

SOME BASIC COMMANDS

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Some Basic Commands

1. pima:-

After loading *faraway* package in R , we can check for a built in data set inside the package *faraway*. This dataset is called pima.

```
>pima
```

Using this command we can see the pima dataset .Here is a brief part of how the data set actually looks like :

```
> pima
  pregnant glucose diastolic triceps insulin  bmi  diabetes age test
1         6     148         72      35      0  33.6    0.627  50    1
2         1      85         66      29      0  26.6    0.351  31    0
3         8     183         64       0      0  23.3    0.672  32    1
4         1      89         66      23     94  28.1    0.167  21    0
5         0     137         40      35    168  43.1    2.288  33    1
6         5     116         74       0      0  25.6    0.201  30    0
7         3      78         50      32     88  31.0    0.248  26    1
8        10     115          0       0      0  35.3    0.134  29    0
9         2     197         70      45    543  30.5    0.158  53    1
10        8     125         96       0      0   0.0    0.232  54    1
11        4     110         92       0      0  37.6    0.191  30    0
12       10     168         74       0      0  38.0    0.537  34    1
13       10     139         80       0      0  27.1    1.441  57    0
14        1     189         60      23    846  30.1    0.398  59    1
15        5     166         72      19    175  25.8    0.587  51    1
16        7     100          0       0      0  30.0    0.484  32    1
17        0     118         84      47    230  45.8    0.551  31    1
18        7     107         74       0      0  29.6    0.254  31    1
19        1     103         30      38     83  43.3    0.183  33    0
20        1     115         70      30     96  34.6    0.529  32    1
21        3     126         88      41    235  39.3    0.704  27    0
22        8      99         84       0      0  35.4    0.388  50    0
23        7     196         90       0      0  39.8    0.451  41    1
24        9     119         80      35      0  29.0    0.263  29    1
25       11     143         94      33    146  36.6    0.254  51    1
26       10     125         70      26    115  31.1    0.205  41    1
27        7     147         76       0      0  39.4    0.257  43    1
28        1      97         66      15    140  23.2    0.487  22    0
29       13     145         82      19    110  22.2    0.245  57    0
30        5     117         92       0      0  34.1    0.337  38    0
31        5     109         75      26      0  36.0    0.546  60    0
32        3     158         76      36    245  31.6    0.851  28    1
33        3      88         58      11     54  24.8    0.267  22    0
34        6      92         92       0      0  19.9    0.188  28    0
35       10     122         78      31      0  27.6    0.512  45    0
36        4     103         60      33    192  24.0    0.966  33    0
37       11     138         76       0      0  33.2    0.420  35    0
38        9     102         76      37      0  32.9    0.665  46    1
39        2      90         68      42      0  38.2    0.503  27    1
40        4     111         72      47    207  37.1    1.390  56    1
41        3     180         64      25     70  34.0    0.271  26    0
42        7     133         84       0      0  40.2    0.696  37    0
43        7     106         92      18      0  22.7    0.235  48    0
44        9     171        110      24    240  45.4    0.721  54    1
45        7     159         64       0      0  27.4    0.294  40    0
46        0     180         66      39      0  42.0    1.893  25    1
47        1     146         56       0      0  29.7    0.564  29    0
48        2      71         70      27      0  28.0    0.586  22    0
49        7     103         66      32      0  39.1    0.344  31    1
50        7     105          0       0      0   0.0    0.305  24    0
```

2. dim():-

It gives dimension of the array , vector , matrix or data set .

In our case , pima is a data set .So, dim command gives number of rows and columns of our data set .

```
> dim(pima)
[1] 768    9
```

Hence , our data set has 768 data points and for each data point , it corresponds to 9 variables.

3. names():-

It gives names of the variable of the data set . In case of pima it gives :

```
> names(pima)
[1] "pregnant"  "glucose"   "diastolic" "triceps"   "insulin"
[6] "bmi"       "diabetes"  "age"       "test"
```

Hence , it gives names of the 9 variables of our pima data set .

4. head():-

It gives names of first few data points of our data set.

Its command is :

```
> head(pima)
  pregnant glucose diastolic triceps insulin  bmi diabetes age test
1         6    148         72      35         0  33.6    0.627  50    1
2         1     85         66      29         0  26.6    0.351  31    0
3         8    183         64       0         0  23.3    0.672  32    1
4         1     89         66      23        94  28.1    0.167  21    0
5         0    137         40      35       168  43.1    2.288  33    1
6         5    116         74       0         0  25.6    0.201  30    0
> |
```

5. help:- If we want to know about the code/command we are using in R , we can check it using '?' followed by the name of the command .

```
> ?pima
```

It gives all information about our data set pima .

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R: Diabetes survey on Pima Indians Find in Topic

Description

The National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases conducted a study on 768 adult female Pima Indians living near Phoenix.

Usage

```
data(pima)
```

Format

The dataset contains the following variables

pregnant
Number of times pregnant

glucose
Plasma glucose concentration at 2 hours in an oral glucose tolerance test

diastolic
Diastolic blood pressure (mm Hg)

triceps
Triceps skin fold thickness (mm)

insulin
2-Hour serum insulin (mu U/ml)

bmi
Body mass index (weight in kg/(height in metres squared))

diabetes
Diabetes pedigree function

age
Age (years)

test
test whether the patient shows signs of diabetes (coded 0 if negative, 1 if positive)

Source

The data may be obtained from UCI Repository of machine learning databases at <http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/>

[Package faraway version 1.0.7 [Index](#)]

6. summary():-

It gives the summary of our data set . It gives 5-point summary of all the variables in our data set.

5 point summary of our data set includes : median , mean , 1st quartile , 3rd quartile , maximum and minimum.

```
> summary(pima)
  pregnant      glucose      diastolic      triceps      insulin      bmi      diabetes      age
Min.   : 0.000   Min.   : 0.0   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.0   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   :0.0780   Min.   :21.00
1st Qu.: 1.000   1st Qu.: 99.0   1st Qu.: 62.00   1st Qu.: 0.00   1st Qu.: 0.0   1st Qu.:27.30   1st Qu.:0.2437   1st Qu.:24.00
Median : 3.000   Median :117.0   Median : 72.00   Median :23.00   Median : 30.5   Median :32.00   Median :0.3725   Median :29.00
Mean   : 3.845   Mean   :120.9   Mean   : 69.11   Mean   :20.54   Mean   : 79.8   Mean   :31.99   Mean   :0.4719   Mean   :33.24
3rd Qu.: 6.000   3rd Qu.:140.2   3rd Qu.: 80.00   3rd Qu.:32.00   3rd Qu.:127.2   3rd Qu.:36.60   3rd Qu.:0.6262   3rd Qu.:41.00
Max.   :17.000   Max.   :199.0   Max.   :122.00   Max.   :99.00   Max.   :846.0   Max.   :67.10   Max.   :2.4200   Max.   :81.00

  test
Min.   :0.000
1st Qu.:0.000
Median :0.000
Mean   :0.349
3rd Qu.:1.000
Max.   :1.000
>
```

7. attach():-

When we call a local variable of a data set , we cannot call it by its name .

```
> head(pregnant) #command
```

Error in head(pregnant) : object 'pregnant' not found

```
> head(pima$pregnant) #command
```

```
[1] 6 1 8 1 0 5
```

Here , we see not being a local variable , we cannot call pregnant variable without calling pima . And we are using '\$' to call pregnant variable of the pima data set .

Using attach command , it helps to make the local variables of pima data set global .So , we can directly use any variable of our data set without calling the data set itself .

```
> attach(pima)
The following object is masked by_ .GlobalEnv:
  age
The following object is masked from package:faraway:
  diabetes
> pregnant
[1] 6 1 8 1 0 5 3 10 2 8 4 10 10 1 5 7 0 0 7 1 1 3 8 7 9 11 10 7 1 13 5 5 3 3 6 10 4 11 9 2 4 3 7
[43] 7 9 7 0 1 2 7 7 1 1 5 8 7 1 7 0 0 0 2 8 5 2 7 5 0 2 1 4 2 5 13 4 1 1 7 5 0 2 3 2 7 0
[85] 5 2 13 2 15 1 1 4 7 4 2 6 2 1 6 1 1 1 0 1 2 1 1 4 3 0 3 8 1 4 7 4 5 5 4 4 0 6 2 5 0 1
[127] 3 1 1 0 4 9 3 8 2 2 0 0 0 5 3 5 2 10 4 0 9 2 5 2 1 4 9 1 8 7 2 1 2 17 4 7 0 2 0 6 3 4
[169] 4 3 6 6 2 1 2 8 6 0 5 5 6 0 1 5 4 7 8 1 8 5 3 9 7 11 8 5 1 3 4 4 0 1 0 2 6 5 8 5 1 7
[211] 2 0 7 0 9 12 5 6 5 5 0 2 7 7 1 1 0 3 4 0 4 6 1 4 3 4 7 0 9 0 1 4 3 6 2 9 10 0 9 1 9 2
[253] 2 0 12 1 3 2 1 11 3 3 4 3 4 5 0 2 0 2 10 2 3 1 13 2 7 0 5 2 0 10 7 7 2 7 5 1 4 5 0 0 2 1
[295] 0 6 2 0 14 8 0 2 5 5 3 2 10 0 0 2 6 0 2 3 7 2 3 3 6 4 3 0 13 2 1 1 10 2 6 8 2 1 12 1 0
[337] 0 5 9 7 1 1 1 5 8 8 1 3 3 5 4 4 3 1 3 9 1 13 12 1 5 5 5 4 4 5 6 0 3 1 3 0 0 2 2 12 0 1
[379] 4 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 5 8 5 3 1 5 1 4 4 2 3 0 3 3 4 6 5 9 5 2 4 0 8 1 6 1 1 1 0 3 1 4 1 3
[421] 1 2 0 2 8 4 0 1 0 1 2 3 1 2 1 0 12 5 1 6 0 2 4 8 4 0 1 0 0 0 1 2 0 2 2 14 1 5 10 9 9 1
[463] 8 5 10 0 0 0 8 6 1 0 0 7 4 0 2 7 8 4 3 0 4 0 0 0 1 0 4 8 2 2 4 4 3 6 5 2 7 6 2 3 6 7
[505] 3 10 0 1 2 8 12 0 9 2 3 3 9 7 13 6 2 3 6 9 3 3 1 3 0 0 2 0 1 6 1 4 0 0 3 8 3 10 4 1 8
[547] 5 4 1 4 1 3 6 1 1 7 1 8 11 11 6 0 1 6 0 2 1 6 4 0 3 2 3 2 1 1 6 2 10 2 0 6 12 8 8 1 8 6
[589] 3 0 11 2 3 2 6 0 0 1 1 1 1 6 1 7 4 1 1 1 0 1 3 3 7 6 11 3 6 2 9 0 2 2 6 0 2 4 0 0 5 4
[631] 7 0 2 1 10 13 5 2 7 1 0 4 6 4 3 2 1 0 11 0 1 1 5 2 1 2 2 1 11 3 10 1 8 9 6 1 4 10 6 9 6 1
[673] 10 3 8 6 9 0 3 2 2 0 0 4 5 2 3 1 1 1 8 13 2 7 2 7 3 0 4 4 2 6 1 2 4 6 10 2 9 2 3 5 10 0
[715] 3 7 3 10 1 5 4 1 1 5 1 4 1 1 0 2 2 3 8 2 2 2 4 0 8 2 1 11 3 1 9 13 12 1 1 3 6 4 1 3 0 8 1
[757] 7 0 1 6 2 9 9 10 2 5 1 1
> diabetes
[1] 0.627 0.351 0.672 0.167 2.288 0.201 0.248 0.134 0.158 0.232 0.191 0.537 1.441 0.398 0.587 0.484 0.551 0.254 0.183 0.529 0.704
[22] 0.388 0.451 0.263 0.254 0.205 0.257 0.487 0.245 0.337 0.546 0.851 0.267 0.188 0.512 0.966 0.420 0.665 0.503 1.390 0.271 0.696
[43] 0.235 0.721 0.294 1.893 0.564 0.586 0.344 0.305 0.491 0.526 0.342 0.467 0.718 0.248 0.254 0.962 1.781 0.173 0.304 0.270 0.587
[64] 0.699 0.258 0.203 0.855 0.845 0.334 0.189 0.867 0.411 0.583 0.231 0.396 0.140 0.391 0.370 0.270 0.140 0.102 0.767 0.237
[85] 0.227 0.698 0.178 0.324 0.153 0.165 0.258 0.443 0.261 0.277 0.761 0.255 0.130 0.323 0.356 0.325 1.222 0.179 0.262 0.283 0.930
[106] 0.801 0.207 0.287 0.336 0.247 0.199 0.543 0.192 0.391 0.588 0.539 0.220 0.654 0.443 0.223 0.759 0.260 0.404 0.186 0.278 0.496
[127] 0.452 0.261 0.403 0.741 0.361 0.114 0.356 0.457 0.647 0.088 0.597 0.532 0.703 0.159 0.268 0.286 0.318 0.272 0.237 0.572 0.096
[148] 1.400 0.218 0.085 0.399 0.432 1.189 0.687 0.137 0.337 0.637 0.833 0.229 0.817 0.294 0.204 0.167 0.368 0.743 0.722 0.256 0.709
[169] 0.471 0.495 0.180 0.542 0.773 0.678 0.370 0.719 0.382 0.319 0.190 0.956 0.084 0.725 0.299 0.268 0.244 0.745 0.615 1.321 0.640
[190] 0.361 0.142 0.374 0.383 0.578 0.136 0.395 0.187 0.678 0.905 0.150 0.874 0.236 0.787 0.235 0.324 0.407 0.605 0.151 0.289 0.355
[211] 0.290 0.375 0.164 0.431 0.260 0.742 0.514 0.464 1.224 0.261 1.072 0.805 0.209 0.687 0.666 0.101 0.198 0.652 2.329 0.089 0.645
[232] 0.238 0.583 0.394 0.293 0.479 0.586 0.686 0.831 0.582 0.192 0.446 0.402 1.318 0.329 1.213 0.258 0.427 0.282 0.143 0.380 0.284
[253] 0.249 0.238 0.926 0.543 0.557 0.092 0.655 1.353 0.299 0.761 0.612 0.200 0.226 0.997 0.933 1.101 0.078 0.240 1.136 0.128 0.254
[274] 0.422 0.251 0.677 0.296 0.454 0.744 0.881 0.334 0.280 0.262 0.165 0.259 0.647 0.619 0.808 0.340 0.263 0.434 0.757 1.224 0.613
[295] 0.254 0.692 0.337 0.520 0.412 0.840 0.839 0.422 0.156 0.209 0.207 0.215 0.326 0.143 1.391 0.875 0.313 0.605 0.433 0.626 1.127
[316] 0.315 0.284 0.345 0.150 0.129 0.527 0.197 0.254 0.731 0.148 0.123 0.692 0.200 0.127 0.122 1.476 0.166 0.282 0.137 0.260 0.259
[337] 0.932 0.343 0.893 0.331 0.472 0.673 0.389 0.290 0.485 0.349 0.654 0.187 0.279 0.346 0.237 0.252 0.243 0.580 0.559 0.302 0.962
[358] 0.569 0.378 0.875 0.583 0.207 0.305 0.520 0.385 0.499 0.368 0.252 0.306 0.234 2.137 1.731 0.545 0.225 0.816 0.528 0.299 0.509
[379] 0.238 1.021 0.821 0.236 0.947 1.268 0.221 0.205 0.660 0.239 0.452 0.949 0.444 0.340 0.389 0.463 0.803 1.600 0.944 0.196 0.389
[400] 0.241 0.161 0.151 0.286 0.280 0.135 0.520 0.376 0.336 1.191 0.702 0.674 0.528 1.076 0.256 0.534 0.258 1.095 0.554 0.624 0.219
[421] 0.507 0.561 0.496 0.421 0.516 0.264 0.256 0.328 0.284 0.233 0.108 0.551 0.527 0.167 1.138 0.205 0.244 0.434 0.147 0.727 0.435
[442] 0.497 0.230 0.955 0.380 2.420 0.658 0.330 0.510 0.285 0.415 0.542 0.381 0.832 0.498 0.212 0.687 0.364 1.001 0.460 0.733 0.416
[463] 0.705 0.258 1.022 0.452 0.269 0.600 0.183 0.571 0.607 0.170 0.259 0.210 0.126 0.231 0.711 0.466 0.162 0.419 0.344 0.197 0.306
[484] 0.233 0.630 0.365 0.536 1.159 0.294 0.551 0.629 0.292 0.145 1.144 0.174 0.304 0.292 0.547 0.163 0.839 0.313 0.267 0.727 0.738
[505] 0.238 0.263 0.314 0.692 0.968 0.409 0.297 0.207 0.200 0.525 0.154 0.268 0.771 0.304 0.180 0.582 0.187 0.305 0.189 0.652 0.151
```

8. detach():-

Now after using attach command in R, our local variables have become global . But say now we want to change our global variables back to local variable (Say , we want to have another global variable with the same name so we like to change the old global variable back to its local form) .

So , we use detach command to do the same .

```
>
> attach(pima)
The following object is masked _by_ .GlobalEnv:
    age
The following object is masked from package:faraway:
    diabetes
> head(pregnant)
[1] 6 1 8 1 0 5
> detach(pima)
> head(pregnant)
Error in head(pregnant) : object 'pregnant' not found
>
```

Now , after using detach command if we want pregnant variable again we can use it by 'pima\$pregnant' .
