

# Visualization for Data Science

## Visualization Grammar

### Introduction to Altair



# Data Abstraction Clicker Review Questions

What is the data attribute type for each column?

postal\_code

education\_level

IQ\_score

pH\_preference

birth\_year

- A. Quantitative – Interval
- B. Quantitative – Ratio
- C. Quantitative – Temporal
- D. Nominal
- E. Ordinal

## Dataset Description

A psychology research study collected data from 150 participants on cognitive performance and demographics:

Variable	Example Values	Description
postal_code	90210, 10001, 60601, 30309, 94102	Participant's ZIP/postal code
education_level	"High School", "Some College", "Bachelor's", "Master's", "PhD"	Highest education completed
IQ_score	85, 100, 115, 130, 95, 110	Standardized IQ test score
pH_preference	6.2, 7.0, 7.8, 6.5, 8.1, 7.4	Preferred pH level for drinking water
birth_year	1985, 1992, 1978, 2001, 1995, 1988	Year participant was born

## Sample Data

postal_code	education_level	IQ_score	pH_preference	birth_year
90210	Bachelor's	110	7.2	1995
60601	Master's	125	6.8	1988
10001	High School	95	7.5	2001
30309	PhD	135	6.5	1982
94102	Some College	105	7.8	1992

# Definitions: Marks and channels

- Marks: what we see, the basic geometric primitives

→ Points



→ Lines



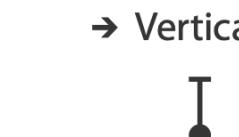
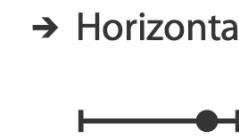
→ Areas



Interlocking Areas

- Channels: the way to control the appearance of marks, independent of the dimensionality of the geometric primitive

→ Position



→ Color



- Channel properties differ: type & amount of information that can be conveyed to human perceptual system

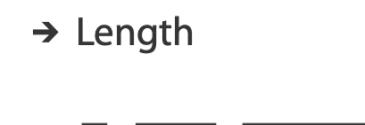
→ Shape



→ Tilt



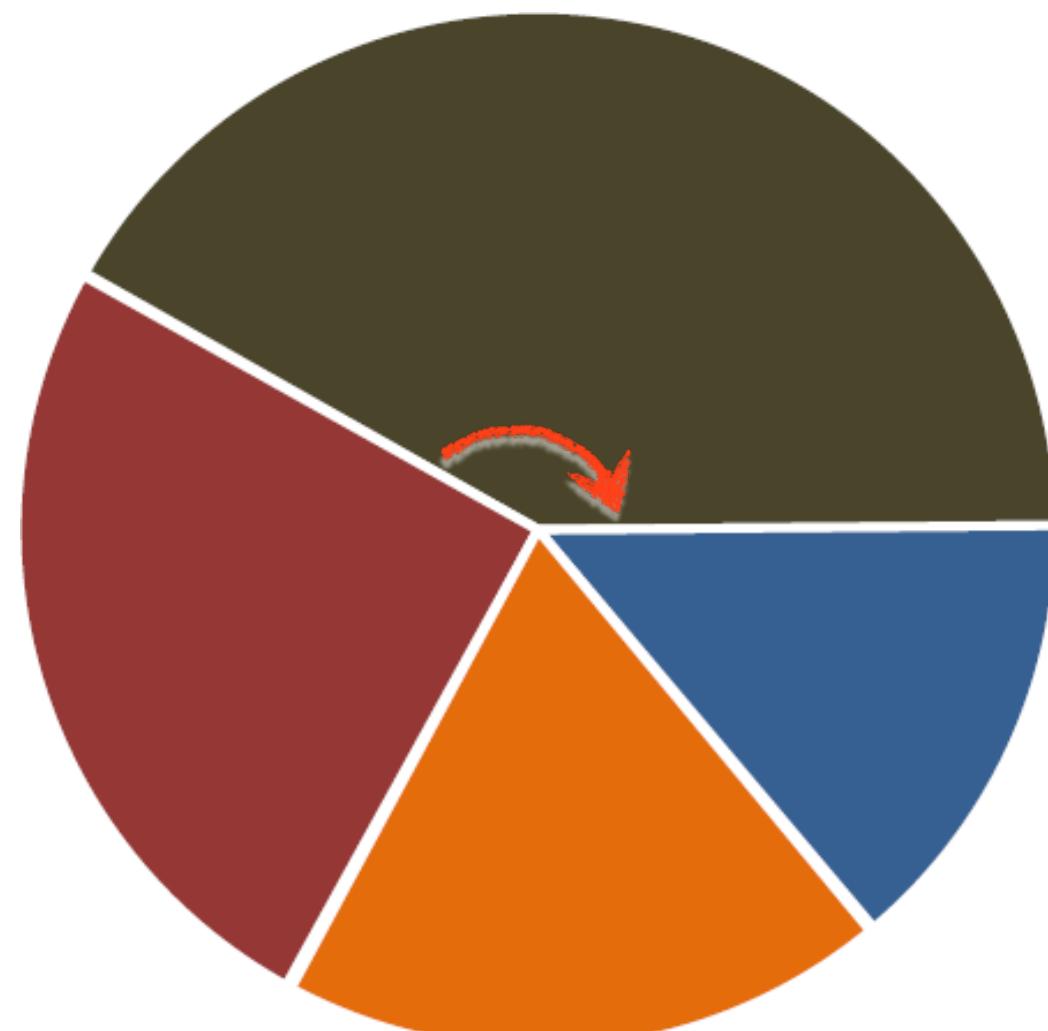
→ Size



→ Volume



# of attributes encoded: 2



MARK:

→ Points



→ Lines



→ Areas



CHANNEL:

→ Position



→ Color



→ Shape



→ Tilt



→ Size

→ Length



→ Area



→ Volume



# Clicker Question

Shooting Media Coverage

What is the mark?

A: points

B: lines

C: interlocking areas

What are the channels?

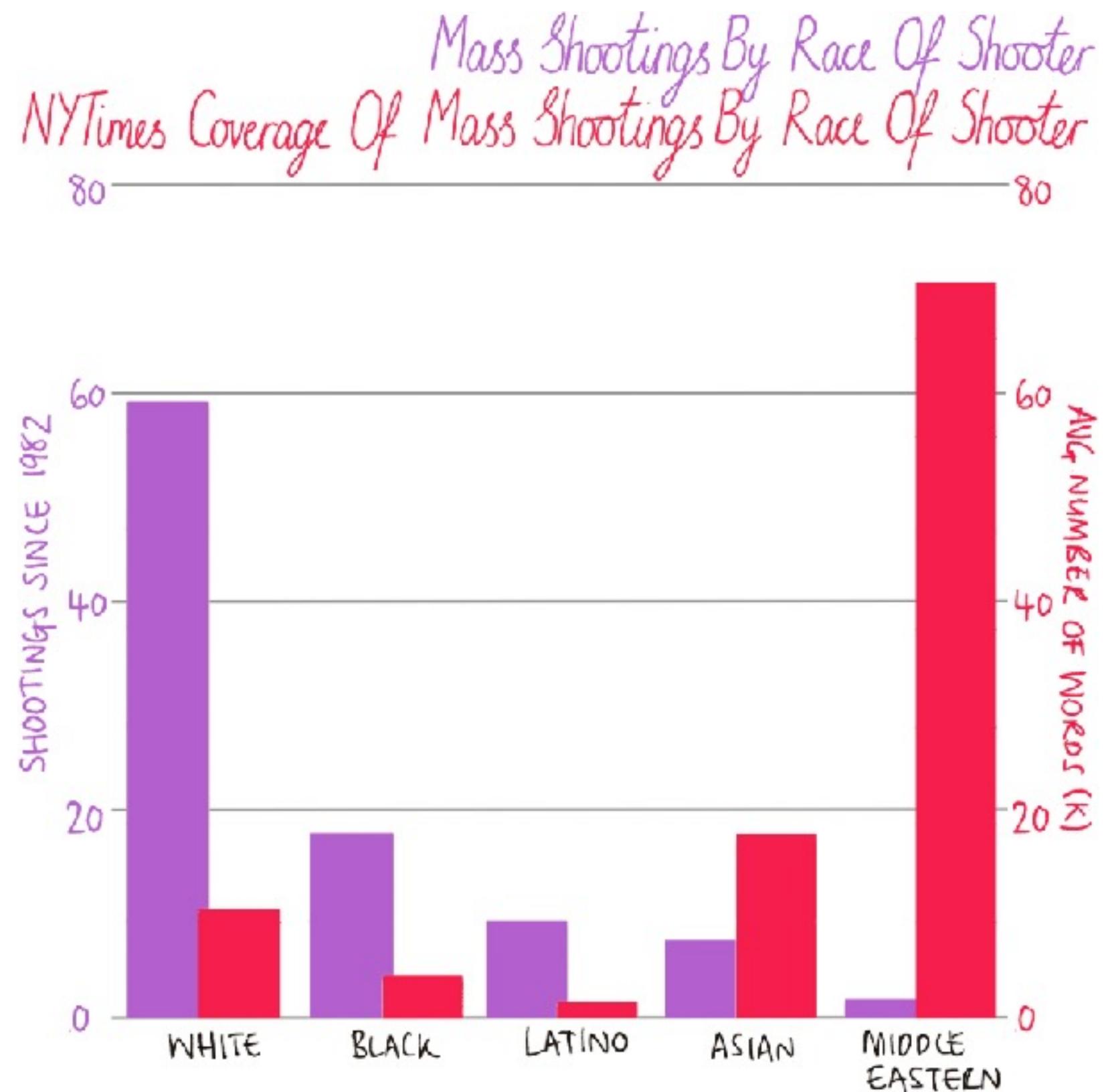
A: vertical position

B: color

C: horizontal position

D: area

E: angle



# Clicker Question

## Alpen Forest Fires

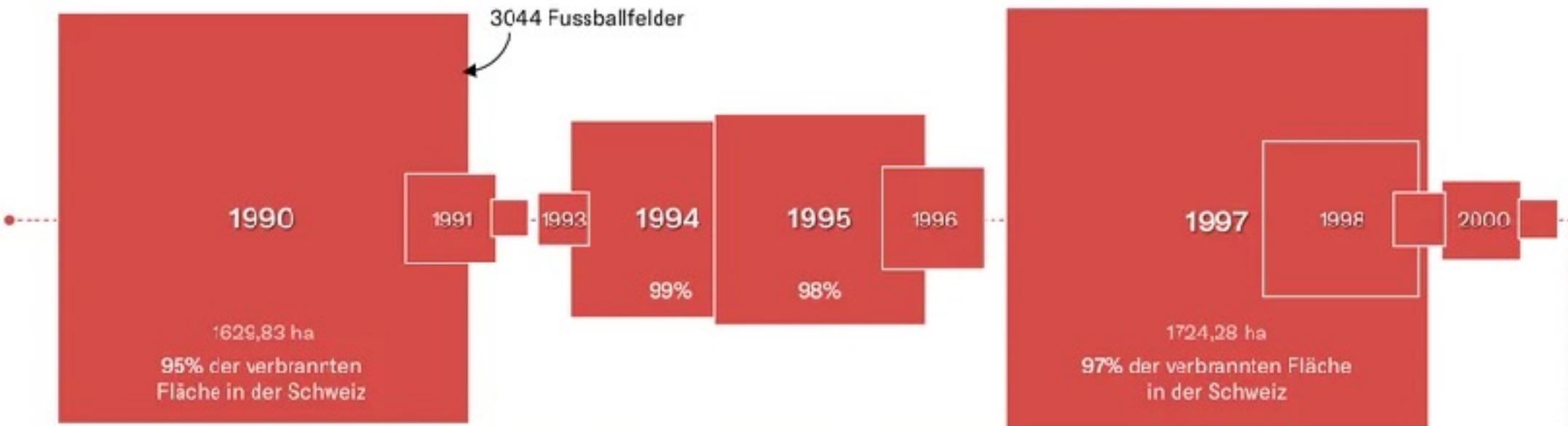
### What are the marks

- A: points
- B: lines
- C: interlocking areas

### What are the channel(s)

- A: vertical position
- B: color
- C: horizontal position
- D: area
- E: angle

Burned area in hectares on the southern side of the Alps



# Clicker Question

More Alpen Forest Fires

What are the mark(s)

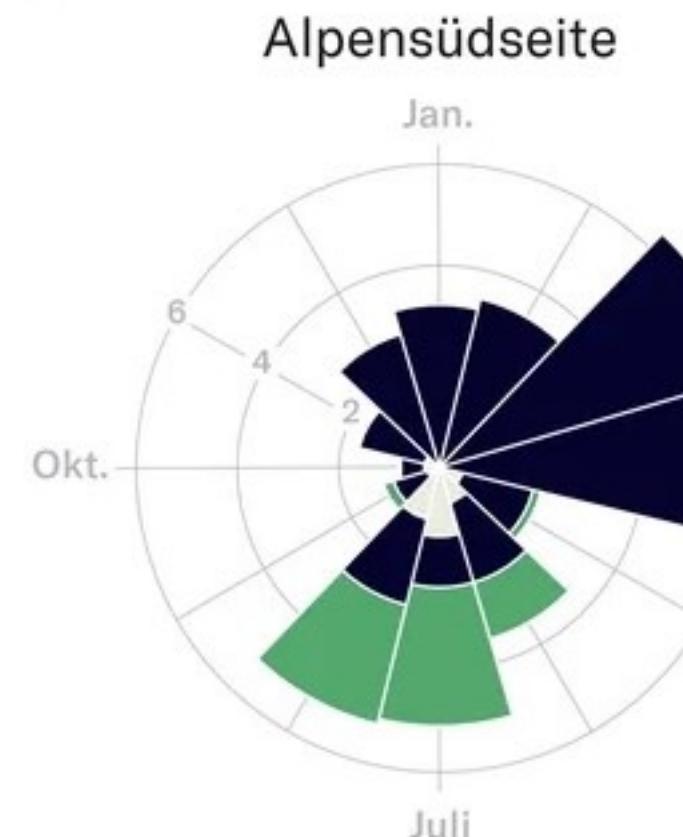
- A: points
- B: lines
- C: interlocking areas

What are the channel(s)

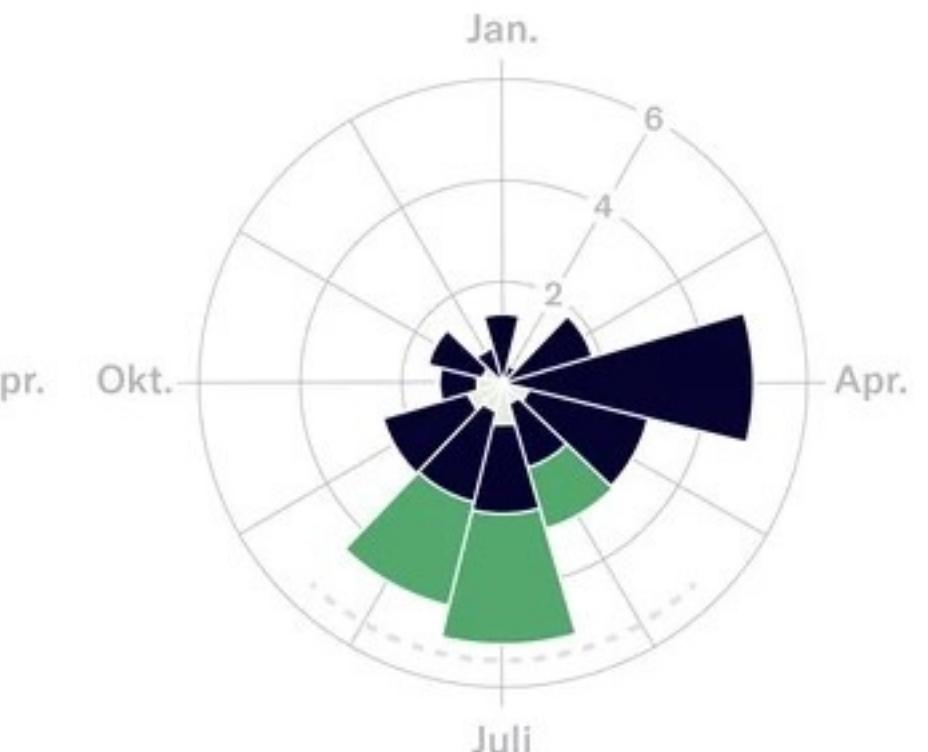
- A: position
- B: color
- C: length
- D: area
- E: angle

Monthly distribution of forest fires in the Alpine regions caused by,,,

● den Menschen ● Blitzschläge ● unbekannt

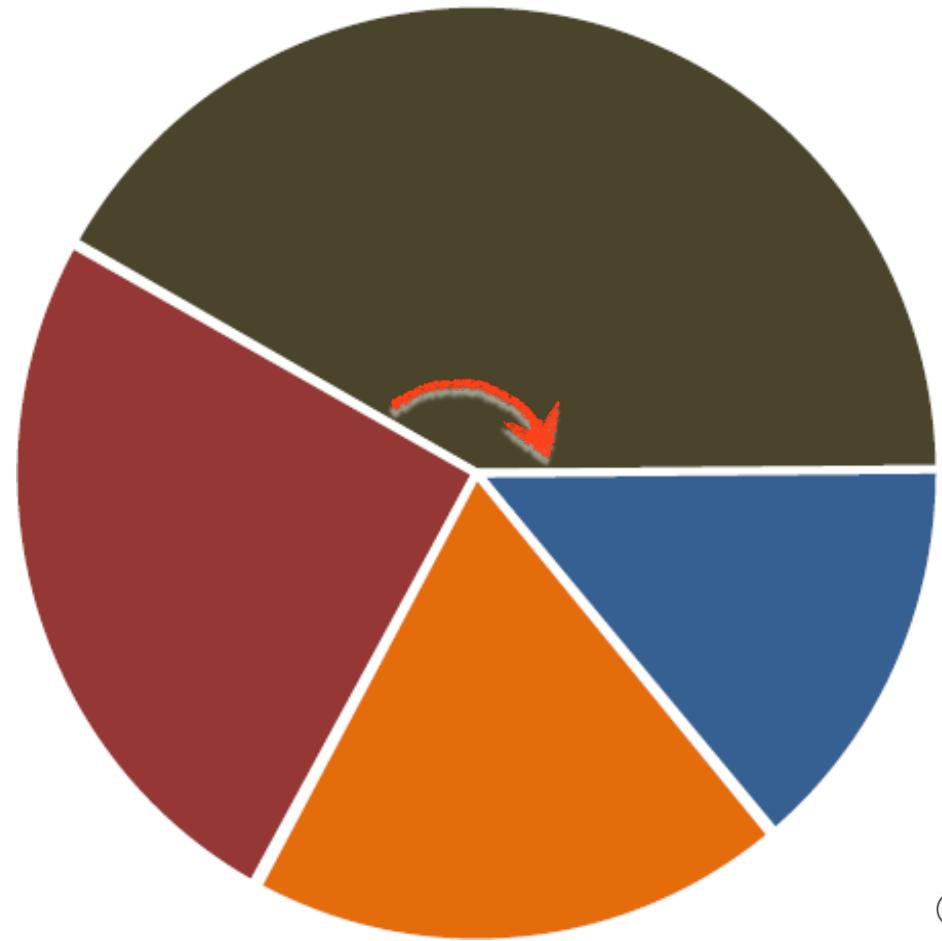


andere Alpengebiete



Average numbers in the period 2000-2018  
Source: [Swissfire forest fire database](#)

NZZ / awi.



④ Position

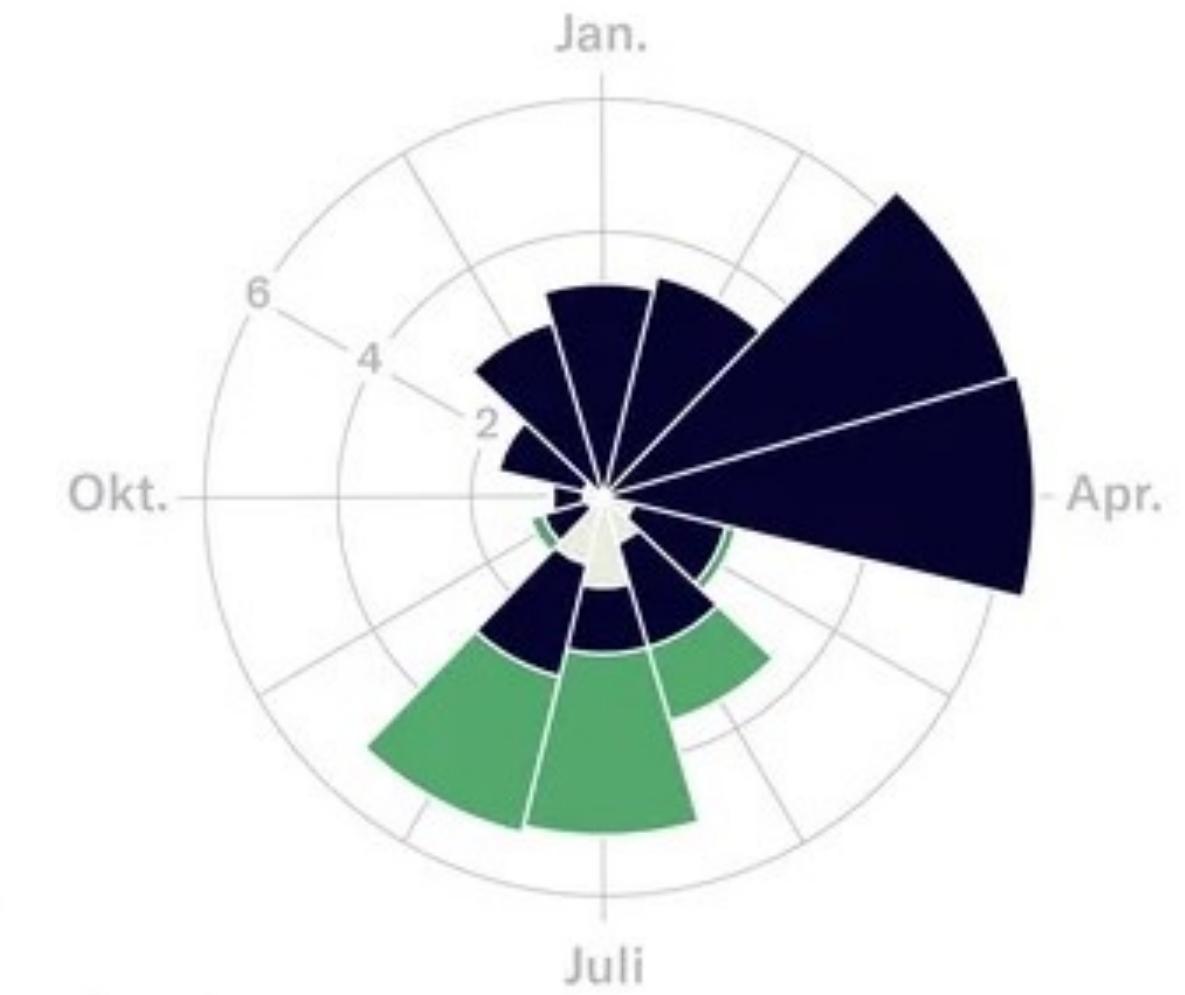
- Horizontal
  - Vertical
  - Both
- 

④ Shape



④ Size

- Length
  - Area
  - Volume
- 



④ Color



④ Tilt



# Learning Outcomes

Use makes and channels to create charts in Altair

- Chart Object
- How to attach data to the Chart
- How to specify each channel and describe which attribute encodes

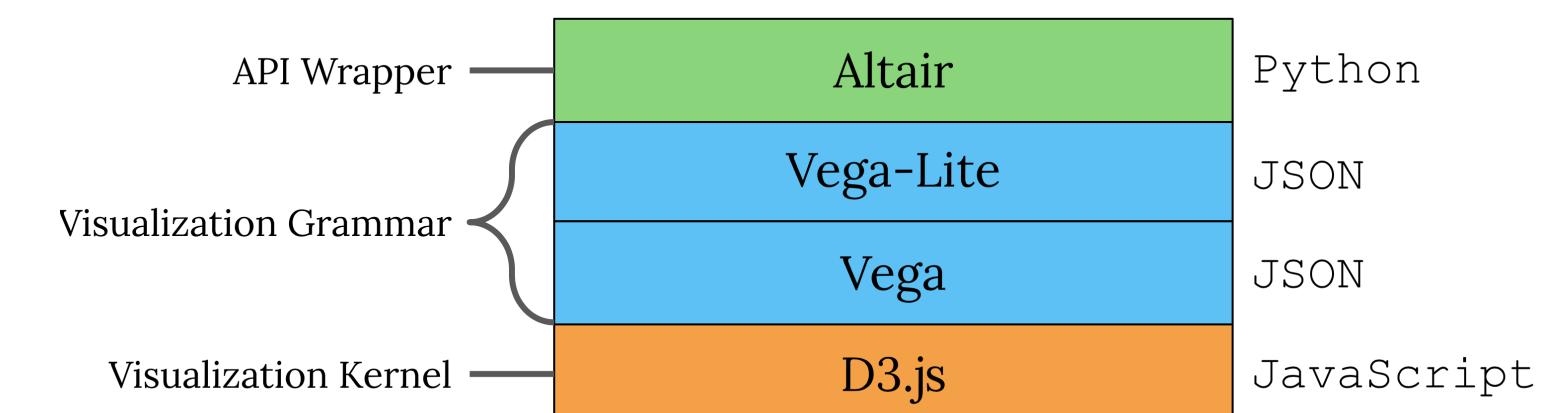
# Grammar for Creating Visualizations

A framework which follows a layered approach to describe, design, create visualizations in a structured fashion.

Grammar of Graphics – Leland Wilkinson  
Layered Grammar of Graphics – Hadley Wickman (R visualization package `ggplot2`)

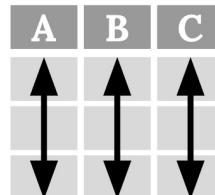
Vega is a visualization grammar, a declarative language for creating, saving, and sharing interactive visualization designs. Vega-Altair – statistical visualization library for Python.

Others: [Cicero](#), [Mascot](#)

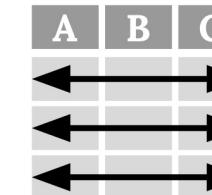


# What is Altair

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U7w1XumKK60>



Variables

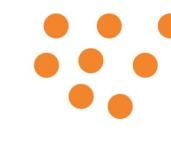


Observations

&



Line



Circle

A	A	B
A	C	B
C	C	B

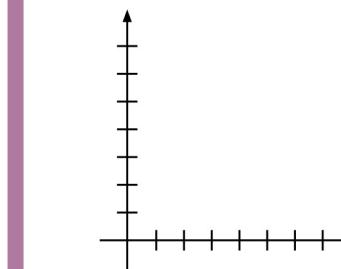
Text



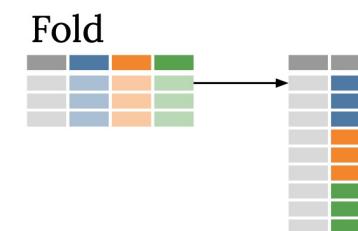
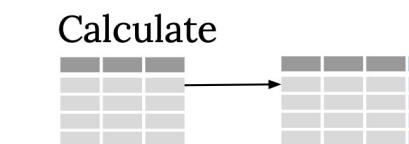
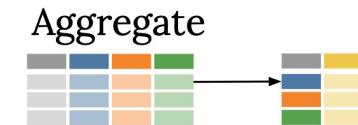
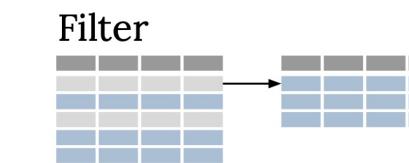
Bar



Channel	Variable
X Position	A
Y Position	B
Size	C
Color	D
:	:



$$f(\text{domain}) \rightarrow \text{range}$$



# Altair Basics

## Create a Chart Object

```
alt.Chart(data).mark_bar().encode(  
    channel_1 = 'column1',  
    channel_2 = 'column2',  
)
```

Attach data to the Chart Object

Specify the mark type

Specify each channel and what data attribute it encodes