## 1-1.10-24

## EE24BTECH11006 - Arnav Mahishi

Question: Find the direction cosines of the unit vector perpendicular to the plane  $\overrightarrow{r} \cdot (6\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}) + 1 = 0$ 

input	value
$\overrightarrow{n}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$
c	-1
ĥ	$\frac{\overrightarrow{n}}{ \overrightarrow{n} }$

TABLE 0: Input Parameters

Soln: Comparing to form 
$$\overrightarrow{r} \cdot \overrightarrow{n} = c \implies \overrightarrow{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $c = -1$  (0.1)

$$\implies |n|^2 = n^T n = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -3 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} = 49 \quad (0.2)$$

$$\implies |n| = 7 \tag{0.3}$$

$$\implies \hat{n} = \frac{\overrightarrow{n}}{|\overrightarrow{n}|} = \frac{1}{7} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.4}$$

$$\therefore DC's = \frac{6}{7}, \frac{-3}{7}, \frac{-2}{7}$$
 (0.5)

1

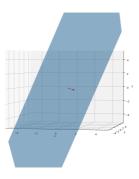


Fig. 0.1: Plot of plane and normal vector