# Notes on HyperNova

### arnaucube

#### May 2023

#### Abstract

Notes taken while reading about Spartan [1], [2].

Usually while reading papers I take handwritten notes, this document contains some of them re-written to LaTeX.

The notes are not complete, don't include all the steps neither all the proofs.

#### Contents

1	$\mathbf{CCS}$												1
	1.1 R1CS	S to CCS overview											1
	1.2 Com	mitted CCS											2
	1.3 Linea	arized Committed (	CCS										2
2	2 Multifolding Scheme for CCS							2					

### 1 CCS

#### 1.1 R1CS to CCS overview

R1CS instance:  $S_{R1CS} = (m, n, N, l, A, B, C)$ 

CCS instance:  $S_{CCS} = (m, n, N, l, t, q, d, M, S, c)$ 

R1CS-to-CCS parameters:

$$n=n,\ m=m,\ N=N,\ l=l,\ t=3,\ q=2,\ d=2$$
 
$$M=\{A,B,C\},\ S=\{\{0,\ 1\},\ \{2\}\},\ c=\{1,-1\}$$

Then, we can see that the CCS relation:

$$\sum_{i=0}^{q-1} c_i \cdot \bigcirc_{j \in S_i} M_j \cdot z == 0$$

where  $z = (w, 1, x) \in \mathbb{F}^n$ .

In our R1CS-to-CCS parameters is equivalent to

$$c_0 \cdot ((M_0 z) \circ (M_1 z)) + c_1 \cdot (M_2 z) == 0$$
  
$$\Longrightarrow 1 \cdot ((Az) \circ (Bz)) + (-1) \cdot (Cz) == 0$$
  
$$\Longrightarrow ((Az) \circ (Bz)) - (Cz) == 0$$

which is equivalent to the R1CS relation:  $Az \circ Bz == Cz$ 

An example of the conversion from R1CS to CCS implemented in SageMath can be found at

https://github.com/arnaucube/math/blob/master/r1cs-ccs.sage.

#### 1.2 Committed CCS

 $R_{CCCS}$  instance:  $(C, \mathsf{x})$ , where C is a commitment to a multilinear polynomial in s'-1 variables.

Sat if:

i. Commit $(pp, \widetilde{w}) = C$ 

ii. 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{q} c_i \cdot \left( \prod_{j \in S_i} \left( \sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^{\log m}} \widetilde{M}_j(x,y) \cdot \widetilde{z}(y) \right) \right)$$
where  $\widetilde{z}(y) = (w,1,\mathbf{x})(x) \ \forall x \in \{0,1\}^{s'}$ 

#### 1.3 Linearized Committed CCS

 $R_{LCCCS}$  instance:  $(C, u, \mathsf{x}, r, v_1, \ldots, v_t)$ , where C is a commitment to a multilinear polynomial in s'-1 variables, and  $u \in \mathbb{F}, \ \mathsf{x} \in \mathbb{F}^l, \ r \in \mathbb{F}^s, \ v_i \in \mathbb{F} \ \forall i \in [t]$ . Sat if:

i. Commit $(pp, \widetilde{w}) = C$ 

ii. 
$$\forall i \in [t], \ v_i = \sum_{\substack{y \in \{0,1\}^{s'}}} \widetilde{M}_i(r,y) \cdot \widetilde{z}(y)$$
  
where  $\widetilde{z}(y) = (w, u, \mathsf{x})(x) \ \forall x \in \{0,1\}^{s'}$ 

## 2 Multifolding Scheme for CCS

Recall sum-check protocol:

$$C \leftarrow < P, V(r) > (g, l, d, T)$$
:
$$\overline{T} = \sum_{x_1 \in \{0,1\}} \sum_{x_2 \in \{0,1\}} \cdots \sum_{x_l \in \{0,1\}} g(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_l) \text{ } l\text{-variate polynomial } g, \text{ } degree \leq d \text{ in each variable.}$$

$$\text{let } s = \log m, \ s' = \log n.$$

1. 
$$V \to P : \gamma \in \mathbb{R} \mathbb{F}, \ \beta \in \mathbb{R} \mathbb{F}^s$$

2. 
$$V: r'_x \in \mathbb{R}^s$$

3.  $V \leftrightarrow P$ : sum-check protocol:

$$c \leftarrow < P, V(r'_x) > (g, s, d+1, \sum_{j \in [t]} \gamma^j \cdot v_j)$$

where:

$$\begin{split} g(x) &:= \left(\sum_{j \in [t]} \gamma^j \cdot L_j(x)\right) + \gamma^{t+1} \cdot Q(x) \\ L_j(x) &:= \widetilde{eq}(r_x, x) \cdot \left(\sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^{s'}} \widetilde{M}_j(x, y) \cdot \widetilde{z}_1(y)\right) \\ Q(x) &:= \widetilde{eq}(\beta, x) \cdot \left(\sum_{i=1}^q c_i \cdot \prod_{j \in S_i} \left(\sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^{s'}} \widetilde{M}_j(x, y) \cdot \widetilde{z}_2(y)\right)\right) \end{split}$$

4.  $P \to V$ :  $((\sigma_1, \ldots, \sigma_t), (\theta_1, \ldots, \theta_t))$  where

$$\sigma_j = \sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^{s'}} \widetilde{M}_j(x,y) \cdot \widetilde{z}_1(y)$$

$$\theta_j = \sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^{s'}} \widetilde{M}_j(x,y) \cdot \widetilde{z}_2(y)$$

5. V:  $e_1 \leftarrow \widetilde{eq}(r_x, r_x'), e_2 \leftarrow \widetilde{eq}(\beta, r_x')$ 

$$c = \left(\sum_{j \in [t]} \gamma^j e_1 \sigma_j + \gamma^{t+1} e_2 \left(\sum_{i=1}^q c_i \cdot \prod_{j \in S_i} \sigma\right)\right)$$

- 6.  $V \to P : \rho \in \mathbb{R}$   $\mathbb{F}$
- 7. V, P: output the folded LCCCS instance  $(C', u', \mathsf{x}', r'_x, v'_1, \ldots, v'_t)$ , where  $\forall i \in [t]$ :

$$C' \leftarrow C_1 + \rho \cdot C_2$$

$$u' \leftarrow u + \rho \cdot 1$$

$$x' \leftarrow x_1 + \rho \cdot x_2$$

$$v'_i \leftarrow \sigma_i + \rho \cdot \theta_i$$

8. P: output folded witness:  $\widetilde{w}' \leftarrow \widetilde{w}_1 + \rho \cdot \widetilde{w}_2$ .

### References

- [1] Abhiram Kothapalli and Srinath Setty. Hypernova: Recursive arguments for customizable constraint systems. Cryptology ePrint Archive, Paper 2023/573, 2023. https://eprint.iacr.org/2023/573.
- [2] Srinath Setty, Justin Thaler, and Riad Wahby. Customizable constraint systems for succinct arguments. Cryptology ePrint Archive, Paper 2023/552, 2023. https://eprint.iacr.org/2023/552.