf("-----\\n");
124     printf("Name:      %s\\n", s.name);
125     printf("Class:     %s\\n", s.student_class);
126     printf("Address:   %s\\n", s.address);
127     printf("Total Score: %.2f\\n", s.total_score);
128     printf("Fee Status: %s\\n", s.fee_paid ? "PAID" : "NOT PAID");
129     printf("-----\\n");
130 }
```

```

131 // --- CORE FUNCTIONALITIES ---
132
133 // 1. Add New Student Record
134 void add_student() {
135     clear_screen();
136     printf("=====\\n");
137     printf("      ADD NEW STUDENT RECORD\\n");
138     printf("=====\\n");
139
140     FILE *file = fopen(DATA_FILE, "ab"); // Open file in append binary mode
141     if (file == NULL) {
142         printf("[ERROR] Could not open file %s for writing.\\n", DATA_FILE);
143         return;
144     }
145
146     struct Student new_student;
147
148     // Get Roll Number
149     printf("Enter Roll Number (Integer): ");
150     while (scanf("%d", &new_student.roll_number) != 1 || new_student.roll_number <= 0) {
151         clear_input_buffer();
152         printf("[ERROR] Invalid Roll Number. Please enter a positive integer: ");
153     }
154     clear_input_buffer();
155
156     // Get Name
157     printf("Enter Student Name: ");
158     fgets(new_student.name, NAME_LENGTH, stdin);
159     new_student.name[strcspn(new_student.name, "\\n")] = 0; // Remove newline
160
161     // Get Class
162     printf("Enter Class/Grade (e.g., 10th Grade): ");
163     fgets(new_student.student_class, COURSE_LENGTH, stdin);
164     new_student.student_class[strcspn(new_student.student_class, "\\n")] = 0; // Remove newline
165
166     // Get Score
167     printf("Enter Total Score (e.g., 450.75): ");
168     while (scanf("%f", &new_student.total_score) != 1 || new_student.total_score < 0) {
169         clear_input_buffer();
170         printf("[ERROR] Invalid score. Please enter a non-negative number: ");
171     }
172     clear_input_buffer();
173
174     // Get Fee Status
175     int fee_choice;
176     printf("Fee Status (1=Paid, 0=Not Paid): ");
177     while (scanf("%d", &fee_choice) != 1 || (fee_choice != 0 && fee_choice != 1)) {
178         clear_input_buffer();
179         printf("[ERROR] Invalid input. Enter 1 for Paid or 0 for Not Paid: ");
180     }
181     new_student.fee_paid = (bool)fee_choice;
182     clear_input_buffer();

```

```

155 void add_student() {
156     // Get Address (optional detail)
157     printf("Enter Address: ");
158     fgets(new_student.address, ADDRESS_LENGTH, stdin);
159     new_student.address[strcspn(new_student.address, "\n")] = 0; // Remove newline
160
161     // Write the complete structure to the binary file
162     fwrite(&new_student, sizeof(struct Student), 1, file);
163     fclose(file);
164
165     printf("\n[SUCCESS] Student record for %s (Roll No: %d) added successfully!\n",
166           | new_student.name, new_student.roll_number);
167
168     printf("Press Enter to continue...");
169     getchar();
170 }
171
172 // 2. View All Student Records
173 void view_all_students() {
174     clear_screen();
175     printf("=====\\n");
176     printf("      ALL STUDENT RECORDS\\n");
177     printf("=====\\n");
178
179     FILE *file = fopen(DATA_FILE, "rb"); // Open file in read binary mode
180     if (file == NULL) {
181         printf("[INFO] No student records found. The data file may not exist yet.\\n");
182         printf("Press Enter to continue...");
183         getchar();
184         return;
185     }
186
187     struct Student current_student;
188     int count = 0;
189
190     // Read all records from the file until EOF
191     while (fread(&current_student, sizeof(struct Student), 1, file) == 1) {
192         print_student_data(current_student);
193         count++;
194     }
195
196     fclose(file);
197
198     if (count == 0) {
199         printf("[INFO] The file is empty. No student records to display.\\n");
200     } else {
201         printf("\\nTotal records found: %d\\n", count);
202     }
203
204     printf("Press Enter to continue...");
205     getchar();
206 }
207
208

```

```
236 // 3. Search Student by Roll Number
237 void search_student() {
238     clear_screen();
239     printf("=====\\n");
240     printf("      SEARCH STUDENT BY ROLL NUMBER\\n");
241     printf("=====\\n");
242
243     int search_roll;
244     printf("Enter Roll Number to search: ");
245     if (scanf("%d", &search_roll) != 1) {
246         clear_input_buffer();
247         printf("[ERROR] Invalid input for Roll Number.\\n");
248         printf("Press Enter to continue...\\n");
249         getchar();
250         return;
251     }
252     clear_input_buffer(); // Clear buffer after scanf
253
254     FILE *file = fopen(DATA_FILE, "rb");
255     if (file == NULL) {
256         printf("[INFO] No records exist to search.\\n");
257         printf("Press Enter to continue...\\n");
258         getchar();
259         return;
260     }
261
262     struct Student current_student;
263     int found = 0;
264
265     // Iterate through the file record by record
266     while (fread(&current_student, sizeof(struct Student), 1, file) == 1) {
267         if (current_student.roll_number == search_roll) {
268             print_student_data(current_student);
269             found = 1;
270             break; // Found the student, no need to continue reading
271         }
272     }
273
274     fclose(file);
275
276     if (!found) {
277         printf("\\n[INFO] Student with Roll Number %d not found.\\n", search_roll);
278     }
279
280     printf("Press Enter to continue...\\n");
281     getchar();
282 }
283 }
```

```
-->
360 // 5. Delete Student Record
361 void delete_student() {
362     clear_screen();
363     printf("=====\\n");
364     printf("      DELETE STUDENT RECORD\\n");
365     printf("=====\\n");
366
367     int delete_roll;
368     printf("Enter Roll Number of the student to delete: ");
369     if (scanf("%d", &delete_roll) != 1) {
370         clear_input_buffer();
371         printf("[ERROR] Invalid input for Roll Number.\\n");
372         printf("Press Enter to continue...\\n");
373         getchar();
374         return;
375     }
376     clear_input_buffer();
377
378     // Open original file for reading (rb) and a temporary file for writing (wb)
379     FILE *original_file = fopen(DATA_FILE, "rb");
380     FILE *temp_file = fopen("temp_records.dat", "wb");
381
382     if (original_file == NULL || temp_file == NULL) {
383         printf("[INFO] No records exist to delete or cannot create temporary file.\\n");
384         if (original_file) fclose(original_file);
385         if (temp_file) fclose(temp_file);
386         printf("Press Enter to continue...\\n");
387         getchar();
388         return;
389     }
390
391     struct Student current_student;
392     int found = 0;
393
394     // Copy all records *except* the one to be deleted to the temporary file
395     while (fread(&current_student, sizeof(struct Student), 1, original_file) == 1) {
396         if (current_student.roll_number != delete_roll) {
397             // Write to temp file if it's NOT the record we want to delete
398             fwrite(&current_student, sizeof(struct Student), 1, temp_file);
399         } else {
400             // This is the record to be deleted
401             found = 1;
402         }
403     }
404
405     // Close both files
406     fclose(original_file);
407     fclose(temp_file);
408 }
```

```
400
401     if (found) {
402         // Delete the original file
403         if (remove(DATA_FILE) != 0) {
404             printf("[ERROR] Could not delete the original data file.\n");
405         } else {
406             // Rename the temporary file to the original file name
407             if (rename("temp_records.dat", DATA_FILE) != 0) {
408                 printf("[ERROR] Could not rename the temporary file.\n");
409             } else {
410                 printf("\n[SUCCESS] Student record for Roll No %d deleted successfully.\n", delete_roll);
411             }
412         }
413     } else {
414         // Clean up the temp file if no record was found
415         remove("temp_records.dat");
416         printf("\n[INFO] Student with Roll Number %d not found. No records deleted.\n", delete_roll);
417     }
418
419     printf("Press Enter to continue...");
420     getchar();
421 }
```

## 6. Output

```
=====
SCHOOL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (C Project)
=====
1. Add New Student Record
2. View All Student Records
3. Search Student by Roll Number
4. Modify Student Record
5. Delete Student Record
6. Exit Program
```