

EE1030: Matrix Theory

EE24BTECH11006 - Arnav Mahishi

F. Match the Following

In these questions there are entries in columns 1 and 2. Each entry in column 1 is related to exactly one entry in column 2. Write the correct letter from column 2 against the entry number in column 1 in your answer book

1. $\frac{\sin 3\alpha}{\cos 2\alpha}$ is

[1992 – 2 Marks]

Column I

- (A) Positive
(B) Negative

Column II

- (p) $\left(\frac{13\pi}{48}, \frac{14\pi}{48}\right)$
(q) $\left(\frac{14\pi}{48}, \frac{18\pi}{48}\right)$
(r) $\left(\frac{18\pi}{48}, \frac{23\pi}{48}\right)$
(s) $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

2. Let $f(x) = \sin(\pi \cos x)$ and $g(x) = \cos(2\pi \sin x)$ be two functions defined for $x > 0$. Define the following sets whose elements are written in the increasing order. [JEE Adv. 2019]

$X = \{x : f(x) = 0\}, Y = \{x : f'(x) = 0\}$
 $Z = \{x : g(x) = 0\}, W = \{x : g'(x) = 0\}$

Column I

- (A) X
(B) Y
(C) Z
(D) W

Column II

- (p) $\supseteq \left\{\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, 4\pi, 7\pi\right\}$
(q) an arithmetic progression
(r) NOT an arithmetic progression
(s) $\supseteq \left\{\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{13\pi}{6}\right\}$

Which of the following is the only CORRECT combination?

- a (IV), (P), (R), (S)
b (III), (P), (Q), (U)
c (III), (R), (U)
d (IV), (Q), (T)

3. Let $f(x) = \sin(\pi \cos x)$ and $g(x) = \cos(2\pi \sin x)$ be two functions defined for $x > 0$. Define the following sets whose elements are written in the increasing order. [JEE Adv. 2019]

$X = \{x : f(x) = 0\}, Y = \{x : f'(x) = 0\}$
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Column I

- (A) X
(B) Y
(C) Z
(D) W

Column II

- (p) $\supseteq \left\{\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, 4\pi, 7\pi\right\}$
(q) an arithmetic progression
(r) NOT an arithmetic progression
(s) $\supseteq \left\{\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{13\pi}{6}\right\}$

Which of the following is the only CORRECT combination?

- a (I), (Q), (U)
b (I), (P), (R)
c (II), (R), (S)
d (II), (Q), (T)

Paragraph 1

Let O be the origin, and $\vec{OX}, \vec{OY}, \vec{OZ}$ be three unit vectors in the directions of the sides $\vec{QR}, \vec{RP}, \vec{PQ}$ respectively, of a triangle PQR. [JEE Adv 2017]

1. $|\vec{OX} \times \vec{OY}| =$

- a $\sin(P + Q)$
b $\sin 2R$
c $\sin(P + R)$
d $\sin(Q + R)$

2. If the triangle PQR varies, then the minimum value of $\cos(P + Q) + \cos(Q + R) + \cos(R + P)$ is.

- a $-\frac{5}{3}$
b $-\frac{1}{3}$
c $\frac{1}{3}$
d $\frac{5}{3}$

I. Integer value type

1. The number of all possible values of θ where $0 < \theta < \pi$ for which the system of equations

$$1) (y + Z) \cos 3\theta = (xyz) \sin 3\theta$$

$$2) x \sin 3\theta = \frac{2 \cos 3\theta}{y} + \frac{2 \sin 3\theta}{z}$$

$$3) (xyz) \sin 3\theta = (y + 2z) \cos 3\theta + y \sin 3\theta$$

have a solution (x_o, y_o, z_o) with $y_o z_o \neq 0$ is (2010)

2. The number of all possible values of θ in the interval, $\left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ such that $\theta \neq \frac{n\pi}{5}$ for $n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2$ and $\tan \theta = \cot 5\theta$ as well as $\sin 2\theta = \cos 4\theta$ is [2010]

3. The maximum value of the expression $\frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta + 3 \sin \theta \cos \theta + 5 \cos^2 \theta}$ is [2010]

4. Two parallel chords of a circle of radius 2 are at a distance $(\sqrt{3} + 1)$ apart. If the chords subtend at the center, angles of $\frac{\pi}{k}$ and $\frac{2\pi}{k}$, where $k > 0$, the value of $[k]$ is [2010]

5. The positive integer value of $n > 3$ satisfying the equation $\frac{1}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{n})} = \frac{1}{\sin(\frac{2\pi}{n})} + \frac{1}{\sin(\frac{3\pi}{n})}$ is [2010]