



DATA AND PROJECTS FOR YOUR EXAM

...a brief guide to the datasets and the practical objectives of this course

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Lecture of the Course:
Data Science: Principles and Applications



Exam: Project & Presentation(s)

- 1. Self-organize into groups of ~3 persons**
- 2. Each group should work independently on one project**
- 3. Define the project you want to work on**
 - To get ideas of possible projects you can :
 - check the projects subject given last year (and that will be presented today)
 - check the TPs
 - develop your own ideas based on the data provided to you (the data will be presented today as well)
- 4. Analyze the data we provide with respect to the task goals**
 - The main goal of this course is to develop a data science project **with ML algorithms**
 - All efforts on attempts to go further than what is seen on the course / practical session will be very appreciated
 - code/speed optimization analysis, distributed calculation, machine learning approaches not seen in the lessons
 - IT JUST MAKES ME HAPPY!
- 5. Prepare your project presentation for the exam**

Data Description

- This data will be soon available online
- **Multiple Data sources available:**
- **Floating Car Data (FCD)**
 - One week march 2020
 - Three weeks november 2019
 - On A10 Paris highway for sept / oct 2024
- **Shared Bikes Data**
 - Data from Lyon's Velo'V
 - Available on-demand for Lyon and Toulouse in 2019 and 2020
- **Public Transport Data**
 - Ticketing data from TCL for Lyon's PT

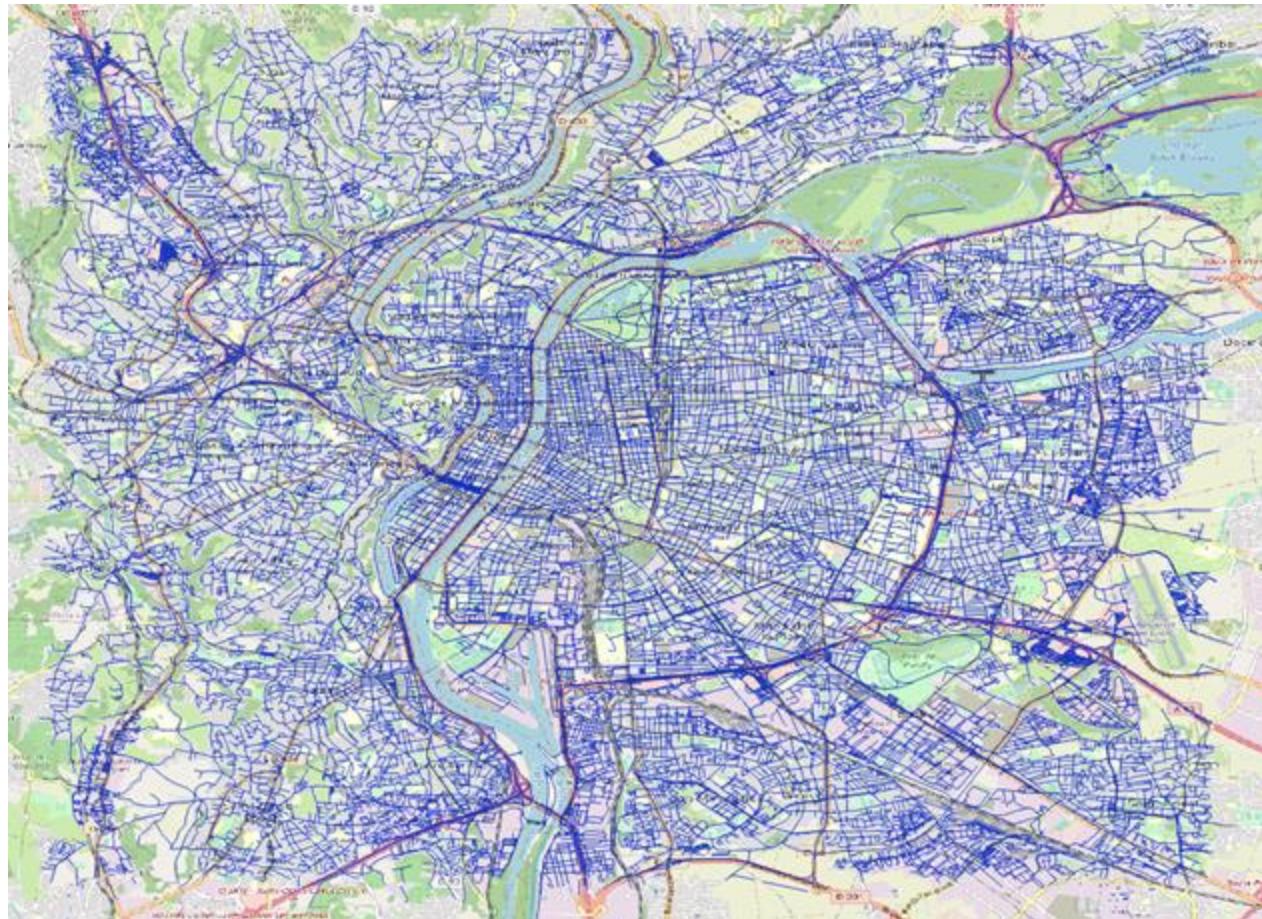
In the context of your project, do not hesitate to ask us for additional data if needed !

Floating Car Data in real world

- **Issue**
 - Getting information on traffic state
 - vehicle flow, concentration, presence of accidents, ...
- **Vehicles act as probes**
- **Different types of vehicles**
 - Taxis
 - Public transport
 - Delivery service vehicles
- **Rely on satellite-based positioning (GPS)**
- **Deployed in Vienna, Lyon, Düsseldorf, Berlin, Beijing quality depends on**
 - Total fleet mileage and area covered
 - Sample size with regard to overall traffic (penetration rate)
 - Parameters collected
 - Sampling rate of GPS positions

Our FCD data

- **FCD** – GPS points of floating vehicles
 - **deviceID**: id of the vehicle
 - **latitude**: latitude of the gps point
 - **longitude**: longitude of the gps point
 - **speed**: estimated speed in km/h
 - **heading**: orientation angle of the vehicle
 - **timestamp**
 - **linkId** : id of the link (route segment)



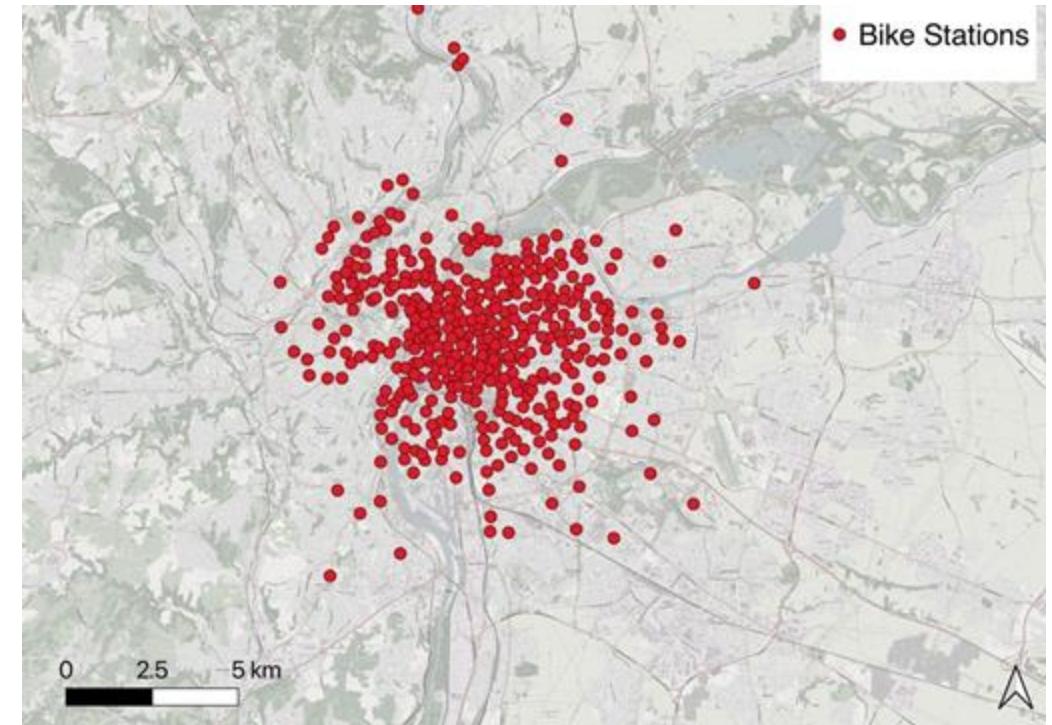
Shared Bikes Data

- **Origin**
Data from Lyon's Velo'V
- **How it is recorded**
Trips are represented with the times and stations of the bike retractions/returns
- **Containing information**
 - Retraction and return timestamp
 - Retraction and return station

Shared Bikes Data

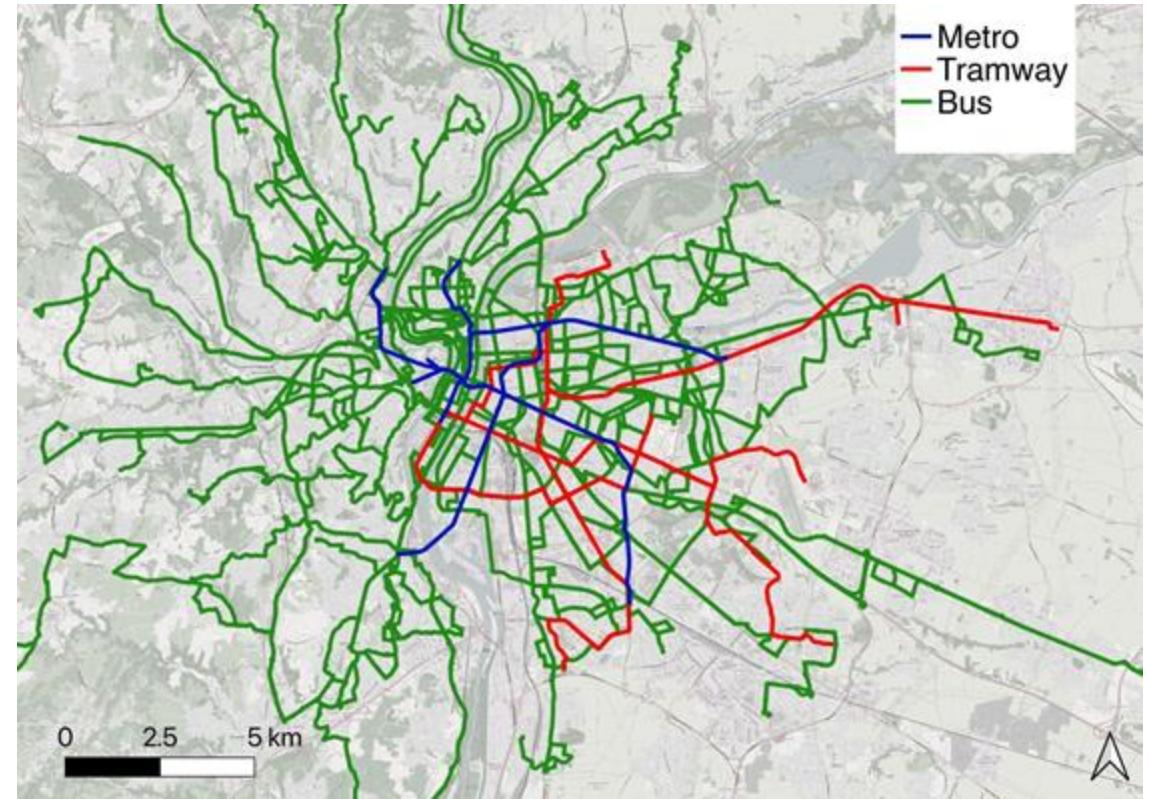
- **Data structure**

- **id_sortie:** The ID of the retraction station
- **Borne sortie:** The name of the retraction station
- **date_sortie:** Time of retraction
- **id_retour:** The ID of the return station
- **Borne retour:** The name of the retraction station
- **date_retour:** Time of return



Public Transport Data

- **Origin**
Ticketing data from TCL for Lyon's PT
- **Modes**
Metro, Funicular, Tram, Bus
- **How it is recorded**
Validations while boarding the vehicles
- **Containing information**
Validation timestamp, station, PT mode



Our Public Transport Data

- **Data processing**
 - Aggregation
 - Pre-processing
- **Data structure**
 - **station**: the station code for each aggregate validation count
 - **C_x & C_y**: the coordinates of the station
 - **MODE**: the PT mode for each aggregate validation count
 - **VAL_DATE**: the validation date (by hour)
 - **count**: the hourly number of validations recorded for the station/mode of interest

Am I obliged to work on transport-related data?

- **NO!** ... You are not obliged to use the data presented here
- You can use any dataset you want on the condition that you are capable of satisfying your duties (see next slide)
 - The only difference is we will not provide support in the data collection stage
 - Means “**You are on your own to find the data**”
- My advice is to **focus on time series and spatial** data or any relevant data with a mix of numerical features
 - Avoid data with a lot of text (as we do not address this in the course)
- Other ideas of dataset (see next slide)

Other data (Some Ideas)

- **Environment & Climate**
 - [Météo-France – open climate data](#) (temperatures, rainfall, wind, etc.)
 - [European Environment Agency – Air quality](#)
- **Energy & Utilities**
 - [RTE ÉCO2mix – Electricity consumption & production](#)
 - <https://www.rte-france.com/en/eco2mix/download-indicators>
 - [ENTSO-E Transparency Platform](#) (European electricity grid data)
- **Finance & Economy**
 - [OECD Data](#) (economic indicators: GDP, unemployment, inflation)
- **Health & Demographics**
 - [Our World in Data – COVID-19 dataset](#) (cases, vaccinations, testing)
 - [INSEE – Demographic data](#) (population, density, age distribution)
- **Sports & Culture**
 - [Football-Data.co.uk](#) (match stats, odds, results for European leagues)
 - [Kaggle – Spotify dataset](#) (music listening statistics & metadata)
 - <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/maharshipandya/-spotify-tracks-dataset> , <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/atharvasoundankar/global-music-streaming-trends-and-listener-insights>
- **Geospatial & Open Data**
 - [OpenStreetMap via Geofabrik](#) (POIs, road networks by region)
 - [Copernicus – Land Monitoring Service](#) (satellite indicators, NDVI, land cover/use)

Your duties for the exam

- **Short report (10 pages max) on your project**
 - Context, Problem and Goals (1 pages)
 - Assumptions and difficulties if any (1 page)
 - Pre-processing steps and feature engineering (2 pages)
 - Data analysis and ML methods (2-3 pages)
 - Results and interpretation (3-4 pages)
 - Work on finding good visual representations (plots, maps, tables, etc.) for results/conclusions (qgis, matplotlib, etc.) to support your statements and give useful insights
 - The goal of the report is mainly to help you with the presentation
- **Your code on a Git repository**
 - Including separate and commented files for functions related to:
 - Pre-processing & feature engineering code
 - Preliminary data analysis & statistics
 - Machine learning task
 - ...
 - A jupyter notebook where the functions above are used and the results analyzed with plots, tables, markdown descriptions

Deadlines

Date	Course Title	Course Hours	Time Slot (include 15 min. pause)	Teachers
Sept. 9	DS-PA 1: Intro to Data Science, ML Concepts, Anaconda Installation + environment prep.	3.5	8:45 - 12:30	Angelo FURNO
Sept. 16	DS-PA 2: Guidelines to Programming with Python, Ethics in Data and AI + Python recap for data science,	3.5	8:45 - 12:30	Angelo FURNO + Rim SLAMA SALMI
Sept. 22	DS-PA 3: Networks, Time Series and Spatial Data Analysis + Project Data Presentation	3.5	8:45 - 12:30	Angelo FURNO + Tristan LEMOALLE
Sept. 23	DS-PA 4: Regression and Forecasting	3.5	8:45 - 12:30	Manon SEPPECHER + Tristan LEMOALLE
Sept. 30	DS-PA 5: Clustering and PCA	3.5	8:45 - 12:30	Angelo FURNO + Tristan LEMOALLE
Oct. 7	DS-PA 6: Classification (Arbre, SVM)	3.5	8:45 - 12:30	Angelo FURNO + Tristan LEMOALLE
Oct. 21	DS-PA 7: Project Work Session 1	3	9:15 - 12:30	Angelo FURNO + Bahman MADADI
Nov. 4	DS-PA 8: Project Work Session 2	3	9:15 - 12:30	Angelo FURNO + Bahman MADADI
Nov. 10	DS-PA 9: Evaluation Test, Project Presentation	3	9:15 - 12:30	Angelo FURNO + Bahman MADADI

- In-between **two follow up meetings**, but you can interact with us in each of the classes (TP)
- **Due date of the report is on Saturday 8th November (23:59)**
 - teamwork is the key: don't let one person do the whole work
 - split the work in sub-tasks if possible, test multiple solutions in parallel, ...
- **Evaluation Monday, 10th November**
 - **15-minutes group presentation** on the data project
 - Introduce the datasets you used, the methodologies and the results.
 - **10-minutes questions** on the project

Project Main Ideas

- **The objective of the project is to perform data analysis/machine learning tasks on large-scale datasets using big data tools**
- **We will achieve this objective gradually, by also showing the limitations of traditional Python data science tools**
 - You will work with Pandas, NetworkX, GeoPandas, Numpy and Scikit-learn
 - For your data science machine learning tasks
 - By selecting smaller samples of your data
 - filtering/aggregating your data to reduce your problem to small parts of the data/network/periods of time
 - You will have to measure the performance (as shown during the TP) of your code
 - E.g, use the time_usage function (or something equivalent)

Project 1: Identification of spatial/temporal speed patterns

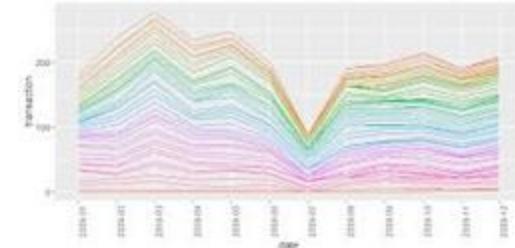
- Identify the typical patterns based on the speed variable

1. Define and use a proper spatial/temporal aggregation based on speed

- **Temporal binning:** Choose a proper granularity (e.g., 1 hour, 30 minutes, 30 minutes)
- **Spatial aggregation:** Define a spatial aggregation for the time series (e.g., per link, per area, per IRIS sectors)
- Apply filtering to interpolate/smooth the time series
- Your clustering object is the geospatial data you have built, e.g., 24 hours for a typical day, 24*7 for a typical week, etc.

1. Identify spatial clusters based on speed

- Apply spatial clustering with the time series data you have built with a proper method
- Identify spatial speed clusters and explain them



1. Identify temporal clusters based on speed

- Select one (or more) spatial cluster you have detected, and do a temporal clustering on that zone/link/IRIS
- Identify temporal speed clusters and explain them
- Compare the typical/atypical hourly speed profiles before/during COVID-19 lockdown

Project 2: Route planner

- **Create a framework able to infer the shortest path and estimate travel time for a given trip (origin and destination)**

1. Build road transportation network

- Build set of nodes and edges from the link data and create a directed graph using Networkx
- Verify the connectivity of the constructed graph

2. Estimate the travel time of the road network edges

- Choose the set of links where speed can be estimated accurately from the FCD
- Choose an appropriate travel time approximation for the links with missing speed estimation
- Add weight (travel time) to the road network
- The travel estimation can be considered dynamically (depends on the day, hour of the day ...)

3. Finalize the approach to propose the shortest path and estimate the travel time given two locations

- Visualize the result on a map (contextily library can be used to plot OSM background)
- Compare the result of your approach with existing route planner such as Google Maps

Project 3: Travel time prediction through regression

- **Predict the average OD travel time using regression methods**

1. Prepare the data base

- Using trip extractions, aggregate the data to build your response depending on the predictive variables you consider relevant.
- Analyze and provide statistical insights into the resulting dataset.

2. Single OD model

- Start simple, by focusing on the OD couple of your choice.
- Try out different regression models, that you will conflexify by increasing the number of predictive variables. Conclude on the most relevant(s) model(s).

3. Model complexification

- Try to generalize the model to a multiple origin-destination model.
- And/or consider adding exogenous and open data such as weather conditions.