



# Properties of Unit Tests

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# About me

Arne Mertz ( @arne\_mertz)

Software Engineer, mostly embedded  
Learning C++ for almost two decades  
Trainer for C++ and maintainable code

# Definition of Unit Tests

There are SO many!





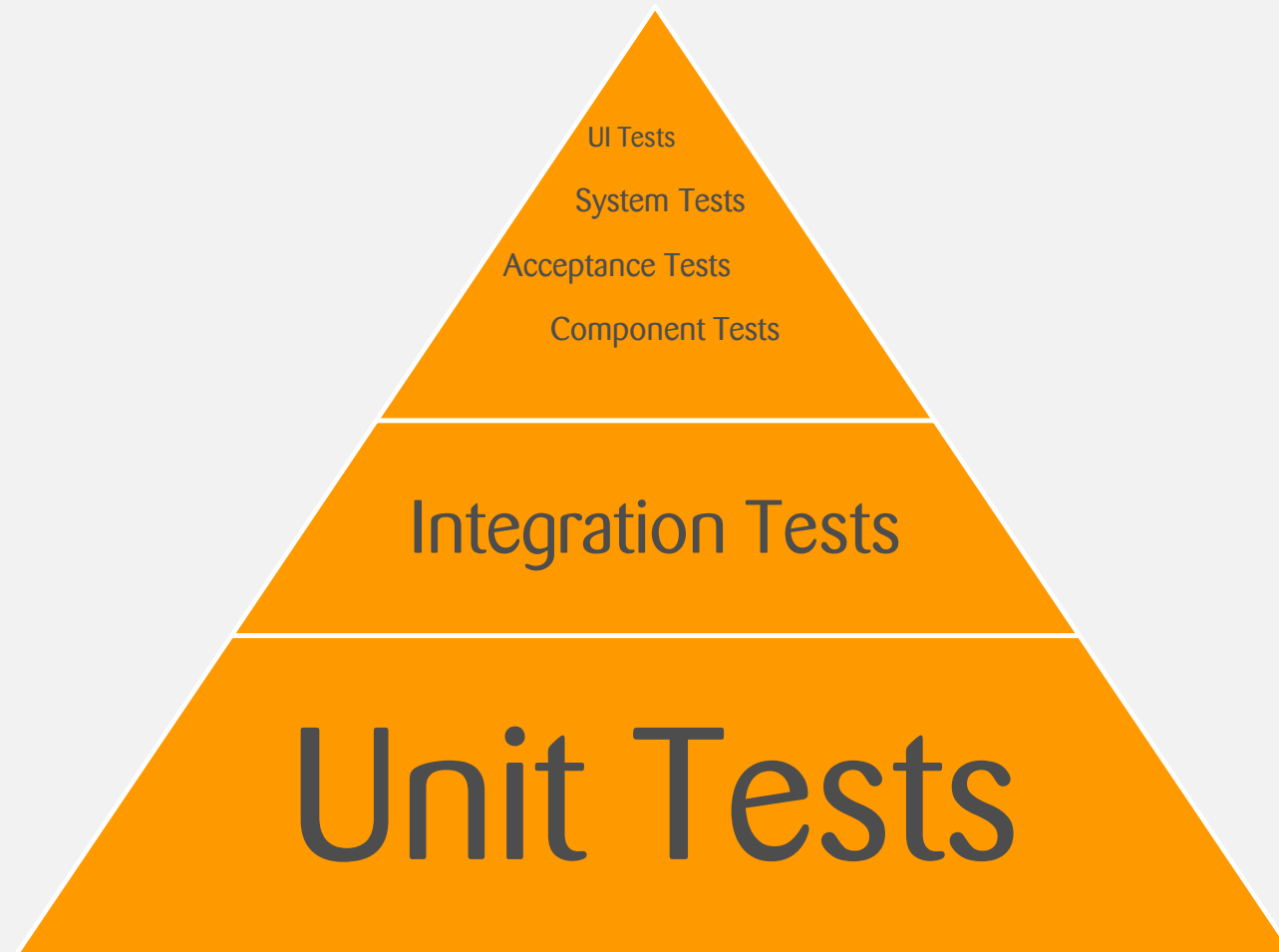
# Unit Tests

- Automated by the programmer
  - Cover the entire software
  - Test individual units



# Unit

- Small individual, logically separated piece





# Uses of unit tests







# QA

- Ensure correctness 
- Document failures 







# Test Driven Development

- Implementation after tests 
- Red-green-refactor cycle 





# Fixing bugs

- Confirm correctness 
- Select specific cases 





# Refactoring

- Preserve correctness 
- Short feedback loops 



# Documentation

- Tests show intended use 
- Co-located with code 

# Properties





# Disclaimer

- No rules
- No guarantees
- Be pragmatic



## Correctness

- Prevent bugs
- Improve confidence



# Don't reproduce logic

- Risks approving wrong behaviour





# No complex logic

- Input and expect constants
  - Improves maintainability
    - Avoids bugs



# Gray box testing

- Test against the interface
  - Tests are not friends
    - But test edge cases



# Code coverage

- Goal: “good enough”
  - Document gaps



# Strong typing

- Focused tests
- Less corner cases



# Readability

- Understand failures
  - Documentation
  - Maintenance



# Use Design Principles

- Meaningful names
- Abstractions, e.g. fixtures
  - Short test cases



# One fact per test case

- Single Responsibility Principle:
  - One** reason to fail
- Focus on unit under test



# Usability check

- Convoluted test cases indicate problematic code





# Test case order

- Constructors and basics first
  - Group by feature



# Discoverability

- Finding tests to read and maintain them



# Project structure

- Test file names
- Test directories
- Test case locations



# Speed

- Short feedback loops improve development speed



## Rough estimate (order of magnitude)

- 1kloc-10kloc affected on a busy day
- Test code to production code ~ 1:1
  - 10 loc per test case
  - 100-1000 test cases to run
- Short feedback cycle (minutes)
  - Tests run in seconds
  - Milliseconds per test case



# Decouple from slow code

- Separate infrastructure code & tests
  - Unit test domain logic
    - Integration tests



# KISS & YAGNI

- Less code
- Fewer test cases
- Faster test execution



- Test individual units
- Repeat individual test cases





# Filtering tests

- Naming & Tagging



# Repeatable tests

- Determinism
- Timing is hard



# Avoid global state

- Transfers state between tests
  - Hard to reason about
  - Including test cases



# Dependency injection

- Tailor outside state
- Trace interactions

# Questions



Thank you  Let's talk!

 Simplify C++! – [www.arne-mertz.de](http://www.arne-mertz.de)

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