

# CS 354 - Assignment 6

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## Question 1

```
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb x
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown Run All Restart Execute Group 1 Execute Group 2 Clear All Outputs Jupyter Variables Outline ...

Defining the Model Architecture and BackPropagation Method

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

(1)

e = 1e1

# Activation Function
def sigmoid(x, grad = True):
    value = 1/(1 + np.exp(-1*x))
    if grad:
        # For Backpropagation
        grad = value*(1-value)
        return value, grad
    return value

class Perceptron:
    def __init__(self, input_shape, output_shape, activation = sigmoid):
        self.weight = np.random.normal(size=(input_shape, output_shape)) # Random Initialization of Weights
        self.activation = activation

    def __call__(self, inp, grad):
        output = self.weight.T @ inp # Forward Pass
        if grad:
            output, grad = self.activation(output, grad)
            return output, grad
        output = self.activation(output, grad) # Activation
        return output
```

```
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb X
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Outline ...

class DiabetesClassifier:
    def __init__(self, input_shape, output_shape, num_hidden_layers, num_hidden_neurons):
        assert num_hidden_layers > 0, "There should be at least one hidden layer" # As required by the assignment

        if type(num_hidden_neurons) != list:
            num_hidden_neurons = [num_hidden_neurons] * num_hidden_layers

        assert num_hidden_layers == len(num_hidden_neurons), "The Number of Hidden Neurons should be in Number of Hidden Layers" # Required for forward pass

        # Making the Feed Forward Neural Network
        self.layers = [Perceptron(input_shape, num_hidden_neurons[0])] # First Layer
        for i in range(num_hidden_layers-1):
            self.layers.append(Perceptron(num_hidden_neurons[i], num_hidden_neurons[i+1])) # Hidden Layers
        self.layers.append(Perceptron(num_hidden_neurons[-1], output_shape)) # Output Layer
        self.grad = True

    # Entire Forward Pass
    def __call__(self, input):
        self.inputs = [input]
        self.gradients = []
        output, grad = self.layers[0](input, self.grad) # First Layer Forward Pass
        self.gradients.append(grad)
        for layer in self.layers[1:]:
            self.inputs.append(output)
            output, grad = layer(output, self.grad) # Passing the output of the previous layer to the next layer
            self.gradients.append(grad)
        return output

    # Backpropagation
    def update_weights(self, grad_loss):
        grad = self.gradients[-1] * grad_loss
        self.layers[-1].weight -= grad * np.expand_dims(self.inputs[-1], axis=-1)
        for i in range(len(self.layers)-1)[::-1]:
            grad = np.expand_dims(self.gradients[i], axis=-1) * self.layers[i+1].weight @ grad
            self.layers[i].weight -= self.lr * np.expand_dims(self.inputs[i], axis=-1) @ np.expand_dims(grad, axis=-1).T
```

```
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb X
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All | Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Outline ...

def train(self, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, learning_rate, n_epochs, logging_epochs = 10, validation_epochs = 100):
    validation_epochs = min(validation_epochs, n_epochs)
    self.lr = learning_rate
    for current_epoch in range(0, n_epochs + 1):
        total_loss = 0
        train_accuracy = 0
        for x, y in zip(X_train, y_train):
            pred = self(x) # Forward Pass
            loss, grad_loss = MSELoss(pred, y) # Loss Calculation
            total_loss += loss
            train_accuracy += (y == (pred>=0.5))
            self.update_weights(grad_loss) # Backpropagation
        if current_epoch % logging_epochs == 0:
            print("\nEpoch: ", current_epoch)
            print("Loss: ", total_loss/len(X_train))
            print("Train Accuracy: ", train_accuracy/len(X_train))

        # Validation
        if current_epoch % validation_epochs == 0:
            val_loss = 0
            val_accuracy = 0
            for x, y in zip(X_test, y_test):
                pred = self(x)
                loss, _ = MSELoss(pred, y)
                val_loss += loss/len(X_test)
                val_accuracy += (y == (pred>=0.5))
            print("Validation Loss: ", total_loss/len(X_test))
            print("Validation Accuracy: ", val_accuracy/len(X_test))

    print("\nTraining Finished!")
    print("Epoch: ", current_epoch)
    print("Loss: ", total_loss/len(X_train))
    print("Train Accuracy: ", train_accuracy/len(X_train))

    # Final Validation
    val_loss = 0
    val_accuracy = 0
    for x, y in zip(X_test, y_test):
        pred = self(x)
        loss, _ = MSELoss(pred, y)
        val_loss += loss/len(X_test)
        val_accuracy += (y == (pred>=0.5))
    print("Validation Loss: ", total_loss/len(X_test))
    print("Validation Accuracy: ", val_accuracy/len(X_test))
```

Diabetes\_Neural\_Network.ipynb x

Diabetes\_Neural\_Network.ipynb > M Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np\_train\_data.shape, np\_test\_data.shape)

Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Out

[2]

```
# Loss Function
def MSELoss(prediction, truth):
    loss = 0.5 * (prediction - truth) ** 2
    grad = prediction - truth
    return loss, grad
```

## Training the Model on Iris Dataset

```
train_data = pd.read_csv("diabetes_train.csv")
print(train_data.columns)

test_data = pd.read_excel("diabetes_test.xlsx")
print(test_data.columns)
```

[4]

```
Index(['Pregnancies', 'Glucose', 'BloodPressure', 'SkinThickness', 'Insulin',
       'BMI', 'DiabetesPedigreeFunction', 'Age', 'Outcome'],
      dtype='object')
Index(['Pregnancies', 'Glucose', 'BloodPressure', 'SkinThickness', 'Insulin',
       'BMI', 'DiabetesPedigreeFunction', 'Age', 'Outcome'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
print(train_data.head())
print(train_data.tail())

print(test_data.head())
print(test_data.tail())
```

[5]

```
...   Pregnancies  Glucose  BloodPressure  SkinThickness  Insulin  BMI  \
0         6.0     148.0         72.0         35.0       0.0  33.6
1         1.0     85.0         66.0         29.0       0.0  26.6
2         8.0    183.0         64.0          0.0       0.0  23.3
3         1.0     89.0         66.0         23.0      94.0  28.1
4         0.0    137.0         40.0         35.0     168.0  43.1

      DiabetesPedigreeFunction  Age  Outcome
0                0.627  50.0      1.0
1                0.351  31.0      0.0
```

```
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb X
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All Restart | Execute Group 1 || Execute Group 2 | Clear
763      0.171  63.0    0.0
764      0.340  27.0    0.0
765      0.245  30.0    0.0
...
46       0.446   22     0
47       0.402   22     1
48       1.318   33     1
49       0.315   23     0
Output is truncated. View as a scrollable element or open in a text editor. Adjust cell output settings...

print(train_data.Outcome.unique())
print(test_data.Outcome.unique())
[7]
... [ 1.  0. nan]
[1 0]

print(len(train_data))
print(len(test_data))
[8]
... 767
50

# dropping NA fields as train data have them
train_data = train_data.dropna()
test_data = test_data.dropna()
[ ]

print(len(train_data))
print(len(test_data))
[10]
... 718
50
```

```

Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb X
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Outline ...

train_data = train_data.sample(frac = 1)

[11]

print(train_data.head())
print(train_data.tail())

[12]

...
Pregnancies  Glucose  BloodPressure  SkinThickness  Insulin  BMI  \
526          1.0    97.0           64.0           19.0    82.0  18.2
340          1.0   130.0           70.0           13.0   105.0  25.9
732          2.0   174.0           88.0           37.0   120.0  44.5
402          5.0   136.0           84.0           41.0    88.0  35.0
412          1.0   143.0           84.0           23.0   310.0  42.4

DiabetesPedigreeFunction  Age  Outcome
526                    0.299  21.0     0.0
340                    0.472  22.0     0.0
732                    0.646  24.0     1.0
402                    0.286  35.0     1.0
412                    1.076  22.0     0.0

Pregnancies  Glucose  BloodPressure  SkinThickness  Insulin  BMI  \
688          1.0   140.0           74.0           26.0   180.0  24.1
631          0.0   102.0           78.0           40.0    90.0  34.5
756          7.0   137.0           90.0           41.0     0.0  32.0
35           4.0   103.0           60.0           33.0   192.0  24.0
336          0.0   117.0           0.0           0.0     0.0  33.8

DiabetesPedigreeFunction  Age  Outcome
688                    0.828  23.0     0.0
631                    0.238  24.0     0.0
756                    0.391  39.0     0.0
35                     0.966  33.0     0.0
336                    0.932  44.0     0.0

np_train_data = train_data.to_numpy()
np_test_data = test_data.to_numpy()

[13]

X_train, y_train = np_train_data[:, :-1], np_train_data[:, -1]
X_test, y_test = np_test_data[:, :-1], np_test_data[:, -1]

[14]

```

```

Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb X
Diabetes_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Outline ...

print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
print(X_train.shape, y_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_test.shape)

[18]

...
(718, 9) (50, 9)
(718, 8) (718,) (50, 8) (50,)

# IrisClassifier : input shape, output shape, num_hidden_layers, num_hidden_neurons
model = DiabetesClassifier(8, 1, num_hidden_layers = 1, num_hidden_neurons = [10])
# train method() : X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, learning_rate, n_epochs, logging_epochs = 10, validation_epochs = 100
model.train(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, 0.0001, 30, 5, 10)

[19]

```

```
/tmp/ipykernel\_9327/1659400037.py:5: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in exp  
value = 1/(1 + np.exp(-1*x))
```

```
Epoch: 0  
Loss: [0.12353083]  
Train Accuracy: [0.63509749]  
Validation Loss: [1.77390278]  
Validation Accuracy: [0.52]
```

```
Epoch: 5  
Loss: [0.12046696]  
Train Accuracy: [0.63231198]
```

```
Epoch: 10  
Loss: [0.12022412]  
Train Accuracy: [0.62952646]  
Validation Loss: [1.72641837]  
Validation Accuracy: [0.56]
```

```
Epoch: 15  
Loss: [0.1200828]  
Train Accuracy: [0.6281337]
```

```
Epoch: 20  
Loss: [0.11997278]  
Train Accuracy: [0.6281337]  
Validation Loss: [1.72280912]  
Validation Accuracy: [0.56]
```

```
Epoch: 25  
Loss: [0.11983622]  
Train Accuracy: [0.63091922]
```

```
Epoch: 30  
Loss: [0.11957124]  
Train Accuracy: [0.63509749]  
Validation Loss: [1.71704308]  
Validation Accuracy: [0.56]
```

```
Training Finished!
```

```
Epoch: 30  
Loss: [0.11957124]  
Train Accuracy: [0.63509749]  
Validation Loss: [1.71704308]  
Validation Accuracy: [0.56]
```

22]

```
# IrisClassifier : input shape, output shape, num.hidden.layers, num.hidden_neurons
model = DiabetesClassifier(8, 1, num_hidden_layers = 3, num_hidden_neurons = [15 , 10 , 5])
# train method() : X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, learning_rate, n_epochs, logging_epochs = 10, validation_epochs = 100
model.train(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, 0.0001 , 30 , 5, 10)
```

...

```
/tmp/ipykernel_9327/1659400037.py:5: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in exp
value = 1/(1 + np.exp(-1*x))
```

```
Epoch: 0
Loss: [0.11800861]
Train Accuracy: [0.62952646]
Validation Loss: [1.69460366]
Validation Accuracy: [0.52]
```

```
Epoch: 5
Loss: [0.11379048]
Train Accuracy: [0.64763231]
```

```
Epoch: 10
Loss: [0.11288279]
Train Accuracy: [0.64345404]
Validation Loss: [1.62099693]
Validation Accuracy: [0.52]
```

```
Epoch: 15
Loss: [0.11223748]
Train Accuracy: [0.6448468]
```

```
Epoch: 20
Loss: [0.11165935]
Train Accuracy: [0.65320334]
Validation Loss: [1.60342821]
Validation Accuracy: [0.52]
```



```
Epoch: 25  
Loss: [0.11115554]  
Train Accuracy: [0.65877437]
```

```
Epoch: 30  
Loss: [0.11071066]  
Train Accuracy: [0.66295265]  
Validation Loss: [1.58980514]  
Validation Accuracy: [0.52]
```

```
Training Finished!  
Epoch: 30  
Loss: [0.11071066]  
Train Accuracy: [0.66295265]  
Validation Loss: [1.58980514]  
Validation Accuracy: [0.52]
```

## Question 2

```
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb x
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All | Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Outline ...

v Defining the Model Architecture and BackPropagation Method

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

[3] ✓ 0.7s

e = 1e1

# Activation Function
def sigmoid(x, grad = True):
    value = 1/(1 + np.exp(-1*x))
    if grad:
        # For Backpropagation
        grad = value*(1-value)
        return value, grad
    return value

class Perceptron:
    def __init__(self, input_shape, output_shape, activation = sigmoid):
        self.weight = np.random.normal(size=(input_shape, output_shape)) # Random Initialization of Weights
        self.activation = activation

    def __call__(self, inp, grad):
        output = self.weight.T @ inp # Forward Pass
        if grad:
            output, grad = self.activation(output, grad)
            return output, grad
        output = self.activation(output, grad) # Activation
        return output

class IrisClassifier:
    def __init__(self, input_shape, output_shape, num_hidden_layers, num_hidden_neurons):
        assert num_hidden_layers > 0, "There should be at least one hidden layer" # As required by the assignment

        if type(num_hidden_neurons) != list:
            num_hidden_neurons = [num_hidden_neurons] * num_hidden_layers

        assert num_hidden_layers == len(num_hidden_neurons), "The Number of Hidden Neurons should be in Number of Hidden Layers" # Required for forward pass
```

```
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb x
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All | Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Outline ...

if grad:
    output, grad = self.activation(output, grad)
    return output, grad
output = self.activation(output, grad) # Activation
return output

class IrisClassifier:
    def __init__(self, input_shape, output_shape, num_hidden_layers, num_hidden_neurons):
        assert num_hidden_layers > 0, "There should be at least one hidden layer" # As required by the assignment

        if type(num_hidden_neurons) != list:
            num_hidden_neurons = [num_hidden_neurons] * num_hidden_layers

        assert num_hidden_layers == len(num_hidden_neurons), "The Number of Hidden Neurons should be in Number of Hidden Layers" # Required for forward pass

        # Making the Feed Forward Neural Network
        self.layers = [Perceptron(input_shape, num_hidden_neurons[0])] # First Layer
        for i in range(num_hidden_layers-1):
            self.layers.append(Perceptron(num_hidden_neurons[i], num_hidden_neurons[i+1])) # Hidden Layers
        self.layers.append(Perceptron(num_hidden_neurons[-1], output_shape)) # Output Layer
        self.grad = True

    # Entire Forward Pass
    def __call__(self, input):
        self.inputs = [input]
        self.gradients = []
        output, grad = self.layers[0](input, self.grad) # First Layer Forward Pass
        self.gradients.append(grad)
        for layer in self.layers[1:]:
            self.inputs.append(output)
            output, grad = layer(output, self.grad) # Passing the output of the previous layer to the next layer
            self.gradients.append(grad)
        return output

    # Backpropagation
    def update_weights(self, grad_loss):
        grad = self.gradients[-1] * grad_loss
        self.layers[-1].weight -= grad * np.expand_dims(self.inputs[-1], axis=-1)
        for i in range(len(self.layers)-1)[::-1]:
            grad = np.expand_dims(self.gradients[i], axis=-1) * self.layers[i+1].weight @ grad
            self.layers[i].weight -= self.lr * np.expand_dims(self.inputs[i], axis=-1) @ np.expand_dims(grad, axis=-1).T
```

```
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb X
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All | Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Outline | ...

def train(self, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, learning_rate, n_epochs, logging_epochs = 10, validation_epochs = 100):
    validation_epochs = min(validation_epochs, n_epochs)
    self.lr = learning_rate
    for current_epoch in range(0, n_epochs + 1):
        total_loss = 0
        train_accuracy = 0
        for x, y in zip(X_train, y_train):
            pred = self(x) # Forward Pass
            loss, grad_loss = MSELoss(pred, y) # Loss Calculation
            total_loss += loss
            train_accuracy += (y == (pred>=0.5))
            self.update_weights(grad_loss) # Backpropagation
        if current_epoch % logging_epochs == 0:
            print("\nEpoch: ", current_epoch)
            print("Loss: ", total_loss/len(X_train))
            print("Train Accuracy: ", train_accuracy/len(X_train))

        # Validation
        if current_epoch % validation_epochs == 0:
            val_loss = 0
            val_accuracy = 0
            for x, y in zip(X_test, y_test):
                pred = self(x)
                loss, _ = MSELoss(pred, y)
                val_loss += loss/len(X_test)
                val_accuracy += (y == (pred>=0.5))
            print("Validation Loss: ", total_loss/len(X_test))
            print("Validation Accuracy: ", val_accuracy/len(X_test))

    print("\nTraining Finished!")
    print("Epoch: ", current_epoch)
    print("Loss: ", total_loss/len(X_train))
    print("Train Accuracy: ", train_accuracy/len(X_train))

    # Final Validation
    val_loss = 0
    val_accuracy = 0
    for x, y in zip(X_test, y_test):
        pred = self(x)
        loss, _ = MSELoss(pred, y)
        val_loss += loss/len(X_test)
        val_accuracy += (y == (pred>=0.5))
    print("Validation Loss: ", total_loss/len(X_test))
    print("Validation Accuracy: ", val_accuracy/len(X_test))
```

Iris\_Neural\_Network.ipynb
Iris\_Neural\_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np\_train\_data.shape, np\_test\_data.shape)
Generate Code Markdown Run All Restart Execute Group 1 Execute Group 2 Clear All Outputs Jupyter

```

# Loss Function
def MSELoss(prediction, truth):
    loss = 0.5 * (prediction - truth) ** 2
    grad = prediction - truth
    return loss, grad

```

[4] ✓ 0.0s

## Training the Model on Iris Dataset

```

train_data = pd.read_excel("iris_train.xlsx")
print(train_data.columns)

test_data = pd.read_excel("iris_test.xlsx")
print(test_data.columns)

```

[25] ✓ 0.0s

```

... Index(['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'petal_width',
'species'],
dtype='object')
Index(['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'petal_width',
'species'],
dtype='object')

```

```

print(train_data.head())
print(train_data.tail())

print(test_data.head())
print(test_data.tail())

```

[26] ✓ 0.0s

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
1	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
2	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
3	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
4	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa
75	5.7	3.0	4.2	1.2	versicolor
76	5.7	2.9	4.2	1.3	versicolor
77	6.2	2.9	4.3	1.3	versicolor

```
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb x
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All | Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter V

> ~
print(train_data.species.unique())
print(test_data.species.unique())
[28] ✓ 0.0s
... ['setosa' 'versicolor']
['setosa' 'versicolor']

def convert(x):
    values = ["setosa", "versicolor"]
    return values.index(x)

train_data["species"] = train_data["species"].apply(convert)
test_data["species"] = test_data["species"].apply(convert)
[30] ✓ 0.0s

print(train_data.head())
print(test_data.tail())
[19] ✓ 0.0s
...
  sepal_length  sepal_width  petal_length  petal_width  species
0          5.4         3.9         1.7         0.4         0
1          4.6         3.4         1.4         0.3         0
2          5.0         3.4         1.5         0.2         0
3          4.4         2.9         1.4         0.2         0
4          4.9         3.1         1.5         0.1         0
  sepal_length  sepal_width  petal_length  petal_width  species
75          5.7         3.0         4.2         1.2         1
76          5.7         2.9         4.2         1.3         1
77          6.2         2.9         4.3         1.3         1
78          5.1         2.5         3.0         1.1         1
79          5.7         2.8         4.1         1.3         1

len(train_data), len(test_data)
[31] ✓ 0.0s
... (80, 20)
```

```

Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb x
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All | Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Va

# Shuffle the Dataset
train_data = train_data.sample(frac = 1)
[32] ✓ 0.0s

print(train_data.head())
print(train_data.tail())
[33] ✓ 0.0s
...
  sepal_length  sepal_width  petal_length  petal_width  species
7           4.8          3.0           1.4           0.1         0
66          6.7          3.1           4.7           1.5         1
34          5.1          3.8           1.9           0.4         0
5           5.4          3.7           1.5           0.2         0
2           5.0          3.4           1.5           0.2         0
  sepal_length  sepal_width  petal_length  petal_width  species
22          5.2          3.5           1.5           0.2         0
74          5.6          2.7           4.2           1.3         1
21          5.0          3.4           1.6           0.4         0
9           5.8          4.0           1.2           0.2         0
12          5.1          3.5           1.4           0.3         0

np_train_data = train_data.to_numpy()
np_test_data = test_data.to_numpy()
[34] ✓ 0.0s

X_train, y_train = np_train_data[:, :-1], np_train_data[:, -1]
X_test, y_test = np_test_data[:, :-1], np_test_data[:, -1]
[35] ✓ 0.0s

print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
print([X_train.shape, y_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_test.shape])
[36] ✓ 0.0s
... ((80, 5), (20, 5))

```

```

Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb x
Iris_Neural_Network.ipynb > Training the Model on Iris Dataset > print(np_train_data.shape, np_test_data.shape)
Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All | Restart | Execute Group 1 | Execute Group 2 | Clear All Outputs | Jupyter Variables | Outline ...

# IrisClassifier : input_shape, output_shape, num_hidden_layers, num_hidden_neurons
model = IrisClassifier(4, 1, num_hidden_layers = 1, num_hidden_neurons = [15])
# train method() : X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, learning_rate, n_epochs, logging_epochs = 10, validation_epochs = 100
model.train(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, 0.0001, 35, 5, 10)
[37] ✓ 0.2s

```

...

```
Epoch: 0  
Loss: [0.06153589]  
Train Accuracy: [0.875]  
Validation Loss: [0.24614358]  
Validation Accuracy: [1.]
```

```
Epoch: 5  
Loss: [0.00326697]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]
```

```
Epoch: 10  
Loss: [0.00164252]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]  
Validation Loss: [0.00657008]  
Validation Accuracy: [1.]
```

```
Epoch: 15  
Loss: [0.00109697]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]
```

```
Epoch: 20  
Loss: [0.00082412]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]  
Validation Loss: [0.00329646]  
Validation Accuracy: [1.]
```

```
Epoch: 25  
Loss: [0.00066044]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]
```



```
... Epoch: 15  
Loss: [0.00109697]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]  
  
Epoch: 20  
Loss: [0.00082412]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]  
Validation Loss: [0.00329646]  
Validation Accuracy: [1.]  
  
Epoch: 25  
Loss: [0.00066044]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]  
  
Epoch: 30  
Loss: [0.00055132]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]  
Validation Loss: [0.00220529]  
Validation Accuracy: [1.]  
  
Epoch: 35  
Loss: [0.00047337]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]  
  
Training Finished!  
Epoch: 35  
Loss: [0.00047337]  
Train Accuracy: [1.]  
Validation Loss: [0.0018935]  
Validation Accuracy: [1.]
```

For code , refer GitHub

<https://github.com/arnavjain2710/Computational-Intelligence-Lab-CS354N/tree/main/LAB%206>