## Indian Institute of Technology Indore

## MA203 Complex Analysis and Differential Equations-II

## (Autumn Semester 2023)

## Tutorial Sheet 3

1. Find the residues of the following functions at their isolated singular points.

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{z^3 - z^5}$$

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 (b)  $\frac{z^{2n}}{(1+z)^n}$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  (c)  $\frac{z^2 + z - 1}{z^2(z-1)}$  (d)  $\frac{e^z}{z^2(z^2 + 9)}$ 

(c) 
$$\frac{z^2+z-1}{z^2(z-1)}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{e^z}{z^2(z^2+9)}$$

2. Let  $f(z) = \frac{g(z)}{z - z_0}$ , where g is analytic on  $|z - z_0| < r$ , and  $g(z_0) \neq 0$ . Then show that

Res
$$(f; z_0) = \lim_{z \to z_0} g(z) = g(z_0).$$

3. Let  $f(z) = \frac{p(z)}{q(z)}$ , where p(z) and q(z) are both analytic at  $z_0$ . Further,  $p(z_0) \neq 0$ ,  $q(z_0) = 0$ , and  $q'(z_0) \neq 0$ . Then show that

Res
$$(f; z_0) = \frac{p(z_0)}{q'(z_0)}$$
.

- 4. Find Res  $\left(\frac{f'(z)}{f(z)}; z_0\right)$  if
  - (a)  $z_0$  is a zero of n-th order of the function f,
  - (b)  $z_0$  is a pole of n-th order of the function f.

5. Let f be analytic in a simply connected domain D and C be a simple closed curve in the counterclockwise sense. Suppose  $z_0$  is the only zero of f in the region enclosed by C. Show that

$$\oint_C \frac{f'(z)}{f(z)} \, \mathrm{d}z = 2\pi i m$$

where m is the order of zero of f at  $z_0$ 

6. Prove that

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{(1+z)^n}{z^{k+1}} \, \mathrm{d}z,$$

where  $n, k \in \mathbb{N}$ , and  $n \ge k$ .

- 7. Find the integral  $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \sin \frac{1}{z} dz$ , where C is the circle |z| = r.
- 8. Find the residue for  $\cot z$  at the point z = 0.
- 9. Find the integral  $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \sin \frac{1}{z} dz$ , where C is the circle |z| = 2 with anticlockwise orientation.
- 10. Evaluate the following real integrals.

(a) 
$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{3 + 2\cos x} dx$$
 (b)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 x}{2 + \cos x} dx$  (c)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 2x}{5 + 4\cos x} dx$ 

(b) 
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 x}{2 + \cos x} dx$$

(c) 
$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 2x}{5 + 4\cos x} \, dx$$

$$(d) \int_0^\pi \frac{2}{4 + \sin^2 x} \, dx$$

(d) 
$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{2}{4 + \sin^2 x} dx$$
 (e) 
$$\int_0^{2\pi} \cos^{2n} x dx, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

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- 11. Evaluate the following improper integrals by the residue method.
- (a)  $\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$  (b)  $\int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{1}{(1+x^2)^3} dx$  (c)  $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} dx$  (d)  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos sx}{1+x^2} dx$