Introduction to Programming with Python 1/3

DUCSS - Dublin University Computer Science Society

Volunteers are here to help

Ask Questions

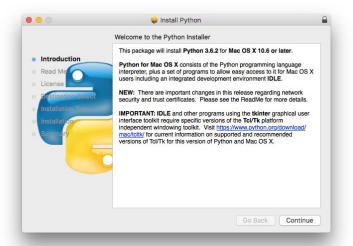
Experiment with the Code

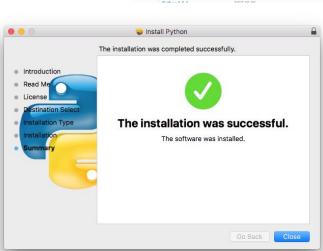
Plan for Today

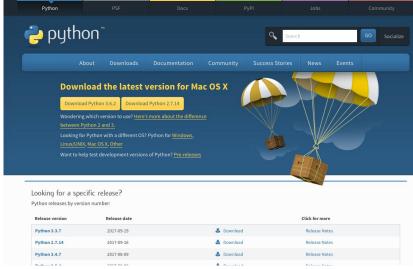
- Installing Python
- Python Tool
- "Hello World!"
- Variables
- Branching
- Loops
- Functions
- Exercises

Installing Python

- Go to python.org/downloads
- Download Version 3.x.x
- Follow the Installation Instructions







Checking your Installation

- Open Terminal (Linux/macOS) or the Command Line (Windows)
- Run "py" (Windows) or "python" (macOS, Linux) Expected output:

```
Python 3.6.2 (v3.6.2:5fd33b5926, Jul 16 2017, 20:11:06) [GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5666) (dot 3)] on darwin Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
```

>>>

- If version is not 3.x.x
 - Enter "exit()"
 - Run "python3"

Python Tool

- Entering manual commands:

```
python
>>> #your python commands here
>>> exit()
```

- Running Python scripts (.py files):

python path/to/your/python/script.py

py not python on Windows!

Sample Code

github.com/arneph/python-workshops

```
python
>>> 'Hello World!'
'Hello World!'
```

py not python on Windows!

```
>>> 'Hel' + 'lo!'
'Hello!'
```

```
>>> A = 'Hello'
>>> B = ' '
>>> C = 'World!'
>>> A + B + C
'Hello World!'
```

- Open Editor/Notepad/your favorite text editor
- Create a new file
- Enter the following:

```
X = 'Hello World!'
print(X)
```

- Save the file as "hello.py" on your desktop
- In Terminal/the Command Line:

```
python /Desktop/hello.py
Hello World!
```

py not python on Windows!

- Storing values:

```
firstName = 'Gina'
lastName = 'Hopper'
born = 1903
```

- Changing values:

```
firstName = 'Grace'
born = 1906
```

- Values can be used in computation and for function calls

```
age = 2017 - born
name = firstName + ' ' + lastName
print(name + ' would now be')
print(age)
print('years old today')
```

```
firstName = 'Gina'
lastName = 'Hopper'
born = 1903
firstName = 'Grace'
born = 1906
age = 2017 - born
name = firstName + ' ' + lastName
print(name + ' would now be')
print(age)
print('years old today')
```

Grace Hopper would be 111 years old today



- if-statements:

```
A = 9
B = 7
if A > B:
   print('A is larger')
   print('A wins!')
if B > A:
   print('B is larger')
   print('A loses! :-(')
print('Game over')
```

if_1.py

```
A is larger
A wins!
Game over
```

- if-statements (continued):

```
A = 42
B = 42
if A > B:
    print('A wins!')
elif A == B:
    print('Draw!')
else:
    print('B wins!')
```

Draw!

- Combining Conditions:

```
username = 'marc z'
password = 'dadada'
if username == 'marc z' and password == 'dadada':
    print('Hello Marc')
    print('Get a better password!')
else:
    print('You are not Marc!')
```

Hello Marc
Get a better password!



- Combining Conditions (continued):

```
age = 42
if age < 21 or age >= 30:
    print('Not a primary target')
    if age >= 18 and age < 21:
        print('Keep watching')
    else:
        print('Remove from watchlist')</pre>
```

Not a primary target Remove from watchlist



- while-loops:

```
i = 1
while i <= 30:
    print(i ** 2)  #Print i²
    i += 1  #Add 1 to i</pre>
```

```
9
16
25
36
49
64
81
100
```

• • •

- for-loops:
 factorial = 1
 for x in range(1, 12):
 factorial *= x
 print(factorial)

- continue & break:

```
for x in range (2, 40):
   prime = True
   for y in range (2, x):
      if x % y == 0:
          prime = False
          break
                            #Break out of inner for-loop
   if prime == False:
       continue
                            #Continue with next item in
   print(x)
                            #outer for-loop
```

Ι.

loops_3.py

- Using Functions:
 print('Hello!')

A = pow(19, 2)
B = input() #Get keyboard input from the user

for x in range(42, 888):
 #...

- Defining Functions:

```
def isOdd(x):
    return x % 2 == 1

print(isOdd(27))
print(isOdd(2048))
print(isOdd(22))
```

True

False

False

- Defining Functions (continued):

```
def fizzbuzz(x):
   a = (x % 3 == 0)
   b = (x \% 5 == 0)
   if a and b:
       print('Fizz Buzz')
   elif a:
       print('Fizz')
   elif b:
       print('Buzz')
   else:
       print(x)
```

- Defining Functions (continued):
#...

for x in range(1, 50):
 fizzbuzz(x)

```
Fizz
Buzz
Fizz
Fizz
Buzz
```

functions_2.py

Exercises

- Prompt the user for a name and password and check if they are correct Hint: use the input() function
- Rewrite the prime numbers example with a function Hint: define a function isPrime (x)
- Print all Fibonacci numbers up to 10946

Exercises

Solutions online: github.com/arneph/python-workshops

Further resources

The official Python tutorial:
 https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/

Contact DUCSS:
 <u>ducss@csc.tcd.ie</u>
 fb.ducss.ie

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