Symbolic execution for security researchers

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About

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Occupation

- Senior Expert Engineer, Security @ Activision-Blizzard
- Founder, Researcher & Trainer @ Fura Labs
- PhD @ City, University of London

Social

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Preliminaries

Expectations

- Aims to be pretty introductory
- Demystify symbolic execution for a non-specialized audience
- Focus on understanding ideas rather than specific tooling
 - Apply it to your own areas of interest
 - Make it easy to use any tools (and understand what you are doing)
 - Make it easy to even contribute to, or write your own (open source) tools

Calculator

Concrete calculations

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 4 - 2 \cdot 3 = -2$$

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Computer Algebra System (CAS)

Symbolic calculations and expression manipulation

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ a & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 4 - 2a = 2(2 - a)$$

Intermediate representation / language (IR/IL)

Language of an abstract machine designed to aid in the analysis of computer programs:

- Compilation: common ground for architecture independent processing
- Decompilation (binary analysis): lifting from ASM to canonical higher level representation
- Transpiling: source to source compilation

What is symbolic execution?

Roughly speaking, just a computer algebra system for:

- Programming languages: C, C++, Java, Rust...
- Assembly languages: x86, x86-64, ARM64, MIPS, RISC-V...
- Intermediate languages: LLVM-IR, SMT-LIB, r2 ESIL, IDA Microcode, \$YOUR_OWN...

More specifically, symbolic execution is a program analysis technique:

- Represent inputs as *symbolic* variables instead of *concrete* values (normal execution or emulation)
- Derive constraints that encode control-flow and data-flow with respect to these symbolic variables

Use these constraints to reason about and extract information from the program

```
int foo(int x, int y) {
    x = y - 3*x;
    if (x < y) {
        return 2*x - x^y;
    }
    else {
        return 3*y + x|y;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
int foo(int x, int y) {
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```

$$x = 1337, y = 7331$$

 $x = 7331 - 3 \times 1337 = 3320$
 $(3320 < 7331)$
 $2 \times 3320 - 1337 \oplus 7331 = 2068$
 $\Rightarrow 2068$

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Symbolic execution

$$x = \mathbf{x}, y = \mathbf{y}$$
$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{y} - 3\mathbf{x}$$

```
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$$\hookrightarrow 2(\mathbf{y} - 3\mathbf{x}) - (\mathbf{y} - 3\mathbf{x}) \oplus \mathbf{y}$$

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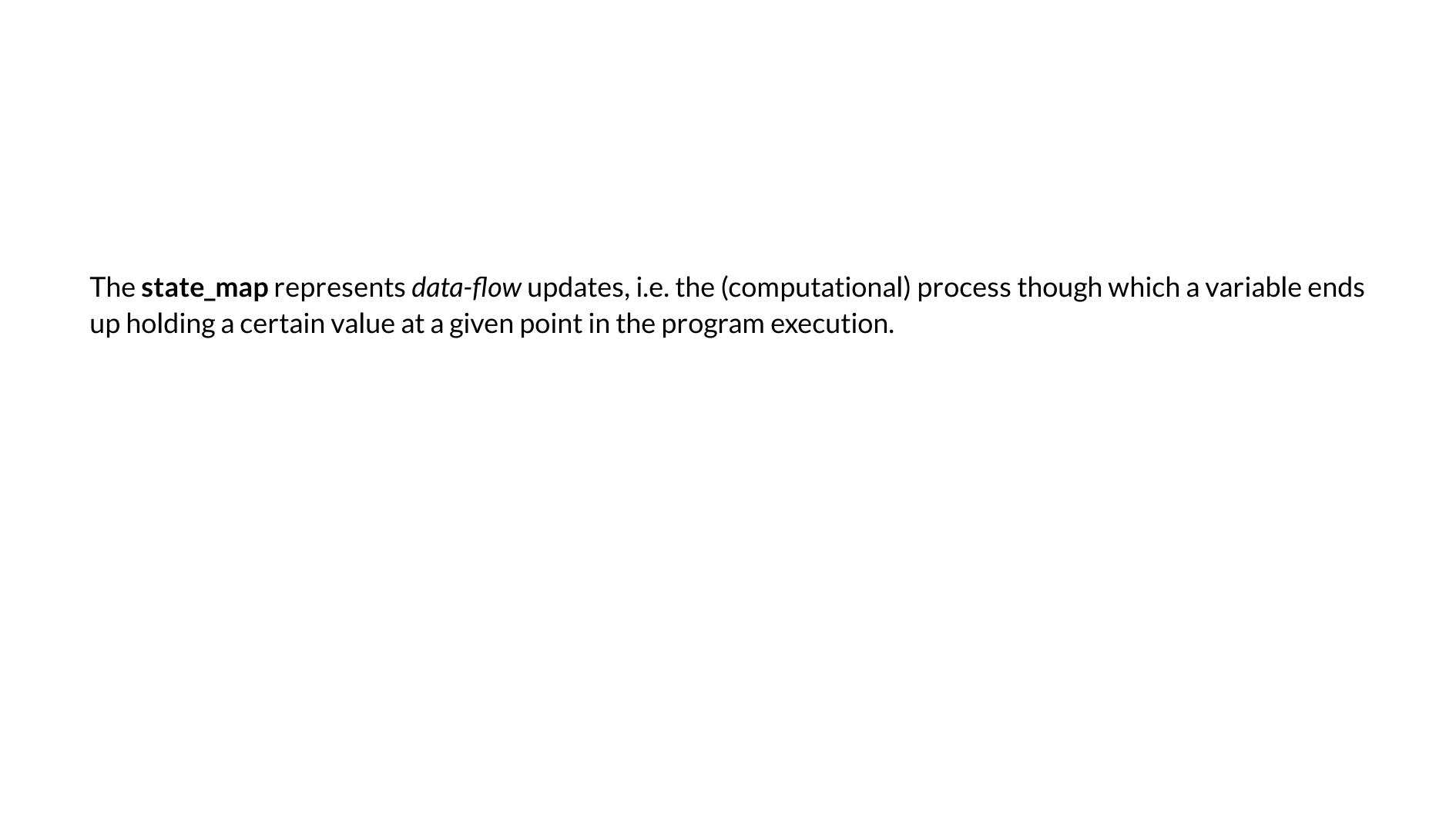
$$(\mathbf{y} - 3\mathbf{x} \ge \mathbf{y})$$

$$\hookrightarrow 3(\mathbf{y} - 3\mathbf{x}) - (\mathbf{y} - 3\mathbf{x}) \vee \mathbf{y}$$

But how does it *actually* work?

1. Define two data structures:

- path_constraint: conditions required to reach current instruction
- **state_map**: symbolic mapping for the variables (registers, memory locations)
- 2. Extract the semantics of each statement (instruction)
- 3. Update these two data structures to account for the effects of the executed statement (instruction)
- 4. If there is control-flow branching, *fork* these structures to keep track of different execution paths



The **state_map** represents *data-flow* updates, i.e. the (computational) process though which a variable ends up holding a certain value at a given point in the program execution. The path_constraint represents control-flow tracking, i.e. the set of constraints (conditions) on the variables that need to be satisfied for the execution to reach a given point in the program.

Visual example

```
_start:
                                                 cmp rax, 1337
    mov rax, 123 <=0=
                                                 jnz bad
    add rax, rsi
    xor rax, rdi
                                             good:
    mov rbx, 2
                                                 xor rdi, rdi
    add rax, rbx
                                                 jmp exit
    mov rdi, 3
    mov rsi, rax
                                             bad:
    add rax, rbx
                                                 mov rdi, 1
    xor rax, rdi
    mov rbx, 7
                                             exit:
                                                 mov rax, 60
    and rax, rbx
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                 syscall
    add rax, rdi
path_constraint true
state_map
                 rax -> rax
                 rbx -> rbx
                 rdi -> rdi
                 rsi -> rsi
                 zf -> zf
```

```
_start:
                                                  cmp rax, 1337
    mov rax, 123
                                                 jnz bad
    add rax, rsi <=0=
    xor rax, rdi
                                             good:
    mov rbx, 2
                                                 xor rdi, rdi
    add rax, rbx
                                                 jmp exit
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                                             bad:
    add rax, rbx
                                                 mov rdi, 1
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    mov rbx, 7
                                             exit:
                                                 mov rax, 60
    and rax, rbx
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                 syscall
    add rax, rdi
path_constraint true
                 rax -> 123
state_map
                 rbx -> rbx
                 rdi -> rdi
                 rsi -> rsi
                 zf -> zf
```

```
_start:
                                                  cmp rax, 1337
    mov rax, 123
                                                  jnz bad
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    xor rax, rdi <=0=</pre>
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    mov rbx, 2
                                                  xor rdi, rdi
    add rax, rbx
                                                  jmp exit
    mov rdi, 3
    mov rsi, rax
                                              bad:
    add rax, rbx
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    xor rax, rdi
    mov rbx, 7
                                              exit:
    and rax, rbx
                                                  mov rax, 60
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                  syscall
    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
                 rax -> (123 + rsi)
state_map
                 rbx -> rbx
                 rdi -> rdi
                 rsi -> rsi
                 zf -> zf
```

```
_start:
                                                 cmp rax, 1337
    mov rax, 123
                                                 jnz bad
    add rax, rsi
    xor rax, rdi
                                             good:
    mov rbx, 2 <=0=
                                                 xor rdi, rdi
    add rax, rbx
                                                 jmp exit
    mov rdi, 3
    mov rsi, rax
                                             bad:
    add rax, rbx
                                                 mov rdi, 1
    xor rax, rdi
    mov rbx, 7
                                             exit:
    and rax, rbx
                                                 mov rax, 60
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                 syscall
    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
                 rax -> ((123 + rsi) ^ rdi)
state_map
                 rbx -> rbx
                 rdi -> rdi
                 rsi -> rsi
                 zf -> zf
```

```
_start:
                                                  cmp rax, 1337
    mov rax, 123
                                                 jnz bad
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                                             good:
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    add rax, rbx <=0=
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                                             bad:
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    add rax, rbx
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    and rax, rbx
                                                 mov rax, 60
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                 syscall
    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
                 rax -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
state_map
                 rbx -> 2
                 rdi -> rdi
                 rsi -> rsi
                 zf -> zf
```

```
_start:
                                                  cmp rax, 1337
    mov rax, 123
                                                 jnz bad
    add rax, rsi
    xor rax, rdi
                                             good:
    mov rbx, 2
                                                 xor rdi, rdi
    add rax, rbx
                                                 jmp exit
    mov rdi, 3
    mov rsi, rax <=0=
                                             bad:
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    mov rbx, 7
                                             exit:
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                                                 syscall
    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
                 rax -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
state_map
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_start:
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    add rax, rbx
                                                 jmp exit
    mov rdi, 3
    mov rsi, rax
                                             bad:
    add rax, rbx <=0=
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    mov rbx, 7
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    and rax, rbx
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    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
state_map
                 rax -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
                 rbx -> 2
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                 rsi -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
                 zf -> zf
```

```
_start:
                                                   cmp rax, 1337
    mov rax, 123
                                                   jnz bad
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                                                   xor rdi, rdi
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                                                   jmp exit
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                                               bad:
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    add rax, rbx
                                                   mov rdi, 1
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    mov rbx, 7
                                               exit:
    and rax, rbx
                                                   mov rax, 60
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                   syscall
    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
                  rax \rightarrow ((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2)
state map
                  rbx -> 2
                  rdi -> 3
                  rsi -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
                  zf -> zf
```

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_start:
                                                  cmp rax, 1337
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    xor rax, rdi
                                              good:
    mov rbx, 2
                                                  xor rdi, rdi
    add rax, rbx
                                                  jmp exit
    mov rdi, 3
                                              bad:
    mov rsi, rax
    add rax, rbx
                                                  mov rdi, 1
    xor rax, rdi
    mov rbx, 7 <=0=
                                              exit:
    and rax, rbx
                                                  mov rax, 60
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                  syscall
    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
                 rax \rightarrow (((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3)
state map
                 rbx -> 2
                 rdi -> 3
                 rsi -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
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```

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_start:
                                                   cmp rax, 1337
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    add rax, rbx
                                                   jmp exit
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                                               bad:
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    add rax, rbx
                                                   mov rdi, 1
    xor rax, rdi
    mov rbx, 7
                                               exit:
    and rax, rbx \leq 0=
                                                   mov rax, 60
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                   syscall
    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
                 rax \rightarrow (((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3)
state map
                 rbx -> 7
                 rdi -> 3
                 rsi -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
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_start:
                                                  cmp rax, 1337
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                                                  jnz bad
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    xor rax, rdi
                                             good:
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                                                 xor rdi, rdi
    add rax, rbx
                                                  jmp exit
    mov rdi, 3
                                             bad:
    mov rsi, rax
    add rax, rbx
                                                 mov rdi, 1
    xor rax, rdi
    mov rbx, 7
                                              exit:
    and rax, rbx
                                                 mov rax, 60
    mov rdi, 1336 <=0=
                                                  syscall
    add rax, rdi
path constraint true
                 rax -> (((((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3) & 7)
state map
                 rbx -> 7
                 rdi -> 3
                 rsi -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
                 zf -> zf
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_start:
                                                  cmp rax, 1337
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                                                  jnz bad
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    xor rax, rdi
                                             good:
    mov rbx, 2
                                                 xor rdi, rdi
    add rax, rbx
                                                  jmp exit
    mov rdi, 3
    mov rsi, rax
                                             bad:
    add rax, rbx
                                                 mov rdi, 1
    xor rax, rdi
    mov rbx, 7
                                             exit:
    and rax, rbx
                                                 mov rax, 60
    mov rdi, 1336
                                                  syscall
    add rax, rdi <=0=
path constraint true
                 rax -> (((((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3) & 7)
state map
                 rbx -> 7
                 rdi -> 1336
                 rsi -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
                 zf -> zf
```

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_start:
                                           cmp rax, 1337 <=0=
   mov rax, 123
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   add rax, rsi
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                                       good:
   mov rbx, 2
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   add rax, rbx
                                          jmp exit
   mov rdi, 3
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                                       bad:
   add rax, rbx
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path constraint true
               state map
               rbx -> 7
               rdi -> 1336
               rsi -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
               zf -> zf
```

```
start:
                                     cmp rax, 1337
                                     jnz bad <=0=
   mov rax, 123
   add rax, rsi
   xor rax, rdi
                                  good:
   mov rbx, 2
                                     xor rdi, rdi
   add rax, rbx
                                     jmp exit
   mov rdi, 3
   mov rsi, rax
                                  bad:
   add rax, rbx
                                     mov rdi, 1
   xor rax, rdi
   mov rbx, 7
                                  exit:
   and rax, rbx
                                     mov rax, 60
   mov rdi, 1336
                                     syscall
   add rax, rdi
path constraint true
            state map
             rbx -> 7
             rdi -> 1336
             rsi -> (((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2)
             == 1337 ? 1 : 0
```

```
start:
                                          cmp rax, 1337
   mov rax, 123
                                          jnz bad
   add rax, rsi
   xor rax, rdi
                                      good:
   mov rbx, 2
                                          xor rdi, rdi <=1=</pre>
                                          jmp exit
   add rax, rbx
   mov rdi, 3
   mov rsi, rax
                                      bad:
                                         mov rdi, 1 <=2=
   add rax, rbx
   xor rax, rdi
   mov rbx, 7
                                      exit:
   and rax, rbx
                                         mov rax, 60
   mov rdi, 1336
                                         syscall
   add rax, rdi
path constraint ((((((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3) & 7) + 1336) == 1337
state map
              • • •
              zf -> 1
state map
              zf -> 0
```

How do we *reason* about this information?

How do we *reason* about this information?

With an SMT solver

How do we *reason* about this information?

With an SMT solver

Mostly

SMT solver

SMT solver

Satisfiability Modulo Theories

- Satisfiability (SAT): determine if a (boolean) formula can be satisfied (can be true)
- Modulo: take into account (not only boolean formulas but also)...
- Theories: ...integer numbers, real numbers, floating point, bit vectors, and more

SMT solver

Satisfiability Modulo Theories

- Satisfiability (SAT): determine if a (boolean) formula can be satisfied (can be true)
- Modulo: take into account (not only boolean formulas but also)...
- Theories: ...integer numbers, real numbers, floating point, bit vectors, and more

From a very practical standpoint: a *magic black-box* that can only answer a very simple question.

Question

Given some variables of some type, and some constraints on these variables:

• Is there any variable assignment that makes the set of constraints satisfiable, i.e. such that (all) the constraints hold true?

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Given some variables of some type, and some constraints on these variables:

• Is there any variable assignment that makes the set of constraints satisfiable, i.e. such that (all) the constraints hold true?

Outcomes

- SAT: there is a variable assignment that makes all the constraints hold true.
 - It will actually find a model, which is a particular solution (a concrete variable assignment)
- UNSAT: there is NO variable assignment that makes all the constraints hold true.
- UNKNOWN: unable to answer the question (usually due to a time-out)

Symbolic execution + SMT solver

Symbolic execution + SMT solver

Some basic ideas

1. The symbolic execution engine is used to extract the formulae (constraints) for a given path branching to happen: check its path_constraint

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- 2. The constraints are fed into the SMT solver

- 1. The symbolic execution engine is used to extract the formulae (constraints) for a given path branching to happen: check its **path constraint**
- 2. The constraints are fed into the SMT solver
- 3. The SMT solver can prove the feasibility of the constraints, meaning the path is reachable
 - If it is, retrieve a model for it, i.e. input values that will make the program execution to reach it
 - If it is not, we have detected an obfuscating opaque predicate and can ignore/patch it away

Example

```
path_constraint ((((((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3) & 7) + 1336) == 1337
```

```
path_constraint ((((((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3) & 7) + 1336) == 1337
```

Given 64-bit variables rdi and rsi:

• Is there any variable assignment (for rdi and rsi) that makes the path_constraint satisfiable?

```
import z3

rdi, rsi = z3.BitVecs('rdi rsi', 64)
path_constraint = ((((((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3) & 7) + 1336) == 1337

solver = z3.Solver()
solver.add(path_constraint)

if solver.check() == z3.sat:
    print(solver.model())
```

```
import z3

rdi, rsi = z3.BitVecs('rdi rsi', 64)
path_constraint = ((((((((123 + rsi) ^ rdi) + 2) + 2) ^ 3) & 7) + 1336) == 1337

solver = z3.Solver()
solver.add(path_constraint)

if solver.check() == z3.sat:
    print(solver.model())
```

[rdi = 2, rsi = 1]

Data-flow analysis

Data-flow analysis

- Embed compiler optimization techniques into the **state_map** population process:
 - Constant propagation: by construction
 - Constant folding: evaluate intermediate expressions on constant values
 - Reaching definitions: calculate at a given point the set of definitions that reach it
 - Liveness analysis: calculate at a given point the live variables (may be read before updated)

1. The symbolic execution engine is used to extract the formula of the return value of a function with respect to its inputs parameters: check its value in the state_map

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2. The formula is fed into the SMT solver

- 1. The symbolic execution engine is used to extract the formula of the return value of a function with respect to its inputs parameters: check its value in the **state map**
- 2. The formula is fed into the SMT solver
- 3. The SMT can:
 - Attempt to simplify the formula to get a nicer representation
 - Craft inputs value that will make the formula evaluate to a desired output (i.e. inputs that will make the function return a desired value)

Tooling

Tooling

Welcome to the jungle

Implementation technology

- Interpreter based: Miasm, Triton, Angr, Maat, radius2
- Instrumentation based: QSYM
- Compiler based: KLEE, SymCC, SymQEMU

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- Binary: Miasm, Triton, Angr, Maat, radius2, QSYM, SymQEMU
- Source code: KLEE, SymCC

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Target

- Binary: Miasm, Triton, Angr, Maat, radius2, QSYM, SymQEMU
- Source code: KLEE, SymCC

Focus

- Analysis: Miasm, Triton, Maat
- Automagic: Angr, radius2
- Test generation: QSYM, KLEE, SymCC, SymQEMU

Practical applications

Practical applications

An appetizer

Analysis of complex code

Detect (and patch) opaque predicates

Opaque predicates

A conditional statement ${\cal P}$ whose truth value is known a priori.

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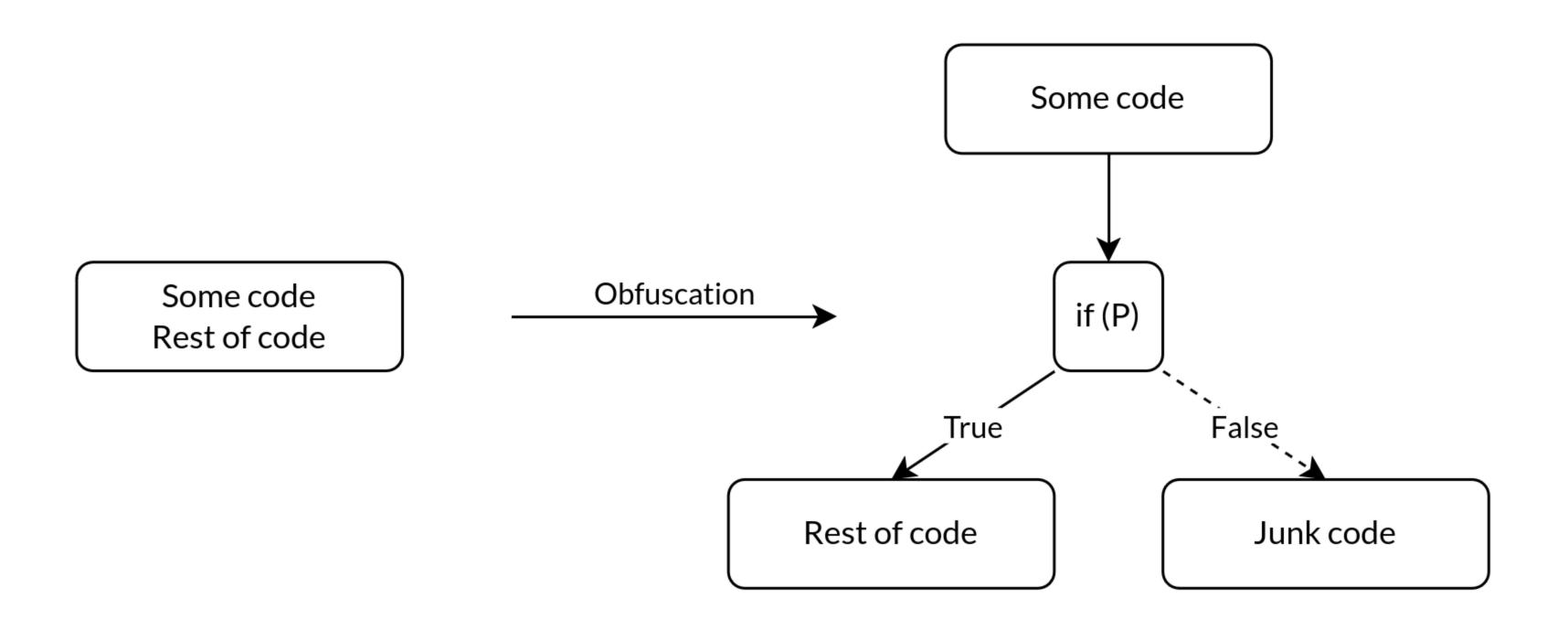
 $x^2 \ge 0$ is always true.

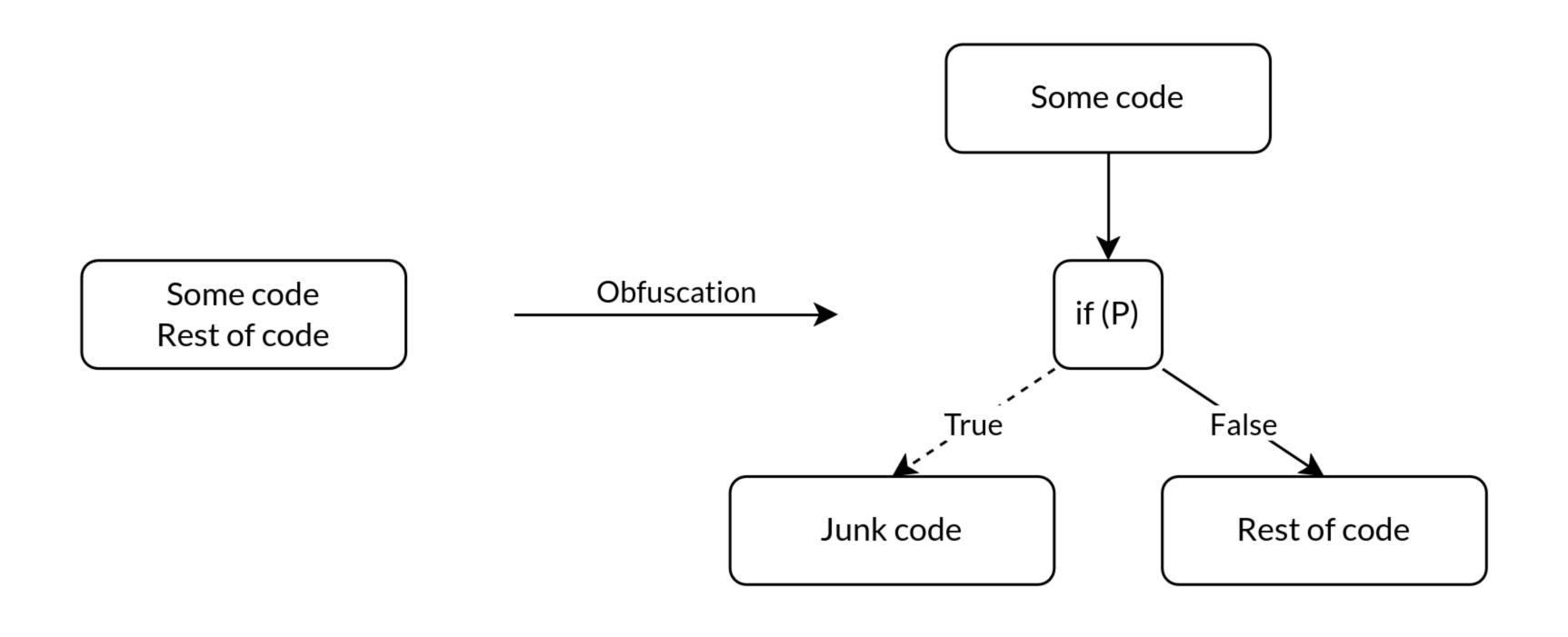
Opaque predicates

A conditional statement ${\it P}$ whose truth value is known a priori.

$$x^2 \ge 0$$
 is always true.

$$7y^2 - 1 = x^2$$
 is always false.





Detect (and patch) opaque predicates

- Symbolically execute a basic block
- Extract the branching constraints
- Check if the constraints are either always true (or false)
- Patch it to continue execution at the only possible branch and remove **NOP** the unreachable branch

Example

Example

XTunnel @ APT28: ac3e087e43be67bdc674747c665b46c2

```
# Define function start address and construct asmcfg and ircfg
f_addr = 0x491AA0
asmcfg = dis_engine.dis_multiblock(f_addr)
lifter = machine.lifter_model_call(dis_engine.loc_db)
ircfg = lifter.new_ircfg_from_asmcfg(asmcfg)
```

```
# Check whether the expr path constraint is compatible with target path constraint
def cannot_branch(expr, target):
    solver = Solver()
    translator = TranslatorZ3() # convert miasm ir into z3

exp1 = translator.from_expr(expr)
    exp2 = translator.from_expr(target)

solver.add(exp1 == exp2)
    return solver.check() == unsat
```

```
# Load the file as raw bytes
xtunnel_bytes = bytearray(open(xtunnel, 'rb').read())
for bb in asmcfg.blocks:
    # Extract address of current basic block
    bb_addr = bb.lines[0].offset

# Initialize the symbolic execution engine
    symex_engine = SymbolicExecutionEngine(lifter)

# Execute basic block
    expr = symex_engine.run_block_at(ircfg, bb_addr)
```

```
# Check if the basic block branches (conditional expression)
    if expr.is cond():
        # Check if it CANNOT branch to the TRUE branch
        if cannot branch(expr, expr.src1):
            # Get the virtual offset of the jump
            jump inst = bb.lines[-1]
            jump virtual offset = jump inst.offset
           # Get the initial and end file offsets for the jump basic block
            jump_file_offset_init = container.bin stream.bin.virt2off(
                jump virtual offset
            jump_file_offset_end = jump_file_offset_init + len(jump_inst.b)
           # Patch with NOPs
            for byte in range(jump file offset init, jump file offset end):
               xtunnel bytes[byte] = 0x90 \# NOP
open("XTunnel patched.bin", 'wb').write(xtunnel bytes)
```

Fuzzing

Increase code coverage

Code coverage

Measure of the degree to which the code of a program is executed when a set of inputs is run.

- Subroutines called
- Statements executed

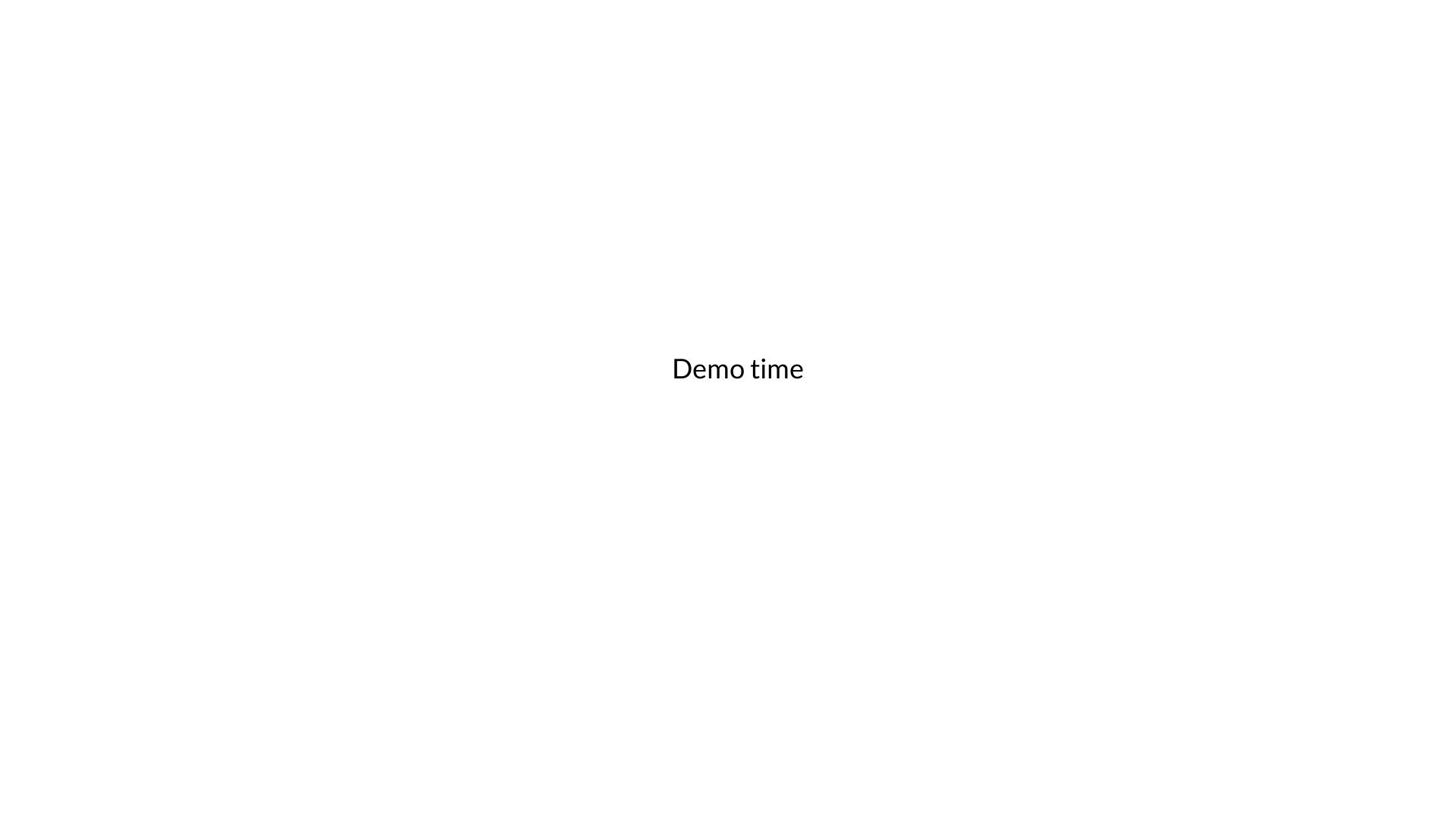
Higher code coverage \rightarrow higher chance of hitting interesting (vulnerable) code

Increase code coverage

- Start fuzzing your target with an initial seed/corpus
- Leverage symbolic execution:
 - 1. Check current inputs
 - 2. Generate inputs that trigger non-explored paths
 - 3. Feed these new inputs into the fuzzer
 - 4. Repeat

I made a (dumb) SymCC fork (SymCC++) to make it work with AFL++

https://github.com/arnaugamez/symccpp



Limitations

Limitations

And some ideas to overcome them

- Path explosion: the number of control-flow paths grows exponentially ($\rightarrow \infty$ for unbounded loops)
 - Manual location of interesting code
 - Concolic (concrete + symbolic) execution

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 - Same as with any emulator: hook 'em all

- Path explosion: the number of control-flow paths grows exponentially ($\rightarrow \infty$ for unbounded loops)
 - Manual location of interesting code
 - Concolic (concrete + symbolic) execution
- Support for syscalls, standard C library functions, etc.:
 - Same as with any emulator: hook 'em all
- Limits of SMT solvers (e.g. due to high algebraic complexity through MBA transformations):
 - Program synthesis
 - Maths[™]
 - Imagination

Training

An analytical apporach to modern binary deobfuscation

A curated training that teaches you to build, analyze and defeat obfuscated code

- Public / Private
- In-person / Remote
- 4 days (flexible)
- Details: https://furalabs.com/trainings

Upcoming

- August 05-08, 2023 @ RingZer0 Las Vegas (USA)
- August 21-24, 2023 @ HITB Remote

Thank you

Q&A