inference-capsule-vision

October 23, 2024

1 Directory

```
[7]: import os
     for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/
      →pytorch/updated/1'):
         for filename in filenames:
             print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))
    /kaggle/input/capsule-
    vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/SwinTransformer_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/ResNeXt_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/WideResNet_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/ResNet_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/ViT_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/RegNet_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/BEiT_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/TwinsSVT_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/SEResNet50_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/MobileNetV3_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/MNASNet_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/CaiT_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/DeiT_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/DenseNet_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-
    vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/EfficientFormer_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/InceptionV3_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/ConvNeXt_best.pth
    /kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/EfficientNet_best.pth
```

2 Imports

```
[8]: # Imports
import os
import json
import random

from typing import Dict, List, Tuple
```

```
from datetime import datetime
from pathlib import Path
from logging import getLogger, Logger, INFO, StreamHandler, FileHandler, u
→Formatter
from tqdm.auto import tqdm
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import timm
import torch
from torch import nn, optim
from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import CosineAnnealingLR
from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
from torch.utils.data.sampler import WeightedRandomSampler
from torch.nn import functional as F
import torchvision
from torchvision import transforms, models
import torchmetrics
print("Libraries Imported Successfuly!\n\n")
```

Libraries Imported Successfuly!

3 Models

```
[9]: import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import timm
import warnings

warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

# 1. ViT (Vision Transformer)
def model_vit(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('vit_base_patch16_224', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.head = nn.Linear(model.head.in_features, num_classes)
    return model

# 2. Swin Transformer
def model_swin(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
```

```
model = timm.create_model('swin_base_patch4_window7_224',_
 →pretrained=pretrained)
    model.head.fc = nn.Linear(model.head.fc.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 3. DeiT (Data-efficient Image Transformers)
def model_deit(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('deit_base_patch16_224', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.head = nn.Linear(model.head.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 4. ConvNeXt
def model_convnext(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('convnext_base', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.head.fc = nn.Linear(model.head.fc.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 5. EfficientNet
def model_efficientnet(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('tf_efficientnetv2_s_in21ft1k',__
→pretrained=pretrained)
    model.classifier = nn.Linear(model.classifier.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 6. ResNet
def model_resnet(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('resnet50', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.fc = nn.Linear(model.fc.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 7. MobileNetV3
def model_mobilenetv3(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('mobilenetv3_large_100', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.classifier = nn.Linear(model.classifier.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 8. ReqNet
def model_regnet(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('regnetx_032', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.head.fc = nn.Linear(model.head.fc.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 9. DenseNet
def model_densenet(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('densenet121', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.classifier = nn.Linear(model.classifier.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
```

```
# 10. Inception v3
def model_inception_v3(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('inception_v3', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.fc = nn.Linear(model.fc.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 11. ResNeXt
def model_resnext(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
   model = timm.create_model('resnext50_32x4d', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.fc = nn.Linear(model.fc.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 12. Wide ResNet
def model_wide_resnet(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('wide_resnet50_2', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.fc = nn.Linear(model.fc.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 13. MNASNet
def model_mnasnet(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('mnasnet_100', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.classifier = nn.Linear(model.classifier.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 14. SEResNet50 (Replaces SqueezeNet)
def model_seresnet50(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('seresnet50', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.fc = nn.Linear(model.fc.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 15. BEIT (Bidirectional Encoder Representation from Image Transformers)
def model_beit(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('beit_base_patch16_224', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.head = nn.Linear(model.head.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 16. CaiT (Class-Attention in Image Transformers)
def model_cait(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('cait_s24_224', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.head = nn.Linear(model.head.in_features, num_classes)
    return model
# 17. Twins-SVT (Spatially Separable Vision Transformer)
def model_twins_svt(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('twins_svt_base', pretrained=pretrained)
    model.head = nn.Linear(model.head.in_features, num_classes)
```

```
return model
# 18. EfficientFormer
def model_efficientformer(pretrained=True, num_classes=10):
    model = timm.create_model('efficientformerv2_s0', pretrained=pretrained,__
→num_classes=num_classes)
    # Ensure the classifier is set to the correct number of classes
    if hasattr(model, 'head'):
        in_features = model.head.in_features
        model.head = nn.Linear(in_features, num_classes)
    elif hasattr(model, 'classifier'):
        in_features = model.classifier.in_features
        model.classifier = nn.Linear(in_features, num_classes)
        raise AttributeError("Model doesn't have a 'head' or 'classifier'⊔
→attribute")
    return model
# if __name__ == "__main__":
      # Test the models with random input
      input_tensor = torch.randn(1, 3, 224, 224) # Batch size of 1, 3 coloru
→channels, 224x224 image size
      models_to_test = [
          model_vit, model_swin, model_deit, model_convnext, model_efficientnet,
#
#
          model_resnet, model_mobilenetv3, model_regnet, model_densenet,_
\rightarrow model_inception_v3,
          model_resnext, model_wide_resnet, model_mnasnet,
#
          model_seresnet50,
          model_beit, model_cait,
#
          model_twins_svt, model_pnasnet,
          model\_xcit
     ]
     expected_shape = (1, 10) # Expected output shape
      for model_func in models_to_test:
#
          model = model_func()
#
          output = model(input_tensor)
#
          if output.shape != expected_shape:
              print(f"Model {model_func.__name__}} failed with output shape:__
\hookrightarrow {output.shape}")
              break
          print(f"{model_func.__name__}} Output Shape:", output.shape)
```

4 Utils and Initial Setup

```
[10]: # Save predictions to Excel
      def save_predictions_to_excel(image_paths, y_pred: torch.Tensor, output_path:
       ⇒str):
          class_columns = ['Angioectasia', 'Bleeding', 'Erosion', 'Erythema', 'Foreign_
       →Body', 'Lymphangiectasia', 'Normal', 'Polyp', 'Ulcer', 'Worms']
          # Convert logits to class predictions
          y_pred_classes = y_pred.argmax(dim=1).cpu().numpy()
          # Create a DataFrame to store image paths, predicted class, and prediction_
       \rightarrowprobabilities
          df = pd.DataFrame({
              'image_path': image_paths,
              'predicted_class': [class_columns[i] for i in y_pred_classes],
              **{col: y_pred[:, i].cpu().numpy() for i, col in_
       →enumerate(class_columns)}
          })
          # Save to Excel file
          df.to_excel(output_path, index=False)
          print(f"Predictions saved to {output_path}")
[11]: device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
```

```
# Model paths
model_paths = [
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/
 ⇔SwinTransformer_best.pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/ResNeXt_best.
 →pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/WideResNet_best.
\hookrightarrowpth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/ResNet_best.pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/ViT_best.pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/RegNet_best.pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/BEiT_best.pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/TwinsSVT_best.
 →pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/SEResNet50_best.
 →pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/MobileNetV3_best.
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/MNASNet_best.
 →pth',
```

```
'/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/CaiT_best.pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/DeiT_best.pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/DenseNet_best.
 →pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/
 ⇔EfficientFormer_best.pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/InceptionV3_best.
 →pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/ConvNeXt_best.
→pth',
    '/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2024-models/pytorch/updated/1/
⇔EfficientNet_best.pth'
# Model classes
model_classes = [
   model_swin,
                      # Swin Transformer
   model_resnext,
                      # ResNeXt
   model_wide_resnet, # Wide ResNet
   model_resnet, # ResNet
   model_regnet, # Wision
model_beit, # RegNet
model_ti, # RegNet
                      # Vision Transformer
   model_twins_svt, # Twins-SVT
    model_seresnet50, # SEResNet50
   model_mobilenetv3, # MobileNetV3
                     # MNASNet
   model_mnasnet,
   model_cait,
                      # CaiT
                      # DeiT
   model_deit,
   model_densenet,  # DenseNet
   model_efficientformer, # EfficientFormer
    model_inception_v3, # Inception v3
   model_convnext, # ConvNeXt
   model_efficientnet # EfficientNet
```

```
[12]: import os
   import torch
   from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, Dataset
   from torchvision import transforms
   from PIL import Image
   import pandas as pd
   from tqdm import tqdm

# Function to load PyTorch model
   def load_model(model_class, model_path, device):
        model = model_class()
```

```
model.load_state_dict(torch.load(model_path, map_location=device))
    model.eval()
    model.to(device)
    return model
# Preprocess the image as per PyTorch model requirements
def load_and_preprocess_image(full_path, target_size=(224, 224)):
    img = Image.open(full_path).convert('RGB')
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.Resize(target_size),
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.485, 0.456, 0.406], std=[0.229, 0.224, 0.
→225])
    ])
   return transform(img)
# Custom Dataset for loading test data
class TestDataset(Dataset):
    def __init__(self, image_paths, image_size=(224, 224)):
        self.image_paths = image_paths
        self.image_size = image_size
    def __len__(self):
       return len(self.image_paths)
    def __getitem__(self, idx):
        image_path = self.image_paths[idx]
        img = load_and_preprocess_image(image_path, self.image_size)
        return img, image_path
# Function to load test data
def load_test_data(test_dir, image_size=(224, 224)):
    full_image_paths = [os.path.join(test_dir, fname) for fname in os.
→listdir(test_dir) if fname.lower().endswith(('jpg'))]
    dataset = TestDataset(full_image_paths, image_size)
    dataloader = DataLoader(dataset, batch_size=32, shuffle=False, num_workers=4)
    # Return the dataset loader and image file names (without full path)
    image_paths = [os.path.basename(path) for path in full_image_paths]
    return dataloader, image_paths
# Ensemble Inference on the test set
def ensemble_test_inference(models, dataloader, device):
    all_predictions = []
    all_image_paths = []
    # Set all models to eval mode once before inference
```

```
for model_idx, model in enumerate(models):
        model.eval()
        print(f"Model {model_idx + 1} set to eval mode.")
    with torch.no_grad():
        # Initialize the progress bar with total number of batches
        with tqdm(total=len(dataloader), desc="Ensemble Inference", u
→unit="batch", leave=True, miniters=1, smoothing=0) as pbar:
            for batch_idx, (X, image_paths) in enumerate(dataloader):
                # Move data to device (GPU or CPU)
                X = X.to(device)
                # Calculate predictions for all models and average them
                ensemble_preds = torch.stack([
                    torch.softmax(model(X), dim=1) # Softmax for probabilities
                    for model_idx, model in enumerate(models)
                ]).mean(dim=0) # Average over the models
                # Append predictions to list (move them to CPU for easier_
→processing)
                all_predictions.append(ensemble_preds.cpu())
                # Extract and save only the file names (not full paths)
                all_image_paths.extend([os.path.basename(path) for path in_
 →image_paths])
                # Update the progress bar for each batch
                pbar.update(1)
    # Concatenate all predictions
   predictions = torch.cat(all_predictions, dim=0)
    return predictions, all_image_paths
def main():
    # Load ensemble models
   models = [load_model(cls, path, device) for cls, path in zip(model_classes,_
→model_paths)]
    # Directory containing test images
      test_path = "../capsule-vision-2024/data/Testing set/Images"
    test_path = "/kaggle/input/capsule-vision-2020-test/Testing set/Images"
\hookrightarrow Update with actual path
    dataloader, image_paths = load_test_data(test_path)
```

```
# Run ensemble inference on the test set
         predictions, image_paths = ensemble_test_inference(models, dataloader,__
      →device)
         # output_test_predictions = "../capsule-vision-2024/reports/test_excel.xlsx"
         output_test_predictions = "/kaggle/working/Seq2Cure.xlsx"
         save_predictions_to_excel(image_paths, predictions, output_test_predictions)
         print(f"Predictions saved to {output_test_predictions}")
     if __name__ == "__main__":
         main()
    Model 1 set to eval mode.
    Model 2 set to eval mode.
    Model 3 set to eval mode.
    Model 4 set to eval mode.
    Model 5 set to eval mode.
    Model 6 set to eval mode.
    Model 7 set to eval mode.
    Model 8 set to eval mode.
    Model 9 set to eval mode.
    Model 10 set to eval mode.
    Model 11 set to eval mode.
    Model 12 set to eval mode.
    Model 13 set to eval mode.
    Model 14 set to eval mode.
    Model 15 set to eval mode.
    Model 16 set to eval mode.
    Model 17 set to eval mode.
    Model 18 set to eval mode.
    Ensemble Inference: 100%|| 138/138 [04:25<00:00, 1.92s/batch]
    Predictions saved to /kaggle/working/Seq2Cure.xlsx
    Predictions saved to /kaggle/working/Seq2Cure.xlsx
[]:
[]:
[]:
```