

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \\
 & P[\text{Group 1 kicker kicks a field goal}] = \frac{1}{2} \\
 & P[\text{Group 2} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{\substack{\text{kicker from } G_1 \\ \downarrow \\ \text{kicker from } G_2}}] = \frac{1}{3} \\
 & K = (K \cap G_1) \cup (K \cap G_2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P[K] &= P[K \cap G_1] + P[K \cap G_2] \\
 &= \underbrace{P[K|G_1]}_{\frac{1}{2}} P[G_1] + P[K|G_2] P[G_2] \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) P[G_1] + \frac{1}{3} P[G_2] \\
 &= \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}_{\uparrow} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{\uparrow} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}_{\uparrow} \underbrace{\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)}_{\uparrow} =
 \end{aligned}$$

K_i is the event that kicker i kicks a field goal.

$G_i^{(i)}$ is the event that the first kicker is from group i

$$K_1 = (K_1 \cap G_1^{(1)}) \cup (K_1 \cap G_1^{(2)})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P[K_1] &= P[K_1 \cap G_1^{(1)}] + P[K_1 \cap G_1^{(2)}] \\
 &= P[K_1 | G_1^{(1)}] P[G_1^{(1)}] + P[K_1 | G_1^{(2)}] P[G_1^{(2)}] \\
 &= (0.5) \left(\frac{3}{9}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{6}{9}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P[K_2] &= P\left[K_2 \cap \underbrace{(G_1^{(1)} \cap G_2^{(1)})}_{\text{both from group 1}}\right] + P\left[K_2 \cap \underbrace{(G_1^{(1)} \cap G_2^{(2)})}_{\text{group 1 then group 2}}\right] \\
 &\quad + P\left[K_2 \cap \underbrace{(G_1^{(2)} \cap G_2^{(1)})}_{\text{group 2 then group 1}}\right] + P\left[K_2 \cap \underbrace{(G_1^{(2)} \cap G_2^{(2)})}_{\text{both from group 2}}\right] \\
 &\quad \swarrow \\
 &= P\left[K_2 | G_1^{(1)} \cap G_2^{(1)}\right] P[G_1^{(1)} \cap G_2^{(1)}] \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) P[G_1^{(1)} \cap G_2^{(1)}]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P[G_1^{(1)} \cap G_2^{(1)}] &= P[G_2^{(1)} | G_1^{(1)}] P[G_1^{(1)}] \\
 &= \underbrace{\left(\frac{2}{2+6}\right)}_{\uparrow} \left(\frac{3}{9}\right) = \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}_{\uparrow} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P[G_1^{(1)}] = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P[G_2^{(1)}] = ?$$

$$G_2^{(1)} = (G_2^{(1)} \cap G_1^{(1)}) \cup (G_2^{(1)} \cap G_1^{(2)})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P[G_2^{(1)}] &= P[G_2^{(1)} | G_1^{(1)}] P[G_1^{(1)}] + P[G_2^{(1)} | G_1^{(2)}] P[G_1^{(2)}] \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{2}{8}\right) \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 1.9.5



There is a collection of field goal kickers, which can be divided into two groups 1 and 2. Group i has $3i$ kickers. On any kick, a kicker from group i will kick a field goal with probability $1/(i + 1)$, independent of the outcome of any other kicks by that kicker or any other kicker.

- (a) A kicker is selected at random from among all the kickers and attempts one field goal. Let K be the event that a field goal is kicked. Find $P[K]$.
- (b) Two kickers are selected at random. For $j = 1, 2$, let K_j be the event that kicker j kicks a field goal. Find $P[K_1 \cap K_2]$. Are K_1 and K_2 independent events?
- (c) A kicker is selected at random and attempts 10 field goals. Let M be the number of misses. Find $P[M = 5]$.