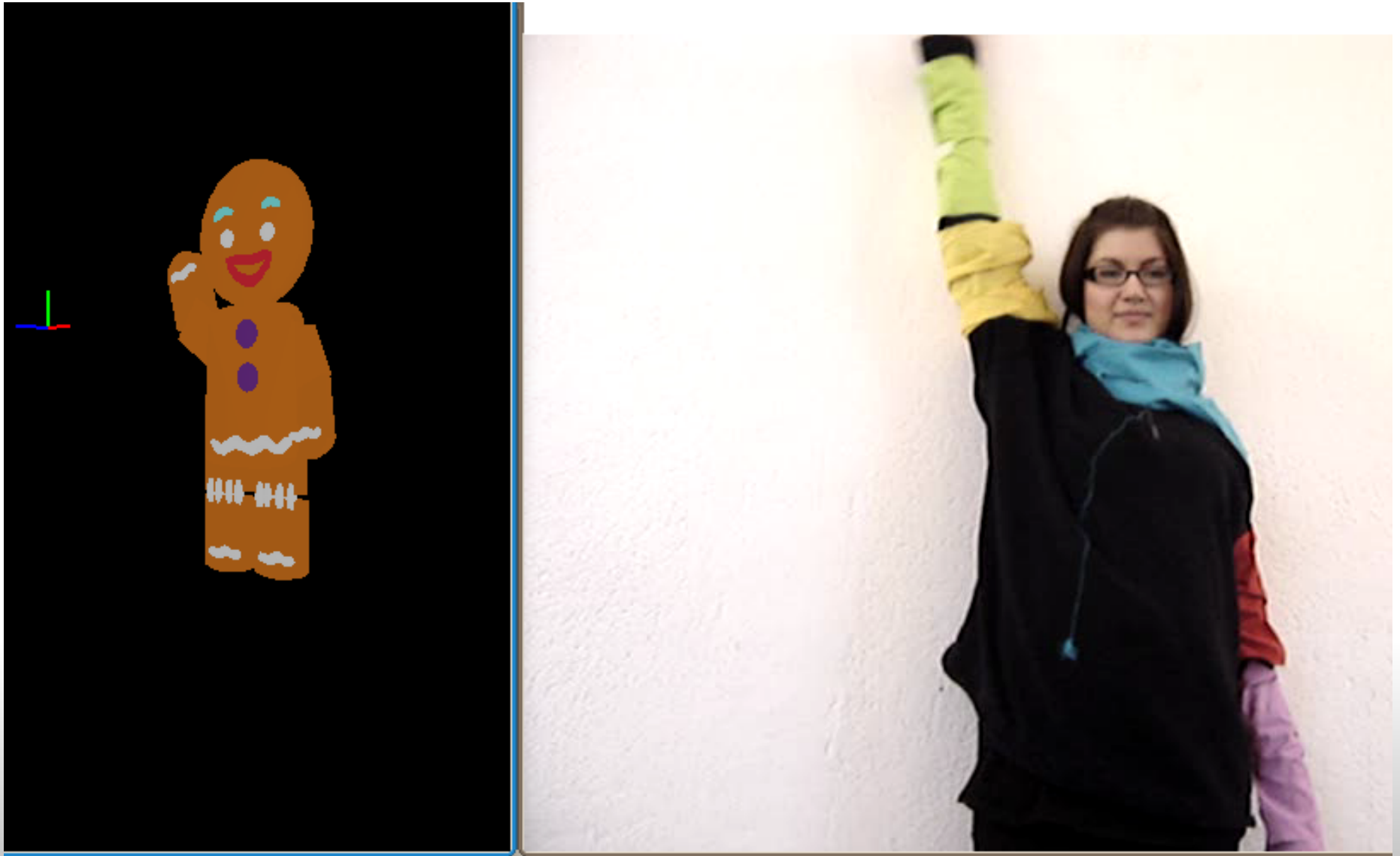


AGI09 -Project - EasyMocap



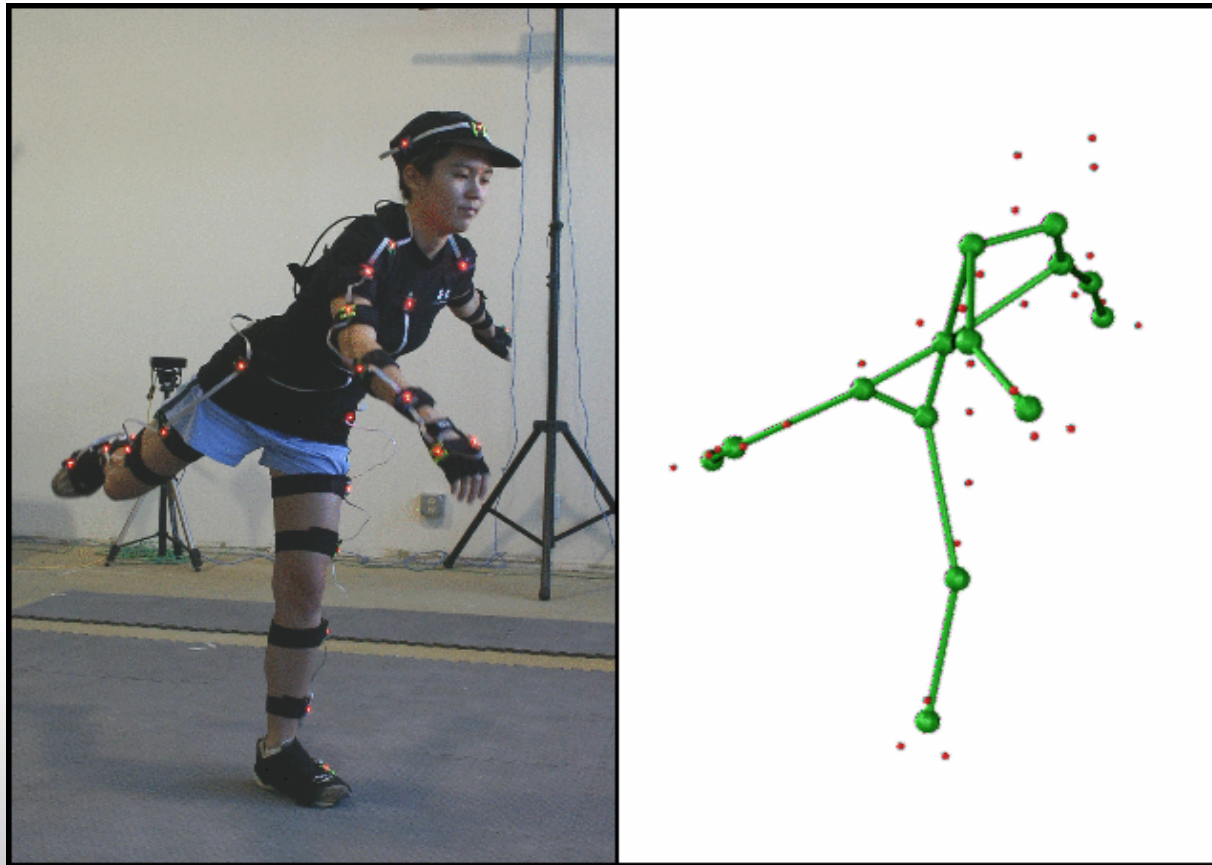
Arnaud Ramey, Irena Andonov

Contents

1. General structure of the program
2. Algorithms
3. Results

Introduction

- Motion Capture



- Easy Mocap
- Maya 3D model in OpenGL; Gingy
- 5 different colormarkers; yellow, blue, red, green, pink
- C++ programming



1. General structure of the program

Image analysis :

Input : recorded video

Output : orientation of every zone of pixels with a certain color

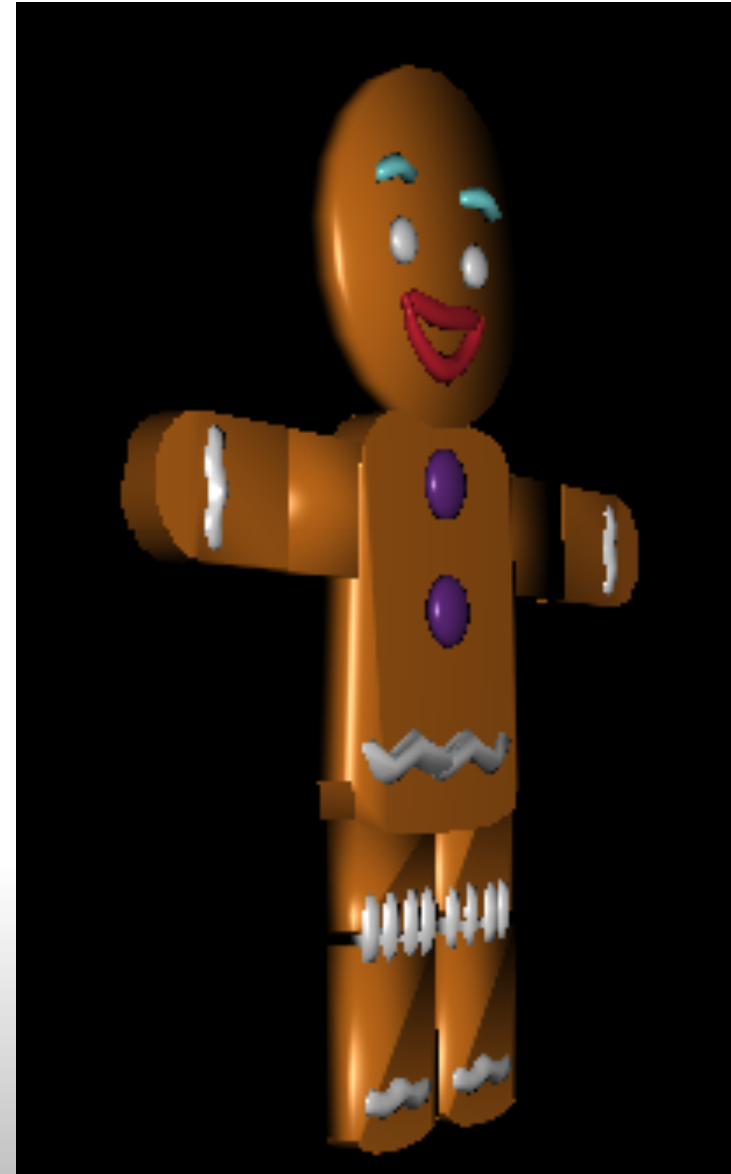
Human body :

find the orientation of the actor according to markers

Representation of the body :

send the data to the OpenGL figure

1.1 The Maya model



- Model: Gingy from Shrek
- Bodystructure as a human
- Modelled in 10 parts: thines, shins, forearms, upperarms, torso, head
- RTG ---> OpenGL

1.2 Structure of a body skeleton; representing a 3D body with 2D moves

1. The orientation

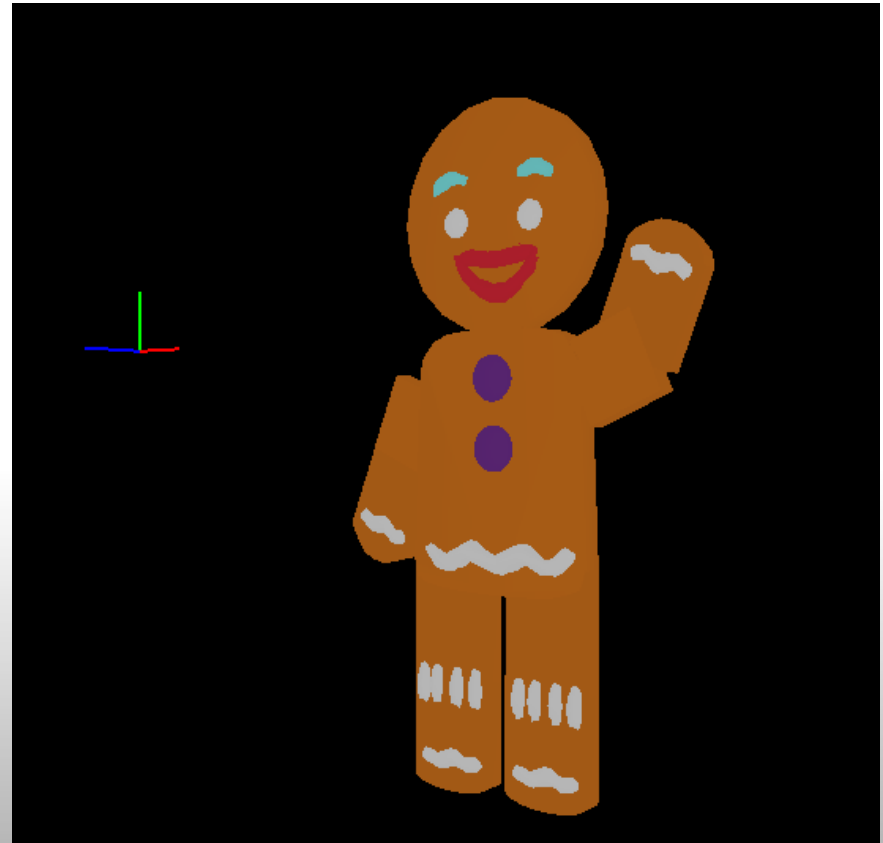
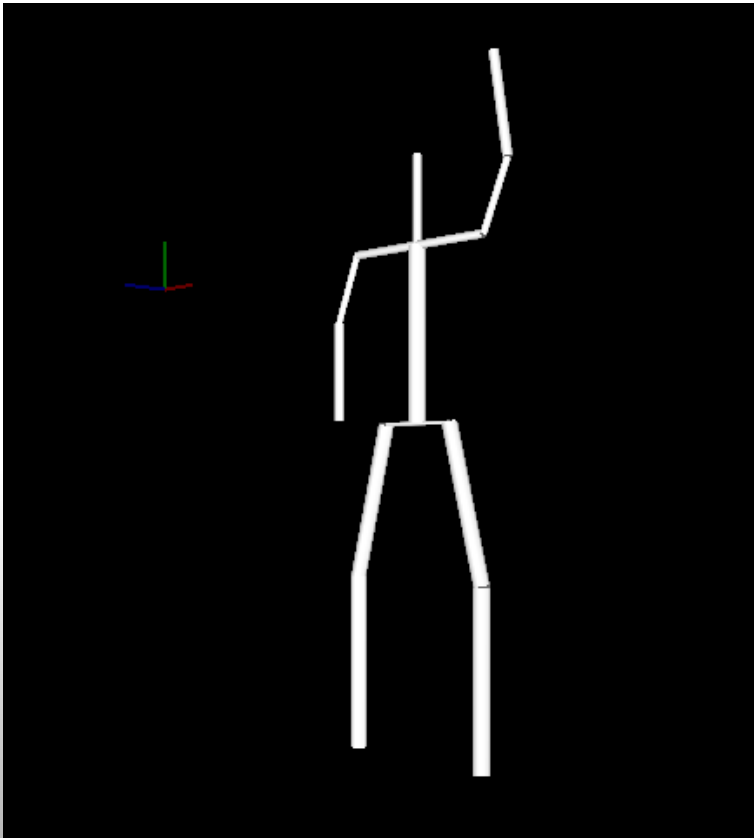
2. The computations for the absolute positions

A member is made of:

- a pointer to the father f
- the length of the member.
- the abscissa of fixation on f ; if the value is:
 - 0 -the member is fixated on the base of its father f
 - $f.length/2$ - it is on the middle of f
 - $f.length$ - the joint is at the end of f
- the angle between f and the current member

A member is made of (Cont.):

- A pointer to the RTG file used to draw the member. In case no file is specified, the member will be drawn with a white orientated cylinder.



2. Algorithms

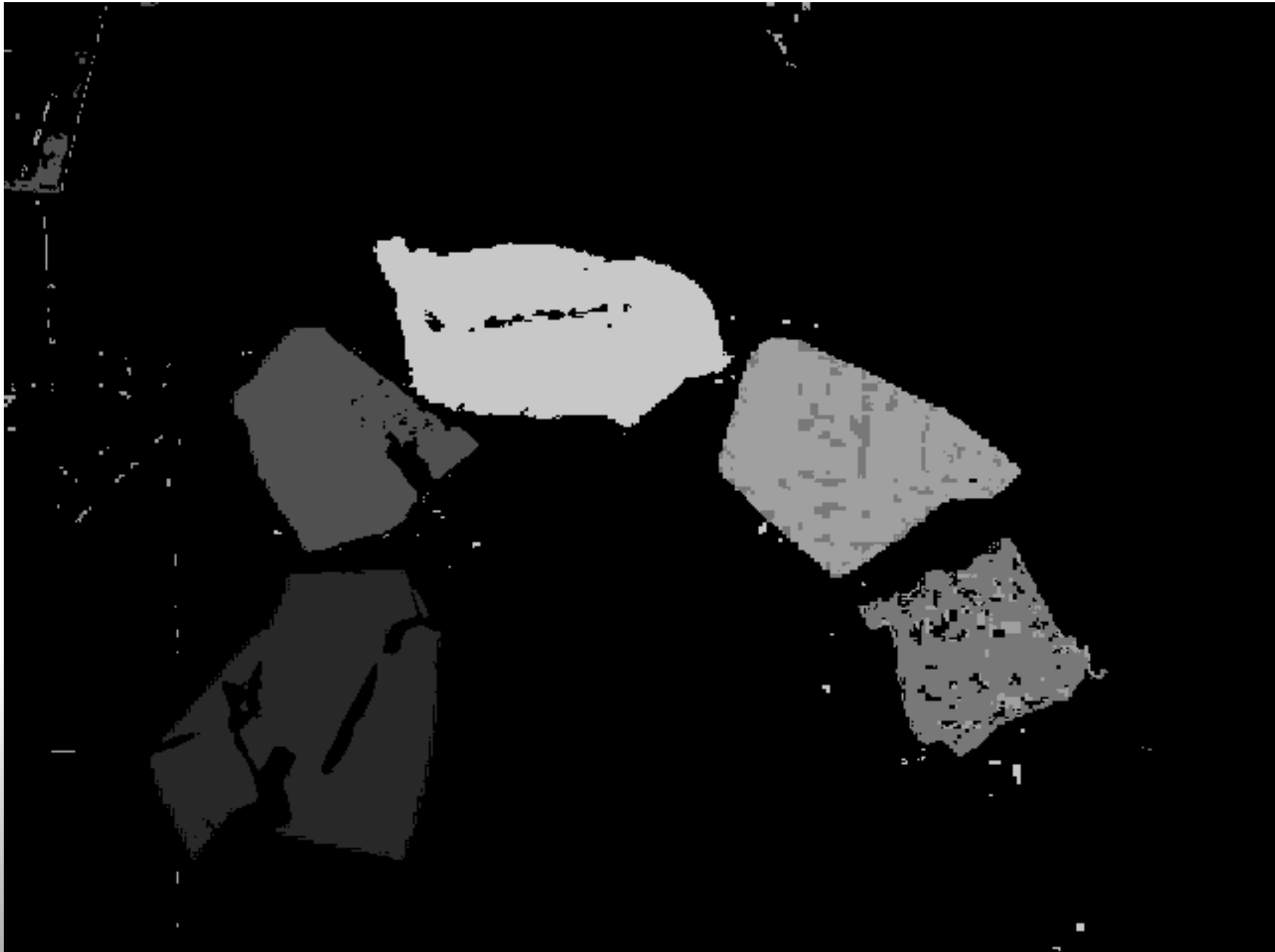
2.1. Filtering the image



2.1. Filtering the image

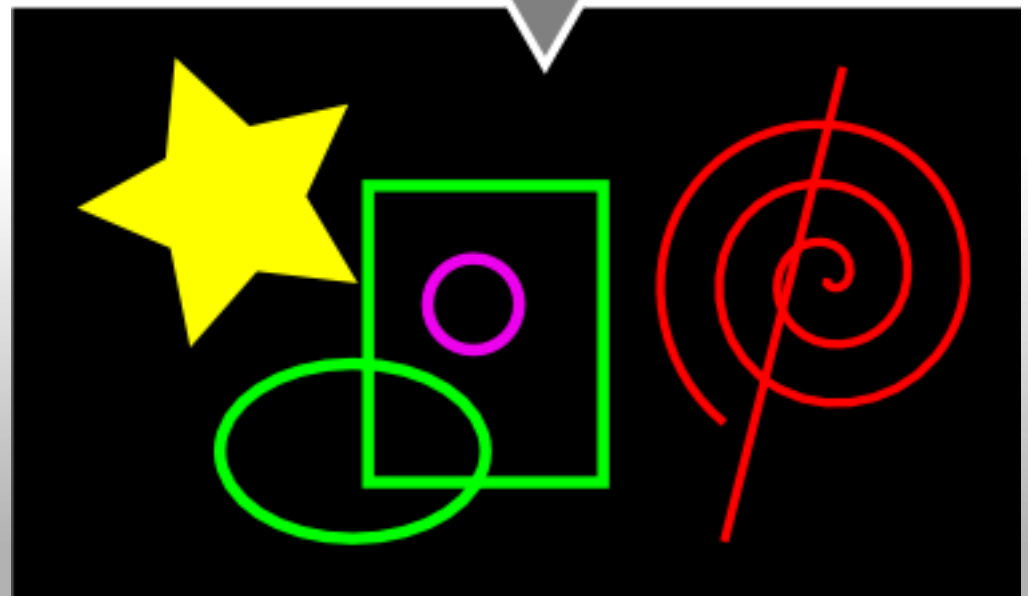
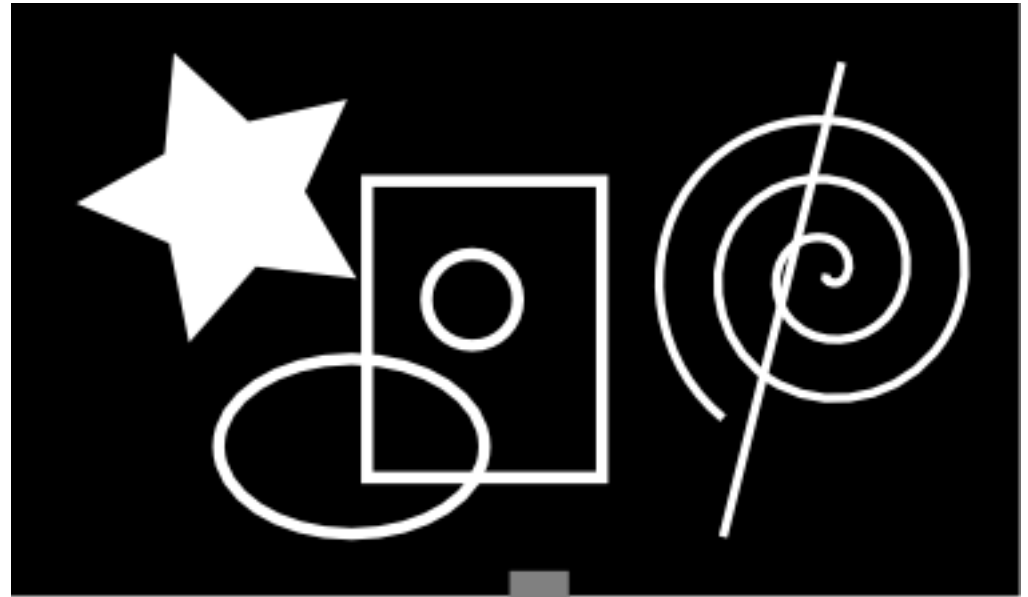


2.1. Filtering the image



2.2. Computing the connected comps

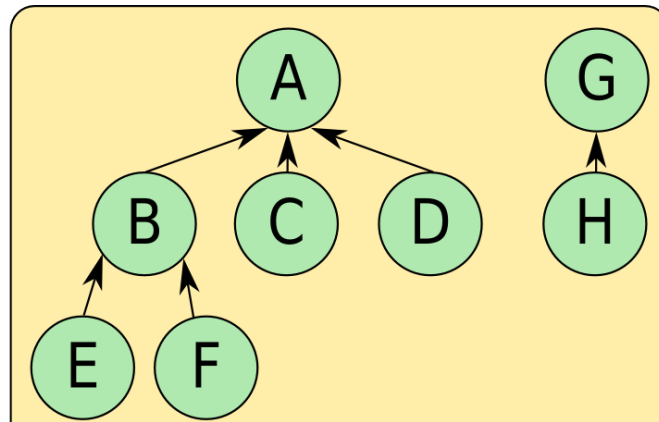
What is a
connected
component ?



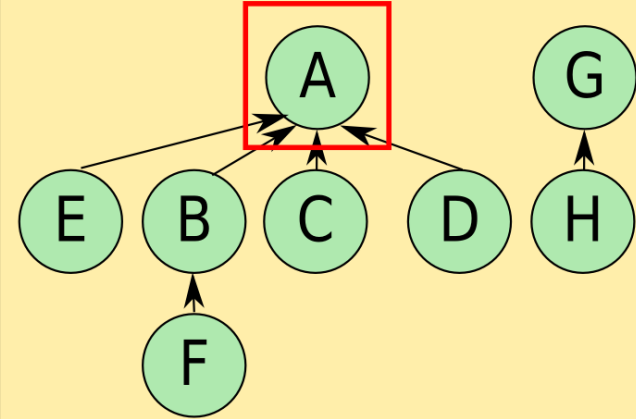
2.2. Computing the connected comps

Method for computing them fast :
based on the ***DisjointSets*** method

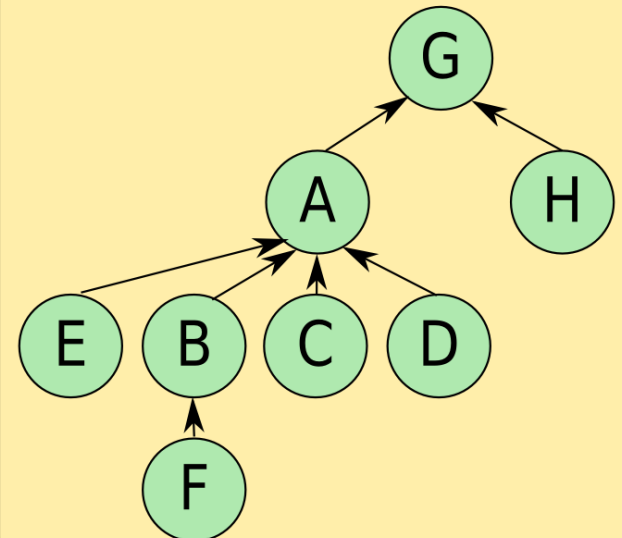
Initial situation :



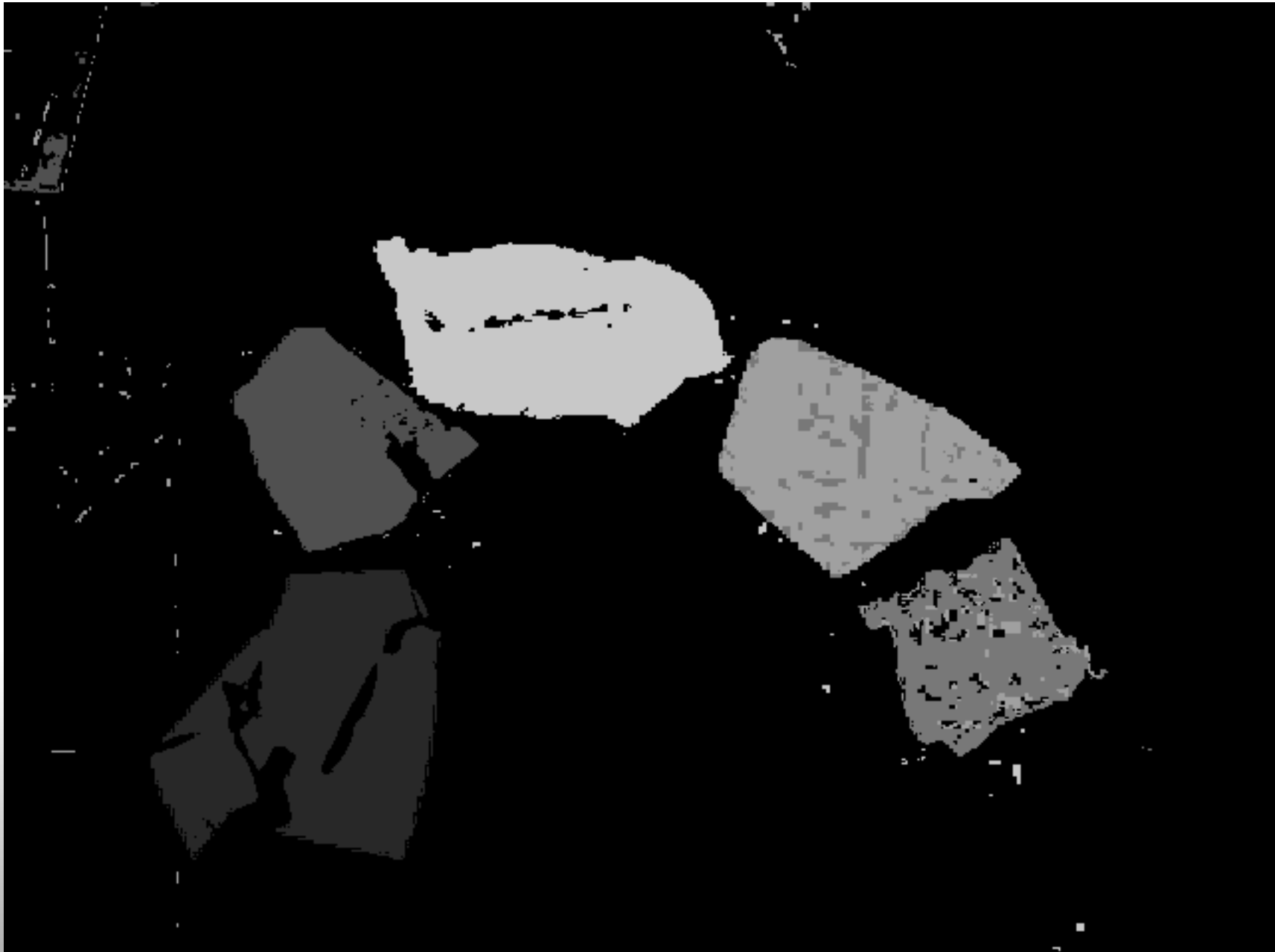
Find (E) :



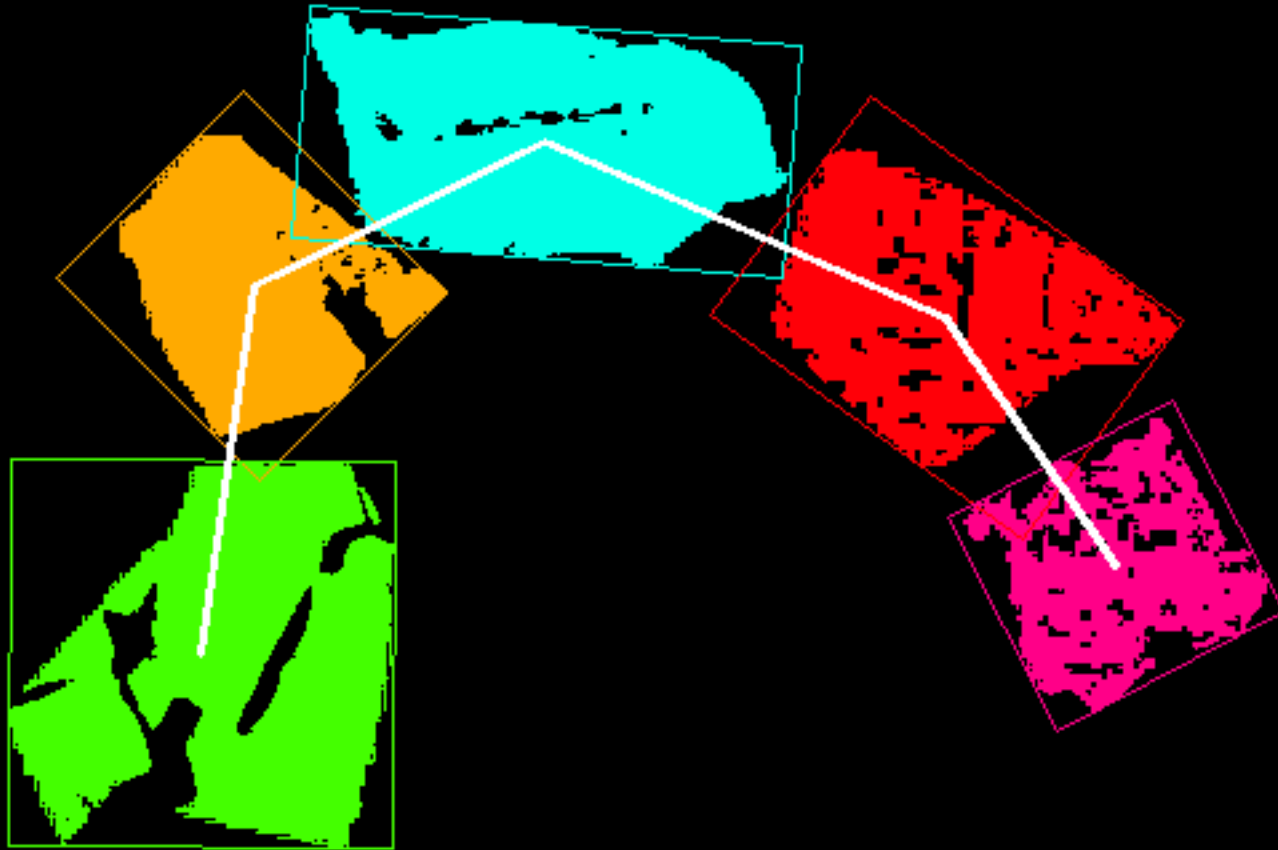
Union (E), (H) :
(if index A > index G)



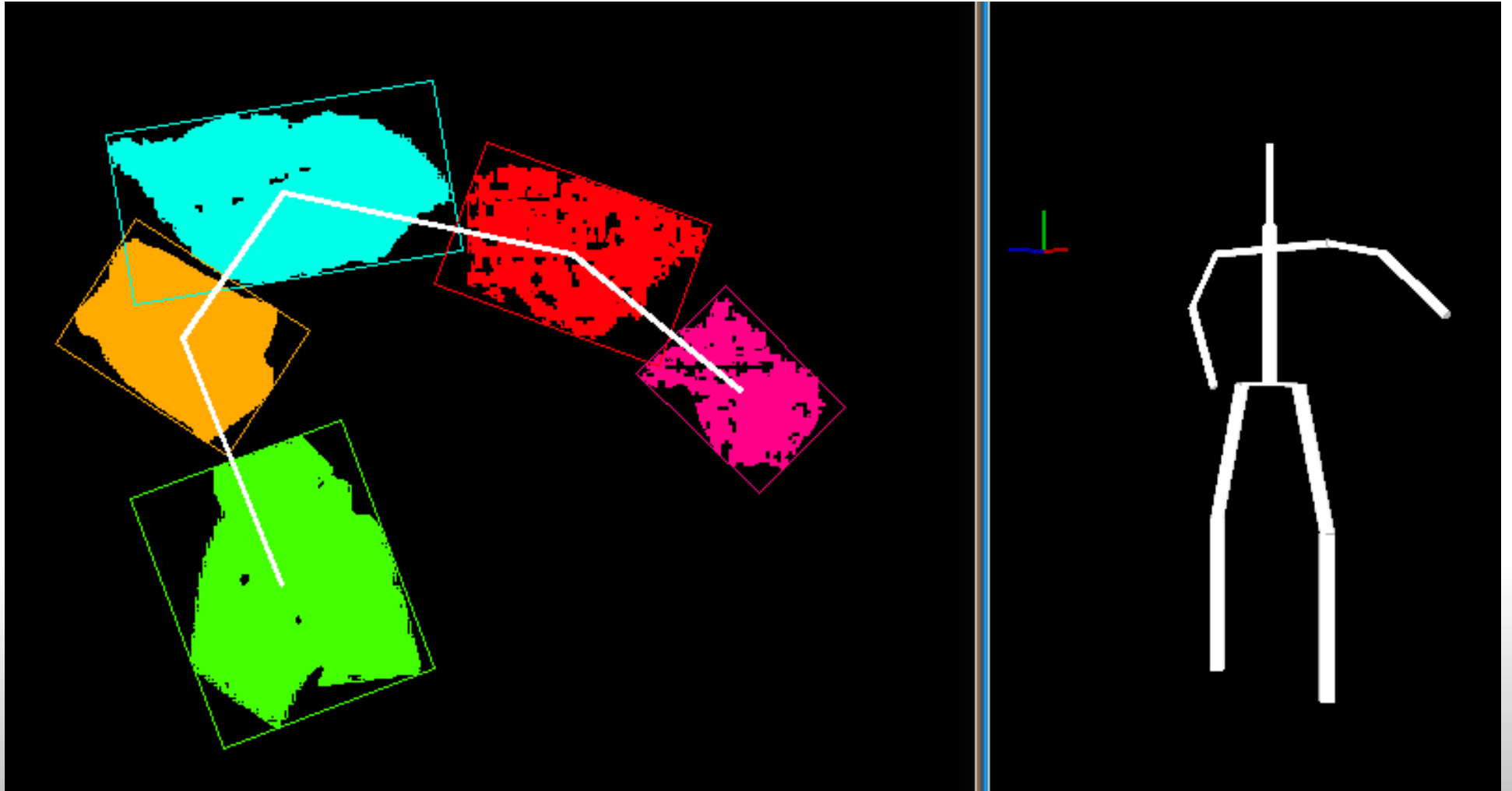
2.3. Keeping the biggest comps



2.3. Keeping the biggest comps



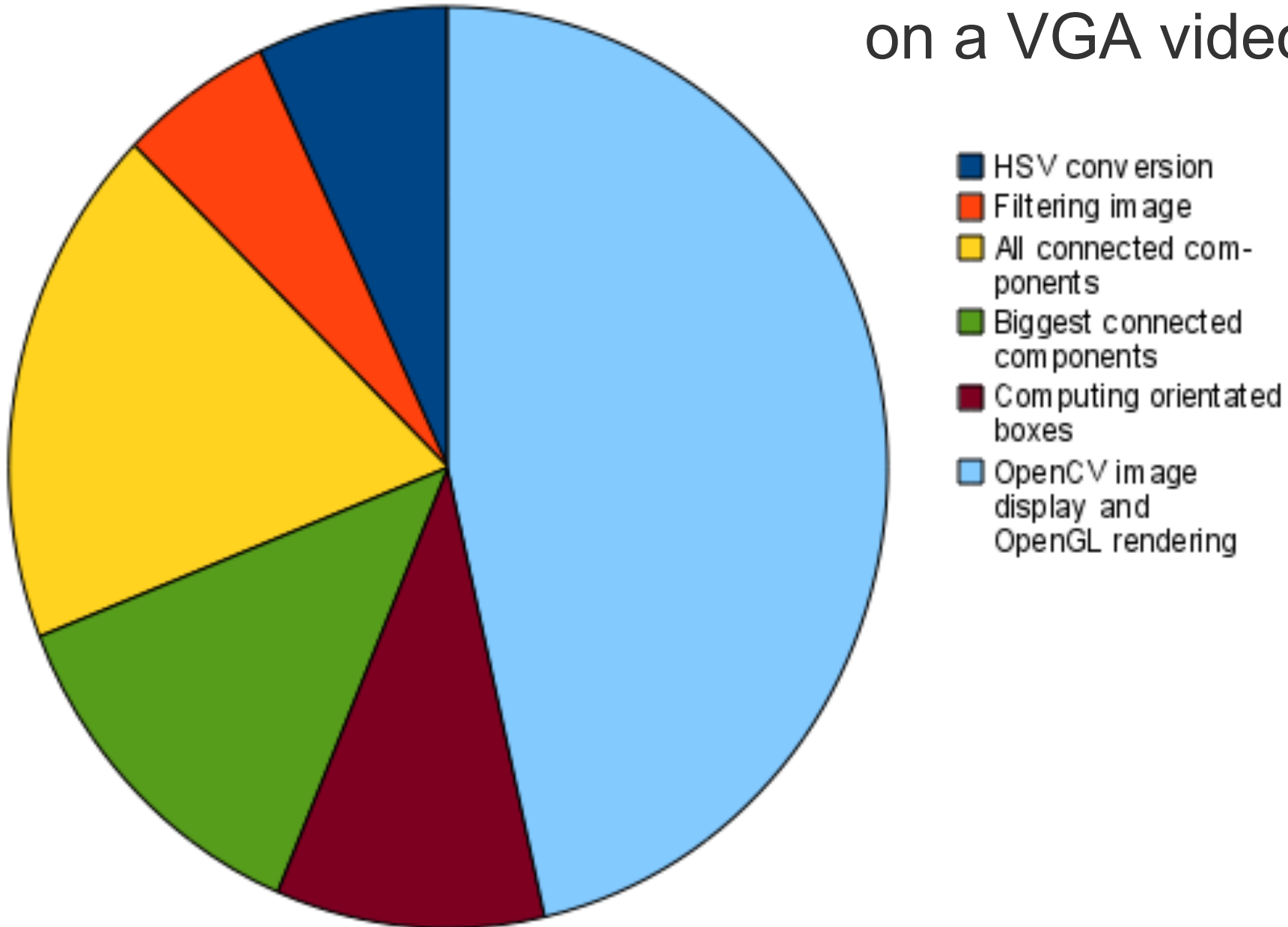
2.4. Sending data to OpenGL



3. Results

Time use

Average time :
60 ms / frame
on a VGA video



Demonstration

Conclusion

- easy solution for motion capture
- real-time
- limitations