

# Predicting Online News Popularity

Mo Hannan & Aroa Gomez

### **Objectives**

- Prediction of news articles
  popularity prior its publication
- Explore what features could help to improve popularity:
  - Day of publication
  - Article length
  - Topic sentiment
  - Channel





Mashable

### Data & Methodology

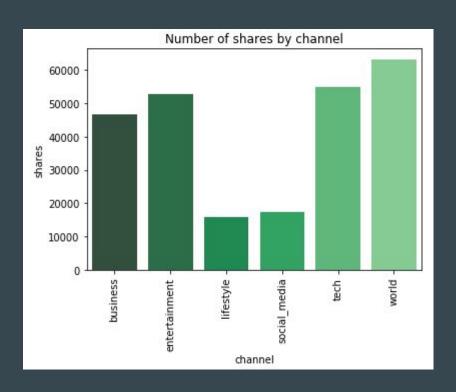
#### Data Set

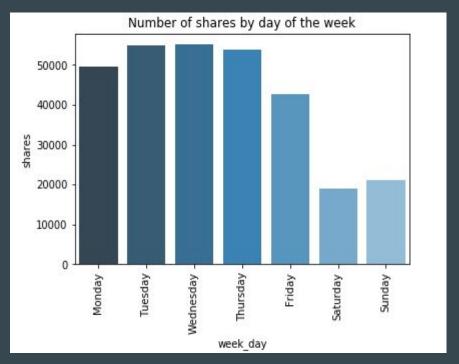
- ★ Articles published by Mashable in 2015
- ★ 58 predictive features
- ★ About 40,000 articles

#### Methodology

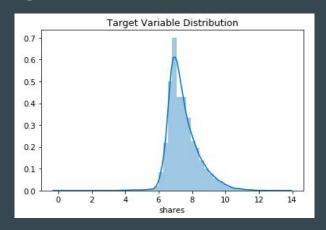
- ★ Popularity: It's defined by the number of times an article gets shared
- ★ Target: estimate number of shares
- ★ Analysis: Linear and Polynomial Regression

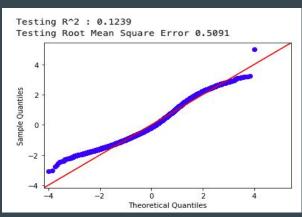
## Popularity by Channel and Week Day





### **Regression Analysis**





#### Linear Regression

- We start with 30 predictive variables
- $\mathbb{R}^2:0.10$
- MSE: 0.51

#### Polynomial Regression - Quadratic

- After removing non significant features (p-value>0.05) we reduced the model to 20 variables
- $m R^2$ : 0.12 (20% increase vs initial model)
- MSE: 0.50

## Findings and Next Steps

#### Recommendations

- The features gathered by UCI on Mashable.com news articles have little predictive power
- News published on the weekends are less popular than those published during the week
- Lifestyle and Social Media articles are the least popular

### Next Steps

- Other type of regressions could be more suitable for this data set. For instance logistic regression to predict popular vs non-popular articles
- Increasing the data set and looking at different news providers could improve the predictability of the model