

Department of Computer Science & Engineering
Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur
Mid-semester Examination, Autumn 2015
CS60050: Machine Learning

Full Marks: 100

Time: 2 Hrs

Answer ALL questions. You can use calculators.

1. Which of the following is true or false. Explain with reasons (max 2-3 sentences): **3+3+3=9**

- (a) Root mean square error is a good performance measure for multi-class classification problem.
- (b) Cross-validation is expected to reduce the variance in the estimate of error rate of a classifier.
- (c) Training set error will initially decrease and then increase as we increase the parameter C in soft-margin SVM training.

2. Write the soft-margin SVM problem. Write the KKT conditions for this problem. Derive the dual for soft-margin SVM. **10**

3. Consider the following *balloons* dataset: **10**

Color	Size	Act	Age	Inflated
YELLOW	SMALL	STRETCH	ADULT	T
YELLOW	SMALL	STRETCH	CHILD	T
YELLOW	SMALL	DIP	ADULT	T
YELLOW	SMALL	DIP	CHILD	T
YELLOW	LARGE	STRETCH	ADULT	T
YELLOW	LARGE	STRETCH	CHILD	F
YELLOW	LARGE	DIP	ADULT	F
YELLOW	LARGE	DIP	CHILD	F
PURPLE	SMALL	STRETCH	ADULT	T
PURPLE	SMALL	STRETCH	CHILD	F
PURPLE	SMALL	DIP	ADULT	F
PURPLE	SMALL	DIP	CHILD	F
PURPLE	LARGE	STRETCH	ADULT	T
PURPLE	LARGE	STRETCH	CHILD	F
PURPLE	LARGE	DIP	ADULT	F
PURPLE	LARGE	DIP	CHILD	F

Compute the parameters of Naive Bayes classifier for predicting *inflated*; and the training set error.

4. Define shattering and VC dimension. What is the VC dimension of the function class: circles in R^2 whose interiors are class 1 and exteriors are class 2. Give crisp reasons. There will be marks for conciseness. 15

5. In the context of logistic regression, define the prediction and loss functions. Show that if the class conditional densities, $p(x|c_k)k = \{1, 2\}$, are gaussian, with equal co-variance, the posterior distribution $p(c_k|x)$ is a logistic. 10

6. Consider the following dataset: 15

$\{(-, (1, -4)), (+1, (5, -1)), (+, (3, 3)), (+, (-1, 5)), (-, (-5, 2)), (-, (-2, -2))\}$

Run 5 iterations of IRLS for finding the parameter w for fitting a logistic regression model without the bias term, w_0 .

7. Define the expected squared loss function for regression problem $y = f(x), y \in R, x \in R^d$. Derive the bias- variance decomposition of the expected squared loss function, from first principles. 7+10+10=27

(a) Consider the regression problem where $x \in [0, 1]$, and $y = x^2$. Generate the dataset, D , taking 11 equidistant points at distance 0.1 starting with $x = 0$, and computing $y = x^2$. Learn the predictor function $y(x) = wx$ from the above dataset.

(b) Calculate the bias considering $E_D[y(x)] = w'x$ and expected squared error with $y(x) = wx$, considering uniform distribution for x in the range $[0, 1]$. Which component in the bias-variance decomposition is the difference and why ?

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