The water crisis narrative of the Global Commission on the Economics of Water lacks scientific rigor

R code

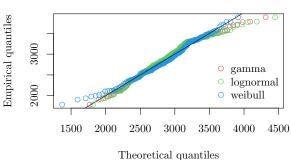
Arnald Puy

```
sensobol::load_packages(c("sensobol", "tidyverse", "data.table", "cowplot",
                        "scales", "rvest", "janitor", "fitdistrplus", "wesanderson"))
theme_AP <- function() {</pre>
 theme_bw() +
   theme(panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
         panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
         legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent",
                                        color = NA),
         legend.margin=margin(0, 0, 0, 0),
         legend.box.margin=margin(-5,-5,-5,-5),
         legend.key = element_rect(fill = "transparent",
                                  color = NA),
         strip.background = element_rect(fill = "white"),
         axis.title = element_text(size = 9),
         legend.text = element_text(size = 9),
         legend.title = element_text(size = 9),
         legend.key.width = unit(0.3, "cm"),
         legend.key.height = unit(0.3, "cm"))
## ----calculations, warning=FALSE-----
# Values used in the paper
precipitation_estimate <- 120000</pre>
precipitation_min <- precipitation_estimate - (precipitation_estimate * 0.1)</pre>
precipitation_max <- precipitation_estimate + (precipitation_estimate * 0.1)</pre>
land_runoff_estimate <- 46000</pre>
land_runoff_min <- land_runoff_estimate - (land_runoff_estimate * 0.1)</pre>
land_runoff_max <- land_runoff_estimate + (land_runoff_estimate * 0.1)</pre>
food.fraction <- fread("daily-per-capita-caloric-supply.csv")</pre>
old_colnames <- colnames(food.fraction)</pre>
new_colnames <- c("entity", "code", "year", "kcal")</pre>
setnames(food.fraction, old_colnames, new_colnames)
food.fraction <- food.fraction[year == 2018]</pre>
food.fraction <- food.fraction[!entity %in% c("High-income countries", "Low-income countries",
                                           "Lower-middle-income countries", "South America"
                                           "Upper-middle-income countries")]
# Check best distribution
```

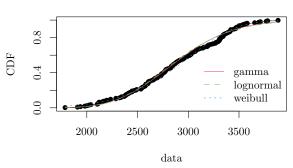
Histogram and theoretical densities

Atising gamma lognormal weibull 2000 2500 3000 3500 data

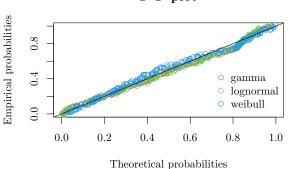
Q-Q plot



Empirical and theoretical CDFs



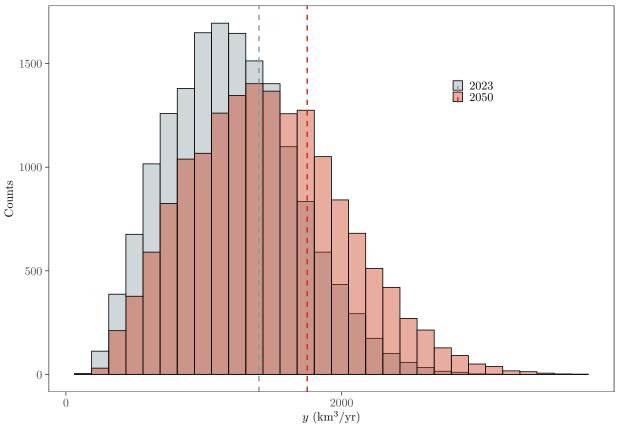
P-P plot



```
"planetary_boundary", "W_g", "W_i", "F_i", "F_u", "$k$", "F_b",
            "$F m$", "$F_{m_w}$", "$F_{v_w}$")
mat <- sobol_matrices(N = N, params = params)</pre>
# Uncertain parameters in Figure 1 -----
mat[, "precipitation"] <- qunif(mat[, "precipitation"], precipitation_min, precipitation_max)</pre>
mat[, "et_crops"] <- qunif(mat[, "et_crops"], 5200, 5800)</pre>
mat[, "et_vegetation"] <- qunif(mat[, "et_vegetation"], 68200, 68800)</pre>
mat[, "global_consumption"] <- qunif(mat[, "global_consumption"], 3391, 5349)</pre>
mat[, "planetary_boundary"] <- qunif(mat[, "planetary_boundary"], 4000, 6000)</pre>
# Uncertain parameters for water exceedance in 2023 -----
# Estimates groundwater consumption
mat[, "W_g"] <- qunif(mat[, "W_g"], 84, 304)</pre>
# estimates irrigation water consumption
mat[, "W_i"] <- qunif(mat[, "W_i"], 1083, 1550)</pre>
# fraction of irrigation over total water consumption
mat[, "F_i"] <- qunif(mat[, "F_i"], 0.57, 0.71)</pre>
# fraction of unsustainable irrigation
mat[, "F_u"] <- qunif(mat[, "F_u"], 0.1, 0.34)</pre>
# Uncertain parameters for water exceedance in 2025 -----
mat[, "$k$"] <- qunif(mat[, "$k$"], weibull_dist[[1]], weibull_dist[[2]])</pre>
# kilocalories
mat[, "$k$"] <- qweibull(mat[, "$k$"], shape, scale)</pre>
# Fraction of blue water
mat[, "F_b"] <- qunif(mat[, "F_b"], 0.13, 0.15)
# Fraction of diet based on meat
mat[, "$F_m$"] <- qunif(mat[, "$F_m$"], 0.01, 0.35)
# Cubic meters needed to produce 1000 kcal of meat
mat[, "F_{m_w}"] \leftarrow qunif(mat[, "F_{m_w}"], 1.08, 3.8)
# Cubic meters needed to produce 1000 kcal of vegetables
mat[, "$F_{v_w}$"] \leftarrow qunif(mat[, "$F_{v_w}$"], 0.16, 1.25)
F_v <- 1 - mat[, "$F m$"] # Fraction of diet based on vegetables
mat <- cbind(mat, F_v)</pre>
```

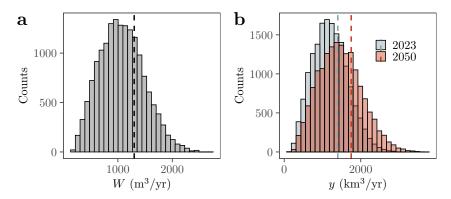
```
fun_exceedance_2023 <- function(mat) mat[, "W g"] + mat[, "F i"] * mat[, "W i"] * mat[, "F u"]</pre>
projection_fun <- function(mat, P) {</pre>
 W \leftarrow 365 * (mat[, "$k$"] * mat[, "$F_m$"] * mat[, "$F_{m_w}$"] +
            mat[, "$k$"] * mat[, "F_v"] * mat[, "$F_{v_w}$"]) / 1000
 y <- P * mat[, "F_b"] * W
 out <- list(W, y)</pre>
 names(out) <- c("W", "y")</pre>
 return(out)
land_runoff <- mat[, "precipitation"] - mat[, "et_vegetation"] - mat[, "et_crops"]</pre>
y 2023 <- fun exceedance 2023(mat)
exceedance_2023 <- -1 * (mat[, "planetary_boundary"] - mat[, "global_consumption"])
population \leftarrow c(8, 9.7)
y <- lapply(population, function(P) projection fun(mat = mat, P = P))
tmp <- lapply(y, function(x) data.table(do.call(cbind, x)))</pre>
names(tmp) \leftarrow c(2023, 2050)
dt.projections <- rbindlist(tmp, idcol = "year")</pre>
dt.projections.ua <- dt.projections[, .SD[1:(2 * N)], year]</pre>
# Stats -----
melt(dt.projections.ua, measure.vars = c("W", "y")) %>%
 .[, .(min = min(value),
      max = max(value),
      median = median(value)), .(year, variable)]
# Plots -----
```

```
hist.w <- dt.projections.ua[year == 2023] %>%
  ggplot(., aes(W)) +
  geom_histogram(fill = "grey", color = "black") +
  theme_AP() +
  geom vline(xintercept = 1300, lty = 2, linewidth = 1) +
  labs(x = "$W$ (m$^3$/yr)", y = "Counts") +
  scale x continuous(breaks = pretty breaks(n = 3))
dt.year \leftarrow data.table(year = c(2023, 2050), value = c(1400, 1750))
dt.year[, year:= as.factor(year)]
selected_wesanderson <- "Royal1"</pre>
hist.y <- dt.projections.ua %>%
  ggplot(., aes(y, fill = year)) +
  geom_histogram(colour = "black", alpha = 0.4, position="identity") +
  labs(x = "y$ (km^3$/yr)", y = "Counts") +
  theme AP() +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = pretty_breaks(n = 2)) +
  geom_vline(data = dt.year, aes(xintercept = value, color = year, group = year),
             linetype = 2, linewidth = 1) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = wes_palette(name = selected_wesanderson, 2),
                    name = "") +
  scale_color_manual(values = wes_palette(name = selected_wesanderson, 2),
                    name = "") +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.75, 0.8))
hist.y
```



```
# Sensitivity analysis -
ind <- dt.projections[year == 2023] %>%
  .[, sobol_indices(Y = y, params = params, N = N, boot = TRUE, R = 10^3,
         first = "jansen", total = "jansen")]
plot.ind <- ind$results[parameters %in% params[10:14]] %>%
  .[!parameters == "F_b"] %>%
 ggplot(., aes(parameters, original, fill = sensitivity)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = position_dodge(0.6), color = "black") +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = pretty_breaks(n = 3)) +
 labs(x = "", y = "Sobol' index") +
 geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = low.ci, ymax = high.ci),
               position = position_dodge(0.6)) +
  scale_fill_discrete(name = "",
                             labels = c(expression(S[italic(i)]),
                                       expression(T[italic(i)]))) +
  theme AP() +
 theme(legend.position = c(0.8, 0.85))
food.fraction <- fread("daily-per-capita-caloric-supply.csv")</pre>
old_colnames <- colnames(food.fraction)</pre>
```

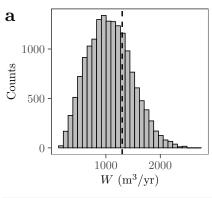
```
new_colnames <- c("entity", "code", "year", "kcal")</pre>
setnames(food.fraction, old_colnames, new_colnames)
plot.caloric <- food.fraction[year == 2018] %>%
  ggplot(., aes(kcal)) +
  geom histogram() +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = pretty_breaks(n = 3)) +
  labs(x = "Kcal", y = "Counts") +
  theme AP()
plot_grid(plot.caloric, hist.w, hist.y, plot.ind, ncol = 2, labels = "auto")
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
\mathbf{a}_{15}
                             b
                               1000
Counts
                            Counts
                                500
                                         1000
      2000
               3000
                        4000
                                               2000
                                         W (m^3/yr)
              Kcal
                             \mathbf{d}
  1500
                                                 \mathbf{S}_i \mathbf{T}_i
                               0.4
                  \begin{array}{c} \boxed{\phantom{0}} \quad 2023 \\ \boxed{\phantom{0}} \quad 2050 \end{array}
                            Sobol' index
  1000
                              0.2
   500
                               0.0
               2000
                                         F_{v_w}
            y \, (\mathrm{km^3/yr})
###########
plot_grid(hist.w, hist.y, ncol = 2, labels = "auto")
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

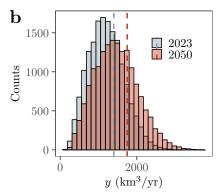


#########

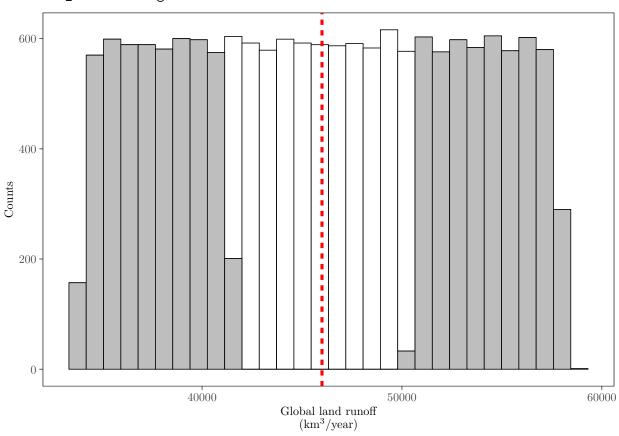
```
plot_grid(hist.w, hist.y, ncol = 2, labels = "auto")
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



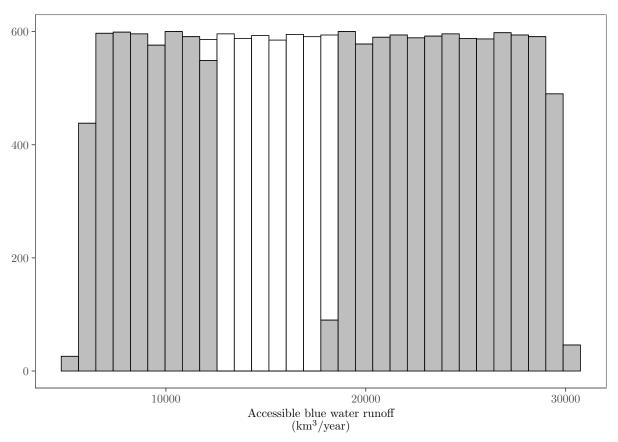


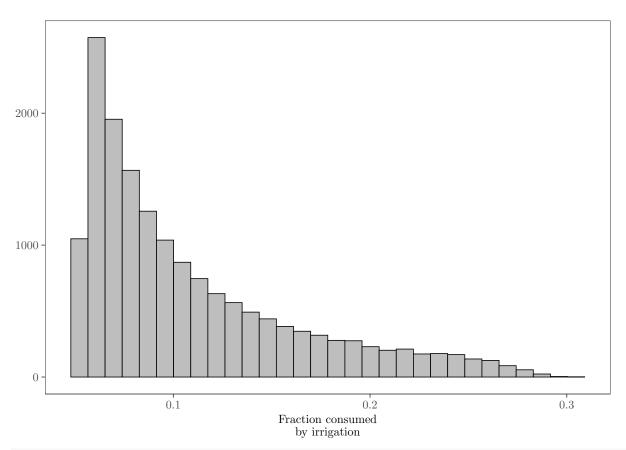

```
land_runoff > land_runoff_max, "Yes", "No")] %>%
 .[, accessible_water_runoff:= land_runoff - 7800 - 20400] %>%
  .[, outside_runoff:= ifelse(accessible_water_runoff < 12500 |
                             accessible_water_runoff > 18500, "Yes", "No")] %>%
 .[, water deficit:= ifelse(exceedance 2023 > 0, "Yes", "No")]
dt <- dt[, additional_water_2050:= y.2050 - y.2023] %>%
  .[, exceedance_2050:= exceedance_2023 + additional_water_2050] %>%
  .[, exceedance_by_2050:= ifelse(exceedance_2050 > 0, "Yes", "No")]
cols <- c("land_runoff", "accessible_water_runoff", "exceedance_2023")</pre>
summary_fun = function(x) list(min = min(x), max = max(x))
dt[, lapply(.SD, summary_fun), .SDcols = (cols)]
##
     land_runoff accessible_water_runoff exceedance_2023
##
          t>
                                t>
                                              st>
        33441.89
## 1:
                              5241.895
                                            -2593.442
        58552.83
## 2:
                              30352.83
                                             1333.539
tmp <- melt(dt, measure.vars = c("outside", "outside_runoff", "water_deficit")) %>%
 .[, .N, .(variable, value)]
tmp[, total:= (2^13 * 2)] \%
 .[, prop:= N / total] %>%
 print()
##
          variable value
                             N total
                                         prop
            <fctr> <char> <int> <num>
##
## 1:
                     No 6275 16384 0.3829956
           outside
## 2:
           outside
                     Yes 10109 16384 0.6170044
## 3: outside_runoff
                     No 4089 16384 0.2495728
## 4: outside runoff Yes 12295 16384 0.7504272
                      No 12571 16384 0.7672729
## 5: water_deficit
## 6: water_deficit
                     Yes 3813 16384 0.2327271
plot_land_runoff <- ggplot(dt, aes(land_runoff, fill = outside)) +</pre>
 geom_histogram(colour = "black") +
 scale_fill_manual(values = c("white", "grey")) +
 theme_AP() +
 geom_vline(xintercept = land_runoff_estimate, color = "red", lty = 2, size = 2) +
 labs(x = "Global land runoff \n (km\$^3\$/year)", y = "Counts") +
 theme(legend.position = "none")
plot land runoff
```




```
plot_accessible_runoff <- ggplot(dt, aes(accessible_water_runoff, fill = outside_runoff)) +
    geom_histogram(colour = "black") +
    scale_fill_manual(values = c("white", "grey")) +
    theme_AP() +
    labs(x = "Accessible blue water runoff \n (km$^3$/year)", y = "") +
    theme(legend.position = "none")

plot_accessible_runoff</pre>
```

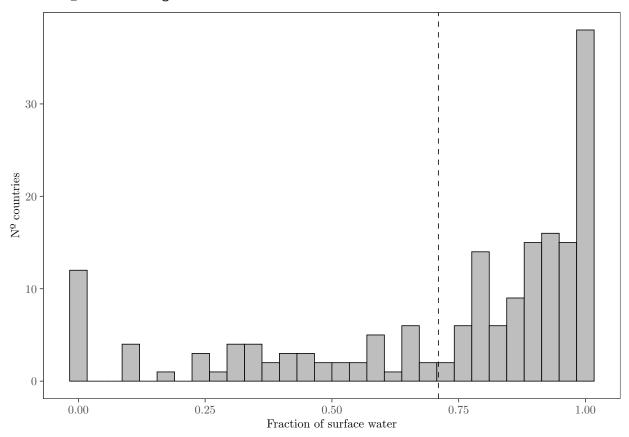


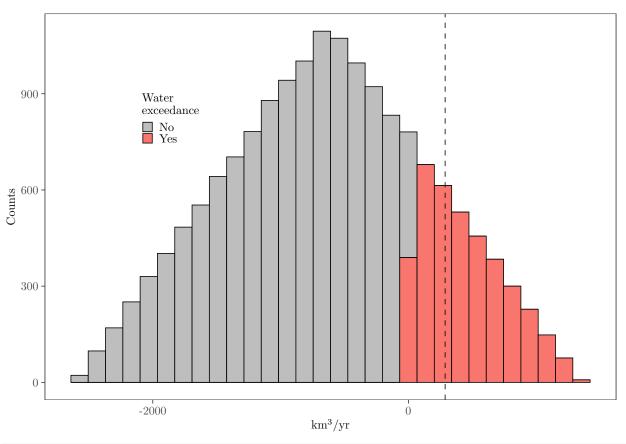


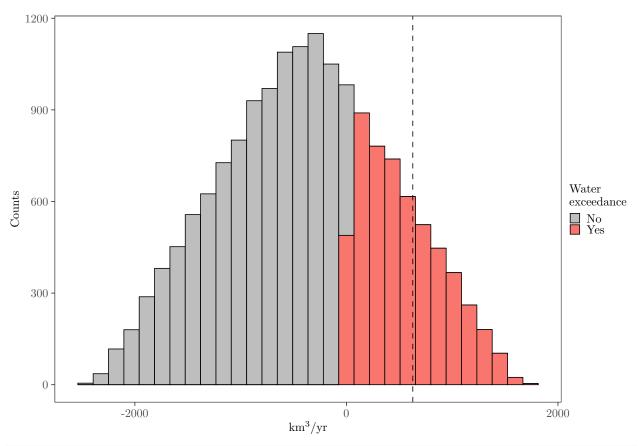
COUNTRY fraction.irr fraction.gw ## <char> <num> <num> Bahrain 0.000000000 0.9031133 ## 1: 2: Denmark 0.000000000 1.000000 ## ## 3: Djibouti 0.00000000 1.0000000 0.00000000 0.6100000 ## 4: Kuwait ## 5: Libyan Arab Jamahiriya 0.005554530 0.9888909 Malta ## 6: 0.005586855 0.9944131 ## 7: Montenegro 0.003619909 0.9963801 8: Occupied Palestinian Territory 0.000000000 1.0000000 ## 9: Oman 0.000000000 1.0000000 ## 10: 0.000000000 Qatar 0.9339782 ## 11: Saudi Arabia 0.000000000 0.9700133 ## 12: United Arab Emirates 0.000000000 1.0000000

```
fraction.surface <- ggplot(da, aes(fraction.irr)) +
  geom_histogram(color = "black", fill = "grey") +
  theme_AP() +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0.71, lty = 2) +
  labs(x = "Fraction of surface water", y = "Nº countries")

fraction.surface</pre>
```







```
600
                                                                 b
a 600
                                                                    2000
Counts 200
                                    400
                                                                    1000
  200
                                    200
    0
           40000
                   50000
                            60000
                                                   20000
                                                                                    0.2
           Global land runoff
                                       Accessible blue water runoff
                                                                           Fraction consumed
              (km^3/year)
                                              (km^3/year)
                                                                              by irrigation
                                                        e^{1200}
                            \mathbf{d}
\mathbf{c}
                               900
\begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 20 \\ 10 \end{array}
  30
                                                            900
                                                                                    Water
                            Counts
                                                        Counts
                                                                                    exceedance
                                                            600
                                                                                    No Yes
                               300
                                                            300
     0.00 \ 0.25 \ 0.50 \ 0.75
                                    -2000
                                                                 -2000
                                                                                2000
                                         {\rm km^3/yr}
                                                                      {
m km^3/yr}
     Fraction of surface water
#######
plot_grid(plot_land_runoff, plot_accessible_runoff, ncol = 2)
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
  600
                                      400
Counts
                                      200
  200
                     50000
                                                        20000
                                                                 30000
            40000
                               60000
                                              10000
            Global land runoff
                                            Accessible blue water runoff
               (km^3/year)
                                                   (km^3/year)
#######
top <- plot_grid(plot.irrigation, fraction.surface, labels = "auto")</pre>
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
bottom <- plot_grid(plot.exceedance + theme(legend.position = "none"),</pre>
                         plot.exceedance.2050 + theme(legend.position = "none"),
                         ncol = 2,
                         labels = c("c", "d"))
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
legend <- get_legend(plot.exceedance + theme(legend.position = "top"))</pre>
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
legend.bottom <- plot_grid(legend, bottom, ncol = 1, rel_heights = c(0.15, 0.85))</pre>
final.up <- plot_grid(top, legend.bottom, ncol = 1)</pre>
final.down <- plot_grid(plot.caloric, plot.ind, ncol = 2, labels = c("e", "f"))</pre>
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
plot_grid(final.up, final.down, ncol = 1, rel_heights = c(0.65, 0.35))
                                 b
  2000
                                N^{0} countries
                                   30
                                   20
  1000
                                   10
                                          0.2
                            0.3
                                           0.25
                                                 0.50
                                      0.00
                                                      0.75
           Fraction consumed
                                        Fraction of surface water
              by irrigation
                    Water
                                ■ No ■ Yes
                    exceedance
                                \mathbf{d}^{1200}
  900
                                    900
Counts
                                 Counts
  600
                                    600
  300
                                    300
         -2000
                                          -2000
                                                             2000
               {\rm km^3/yr}
                                                 {\rm km^3/yr}
\mathbf{e}_{15}
                                \mathbf{f}
                                                           S_i
T_i
                                   0.4
                                 Sobol' index
Counts
                                   0.2
   5
                                   0.0
       2000
                  3000
                            4000
                                         F_{m_w}
                Kcal
```