

Code of Fallacies in the Global Water Crisis statistics

R code

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Contents

```
# PRELIMINARY -----
```

```
sensobol::load_packages(c("sensobol", "tidyverse", "data.table", "cowplot"))
```

```
theme_AP <- function() {  
  theme_bw() +  
    theme(panel.grid.major = element_blank(),  
          panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),  
          legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent",  
                                             color = NA),  
          legend.margin=margin(0, 0, 0, 0),  
          legend.box.margin=margin(-5,-5,-5,-5),  
          legend.key = element_rect(fill = "transparent",  
                                     color = NA),  
          strip.background = element_rect(fill = "white"),  
          axis.title = element_text(size = 9),  
          legend.text = element_text(size = 9),  
          legend.title = element_text(size = 9),  
          legend.key.width = unit(0.3, "cm"),  
          legend.key.height = unit(0.3, "cm"))  
}
```

```
# SETTINGS #####
```

```
# Values used in the paper
```

```
precipitation_estimate <- 120000  
precipitation_min <- precipitation_estimate - (precipitation_estimate * 0.1)  
precipitation_max <- precipitation_estimate + (precipitation_estimate * 0.1)
```

```
land_runoff_estimate <- 46000  
land_runoff_min <- land_runoff_estimate - (land_runoff_estimate * 0.1)  
land_runoff_max <- land_runoff_estimate + (land_runoff_estimate * 0.1)
```

```
# SAMPLE MATRIX #####
```

```
N <- 2^12  
params <- c("precipitation", "green_water_consumption_crops",  
            "global_green_water_consumption", "global_consumption",  
            "planetary_boundary")
```

```
mat <- sobol_matrices(N = N, params = params)
```

```
mat[, "precipitation"] <- floor(qunif(mat[, "precipitation"], precipitation_min, precipitation_max))  
mat[, "green_water_consumption_crops"] <- floor(qunif(mat[, "green_water_consumption_crops"], 0, 1))  
mat[, "global_green_water_consumption"] <- floor(qunif(mat[, "global_green_water_consumption"], 0, 1))  
mat[, "global_consumption"] <- floor(qunif(mat[, "global_consumption"], 3391, 5349))
```

```

mat[, "planetary_boundary"] <- floor(qunif(mat[, "planetary_boundary"], 4000, 6000))

# RUN MODELS #####

land_runoff <- mat[, "precipitation"] - mat[, "global_green_water_consumption"] -
  mat[, "green_water_consumption_crops"]

exceedance <- mat[, "planetary_boundary"] - mat[, "global_consumption"]

# ARRANGE DATA #####

dt <- cbind(land_runoff, exceedance) %>%
  data.table() %>%
  .[1:(2 * N)] %>%
  .[, outside:= ifelse(land_runoff < land_runoff_min |
    land_runoff > land_runoff_max, "Yes", "No")] %>%
  .[, accessible_water_runoff:= land_runoff - 7800 - 20400] %>%
  .[, outside_runoff:= ifelse(accessible_water_runoff < 12500 |
    accessible_water_runoff > 18500, "Yes", "No")] %>%
  .[, water_deficit:= ifelse(exceedance < 0, "Yes", "No")]

# SOME STATS #####

cols <- c("land_runoff", "accessible_water_runoff", "exceedance")
summary_fun = function(x) list(min = min(x), max = max(x))
dt[, lapply(.SD, summary_fun), .SDcols = (cols)]

##      land_runoff accessible_water_runoff exceedance
## 1:          33442              5242         -1334
## 2:          58554             30354          2563

tmp <- melt(dt, measure.vars = c("outside", "outside_runoff", "water_deficit")) %>%
  .[, .N, .(variable, value)]

tmp[, total:= (2^12 * 2)] %>%
  .[, prop:= N / total] %>%
  print()

##      variable value      N total      prop
## 1:      outside    No 3141  8192 0.3834229
## 2:      outside   Yes 5051  8192 0.6165771
## 3: outside_runoff    No 2047  8192 0.2498779
## 4: outside_runoff   Yes 6145  8192 0.7501221
## 5:  water_deficit    No 6272  8192 0.7656250
## 6:  water_deficit   Yes 1920  8192 0.2343750

```

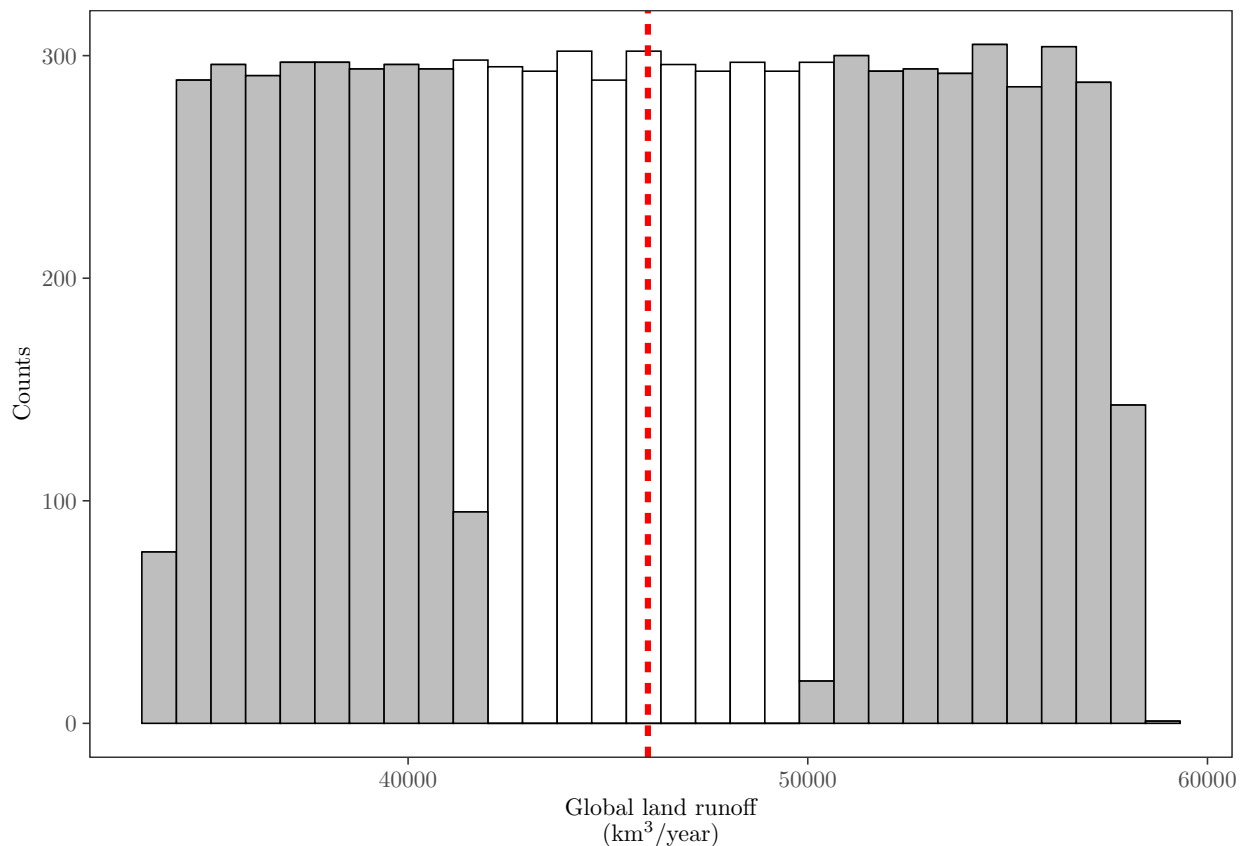
```
# PLOT LAND RUNOFF DISTRIBUTION #####
```

```
plot_land_runoff <- ggplot(dt, aes(land_runoff, fill = outside)) +
  geom_histogram(colour = "black") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("white", "grey")) +
  theme_AP() +
  geom_vline(xintercept = land_runoff_estimate, color = "red", lty = 2, size = 2) +
  labs(x = "Global land runoff \n (km3/year)", y = "Counts") +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
```

```
## Warning: Using `size` aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use `linewidth` instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call `lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()` to see where this warning was
## generated.
```

```
plot_land_runoff
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

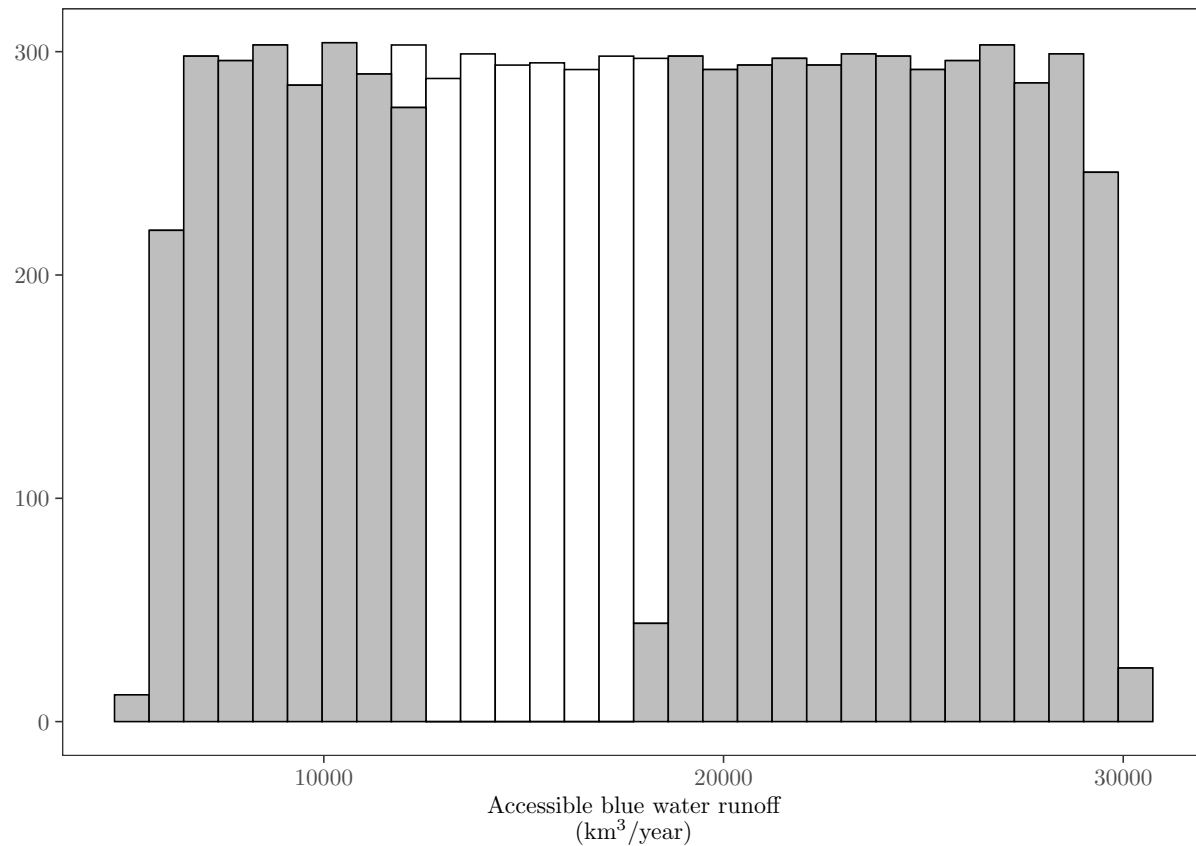


```
plot_accessible_runoff <- ggplot(dt, aes(accessible_water_runoff, fill = outside_runoff)) +
  geom_histogram(colour = "black") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("white", "grey")) +
  theme_AP() +
  labs(x = "Accessible blue water runoff \n (km3/year)", y = "") +
```

```
theme(legend.position = "none")
```

```
plot_accessible_runoff
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

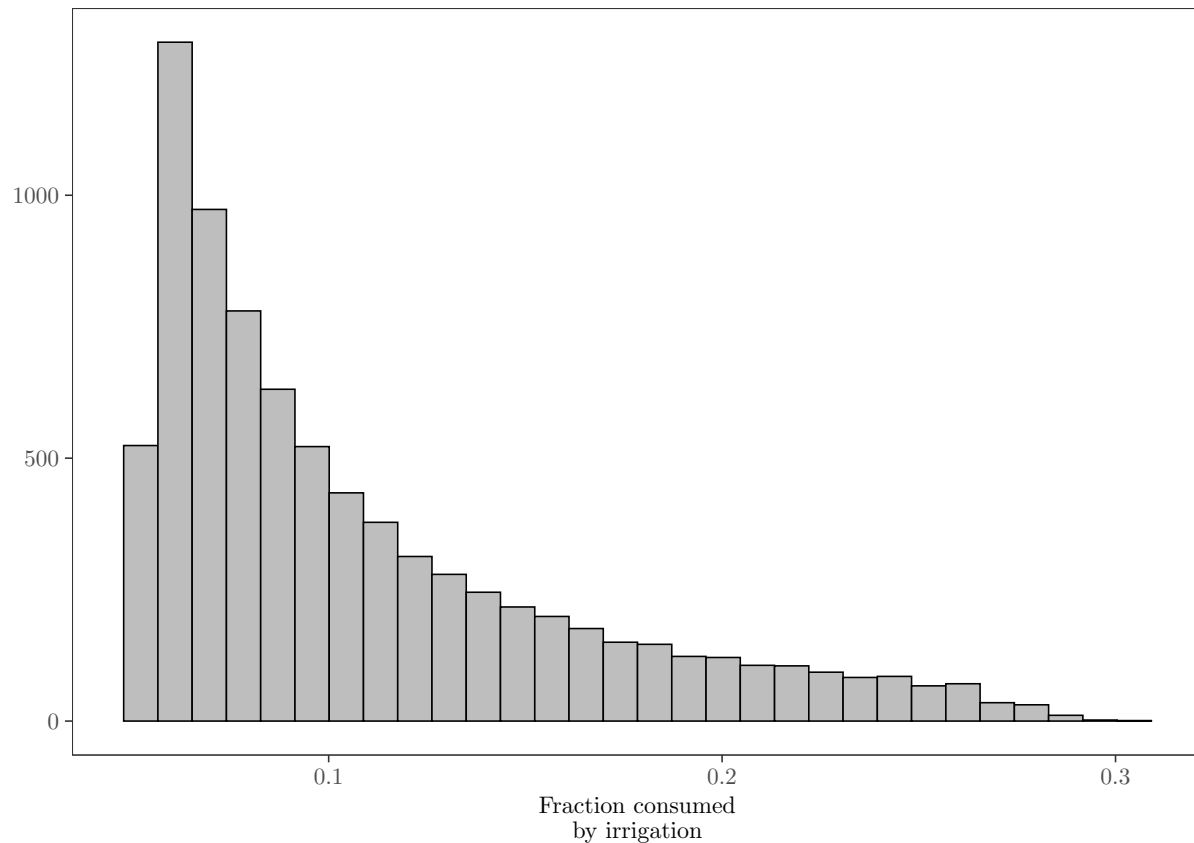


```
vec <- data.table(fraction.irrig = 1600 / dt$accessible_water_runoff)
```

```
plot.irrigation <- ggplot(vec, aes(fraction.irrig)) +  
  geom_histogram(fill = "grey", color = "black") +  
  labs(x = "Fraction consumed \n by irrigation", y = "") +  
  theme_AP()
```

```
plot.irrigation
```

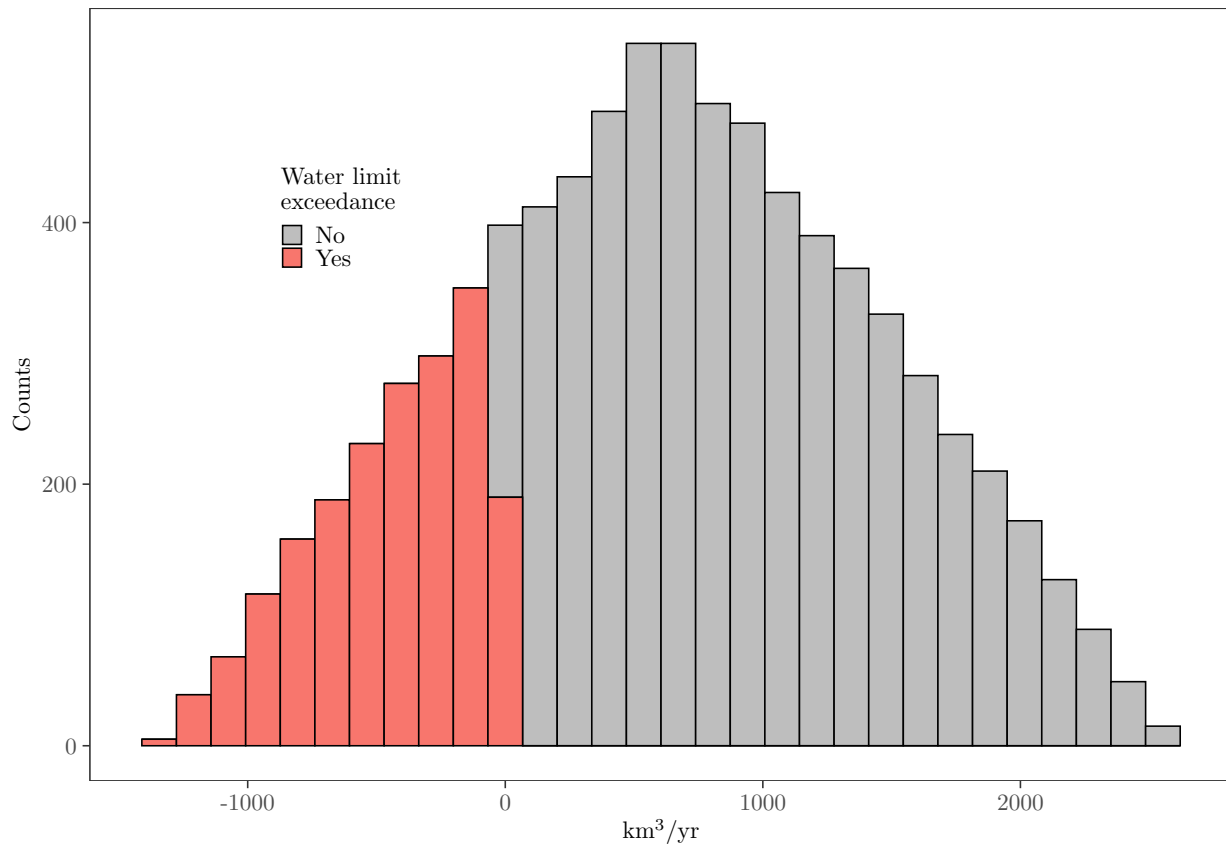
```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



```
plot.exceedance <- ggplot(dt, aes(exceedance, fill = water_deficit)) +
  geom_histogram(color = "black") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("grey", "#F8766D"),
                    name = "Water limit \n exceedance") +
  labs(x = "km3/yr", y = "Counts") +
  theme_AP() +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.22, 0.73))
```

```
plot.exceedance
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



```
# MERGE PLOTS #####

top <- plot_grid(plot_land_runoff, plot_accessible_runoff, labels = c("a", ""))

## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.

bottom <- plot_grid(plot_irrigation, plot_exceedance, labels = c("b", "c"),
  rel_widths = c(0.4, 0.6))

## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.

plot_grid(top, bottom, ncol = 1)
```

