## Importing results from a statistical catch-at-age model

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## Introduction

This is a brief description of how to import statistical catch-at-age model output from any stock assessment into **scape**. The user is expected to be familiar with basic R concepts, such as reading data from text files and manipulating lists and data frames.

A general introduction to the **scape** and **plotMCMC** packages is in the vignette R goes fishing.

First, take a look at how the example assessments were imported using importCol(), which is custom-made for Coleraine output files:

```
x.cod <- importCol("c:/scape/data/cod.res", Dev=T, Survey=T, CAc=T, CAs=T)
x.oreo <- importCol("c:/scape/data/oreo.res", CPUE=T, Survey=T, CLc=T, CLs=T, LA=T)
x.sbw <- importCol("c:/scape/data/sbw.res", Dev=T, Survey=T, CAc=T)
x.ling <- importCol("c:/scape/data/ling.res", Dev=T, CPUE=T, Survey=T, CAs=T, CLc=T)
edit(importCol)</pre>
```

The cod, ling, and sbw assessments were run in Coleraine 3.2 and all data and fitted values are stored in 'data/cod.res' and 'data/sbw.res'. The oreo assessment, on the other hand, was run in Coleraine 4.2 which incorporates uncertainty about the von Bertalanffy growth curve. The oreo data and fitted values are extracted from 'oreo.res', 'oreo.txt', and 'l\_at\_age.dat'. Although the '\*.res' files may not be the best examples of how to organize model output, the importCol() function demonstrates some parsing techniques. The key functions are:

```
?read.table # creates data frame
?scan # creates vector, where each element is one token
?readLines # creates vector, where each element is one line of text
```

Now take a close look at each element:

```
library(gdata)
ll(x.cod)
x.cod$N  # N@A
x.cod$B  # biomass, yield, recruitment
x.cod$SelMat  # selectivity, maturity
x.cod$Dev  # recruitment deviates
x.cod$Survey  # survey abundance indices
x.cod$CAc  # commercial C@A
```

```
x.cod$CAs # survey C@A
```

Notice how tabular data like NA and CA are in long format, and look more familiar when cross-tabbed:

```
xtabs(N~Year+Age, data=x.cod$N)
```

## Three approaches

There are mainly three approaches for importing assessment model results into scape:

1. Read in text file(s) in whatever format output by the model, and rearrange.

This approach is recommended when the assessment model code should not be changed and/or when file size matters. Coleraine output files, for example, have remained the same for years and other software depends on the current format. R is quite good at parsing data from text files, and any standardized format will do. A well formed output file might start each entry with a unique label, followed by the dimensions, and then the data in a compact layout:

```
Commercial C@A
Years 1971-2002
Ages 1-8
SS 50
Obs
0.000000000 0.00000000 0.084548800 ...
0.000000000 0.00000000 0.069520400 ...
0.000000000 0.000000000 0.270907000 ...
Fit
0.000638965 0.005390050 0.051482100 ...
0.000409886 0.013909100 0.051432000 ...
0.000714247 0.008321580 0.123764000 ...
```

2. Read in text file(s) where results are rolled out, like in scape.

This approach is recommended for model developers who would like to make it easy to import the results into R and **scape**. The assessment model is specifically coded to write output files that are easily digested by **scape**, resulting in a simple <code>importModel()</code> function, and verbose text files:

```
        Commercial
        C@A

        Gear
        Year
        SS
        Sex
        Age
        Obs
        Fit

        1
        1971
        50
        Unisex
        1
        0.00000000
        0.000638965

        1
        1971
        50
        Unisex
        2
        0.00000000
        0.005390050

        1
        1971
        50
        Unisex
        3
        0.08454880
        0.051482100
```

3. Read in R code.

The estimation model could output R code, instead of text files. For example, 'results.R' could look similar to the R source code created by

 $\label{lem:cod-relation} $$\operatorname{dump("x.cod", file="x.cod.R"). Prager and Williams (http://cran.r-project.org/contrib/extra/x2r/00ReadMe-X2R.html)$ have written C++ and Fortran libraries to enable the model developer to write data as R objects.}$