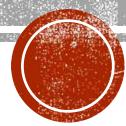
CSEALA: WEB ENCHRENCE

Daffodil International University



LEARNING OUTCOMES

- ✓ You will know MVC design pattern
- √You will be able to apply Project management techniques



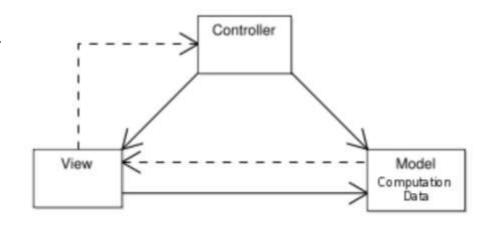
DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS: FUNDAMENTAL QUESTIONS

- Software developers have to consider a wide, but rather stable, range of questions including:
 - Where can or should computations take place?
 - Where can or should data be stored?
 - How fast can data be transferred/communicated?
 - What is the cost of data storage/computations/communication depending on how/where we do it?
 - How robustly/securely can data storage/computations/communication be done depending on how/where we do it?
 - How much energy is available to support data storage/computations/communication depending on how/where we do it?
 - What is the legality of data storage/computations/communications depending on how/where we do it?
- The possible answers to each of these questions is also rather stable, but the 'right' answers change



DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS: MVC(1/3)

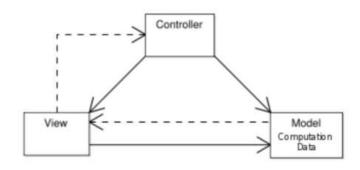
- We use the Model-View-Controller(MVC) software design pattern to discuss some of these questions in more detail:
 - The model manages the behavior and data
 - The view renders the model into a form suitable for interaction
 - The controller receives user input and translates it into instructions for the model





DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS: MVC(2/3)

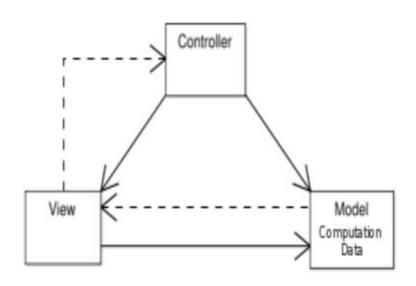
- Where should the view be rendered?
 - On the user's computer
 - On a central server (farm) possibly shared by a multitude of users
- Where should the behaviour of the model be computed?
 - Close to the user,
 - on a single computer exclusively used by the user
 - Away from the user,
 - on a central server (farm) shared by a multitude of users
 - Distributed,
 - on several computers owned by a large group of users





DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS: MVC(3/3)

- Where should the data for the model be held?
 - Close to the user,
 - on a single computer exclusively used by the user
 - Away from the user,
 - on a central server (farm) shared by a multitude of users
 - Distributed,
 - on several computers owned by a large group of users





DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS: FUNDAMENTAL QUESTIONS

- Software developers have to consider a wide, but rather stable, range of questions
- The possible answers to each of these questions is also rather stable
- The 'right' answer to each these questions will depend on
 - the domain in which the question is posed
 - available technology
 - available resources
- The 'right' answer to each of the questions changes over time
- We may go back and forth between the various answers
- The reasons for that are not purely technological, but includes
 - legal factors
 - social factors
 - economic factors



A BASIC EXAMPLE

In order for a program to get data from a database, it has to undergo a list of actions:

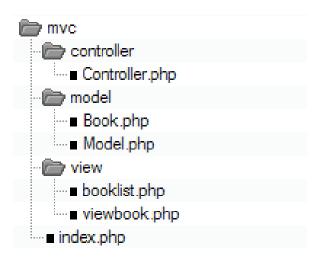
- 1. Connect to the database server
- 2. Select a database
- 3. Query the database
- 4. Fetch the data
- 5. Use the Data

A **framework** may handle steps 1-4 for you, so that your responsibilities are reduced to:

- 1. Tell the framework to fetch the data
- 2. Use the data
- There are many frameworks that use MVC design pattern.
 - Laravel, CodeIgniter, Symfony, CakePHP etc. are few of them



directory structure



model/Book.php

```
class Book {
    public $title;
    public $author;
    public $description;
    public function __construct($title, $author, $description){
        $this->title = $title;
        $this->author = $author;
        $this->description = $description;
    }
}
```



model/Model.php

```
<?php
include_once("model/book.php");
class Model {
   public function getBookList(){
       // instead of these values(harcoded),
        //we use SQL queries to output data
       $example_data = array( "Jungle Book" => new Book("Jungle Book", "R. Kipling", "A classic book."),
                               "Moonwalker" => new Book("Moonwalker", "J. Walker", ""),
                                "Harry Potter" => new Book("Harry Potter", "J.K.Rowling", "Fantasy"));
        return $example_data;
    public function getBook($title){
        //We used getBookList() function to manipulate data
        //Again, we use a real database to do this operations here
        $allBooks = $this->getBookList();
        return $allBooks[$title]; }
```



view/abook.php

```
<html>
<head></head>
<body>

<php

echo 'Title:' . $book->title . '<br/>;
echo 'Author:' . $book->author . '<br/>;
echo 'Description:' . $book->description . '<br/>;
?>
</body>
</html>
```



view/booklist.php

```
<html>
<head></head>
<body>
                            Title
                                                                                     Author
                                                                                      Description
                                                          <?php
                                                                                      foreach ($books as $book){
                                                                                                                   echo '
                                                                                                                                                                             <a href="index.php?book='.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.$book->title.'">'.
                                                                                                                                                                            '.$book->author .'
                                                                                                                                                                            '.$book->description.'
                                                                                                                                                                            ';
                            </body>
</html>
```



controller/Controller.ph

```
<?php
include_once("model/Model.php");
class Controller {
    public $model;
    public function __construct(){
        $this->model = new Model();
    public function invoke(){
        if (!isset($_GET['book'])){
            //no specific book is requested,
            //show all available books
            $books = $this->model->getBookList();
            include 'view/booklist.php';
        }else{
            //show the requested book
            $book = $this->model->getBook($_GET['book']);
            include 'view/abook.php';
```

index.php

```
<?php
   include_once("controller/Controller.php");
   //interactions start at index
   //forwarded to controller
   $controller = new Controller();
   $controller->invoke();
?>
```

Remember, everything starts at index.php

Apply this basic pattern in your project!



PROJECT MANAGEMENT

- Deliver on time and on schedule and in accordance with the requirements
- Budget and schedule constraints
- The product is intangible
 - Cannot be seen or touched.
 - Project managers can not see progress by simply looking at the artifact
- Many software projects are 'one-off' projects
 - Large software projects are usually different from previous projects
 - Experience does not help.
- Software processes are variable and organization specific
 - cannot predict when a process is likely to lead to development



PROJECT MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES (1/2)

- Project planning
 - Project managers are responsible for planning. estimating and scheduling project development and assigning people to tasks.
- Reporting
 - Project managers are usually responsible for reporting on the progress of a project to customers and to the managers of the company developing the software.
- Risk management
 - Project managers assess the risks that may affect a project, monitor these risks and take action when problems arise.



PROJECT MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES(2/2)

- People management
 - Project managers have to choose people for their team and establish ways of working that leads to effective team performance.
- Proposal writing
 - The first stage in a software project may involve writing a proposal to win a contract to carry out an item of work. The proposal describes the objectives of the project and how it will be carried out.



PROJECT MANAGEMENT

CHALLENGES
Unique software systems: the experience of the experien

- Unique software systems: the experience from the past project is too little to be able to make reliable cost estimates.
- Extremely technical leadership perspective: dominated by technology freaks.
- **Poor planning:** many projects are characterize by unclear or incomplete planning objectives, frequent changes to planning objectives, defects in project organization.

Development Challenges

- Individuality of programmers
- High number of alternative solutions
- Rapid technological change

Monitoring Challenges

• The immaterial state of software products



EXERCISE

- What are the drawbacks and benefits of using MVC design pattern?
- Apply MVC while structuring your project
- Write briefly about obstacles faced in your project

READINGS

- https://developer.chrome.com/apps/app_frameworks
- https://www.guru99.com/mvc-tutorial.html



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

- This module is designed and created with the help from following sources-
 - https://cgi.csc.liv.ac.uk/~ullrich/COMP519/
 - http://www.csc.liv.ac.uk/~martin/teaching/comp519/
 - Materials of MVC, S Rahman Shammi, Daffodil International University

