

# Manual: SynMap Toolbox for R

Árni Gunnar Ásgeirsson [arnigunnar@unak.is](mailto:arnigunnar@unak.is)

28 February 2018

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Install R</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Analyze and visualize the grapheme-color mappings of synesthetes using the <code>create_syn_profile</code> script in 8 simple steps.</b>	<b>2</b>
3.1	Set the working directory . . . . .	2
3.2	Run the <code>create_syn_profile_webdata</code> script . . . . .	2
3.3	Select the data file directory . . . . .	2
3.4	Select all data files or a subset . . . . .	2
3.5	Select the output . . . . .	3
3.6	Consistency and color information output file . . . . .	3
3.7	A PDF of consistency scores, and visualized color information. . . . .	4

## 1 Introduction

This is a brief manual on how to use the the functions and scripts provided in the *synMap toolbox for R* analysis using R. This is a tiny package of scripts and functions for easy analysis of data from *synMap*. The functions are freely available for re-use and modification by anyone. The software comes with no warranty.

The *synMap* online tool for mapping graphemes to colors in grapheme-color synesthesia is available here: <https://synmap.azurewebsites.net>

Note that the instructions are based on data file naming conventions from our own lab. These are simple: we prefix our data files with `log_ID_`, e.g. `log_ID_subject999.txt`. If you follow this convention, the instructions should work without modification. If you prefer your own naming scheme, please edit the `create_syn_profile_webdata.R` script, so that the inclusion pattern matches the scheme. Below is the line of code you must change, if you use a different naming scheme. This line of code is found near the top of the ‘`create_syn_profile_webdata.R`’ script:

```
allfiles = dir(pattern = 'log_ID_') # <---- change 'log_ID_' to a pattern you prefer
```

Example code, modified to match files with the prefix `my_syn_data_`, rather than `log_ID_`.

```
allfiles = dir(pattern = 'my_syn_data_') #collect only 'my_syn_data_' files into a vector
```

## 2 Install R

Skip this step if you have a working version of R on your computer.

If you have not yet installed R on your computer, you can download it from here: <https://cran.r-project.org>. Follow the installation instructions that match your operating system.

From here, it is wise to install **Rstudio** to get a nicer user interface <https://rstudio.com>. If the interface becomes relevant in this manual, the author will assume that the user is using **Rstudio**.

### 3 Analyze and visualize the grapheme-color mappings of synesthetes using the `create_syn_profile` script in 8 simple steps.

The `create_syn_profile` script uses all the functions in `syn_functions` to return: 1) a visualization of grapheme-color associations and their strength and 2) a file with the consistency measures for all graphemes and detailed color information. The visualization gives a quick overview of a synesthete's grapheme-color associations, helps identify incorrect (accidental) color-mappings. The visualization is also very useful for comparing the quality of synesthesia over time.

#### 3.1 Set the working directory

To get started you must first set the working directory to the folder that contains the `create_syn_profile.R` script, and the `syn_functions.R` file. To do this, you type:

```
setwd('[your target directory]')
```

into the Console window, where `[target directory]` is the path to the directory containing your script. You can make sure that you have reached the correct destination by typing `dir()` in the Console. This gives you a list of all files and folders in the working directory. Example:

```
dir()
```

```
## [1] "~$nual_draft.docx"          "colconst_example.MHT"
## [3] "colconst_example.png"      "create_syn_profile_webdata.R"
## [5] "dir_prompt.PNG"           "git_check.R"
## [7] "manual.pdf"                "manual.Rmd"
## [9] "manual_draft.docx"         "pilot_mini_toobox_edit.Rproj"
## [11] "profile_example.PNG"       "syn_functions_webdata.R"
## [13] "tex2pdf.16024"             "tex2pdf.469688"
## [15] "tex2pdf.518668"            "tex2pdf.590388"
```

#### 3.2 Run the `create_syn_profile_webdata` script

To do a standard analysis of grapheme-color mappings, you run the command: `source('create_syn_profile_webdata')` in the R Console.

#### 3.3 Select the data file directory

The script can analyze data from multiple data files in a single run. Therefore, you start by selecting the directory where you keep all your data files. You will get a chance to select a subset of these files in a later step. A window appears, where you can browse your way to the desired directory.

#### 3.4 Select all data files or a subset

When you have chosen an appropriate folder, a list of data files will be printed in the console window. You are now prompted (in the Console) to confirm that you want to analyze all data files, or a subset. You type `n` and press return, to analyze all files, but `y` if you want to select a subset of these files.

If opt for a subset, you will be prompted to type the index numbers of the desired files. Please separate these numbers by space.

Finally, you will see a list of selected files in the console, and will be asked confirm that the files.

Grapheme	diffScore	hex1	hex2	hex3	hexAvg	R1	G1	B1	R2	G2	B2	R3	G3	B3	R_avg	G_avg	B_avg
0	0.266667	FF0026	FF0016	FF0004	FF0016	255	0	38	255	0	21	255	0	4	255	0	21
1	0.627451	54DAFF	12E7FF	17E8FF	2AE3FF	84	218	255	18	231	255	23	232	255	42	227	255
2	1.121569	FF54B8	FF29FB	FF08E2	FF2CDC	255	84	184	255	41	251	255	8	226	255	44	220
3	5.427451	FF0F23	304CFF	17FF36	6D7373	255	15	35	48	76	255	23	255	54	109	115	115
4	0.376471	FF141C	FF0D00	FF0016	FF0B10	255	20	28	255	13	0	255	0	21	255	11	16
5	4.384314	FF1100	2945FF	0C08FF	671FAA	255	17	0	41	69	255	12	8	255	103	31	170
6	0.454902	1605FF	242FFF	2605FF	2013FF	22	5	255	36	47	255	38	5	255	32	19	255
7	3.694118	34FF30	450DFF	4508FF	3F5CBA	52	255	48	69	13	255	69	8	255	63	92	186
8	5.898039	FF9500	00FF00	9A0DFF	888B55	255	149	0	0	255	0	154	13	255	136	139	85
9	0.650980	D61FFF	9A17FF	AD08FF	B415FF	214	31	255	154	23	255	173	8	255	180	21	255
A	0.713725	FFFF5E	FFDE24	FFDF2B	FFE93A	255	255	94	255	222	36	255	223	43	255	233	58

Figure 1: Example of a Consistency and Color output file in Notepad++

### 3.5 Select the output

In this step, you select the desired output of the analysis.

### 3.6 Consistency and color information output file

First, you will be asked whether you want a .txt file with consistency scores (Eagleman et al, 2007, Equations 1 and 2), as well as color information. The output file will have 18 columns.

Consistency and color information files will be printed in a new folder, within your data folder. The new folder will be named `color-consistency-files`.

#### 3.6.1 Column 1: Grapheme

This column displays the graphemes analyzed in your data set.

#### 3.6.2 Column 2: diffScore

This column displays the consistency scores.

#### 3.6.3 Column 3-5: hex1-3

These columns display the hex color codes for trials 1, 2 and 3, for each grapheme.

#### 3.6.4 Column 6: hexAvg

This column displays the averaged hex color code for all 3 trials.

#### 3.6.5 Columns 7-15: R G B

These columns display the R, G and B values for trials 1, 2 and 3, for each grapheme.

#### 3.6.6 Columns: 16-19: R\_avg G\_avg B\_avg

These columns display the average R, G and B values for all 3 trials.

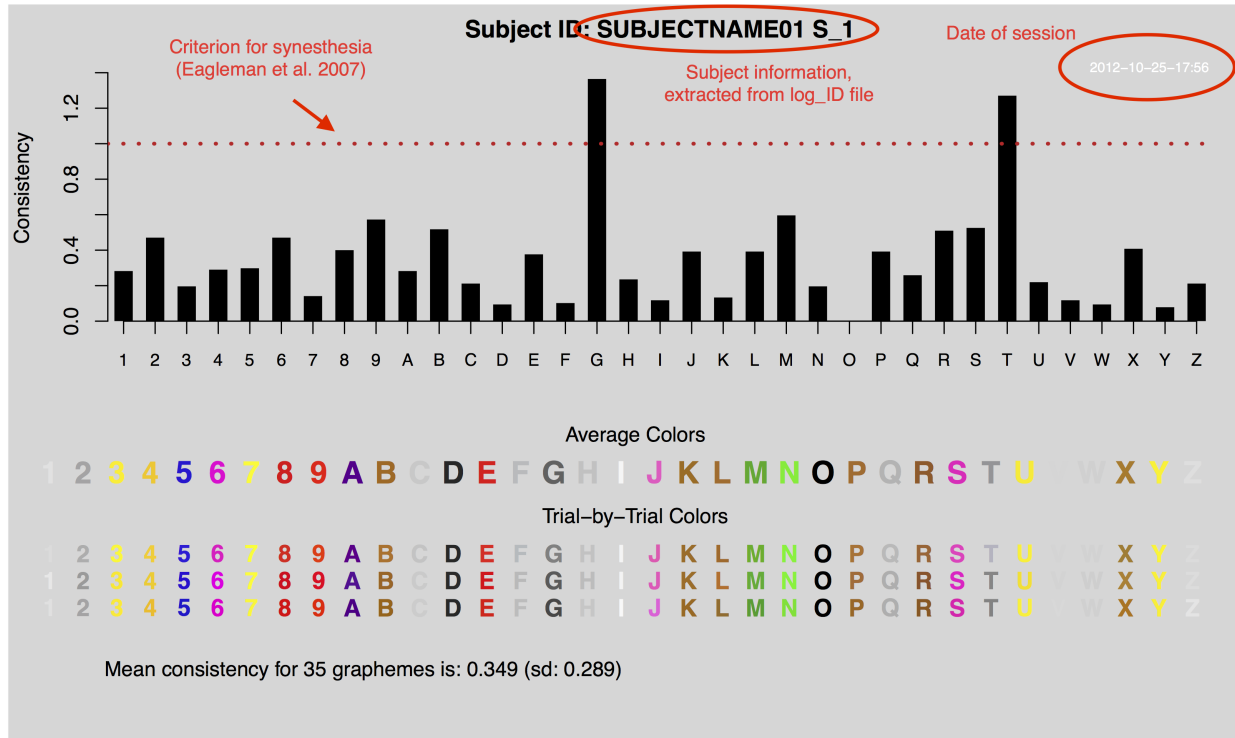


Figure 2: Example of a synesthesia profile visualization

### 3.7 A PDF of consistency scores, and visualized color information.

Second, you will be asked whether you want your plots to be printed as .pdf files. If you select `n`, the visualized synesthesia profile of participants will only be displayed in the plot window of R. If you select `y`, PDFs will be rendered in your data folder.