

## PROBLEM #1

$$S: N^+ = 4$$

$$N^- = 5$$

$$N = N^+ + N^- = 9$$

$$S': N^+ = 3$$

$$N^- = 6$$

$$N = 9$$

We expect  $S$  to have higher entropy than  $S'$  because entropy describes the rate of information in a sample. In other words, it relates to the balance of a sample.  $S$  is more balanced than  $S'$ . Therefore, it should have higher entropy. In fact, without using a calculator:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Entropy } (S) &= - \left[ \frac{N^+}{N} \log_2 \frac{N^+}{N} + \frac{N^-}{N} \log_2 \frac{N^-}{N} \right] \\ &= - \left[ \frac{N^+}{N} (\log_2 N^+ - \log_2 N) + \frac{N^-}{N} (\log_2 N^- - \log_2 N) \right] \\ &= - \frac{1}{N} \left[ N^+ \log_2 N^+ - N^+ \log_2 N + N^- \log_2 N^- - N^- \log_2 N \right] \\ &= - \frac{1}{N} \left[ N^+ \log_2 N^+ + N^- \log_2 N^- - (N^+ + N^-) \log_2 N \right] \\ &= - \frac{1}{N} (N^+ \log_2 N^+ + N^- \log_2 N^- - N \log_2 N) \end{aligned}$$

For  $S$  and  $S'$ ,  $N$  is the same, namely 9. So the term to compare is actually  $N^+ \log_2 N^+ + N^- \log_2 N^-$ . In fact,

$$\text{Entropy } (S) \stackrel{?}{\leq} \text{Entropy } (S')$$

$$-\frac{1}{9} (4 \log_2 4 + 5 \log_2 5 - 9 \log_2 9) \leq -\frac{1}{9} (3 \log_2 3 + 6 \log_2 6 - 9 \log_2 9)$$

$$-(4 \log_2 4 + 5 \log_2 5) \leq -(3 \log_2 3 + 6 \log_2 6)$$

$$\log_2(4^4 \cdot 5^5)^{-1} \leq \log_2(3^3 \cdot 6^6)^{-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{4^4 \cdot 5^5} \leq \frac{1}{3^3 \cdot 6^6}$$

$$\frac{3^3 \cdot 2^6 \cdot 3^6}{2^4 \cdot 2^4 \cdot 5^5} \leq 1$$

$$\frac{3^9}{2^2 \cdot 5^5} > \frac{3^9}{2^2 \cdot 3^5} = \frac{3^4}{2^2} = \frac{81}{4} > 1$$

$\Rightarrow \underline{\text{Entropy}(S) > \text{Entropy}(S')}$

(b) In  $x_1$ , we have:  $V = \{F, T\}$ ,  $S_F = \{+, -, +, -\}$ ,  $S_T = \{+, -, -\}$   
 $S = \{+, +, -, +, -, -, -\}$

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} F \\ T \\ F \\ F \\ T \\ T \\ F \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Entropy}(S_F) = -\frac{2}{4} \log_2 \frac{2}{4} - \frac{2}{4} \log_2 \frac{2}{4} = 1$$

$$\text{Entropy}(S_T) = -\frac{1}{3} \log_2 \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \log_2 \frac{2}{3} = 0.918$$

$$\text{Entropy}(S) = -\frac{3}{7} \log_2 \frac{3}{7} - \frac{4}{7} \log_2 \frac{4}{7} = 0.985$$

$$G_1(S) = \text{Entropy}(S) - \frac{4}{7} \text{Entropy}(S_F) - \frac{3}{7} \text{Entropy}(S_T)$$

$$= 0.985 - \frac{4}{7} \cdot 1 - \frac{3}{7} \cdot 0.918 = 0.0202$$

(c) i	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$r$	$G_1 = 0.02$
1	F	F	F	+	
2	T	F	T	+	$G_2 = 0.02$
3	F	F	T	-	
4	F	T	F	+	$G_3 = 0.02$
5	T	T	F	-	
6	T	T	T	-	WE SPLIT ON $x_1$
7	F	F	F	-	(WE PICK RANDOMLY AS THEY ARE ALL EQUAL)

$$G_2 = 0.985 - \frac{4}{7} \cdot 1 - \frac{3}{7} \cdot 0.918 = 0.02$$

$$S_F = \{ + + - - \}$$

$$S_T = \{ + - - \}$$

↑ FIRST PART OF TREE :

$$[x_1^{(1)} x_1^{(2)} x_1^{(3)} x_1^{(4)} x_1^{(5)} x_1^{(6)} x_1^{(7)}]$$

$$G_3 = \text{SAME}$$

$$S_F = \{ + + - - \}$$

$$S_T = \{ + - - \}$$

$$x_1 = T$$

$$[x_1^{(2)} x_1^{(5)} x_1^{(6)}]$$

\*

$$x_1 = F$$

$$[x_1^{(1)} x_1^{(3)} x_1^{(4)} x_1^{(7)}]$$

\*\*

1	$X_2$	$X_3$	$r$	$I(G_2) = -\frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \log \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}(0) - \frac{2}{3}(0)$
2	F	T	+	$\hookrightarrow S_F = \{+\}$
5	T	F	-	$\hookrightarrow S_T = \{-\}$
6	T	T	-	$S = \{+ -\}$

$$I(G_3) = -\frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \log \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \cdot (0) - \frac{2}{3} \cdot (1) = 0.25$$

$\hookrightarrow S_F = \{-\}$   
 $S_T = \{+, -\}$   
 $S = \{+ -\}$

$\Rightarrow$  we split on  $X_2$  because for  $X_2$ , the IG is higher than the IG for  $X_3$ .

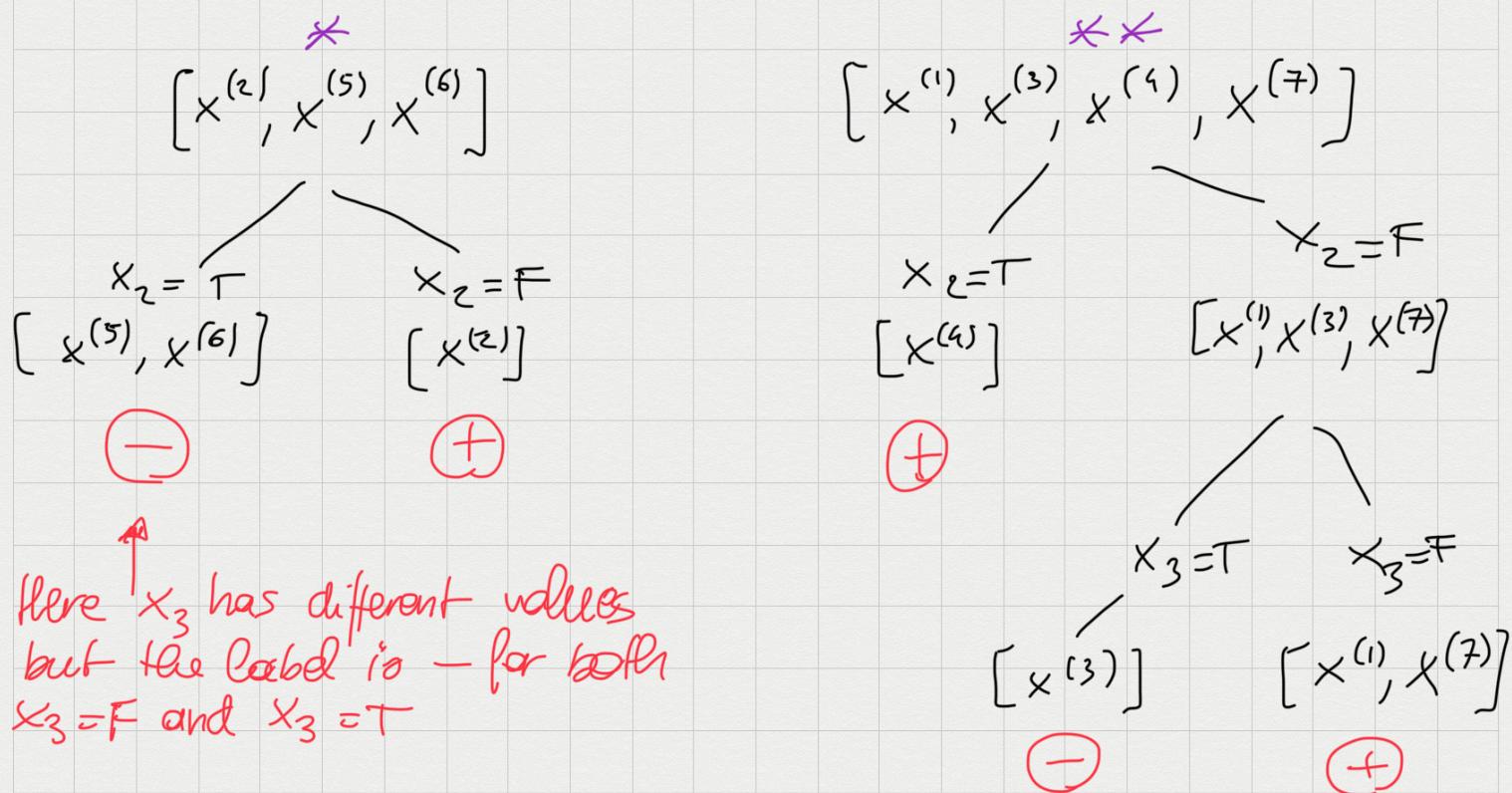
2	$X_2$	$X_3$	$r$	$I(G_2) = 1 - \frac{1}{4}(0) - \frac{3}{4}(0.918) = 0.31$
1	F	F	+	$\hookrightarrow S_T = \{+\}$
3	F	T	-	$\hookrightarrow S_F = \{+ -\}$
4	T	F	+	$\hookrightarrow S = \{+ -\}$
7	F	F	-	$\uparrow$ <u>SAME</u> $\downarrow$

$$I(G_3) = 1 - \frac{1}{4}(0) - \frac{3}{4}(0.918) = 0.31$$

$\hookrightarrow S_T = \{-\}$   
 $S_F = \{++-\}$   
 $S = \{+ -\}$

$\Rightarrow$  we pick randomly  
 $X_2$

## SECOND PART OF TREE:



Training accuracy can't be 100%

$$(d) H(Y) = - \sum_{i=1}^n P(Y=i) \log_2 P(Y=i)$$

$$H(Y|X_i) = \sum_x P[X_i=x] \cdot \left( \sum_y -P[Y=y|X=x] \log_2 P[Y=y|X=x] \right)$$

$$H(Y) - H(Y|X) \text{ mutual information.} = H(X) - H(X|Y)$$

↳  $I(X; Y)$

$$H(Y) = - \left[ P(Y=+) \log_2 P(Y=+) + P(Y=-) \log_2 P(Y=-) \right]$$

$$= - \left[ \frac{3}{7} \log_2 \frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{7} \log_2 \frac{4}{7} \right] = 0.985$$

$$H(Y|X_1) = P(X_1=T) \left[ -P(Y=+|X_1=T) \log_2 P(Y=+|X_1=T) + \right.$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \left. - P(Y=-|X_1=T) \log_2 P(Y=-|X_1=T) \right] +$$

$$+ P(X_1=F) \left[ -P(Y=+|X_1=F) \log_2 P(Y=+|X_1=F) + \right.$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \left. - P(Y=-|X_1=F) \log_2 P(Y=-|X_1=F) \right]$$

$$= \frac{3}{7} \cdot \left[ -\frac{1}{3} \log_2 \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \log_2 \frac{2}{3} \right] +$$

$$+ \frac{4}{7} \left[ -\frac{2}{4} \log_2 \frac{2}{4} - \frac{2}{4} \log_2 \frac{2}{4} \right] = \frac{3}{7} \cdot 0.918 + \frac{4}{7} \cdot 1$$

$$= 0.96486$$

$$H(Y) - H(Y|X_1) = 0.985 - 0.965 = \underline{\underline{0.0202}}$$

$$(e) S = \{l_1, l_1, \dots, l_1, l_2, \dots, l_3, \dots, l_z\} \quad \#S = N$$

GROUPS OF EQUAL LABELS

The diagram shows a horizontal line representing N items. This line is divided into z equal segments by vertical dashed lines. Each segment is labeled  $\frac{N}{z}$ . Brackets above the segments group them into four categories, corresponding to the labels l1, l2, l3, and l.

$$L = \{l_1, l_2, \dots, l_z\} \quad \#L = z$$

$$\text{Entropy } (S) = - \sum_{l \in L} \frac{N_l}{N} \log_2 \frac{N_l}{N}$$

$$= - \sum_{l \in L} \frac{\frac{N}{z}}{N} \log_2 \frac{\frac{N}{z}}{N}$$

$$= - \sum_{l \in L} \frac{1}{z} \log \frac{1}{z}$$

$$= - \cancel{z} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{z}} \log \frac{1}{z} = \underline{\log z}$$

amc 1354 &amp; ads 798

PROBLEM #2

$$(a) A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 14 \\ 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix} - \lambda \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\lambda & 14 \\ 6 & 9-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A - \lambda I| &= -\lambda(9-\lambda) - 14 \cdot 6 = -9\lambda + \lambda^2 - 84 \\ &= \lambda^2 - 9\lambda - 84 \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \lambda^2 - 9\lambda - 84 = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{81 + 4 \cdot 84}}{2} = \frac{9}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{417}}{2}$$

14.71  
-5.71

$$(c) \lambda_1 = 14.71$$

$$A v_1 = \lambda_1 v_1 \quad \begin{bmatrix} -14.71 & 14 \\ 6 & 9-14.71 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-14.71 \cdot x_1 + 14 y_1 = 0$$

$x_1 = \frac{14}{14.71} y_1$  so, eigenvectors are of the form  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{14}{14.71} y_1 \end{bmatrix} x_1$

Now, adding the condition  $\sqrt{x_1^2 + y_1^2} = 1$ , we have :

$$\sqrt{1^2 + \left(\frac{14}{14.71}\right)^2} x_1 = 1 \Rightarrow x_1 = \pm 0.7244 \Rightarrow v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \pm 0.7244 \\ \pm 0.6894 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_1 = \pm 0.7244 \cdot \frac{14}{14.71}$$

$$\lambda_2 = -5.71029$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} +5.71 & 14 \\ 6 & 9+5.71 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$5.71 x_2 + 14 y_2 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_2 = -\frac{14}{5.71} y_2 \\ \sqrt{x_2^2 + y_2^2} = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\sqrt{1^2 + \left(\frac{14}{5.71}\right)^2} x_2 = 1 \Rightarrow x_2 = \pm 0.3777 \Rightarrow v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \pm 0.3777 \\ \mp 0.9259 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_2 = -(\pm 0.3777) \cdot \frac{14}{5.71}$$

(d) import numpy as np

$A = \text{np.matrix}([[0, 14], [6, 9]])$

$[V, D] = \text{np.eig}(A)$

$\text{linalg.eig}(A)$

... CHECK OTHER PDF FILE

### PROBLEM #3

(a)

$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$
5	2	4
9	6	4
7	1	0
2	5	6

centering

$x_1^c$	$x_2^c$	$x_3^c$
-0.75	-1.5	0.5
3.25	2.5	0.5
1.25	-2.5	-3.5
-3.75	1.5	2.5

mean:  $5.75 \begin{bmatrix} 3.5 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\text{mean}(x_1) = \frac{5+9+7+2}{4} = \frac{23}{4} = 5.75 \quad \text{mean}(x_2) = \frac{2+6+1+5}{4} = \frac{14}{4} = 3.5$$

$$\text{mean}(x_3) = \frac{4+4+6}{4} = 2 + \frac{3}{2} = 3.5$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -0.75 & -1.5 & 0.5 \\ 3.25 & 2.5 & 0.5 \\ 1.25 & -2.5 & -3.5 \\ -3.75 & 1.5 & 2.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b)  $s_{1,3} = \frac{\sum_t (x_1^t - s_1)(x_3^t - s_3)}{N-1}$  covariance in B

note that  $s_1^c = s_2^c = s_3^c = 0$  in B

$$s_{1,3} = \frac{-0.75 \cdot 0.5 + 3.25 \cdot 0.5 + 1.25 \cdot (-3.5) - 3.75 \cdot 2.5}{4-1}$$

$$= -4.16667$$

(c)  $B = \text{np.matrix}[[\dots]]$

`np.cov(B)` ← check entry  $\boxed{1,3}$

`max(linalg.eig(B))` ... CHECK OTHER PDF FILE

(d) Run code and output 1<sup>st</sup> 2 columns of Z  
... CHECK OTHER PDF FILE

**PROBLEM #5** RUN ENTIRELY ON PYTHON ... CHECK OTHER PDF FILE  
(#4, 4cusey)